"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, rising temperature Tuesday; Wednesday, unsettled, warmer; light, southerly winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,652. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

STRIKERS FAST LOSING GROUND

Edwards Mans Many Refuse Carts and Says Streets Will Soon Be Cleaned.

FULL FORCE FOR TO-DAY

Mayor Refuses to Confer with Strikers and Gives the Police Ample Swing.

THREAT BY 22,000 DRIVERS

Mass Meeting Votes Approval of Suggestion to Support Strikers to the Limit.

For the first time since the drivers in the Street Cleaning Department went out on strike five days ago Commissioner Edwards had figures to show last night to the effect that the tide had turned in his favor, and that he now has the upper hand in the situation and is in a position to make rapid gains.

The Commissioner had at work yesterday practically as many men as he had before the night and day shifts of drivers refused to answer to their names at roll call, and expects 1,300 more men to-day. He moved more garbage than on any day since the strike began, and accomplished the removal with less rioting and disturbance. In Manhattan he opened every stable, even those in the districts most infested with gangsters. In the Bronx only one stable was idle, and in Brooklyn practically all were in commission.

The gain in the number of loads hauled, while it was a decisive one, was not commensurate with the gain in the number of men on hand to work, for the reason that the men were new and inexperienced and could do far less than a normal day's work. Their efficiency was diminished also because of the fact that they worked three men to a cart instead of one, as did the men whose places they have taken.

Cold Snap Helped.

The first favorable element in a day that was fortunate for Commissioner Edwards in every way was the chill wind that came blowing in. It brought with it a temperature low enough to arrest the decomposition of garbage and cause Health Commissioner Lederle to abandon his purpose of interfering with the Street Cleaning Commissioner's plans to solve the situation through the rehabilitation of the department from an entirely new working force.

The first reports of the morning were reassuring. They indicated that every stable had carts going out under ample police protection and that few, if any, rioters were in evidence. The figures which came to his office, in the Park Row Building, at nightfall pleased Commissioner Edwards and led Mayor Gaynor, who had gone to his office especially to look the figures over, to congratulate him upon his "splendid success in getting the situation in hand."

The figures indicated that in Manhattan there were 320 carts at work, representing a gain of 112, and 941 men to handle them, as compared with 606 on Sunday. This force hauled 1,491 loads of garbage and rubbish, representing a gain for the borough of 873 loads.

In the Bronx the situation was equally reassuring. There were 73 carts out, representing a gain of 43, and 219 men, as compared with 129 for Sunday. In Brooklyn, for the first time since the strike, the total of loads hauled was below the total for Manhattan. Brooklyn gained 699 loads, reaching a total of 1,245. The borough's gain in men was 190 and in carts operated 50, making a total of 440 carts in use out of a normal total of 600.

One-fourth of the Normal.

The total number of loads hauled for the day throughout the city was about 25 per cent. of the normal haul, which was a gain of 15 per cent. over Sunday's showing. Up to and including Sunday the amount hauled each day ranged between 5 and 10 per cent. of the normal of 10,000 loads, thus allowing an accumulation of about 40,000 loads which Commissioner Edwards will be compelled to handle before putting his department in a normal condition.

The report made to the Commissioner last night seemed to have drawn all the warmth out of the little hall in West Forty-ninth Street where the strike leaders make their plans. For the first time since the strike began there was a gloomy spirit among the leaders. They were reticent and confused when their followers came in for orders.

Strike Organizer Ashton went to the City Hall in the morning especially "to call Gaynor's bluff" about not being willing to see him. He returned with evening editions of newspapers proclaiming in big headlines that the answer of the Mayor, shot out to him with marked vigor, was:

"I won't see you now, and I don't want to see you at any other time."

Ashton had little to say to the delegates who flocked around him. He urged them to go to Cooper Union last night, where they would learn when they could get their pay. He called up on the telephone Henry R. Towne, President of the Merchants' Association, and Col. Michael J. Regan, of the State Board of Arbitration. He sought a conference with Mayor Gaynor through Col. Regan, in spite of the rebuff given to him at City Hall. Several Democratic politicians were seen in his behalf with the intention of pressing his demand for arbitration.

While Mayor Gaynor would not make any comment on the matter, it was said at City Hall that several intimations had come to him to the effect that the strikers would gladly call off the fight and surrender if they were assured that those who could prove that they had stopped

Continued on Page 2.

GUIDE POSTS MISGUIDED.

Livingston, N. J., Jokers Twist Them Around and Motorists Suffer.

Special to The New York Times.

LIVINGSTON, N. J., Nov. 13.—Squire A. Ross Force of Livingston offers $5 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the prank players who so turned and twisted all the guideposts of the township a few days ago that the oldest inhabitant could scarcely tell where he was.

From Livingston one can take a road to the south for Chatham, to the north for Caldwell and Pine Brook, to the west for Boonton and other places, and to the east to the Oranges, Newark, and New York. Livingston has some of the most beautiful country roads in the county, and the motorists drive through the township in great numbers. They are naturally dependent on the signboards. When the signs were interchanged there was confusion abroad.

One man, after motoring painfully with a limping engine all the way from Boonton trying to find Orange, was amazed when he came across a guideboard that bade him turn right about face and retrace his course. He was so skeptical, however, that he inquired and escaped the consequences of the practical jokers.

Another man was not so fortunate. He wanted to find Chatham. It was night and there was nobody about, so he took a lantern from his car, read the signboard and believed. When he found himself somewhat later in the night away off in Boonton, he was so annoyed that he made a complaint about it to the authorities. That is what started the Squire to posting the reward.

Six boys were arrested on Saturday and arraigned before the Justice of the Peace for having had a row on Hallowe'en night, and it is suspected that one or more of the six boys could tell something about the signboards. They are not to be tempted, however, by the $5, if they do know anything, notwithstanding the Judge took $5 apiece from them for their fun. They were convicted of trying to annoy the Hallowe'en party of John H. Palmer, Jr.

WON CARNEGIE PEACE GIFT.

Andrew D. White Says He Persuaded Ironmaster to Build Hague Temple.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 13.—Andrew Carnegie was persuaded to provide funds for the Temple of Peace at The Hague Court of Justice while on a fishing trip with him. Dr. Andrew D. White, former Ambassador to Germany and the head of the American delegation to the first Peace Congress, declared in a speech at the Cornell Cosmopolitan Club on peace and arbitration to-day. It was on the fishing trip, said Mr. White, that he convinced the steel magnate of the good he could accomplish by erecting the Peace Temple.

Mr. White declared that there would be world peace some day, but not in the immediate future. Education and the spread of the idea of peace would bring it about. The idea of maintaining a large military and naval force to establish world peace, however, did not appeal to him.

Dr. White declared that there was an erroneous idea that the first peace conference was the idea of the Czar of Russia. As a matter of fact, he gave credit to a Swedish banker, who argued against war and for international arbitration long before Nicholas ever took it up.

Mr. White has been informed that the American colony at Berlin will dedicate in his honor the Parish House for the American Church at Berlin which, when he was Ambassador, he was instrumental in securing.

ALARM FOR A LOAD OF MEAT.

It Wasn't Stolen, but Taken to a Customer by a Too-Knowing Horse.

When the last hind quarter of beef was swung high on top of a heavily loaded truck of fresh meats in front of Strauss & Adler's Abattoir, 608 West Fortieth Street, last evening and the entire load checked out by John Hahn, a clerk, the driver and his helper went back into the cooler for a moment. When they returned the truck had disappeared.

There was great excitement at Strauss & Adler's. A general alarm was sent out that the truck had been stolen with its valuable load totaling nearly 1,500 pounds of fresh meat. The truck was drawn by a big, brown Montana horse named Dummy, whose fidelity had never been questioned. Hence the search for the thief.

About dark the telephone rang in the office of the shipping clerk, and when John Hahn answered the call he was told by Canron Brothers, at Gansevoort Market, Thirteenth Street and Eleventh Avenue, that Dummy had put in his appearance there. It was a regular port of call for Dummy. The driver went for the straying animal, and it was found that he had made his way safely to Gansevoort Market without losing a single cut of meat.

MAY COLLECT TAFT FUNDS.

Chicago Interested in Report That Upham Will Be Campaign Treasurer.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Fred W. Upham, member of the Board of Review, the municipal political body of which adjusts assessments on corporations and individauls alike, for purposes of taxation, wants to resign his seven-thousand-dollars-a-year office in order to take an active part in the Republican campaign of 1912.

Mr. Upham is credited with having raised between $100,000 and $150,000 in contributions for the campaign fund of President Taft in 1908.

In resigning his membership in the Board of Review, Mr. Upham insists that some good Republican be appointed to fill the vacancy. This suggestion is not received with enthusiasm on the part of the Democracy. The appointive power in this case rests with Municipal Judge Owens, a Democrat. The Chairmanship of the Board of Review is a plum of the rarest variety known to Chicago politicians.

The story generally credited here is that Mr. Upham is slated either for Treasurer of the Republican National Committee or Vice Chairman of the National Committee, with all the powers of an active Chairman. President Taft and his friends, it is said, do not want to subject themselves to the same criticism that they had to bear three years ago because of the raising of a campaign fund by Upham while a member of the Board of Review and passing on the taxes of the big interests.

It was said to-day that Mr. Taft discussed Mr. Upham's availability as Treasurer of the National Committee or some other prominent executive position during his recent visit in Chicago.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED.

S. S. Bretagne, Havre, Nov. 4.

S. S. Cameronia, Glasgow, Nov. 4.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its purity has made it famous."—Adv.

THIRTEEN CHINESE WARSHIPS MUTINY

Vessels at Shanghai Raise Rebel Flag—Russia Sending Troops to Peking.

YUAN SHI-KAI IN CAPITAL

Wu Begs the Regent to Abdicate—Che-Foo in Rebels' Hands and Chang-Chow Captured.

SHANGHAI, Tuesday, Nov. 14, 10 A. M.—Thirteen vessels of the Imperial fleet went over to the revolutionists this morning, hoisting the white flag.

One of the largest cruisers steamed up the river past the foreign settlement and dipped the white ensign in salute to the foreign warships, but none of them responded.

It would appear as though the situation in China has reached a climax. The thoughtful and well-informed men of both sides are anxious for a settlement. The extremists and the ignorant masses are willing, even anxious, to continue the struggle, even though it spell ruin, disruption, and wholesale slaughter, which appear inevitable unless considerable concessions are made by both parties.

All eyes are now turned on Peking, where Yuan Shi-Kai doubtless will endeavor to demonstrate to the Court the danger which threatens it. Meanwhile Provincial Governments have organized and will soon begin to give evidence of divergent opinions, which, it is feared, will be impossible to reconcile.

Throughout the newly reconstructed provinces business is being carried on spasmodically, but the tension is increasing, as the scarcity of food and money is felt in the entire southern section, and particularly in Shanghai, where, it is estimated, the population has increased by 200,000 in the last week.

This is regarded as one of the most dangerous features of the situation. Unless the self-restraint of the mob is greater than is believed the continued absence of organized government cannot fail to result disastrously.

LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 14.—A news dispatch from Tien-tsin says that, acting upon urgent orders, 1,500 Cossacks left Vladivostok yesterday for Peking.

PEKING, Nov. 13.—Yuan Shi-Kai, the last prop of the Throne, has at last reached Peking, from which he was driven in disgrace three years ago. He came to-day accompanied by 2,000 troops, and was warmly greeted by the Administration. In honor of his arrival an edict was issued appointing him commander of all the troops in the vicinity of the capital.

Great efforts are being made to induce Yuan to accept the Premiership, but he has given no definite answer as yet. The news that "the Strong Man of China" had at last been prevailed upon to return and give the tottering Throne the benefit of his counsels leaked out before his arrival, and a vast but silent and orderly crowd lined the route from the railway station to the temple which has been provided for his residence.

Yuan looked hale and hearty, his appearance belieing the recent reports of his physical condition, which had been made an excuse for his delay in obeying the imperial command to come to Peking

The National Assembly to-day discussed the question of the immediate opening of Parliament, but decided that it would be inadvisable. The matter was referred to a committee, which will consult with Yuan Shi-Kai.

Outlook Very Grave.

It is the opinion at the legations that there are serious complications in store for China and greater sufferings than she has yet endured. The prospects of intervention by other Powers than Russia and Japan are beginning to be discussed. Winter will, it is expected, terminate the massed movements of troops, but there will be greater death rolls through famine, even in Pe-chi-Li Province. The people in the central section are already supplementing their food with the bark of trees.

The Government continues to gather Manchu recruits at Peking, but soon will be unable to meet the payments due to them. It is not believed here that the Chinese can mobilize a large enough army about Peking to venture an attack, but the Government's inability to collect revenues from a single provincial capital is almost certain, sooner or later, to bring about its capitulation.

A report reached here to-day that 2,000 Imperialists at Hankow have joined the rebel ranks, and that the remaining Imperial gunboats at that port have gone over to the rebels. According to a Consular report, the Hankow Consuls, with one exception, at a meeting recently held there, agreed that it was impossible for the Imperialists to capture Han-Yang or Wu-Chang. They therefore discussed the question of asking the Government to withdraw the Imperial troops to the north, because when the commissariat is empty they are likely to commit depredations and endanger the foreign concessions.

Certain military attachés here consider that the Imperial troops at Hankow will be lost to the Government unless they are brought back immediately, but the Government may prefer to leave all but the Manchus there, not undertaking the cost or the risk of transporting them back to the capital.

Indemnity Payment Defaulted.

The November installment of the Boxer indemnity has not been paid and the December installment will likewise be defaulted. Even should the Government be able to recover the five provinces immediately surrounding the capital, the financial administration cannot be reorganized before default on other debts besides indemnity, and it is feared that intervention for the collection of pledged revenues cannot be averted.

Gen. Chao Erh-Hsun, the Viceroy of Manchuria, who was to-day elected President of the Province under a declaration of autonomy, has sent a message to the Government to the effect that he was unable to oppose the Mukden Assembly's declarations, which are: First, that the revenues shall be retained by the province, which will have no connection with the Peking Government, old or new; second, that the province will assist neither the Chinese nor the Manchu soldiers; third, that the Government will afford the fullest protection to foreigners.

The telegraph lines south and west are disorganized. Many of the wires are not working, and there is little knowledge here of conditions in the Western provinces. In order to keep Peking employes at the telegraph lines one of the Legations has engaged to provide a place of safety for the whole organization in case of trouble. The postal service is also affected in many provinces.

Gen. Chang Shao-Tsen, the commander of the Lan-Chow troops, has arrived at

Continued on Page 2.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS IN EUROPE.

Roger W. Babson, the noted statistician, talks interestingly on this important theme in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

POLICEMAN FELLS WOMAN IN STREET

Crowd Threatens Him and Fellow-Bluecoat Has a Fight to Save Him.

INTOXICATED, DOCTOR SAYS

Promptly Suspended—Magistrate Adjourns Case Because Victim of Attack Couldn't Be Found.

Fourteenth Street at Sixth Avenue was crowded with shoppers, mostly women, shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when suddenly there was a commotion near the entrance to the elevated station. A tall policeman stood over a woman whom he had just struck twice in the face, once with his fist and again with his club.

Angry men sprang toward the policeman, who held his ground waving his club threateningly. The woman got to her feet and ran screaming into the middle of the street, where Policeman Wohle of the Traffic Squad stood between the car tracks. Wohle had started to tell the woman to go to Police Headquarters with her complaint, when he, too, saw the commotion at the foot of the elevated steps. The crowd had got the policeman who had struck the woman hemmed in, and it appeared that he would be attacked despite his club and his revolver which he had drawn and which he held pointed at the crowd.

Wohle ran across the street and pushed through the crowd. At sight of him the other policeman struck at Wohle with his club. Wohle closed in on the man, however, and grabbed his club with one hand. With the other he caught the man's revolver. In an instant he had wrested his weapons from him and crowded him up against the elevated steps.

The crowd was muttering angrily, and several blows were aimed at the prisoner as Wohle started to lead him to the Charles Street Station. At the Fourteenth Street Theatre building Wohle abandoned the task and pushed his prisoner into the lobby, where he faced the crowd, keeping its members off until some one telephoned to Headquarters for the reserves. Presently Capt. Baldwin and half a dozen policemen arrived in the patrol wagon. They shoved a way through the crowd and rescued Wohle and his prisoner.

There the prisoner said he was Joseph D. Borgman, a policeman attached to the West Thirty-seventh Street Station. He is 35 years old, and has been on the police force since Oct. 21, 1905. He is married, and lives at 450 East Eighty-fourth Street. Borgman had nothing to say in explanation of his conduct, and Police Surgeon Jennings was summoned. He examined Borgman and pronounced him intoxicated. Borgman was locked up, and when news of his arrest reached Headquarters Commissioner Waldo immediately suspended him. Borgman was on special duty in the street cleaners' strike yesterday.

Borgman was arraigned before Magistrate House in Night Court later, and was held in $1,000 bail for further examination this evening. The Magistrate made a great deal of the fact that Wohle had failed to get the name of the woman whom Bergman is accused of having attacked. The policeman explained that he had his hands ful with Borgman, and that the woman had left immediately after telling him of the assault. The Magistrate declared, however, that things would go badly with Wohle unless he found this woman and produced her in court together with two witnesses whose names the policeman had taken.

"Is the system at work here?" demanded Mr. House, when he observed that Borgman was not in uniform. Borgman said he didn't know why he had been ordered out of uniform. Nothing was said of his having been suspended.

The Magistrate made it evident that he believed there was an attempt to shield Borgman, though witnesses of the affair say that Wohle did all that a policeman could have done. The Magistrate refused to go on with the case, however, until an effort had been made to find the woman and to produce other witnesses than Wohle. Borgman was locked up in a cell when he failed to get $1,000 bail.

COL. DYE ADMITS BIGAMY.

Member of Old Guard Pleads It in Defense to Divorce Suit.

In defense to a suit for divorce brought by Susan Elson Dukehart Dye, 74 years old, Col. Joseph Ernest Dye, aged 76, took the stand yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, and declared that his marriage to the plaintiff in 1867 was bigamous and that he had not regarded her as his legal wife.

Col. Dye, who is a member of the Old Guard, explained that at the time of his marriage to Susan Elson Dukehart she had been divorced by William H. Dukehart and that she had a daughter growing up. He said also that he had not heard of his own first wife since 1865, and thought he might safely marry. He said also he was afraid of the former Mrs. Dukehart, whose lawyer had them both stand up. Col. Dye is still a tall, powerful man. The plaintiff is a small, slim woman.

Col. Dye's first wife was Martha Spencer, whose parents were so bitter against him that they omitted her marital name from her tombstone. She was killed in a railroad accident in 1883.

REFERENDUM IN NEW HAVEN.

Vote on $850,000 Bond Issue First of Its Kind in New England.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 13.—A city election will be held to-morrow for voters to pass on the issue of $850,000 in bonds. This is believed to be the first referendum by any New England city on an extensive bond issue.

The bonds are $300,000 for pavements, $200,000 for park land and improvements, $125,0000 for City Hall improvements; $75,000 for sea walls, and $150,000 for playgrounds and improvements. All the civic societies favor the bond issues, and sermons favoring them were preached in several churches yesterday.

FLORIDA — ATLANTA — SOUTH.
Florida-Cuba Special 12:38 noon. Atlanta-Birmingham Special 2:08 P. M. Fast Mail 12:30 night. Through electric lighted steel trains. Seaboard Air Line, 1,184 Broadway.—Adv.

OPERA SEASON OPENS; THRONG HEARS 'AIDA'

Caruso Sings Radames in Brilliant Performance of Verdi's Work at Metropolitan.

AUDIENCE IS ENTHUSIASTIC

Mme. Matzenauer Makes American Debut and Displays Fine Ability—Representative Array of Society.

Another opera season was opened last night with the usual brilliant array of jewels and gowns and beautiful women, and mostly unaccompanied by the speculator nuisance which has grown up so much in the last few years and which has been banned by law. Last night there were a few speculators standing in obscure corners away from the house, but none directly in front of the door, as has been their custom in the past.

The crowd, of course, was enormous. Treasurer John Brown said that the box office figures were somewhere between $12,500 and $13,000. A long line in front of the box office, extending to Thirty-ninth Street, about 6:30 testified to the fact that there would be plenty of standees, and the standing room was completely sold out before the curtain rose. The Fire Department has allowed the Opera House 500 standees, but John Brown has reduced this figure to 400, as many people who buy seats in the gallery descend to stand in the orchestra.

The main interest of the evening was of course centred in the return of Enrico Caruso, as the tenor did not sing the last ten weeks of last season. The curiosity of the crowd was satisfied on this point very early in the evening, as the tenor is on the stage when the curtain rises and sings his big air, "Celeste Aida," immediately afterward.

There was some enthusiasm displayed when Arturo Toscanini appeared in the conductor's chair promptly at 8 o'clock, and the hand clapping began again when the curtain rose on Mr. Caruso, which was redoubled after he had sung his air. Miss Matzenauer, who made her first American appearance on this occasion, was likewise greeted when she appeared.

A corner in the lobby was devoted to the floral tributes disposed for the various singers, and these were observed by the crowd after the first act. After the second act a few of them were taken in front of the curtain, but several, particularly one enormous piece in the shape of a tree, containing palm leaves and many kinds of flowers, designed for Mr. Caruso, was much too large to be carried out by the page boys. It is worthy of note that Miss Matzenauer received her share of the floral offerings.

Miss Matzenauer was the only prominent difference in the cast from that which appeared in "Aida" on the opening night three years ago of Signor Gatti-Casazza's first season at the Metropolitan Opera House. On that occasion Mrs. Homer sang the part of Amneris. This American contralto will be unable to appear on the stage of the Opera House for some time to come, but last night, with her husband, Sidney Homer, she occupied a stall box and followed the performance with interest.

Other singers in the house included Mme. Maggie Teyte, who was the guest of Mrs. Otto Kahn and sat in the orchestra. Mr. Dippel came over from Philadelphia to be present, and the familiar figures of Alfred Hertz, Rita Fornia, Jeanne Maubourg, Mrs. Jessie Baskerville, Herr Tauscher and others flitted about the lobby.

There were several improvements noticeable in the form and make-up of the programme. It contained interesting accounts of some of the composers whose operas are part of the répertoire. Little boys in new uniforms doled out these tablets of information, which are this year bound in a sombre grey, to the entering throng.

As for the speculators, John Brown said he thought their day had gone. In the afternoon a few of them were observed standing at the corners near the Opera House, and they disposed of some seats at liberal advances, selling $3 seats, for instance, for as much as $10. But they did not dare stand directly in front of the Opera House, and occasionally they were driven from the corners by policemen.

"I shall have every speculator I find operating arrested," said Mr. Brown last night. "And if necessary I shall appear against him personally. It has been decided that this sidewalk traffic is against the law, and I shall do everything in my power to stamp it out."

"AIDA" BRILLIANTLY GIVEN.

Caruso Sings Nile Scene Magnificently—Mme. Matzenauer's Debut.

Il Re	William Hinshaw
Amneris	Margarete Metzenauer
Aida	Emmy Destinn
Radames	Enrico Caruso
Ramfis	Adamo Didur
Amonasro	Pasquale Amato
Un Messaggiero	Angelo Bada
Una Sacerdotessa	Lenora Sparkes
Conductor	Arturo Toscanini

The Metropolitan Opera House opened its doors last evening for the first performance of the season—the second in which Mr. Gatti-Casazza has had sole control of its management. The audience was very large, very brilliant, full of a high-pitched expectancy; the house was charged with the festive spirit of the occasion, and the occasion was auspicious. There is every indication, as there has so often been in recent years, of the eager support of the opera-loving public of New York for a form of entertainment of which it seems never to tire and never to get enough. That public demands much; but it has always responded with the most prodigal liberality to the meeting of its exactions.

The management presented for the opening performance Verdi's "Aida," a choice that enabled it to put forward all its most elaborate resources to please the ears and delight the eyes of its patrons, and that, it may be supposed, is the chief purpose in opening an opera season. "Aida" enlists some of the most admired of the singers at the Metropolitan, headed by Mr. Caruso, Mme. Destinn, and Mr. Amato.

Last evening there was the added interest inherent in the momentous question as to whether Mr. Caruso had returned in perfectly restored voice, as the confident reporters announced he had as he sailed up the bay on the incoming steamer, and there was the first appearance of a new singer, on whose behalf large promises had been held forth by the management, Mme. Margarete Matzenauer.

Most else was familiar about the performance, down to the flower-decked architecture of the temple of Phta and the pageant at the Gates of Thebes, though this seemed to have undergone some elaboration in detail.

Mr. Toscanini inspired the performance with life and energy, with dramatic accent and potency; he obtained from the orchestra a performance at once brilliant, sonorous, and finished, and from the chorus a similar excellence.

Mr. Caruso probably did not satisfy at all points the anxieties of his most admiring friends by his singing last evening. His voice had at first hardly all its old power and resonance, nor all its most beautiful quality. His performance in

Continued on Page 3.

ZAPATA TO BE SUPPRESSED.

Negotiations Broken Off—Planter Expects Another Mexican Revolt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 13.—Owing to the impossibility of inducing Zapata to take a reasonable view of the situation, negotiations with him have been broken off and military operations will be pushed vigorously until he is captured or surrenders and his marauding bands have been broken up.

The situation in the State of Oaxaca is far from having been straightened out. The Federals at Juchitan are surrounded by a superior force of rebel Indians.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Nov. 13.—Declaring that peace in Mexico will never exist as long as the inordinate jealousy of Francisco I. Madero, the new President, influences the politics of the country, and that the spirit of revolt is widespread, Luis F. Mendoza, a Spanish planter of the southern part of the Republic, said to-day that it was the belief, steadily growing, that Madero would face a serious revolution before twelve months had passed.

FINDS LOST HORSE DRUNK.

After 100-Mile Chase Sheriff Discovers Him Asleep Back of the Barn.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 13.—Sheriff Philip Finnegan spent nearly all of last night vainly searching for a horse owned by Benjamin W. Fairchild of New York, which was believed to have been stolen from the barn.

The Sheriff in an automobile covered a hundred miles around Greenwich, notifying all farmers of the theft. After midnight he returned to the Fairchild barn, and saw foot prints of a horse leading from the stable door to an orchard. Following them he found the horse by a pile of cider apples, sound alseep.

FOSS BREAKS HIS OWN LAW.

Fails to Give Details of How He Spent $16,828 in His Campaign.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Gov. Foss spent $16,828 in his campaign, according to a return filed to-day with Secretary of State Langtry. The report was returned to the Governor because he failed to comply with the Corrupt Practices act he signed this year, providing that all expenditures shall be set forth in detail.

The Governor stated that $345 was for "traveling expenses, railroad fares, automobiles, hotels." Under the terms of the act he must state to whom every cent of this money was paid, as well as the date.

KILL FIVE MEXICAN BANDITS.

Ibarra and His Wife Repulse Marauders Who Sought Firearms.

ELARDENA, Mexico, Nov. 13.—Eighteen bandits who attacked the store of Francisco Ibarra were repulsed to-day by Ibarra and his wife, who fought the marauders from behind a barricade, killing five and seriously wounding three of the assailing party.

The marauders were attracted by the guns and ammunition in Ibarra's stock, as well as the silver bullion he was reported to have on hand. The storekeeper had warning of their approach and barricaded the doors of the strongly built adobe shop. He telephoned to this city for Rurales, but the bandits made their attack before the Rurales had started.

Ibarra and Senora Ibarra, both familiar with the use of firearms, crouched behind the small, barred windows of the shop and poured a deadly fire on their assailants.

RODGERS TO FINISH FLIGHT.

Physicians Say He May Be Well Enough in About Ten Days.

PASADENA, Cal., Nov. 13.—Calbraith P. Rodgers, the transcontinental aviator, to-day recovered consciousness long enough to declare that he would yet reach the Pacific shore in spite of the fall he suffered yesterday while trying to fly twenty-three miles to complete his ocean to ocean flight. He muttered to his attendants:

"Oh, I'll finish that flight all right."

The aviator suffered concussion of the brain in his fall. Physicians said his injuries would result in no complications, and they expected he would be able to complete his journey in about ten days. Meantime his aeroplane, which was shattered in the fall, is being rebuilt at Long Beach.

PUTS GOVERNOR OFF TROLLEY

Donaghey Had Only a $5 Bill and Conductor Wouldn't Change It.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 13.—Gov. Donaghey was compelled to get off a street car to-day because the conductor refused to change a five-dollar bill. Speaking of the matter Gov. Donaghey said:

"I tendered the conductor a five-dollar bill, explaining to him that that was the smallest I had, and that I was sorry to trouble him to make the change, but that I was in a hurry to reach the Capitol. He demurred to taking the bill. I explained that I could not offer anything smaller at the time, and insisted that he accept the bill and give me the change.

"After a conference with another employe on the car, the conductor again said that he could not accept the bill, and that I would either have to pay my fare in smaller money or get off. I did not care to enter into any wrangle or create a scene and I left the car.

"I feel sure that I was acting within my rights when I tendered the bill in payment of my fare, and that there was no legal reason why it should not be accepted. I do not know why they insisted on my getting off the car, but I will know before the matter is ended."

CRUSHED IN FOOTBALL GAME.

Howard Peary's Spine Broken When Players Fall on Him.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 13.—Howard Peary of New Rochelle, grandson of Mrs. William Howard of Greenwich, fell in a football game on Saturday, and several players fell on top of him. Peary was unconscious when picked up, and it was found later that the fifth and sixth vertebrae of his spine were broken.

Dr. Griswold said it was remarkable that his spinal cord was not snapped. If the boy remains perfectly quiet he may recover, but it is feared that he cannot keep his head held back day and night.

This is the fourth accident in the Howard family within a few years. Mrs. Howard's son and his wife were killed in the New York Central tunnel disaster a few years ago, and later another grandson, while riding his bicycle at night, was run over and killed by an unknown motorist.

George L. Thayer Drops Dead.

George L. Thayer, Eastern Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, dropped dead of heart disease at midnight last night in front of his home, 14 Morningside Avenue. He was a widower about 61 years old, and lived with his daughter.

Stop at Park & Tilford's and get a can of the delightful CRETA CREME HAND SOAP.—Adv.

PULITZER PAPERS LEFT IN TRUST

Herbert, Youngest Son, Gets Six-Tenths Share; Ralph, Two, and Joseph, Jr., One.

TOTAL ESTATE, $30,000,000

Half Million Each to Museum of Art and the Philharmonic—$100,000 to Valet.

MORE GIVEN TO COLUMBIA

$250,000 for Scholarships in Addition to $2,000,000 for School of Journalism—Widow Gets Income of $2,500,000.

William B. Hornblower, counsel for the Pulitzer estate, made public Joseph Pulitzer's will last night. He will offer the instrument for probate to-day. Reckoning the value of his New York and St. Louis newspaper holdings as $12,000,000, the will disposes of $21,000,000 by direct provisions. The total value of the estate will probably reach $30,000,000.

Mr. Pulitzer leaves The New York World and The St. Louis Post-Dispatch in the hands of a board of four trustees, who will hold control during the lifetime of his to younger sons. Two of these trustees will give way in a few years to Herbert Pulitzer and Joseph Pulitzer, Jr.

He failed to name his son, Ralph Pulitzer, either as trustee or executor. In a statement issued last night, Ralph Pulitzer stated that this was an oversight. Mr. Hornblower issued a corroborative statement, in which he declared that Mr. Pulitzer's sudden death had prevented his executing a new codicil in which Ralph Pulitzer was named as trustee.

The will was made on April 16, 1904. It bears several codicils, the latest executed on July 12 last. It gives a million dollars, in addition to one million already given, to Columbia University for a school of journalism. Mr. Pulitzer directs his executors to pay this second million dollars over to Harvard University, in case Columbia fails to carry out his purposes under an agreement. He also leaves Columbia $250,000 for scholarships and prizes.

To the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the Philharmonic Society, Mr. Pulitzer leaves $500,000 each. He leaves $5,000 to the Children's Aid Society. Fifty thousand dollars he set apart for the construction of a fountain in Central Park and $75,000 for the erection in this city of a statue of Thomas Jefferson.

To his valet, Jabez Dunningham, Mr. Pulitzer leaves $100,000, and he gives $100,000 more to be divided between his personal secretaries and certain editorial writers on The World.

Supreme Court Justice Harrington Putnam of Brooklyn, ex-Corporation Counsel George L. Rives, J. Angus Shaw, formerly President of the Press Publishing Company, (The New York World,) and Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, President of the Pulitzer Publishing Company, (The Post Dispatch,) will act as the first Trustees. Justice Putnam takes the palce of United States Supreme Court Justice Charles Evans Hughes, named as the first Trustee, but who declined to serve because of the press of his public duties. Mr. Pulitzer named Robert Weeks de Forest as another alternate Trustee, but he will not be called upon to serve.

Mr. Shaw will serve as Trustee for only six years, when Herbert Pulitzer becomes of age and will take his place on the board. Mr. Judson will serve only three years or until Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., reaches the age of 30 years, when the latter will become a member of the controlling board.

The Trustees will hold Mr. Pulitzer's stock principally for the benefit of his sons, who will, under certain limitations, enjoy the income of nine-tenths of it. The Trustees have the power to assign the income of the remaining tenth to such editors and managers of the newspapers as they deem deserving. Mr. Pulitzer's sons share in his newspaper holdings in this proportion: Herbert, six-tenths; Ralph, two-tenths, and Joseph, one-tenth.

His Injunction to His Sons.

The following extracts from the will are from the summary furnished by Mr. Hornblower:

The capital stock of his two newspapers, the Press Publishing Company, publisher of The World, and the Pulitzer Publishing Company, publisher of The St. Louis Post-Dispatch, are left in trust for his sons, and their male issue during the lives of the two youngest sons. The terms of this trust and the interests of his sons therein were modified from time to time. The purpose of this trust, particularly as to The World newspaper, is thus stated by the testator in the codicil of 1909:

> I particularly enjoin upon my sons and my descendants the duty of preserving, perfecting, and perpetuating The World newspaper, to the maintenance and publishing of which I have sacrificed my health and strength, in the same spirit in which I have striven to create and conduct it as a public institution, from motives higher than mere gain, it having been my desire that it should be at all times conducted in a spirit of independence and with a view to inculcating high standards and public spirit among the people and their official representatives, and it is my earnest wish that said newspaper shall hereafter be conducted upon the same principles.

The interests of the sons, as fixed by the codicil of 1909, are as follows:

> Herbert, the youngest son, six-tenths (6-10;) Ralph, two-tenths (2-10,) Joseph, one-tenth (1-10) the remaining one-tenth (1-10) to be held for the benefit of the principal editors and managers of the newspapers whom the trustees may regard as most deserving and valuable to said newspapers from time to time, and upon the expiration of the trust estate that one-tenth (1-10) of the stock of each of the companies shall be sold on such liberal terms as the executors may think best to one or more of the principal editors or managers of each of said newspapers, respectively, whom his trustees may consider most deserving in point of ability and integrity.

Herbert's income from his six-tenths interest in the papers is, however, restricted to $20,000 a year from each paper between the ages of 21 and 25, and to $30,000 a year from each paper between the ages of 25 and 30. Joseph's income from his one-tenth interest in the two papers is limited to $60,000 a year from each paper until he reaches the age of 30. After 30 both Joseph and Herbert are entitled to the whole unrestricted income of their respective shares. No restriction has been placed upon the income which Ralph may receive from his two-tenths interest.

The excess earnings over Joseph's $120,000 a year and over Herbert's limitations on income go to Columbia College, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Philharmonic Society, subject to certain conditions.

Herbert's six-tenths interest in the stock of the newspapers does not give him a proportionate predominance in the control of the papers. The control is in the hands of four Trustees, of whom Herbert, when he reaches the age of 21, will be one. Each of these Trustees has one vote, and a majority of their number will elect the Directors of the two publishing companies. The conduct of the newspapers will be in the hands of these Directors, and of the officers that they in turn select.

The Trustees Chosen.

The Trustees of the stock of the two newspapers named in the will are the following, subject to declination, renunciation, resignation or death:

George L. Rives, President of the Board of Trustees of Columbia University; Charles E. Hughes, Justice of the United States Supreme Court, who has expressed his intention not to accept, owing to his public duties; Harrington Putnam, Justice of the Supreme Court in the Second Judicial District, appointed by the testator in one of his codicils to take the place of Charles E. Hughes, who is unable to serve; Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, lawyer of that city and now President of the Pulitzer Publishing Company, and J. Angus Shaw of this city, formerly President of the Press Publishing Company.

Mr. Judson is to serve only until Joseph Pulitzer arrives at the age of 30, when he is take Mr. Judson's place. J. Angus Shaw is to serve only until Herbert Pulitzer, now 15 years old, shall reach the age of 21, when he will take Mr. Shaw's place. Robert Weeks de Forest, a lawyer of this city, was also named as an alternate Trustee in case either one of the last two decline to act. Both of the last two, however, have indicated their intention to accept.

The Union Trust Company of this city is named as one of the executors of the will, but is expressly excluded from the number of the Trustees who are to take and hold stock of the two newspaper companies in trust.

Some Personal Bequests.

There are also bequests of $500,000 to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, to be known as the "Pulitzer Bequest"; $500,000 to the Philharmonic Society of New York, subject, however, to certain conditions, which if not complied with, the bequest is revoked. The testator also by one of his codicils bequeathed the sum of $100,000 to his faithful valet, Jabez Dunningham. He gave $100,000 to be distributed by his executors in their discretion among his personal secretaries, readers, and companions, and among certain editorial writers employed on The World. He also bequeathed the sum of $5,000 to the Children's Aid Society in the City of New York; also bequeathed the sum of $50,000 for the erection of a fountain at some suitable place in Central Park, preferably at or near the Plaza entrance at Fifty-ninth Street, and to be as far as practicable like those in the Place de la Concorde, Paris, France. He also bequeathed the sum of $25,000 for the purpose of erecting a statue of Thomas Jefferson in the City of New York, adding:

> It is my hope that an equal sum may be raised by popular subscription and added to this fund for that purpose, and that a statue of that great statesman may at last adorn some public place in New York, the foremost Democratic city of the new Republic.

Warns Children of Wealth's Danger.

In one of the codicils of his will he said:

> During my life, and now by my will and codicils, I have given considerable sums of money to promote public or humanitarian causes which have had my deliberate and sympathetic interest. If any of my children think excessive such gifts of mine outside of my family, I ask them to remember not only the merit of the cause to which I have given and the corresponding usefulness of the gifts, but also the dominating ideals of my life. They should never forget the dangers which unfortunately attend the inheritance of large fortunes, even though the money came from the painstaking affections of a father. I beg them to remember that such danger lies not only in the obvious temptations to enervating luxury, but in the inducement which a fortune coming from another carries as to the recipient to withdraw from the wholesome duty of vigorous, serious, useful work. In my opinion a life not largely dedicated to such work cannot be happy and honorable, and to such work it is my earnest hope, and will be to my death, that my children shall, so far as their strength permits, be steadfastly devoted.

Provision for Widow and Daughters

In addition to these public or quasi-public bequests, there are, of course, provisions for the members of the immediate family. Mr. Pulitzer's widow receives the use of the testator's residence in East Seventy-third Street during her life, and with remainder over at her death to his son, Ralph, and with remainder over at Ralph's death to Ralph's brother, Joseph. The testator's Summer residence at Bar Harbor, Me., is also left to the widow for life, with remainder to the children and their issue. The income of a fund of two and a half millions is to be paid to the widow during her life, and after her death the fund is to be distributed among the issue then living. An income of a fund of $1,500,000 is left to his two daughters for life, with remainder to their issue, if any, if not, to their brothers or their issue.

The residuary estate is left in trust for the benefit of his grandchildren.

The School of Journalism.

In setting aside the second million dollars for a school of journalism Mr. Pulitzer observed:

> I am deeply interested in the progress and elevation of journalism, having spent my life in that profession, regarding it as a noble profession and one of unequaled importance for its influence on the minds and morals of the community. I desire to assist in attracting to this profession young men of character and ability, also to help those already engaged in the profession to acquire the highest moral and intellectual training. There are now special schools for instruction for lawyers, physicians, clergymen, military and naval officers, engineers, architects, and artists, but none for the instruction of journalists. That all other professions and not journalism should have the advantage of special training seems to me contrary to reason. I have felt that I could contribute in no more effectual way to the benefit of my profession and to the public good than by providing for founding and maintaining adequate schools of journalism.

Mr. Pulitzer's gift to Columbia is subject to the condition that, if an agreement regarding the first donation is not kept, the bequest shall be paid over to Harvard University, half for a school of journalism and half for certain prizes and scholarships.

The terms of the agreements with Columbia University for the establishment of the school of journalism are contained in several agreements, as outlined in the will.

> I have entered into agreements with the Trustees of Columbia College in the City of New York, (hereinafter called Columbia University,) dated April 10, 1903; March 19, 1901, and April 12, 1904, under and pursuant to which I have turned over to the university, in cash and in securities at agreed valuations, one million dollars, ($1,000,000,) and have provided for the payment of an additional sum of one million dollars, ($1,000,000,) or so much thereof as may not have been paid in my lifetimes, by my executors, if at any time within seven years after my death my executors, then acting and qualified, shall be satisfied that for the three years the school has been and then is in successful operation.
>
> I hereby ratify and confirm the said agreements and direct the performance thereof so far as unperformed, either as now existing or as the same shall hereafter be changed or modified by agreement between me and the university; and if I should die before the payment of the second or additional one million dollars ($1,000,000) referred to in said agreements, in whole or in part, I give, devise, and bequeath to my executors such sum of one million dollars, ($1,000,000,) after payments made as hereinbefore provided, or so much thereof as may not have been paid in my lifetime, to be held by them on the following trusts:
>
> 1. To receive and collect the income therefrom and to pay the same over to the Trustees of Barnard College for additional scholarships, in memory of my daughter, Lucille, during the lives and until the death of the two persons who shall be at the time of my death the Presidents respectively of Columbia University and the President and Fellows of Harvard College (hereinafter called Harvard University;) or until such earlier time as under the provisions of this will the principal shall become payable to the Trustees of Columbia or Harvard Universities.
>
> 2. The said principal, or so much thereof as may not have been paid in my lifetime, shall become payable and shall be paid to Columbia University under the following provisions:
>
> If at any time within seven years after my death my executors then acting and qualified shall be satisfied that for three years the school of journalism has been and then is in successful operation, and if at or before that time a plan for the awarding of prizes or scholarships contemplated by said agreements shall have been agreed upon and adopted, they shall pay the whole of the principal to Columbia University, to be used and applied under and in accordance with the terms of said agreements and of this my will, and in exercising this power they shall, so far as may be lawful, be guided by the advice and conclusions of the Advisory Board mentioned in the agreements and in this my will.

Plan of Scholarships.

The prizes outlined by Mr. Pulitzer are:

> 1st. Annually, for the best and most suggestive paper on the future development and improvement of the school of journalism, or for any one idea that will promise great improvement in the operation of the school, one thousand dollars, ($1,000.)
>
> 2d. Annually, for the most disinterested and meritorious public service rendered by any American newspaper during the year, a gold medal costing five hundred dollars, ($500.)
>
> 3d. Annually, for the best history of the services rendered to the public by the American press during the preceding year, one thousand dollars, ($1,000.)
>
> 4th. Five annual traveling scholarships of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) each, to be awarded as follows:
>
> Three (3) to three different graduates respectively of the school of journalism who shall have passed their examinations with the highest honor and are otherwise most deserving, to enable each of them to spend a year in Europe, to study the social, political, and moral conditions of the people and the character and principles of the European press.
>
> One (1) to the student of music in America whom the Advisory Board shall deem the most talented and deserving, in order that he may continue his studies with the advantage of European instruction.
>
> Another to an art student in America who shall be certified to the Advisory Board by the Society of American Artists as the most promising and deserving; or, if none be certified, then as the Advisory Board may select, in order that he may continue his studies in Europe.
>
> 5. Annually, for the best editorial article written during the year, the test of excellence being clearness of style, moral purpose, sound reasoning and power to influence public opinion in the right direction, five hundred dollars, ($500.)
>
> 6. Annually, for the best example of a reporter's work during the year, the test being strict accuracy, terseness, the accomplishment of some public good commanding public attention and respect, one thousand dollars, ($1,000.)
>
> 7. Annually, for the American novel published during the year which shall best present the wholesome atmosphere of American life and the highest standard of American manners and manhood, one thousand dollars, ($1,000.)
>
> 8. Annually, for the original American play performed in New York which shall best represent the educational value and power of the stage in raising the standard of good morals, good taste, and good manners, one thousand dollars ($1,000.)
>
> 9. Annually, to the best book of the year upon the history of the United States, two thousand dollars ($2,000.)
>
> 10. Annually, for the best American biography teaching patriotic and unselfish services to the people, illustrated by an eminent example, excluding, as too obvious, the names of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, one thousand dollars ($1,000.)
>
> It is my wish that said plan further provide that the Advisory Board shall be continued in existence without limitation of time, and I direct that the selection of persons who shall receive the said prizes or scholarships shall be under its control so long as it continues in existence. The plan shall further provide that if in any one year no book or play written for the prize offered shall be of sufficient excellence in the opinion of the board, or if in any other subject of competition all the competitors shall fall below the standard of excellence fixed by the board, then in that case the amount of such prize or prizes may be withheld in each year; and it is my intention in such case that the amount of such prize or prizes not awarded shall be carried to the income of the succeeding year or years and added to the sums offered in future competition for like purposes; provided, however, that in no event shall the postponed accumulation exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000) for any one subject, and that the Advisory Board shall have power in its discretion to suspend or to change any subject or subjects, substituting, however, others in their places, if in the judgment of the board such suspension, changes, or substitutions shall be conducive to the public good or rendered advisable by public necessities, or by reason of change of time. It is my intention that all the sums hereinbefore specified for prizes shall be used for prizes only, and for no other purpose whatsoever. It is my desire that professors, instructors, and others connected with the school who will receive remuneration from the large income arising from the endowment shall be assigned to the duty of assisting the Advisory Board in the labor of determining the merits of manuscripts submitted by competitors for the prizes by reading such manuscripts, or in such other manner as the board may require.

Provision for Harvard.

The provision for the lapse of the bequest to Harvard is thus outlined in the will:

> If, by reason of the determination of my executors or of the failure to agree upon a plan for prizes, the said principal sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000) or so much thereof as shall not have been paid, shall not become payable to Columbia University, then I direct that the same shall be paid over to the Trustees of Harvard University, at Cambridge, Mass., one-half thereof to be used and applied by them to establish and maintain a school of journalism according to the scheme or plan outlined and described in this will and in said agreements, and the other half to be used for and the income applied to the awarding of prizes or scholarships as described in this will and according to the plan aforesaid; relying upon them to carry out such plans in good faith and in accordance with my wishes, purposes, spirit, and intent as indicated in said agreements and this will.
>
> In case both of the persons referred to in subdivision 1 hereof should die before Columbia University shall become entitled to receive said principal fund of one million dollars ($1,000,000) or so much thereof as shall not have been paid, and thereby the trust during their lives shall terminate, I direct that upon the death of the survivor of them, providing that my executors are at that time satisfied that the School of Journalism is being developed by Columbia University in such a manner that within the expiration of the seven years above limited it would become entitled to receive the further sum provided, said principal be paid to Columbia University, relying upon its Trustees to carry out the plans for the School of Journalism and for the awarding of prizes in accordance with my intent and purpose, as expressed in said agreements and in this will, otherwise the principal shall be paid to the Trustees of Harvard University at Cambridge, Mass., one-half thereof to be used and applied by them to establish and maintain a School of Journalism according to the scheme or plan described and outlined in this will and in said agreements, and the other half to be used for, and the income applied to, the awarding of prizes or scholarships as described in this will and according to the plan aforesaid.

These provisions were substantially unchanged by the later codicils, and are still in force, with some slight modifications.

Special Scholarships at Columbia.

In setting apart a distinct fund for scholarships at Columbia University, Mr. Pulitzer said:

> I have always been desirous of aiding young men who wish to gain a college education, and to that end, after payments made as aforesaid, I give and bequeath to the Trustees of Columbia College in the City of New York the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars ($250,000) to be invested by said corporation and known as the Pulitzer Scholarship fund; the income therefrom to be distributed by said corporation among young men wholly or partly educated in the public schools of the City of New York, and who have passed their examinations in such schools with special credit, and who wish to receive a college education, but need pecuniary assistance for that purpose to give them means of support while fitting for and going through college; but I direct that the annual selection of young men who shall be recipients of such income shall be determined by a board, to consist of the President for the time being of the Trustees of Columbia College in the City of New York, the President for the time being of the Board of Education of the City of New York, and the President for the time being of the Press Publishing Company, and I direct that any two members of said board shall constitute a quorum; my intention being by this provision of my will to perpetuate the scheme of scholarship which I now have in active operation. Said board shall from time to time frame rules and suitable regulations, modifying them as experience may suggest.

RALPH PULITZER EXPLAINS.

Error in Drawing His Father's Will Left Him Out as Trustee.

Ralph Pulitzer made the following statement last night:

"One of the terms of my father's will demands an explanation.

"He left his estate, including the stock of the companies publishing The New York World and The St. Louis Post-Dispatch, in trust, with the knowledge and approval of his family.

"His will designates my younger brother, Joseph, as one of the Trustees when he shall reach the age of 30, and my youngest brother, Herbert, as one of the Trustees when he shall have reached the age of 21.

"But his will, as it stands, fails to name me as executor or Trustee, now or at any future time. The only possible inference to be drawn from this omission of my name, if left unexplained, would be a lack of confidence in me on his part.

"Therefore, in justice to my father as well as to my own reputation, I wish to state that my father lived and died in the conviction that he had designated me in this will, not only as one of the guardians of my brother, Herbert, but as one of the executors and Trustees of his estate.

"I need not myself explain how my name, having stood in his will and codicils for many years as executor and Trustee, happened inadvertently to be omitted.

"I prefer to quote a letter written me by Mr. William B. Hornblower, the eminent lawyer who drafted the codicil in the copying of which my name slipped out, and who was working on a new will with my father not two weeks before his death, and thus knew not only what my father believed his will to contain, but what he wished it to contain."

Mr. Hornblower's letter follows:

> Hornblower, Miller & Potter, 24 Broad Street.
> New York, Nov. 8, 1911.
>
> Ralph Pulitzer, Esq.
>
> My Dear Mr. Pulitzer: In justice to yourself, I wish to state to you that in my last conference with your father, about ten days before his death, he talked to me of you on the evident assumption that you were named as one of his executors and trustees under his existing will and codicils. As you know, I was requested by him last month to prepare an entirely new will to harmonize and embody the provisions of his will of 1904, which was in force at the time of his death, and the subsequent codicils thereto, eliminating those portions that had been revoked from time to time by the codicils and amending the will in various particulars. In instructing me as to the preparation of this new will he named you as one of the executors and trustees, your brother, Joseph, when he should arrive at the age of 30 years, and your brother, Herbert, when he should arrive at the age of 21 years. In preparing the draft will I inserted your name in accordance with his instructions. The draft will was never completed or submitted to him in shape for execution. It was in his possession at the time of his sudden and unexpected death while absent on his yacht, and was received back by me after his death unexecuted.
>
> You were named as an executor and trustee in the will of 1904. In March, 1909, he executed a codicil to the will of 1904 which revoked several previous codicils to that will, and which harmonized and reduced to succinct form the provisions of those codicils. This codicil of 1909 was drawn by me. By this codicil he revoked the provisions of the will as to his executors and trustees, and made an entirely new provision. This codicil was executed by him on his yacht just prior to his departure for Europe for an extended absence. When you spoke to me about the matter the other day, my recollection was that you had been named as one of the executors and trustees by this codicil. On examining, however, the copy of the codicil in my possession last Friday, I was surprised to find that you were not named as an executor or trustee, and when the original will and codicils were examined on that day, it appeared that such was the fact and that you were not so named.
>
> I recall the circumstances under which this codicil was prepared by me. Your father was far from well and was very desirous of starting at the earliest practical moment for Europe on his yacht. The codicil was thus drawn in great haste, less than a week expiring, as I recollect it, between the preparation of the first draft and the final execution of the codicil. The codicil was taken up to your father for execution by one of my junior partners and was executed by your father on his yacht just prior to sailing for Europe. My best recollection is that your father instructed me to insert your name as one of the executors who were also to be trustees under the will and codicils. I certainly have no recollection of any instruction to the contrary, or to change the provisions of the original will in this respect. My only explanation is that in the hurry of transcribing the codicil, the words, "my son Ralph" were omitted from the clause as to executors, although they appeared three or four lines above in the clause as to the guardianship of the minors. The original draft of the codicil has unfortunately been destroyed.
>
> I repeat that from what he said to me in his latest conferences with me a few days before his death, I understood him to then believe that you were named as an executor and trustee in his then existing will and codicils, and that it was his desire that you should be an executor and trustee, and you certainly would have been if he had lived to execute the will, a draft of which I had prepared. Of course the unfortunate omission cannot be remedied by this explanation, but I think it is due to you that the explanation be made. Yours sincerely,
>
> W. B. HORNBLOWER.

WILL SAVE PHILHARMONIC.

Pulitzer Gift Makes City's Oldest Musical Society Very Much Alive.

Two years ago when the Philharmonic Society was reorganized, with Gustav Mahler as conductor, a fund was raised, sufficient to cover the enormous expenses of the organization for a time. Something under $100,000 of that fund remains at this time and unless a new fund had been raised or the orchestra could have been put on more of a paying basis than it is at present it is probable that this oldest of New York musical institutions would have passed out of existence in the next few years.

The $500,000 left by Mr. Pulitzer saves the venerable organization from such a fate, at least for many years to come. It is fortunate that the present policy of the society in engaging a conductor at a more modest salary than has been paid to some of the famous men who have been here in the past few seasons will also be of assistance in putting the organization on a paying basis. Clever management and $500,000 will keep the institution alive for perpetuity.

FREE PAPER FROM GERMANY.

Request Made of Us Under the Favored Nation Clause.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Germany today followed the lead of Norway and Sweden in applying under the terms of the most favored nation clause in her treaty with us for the free entry into the United States of wood pulp and print paper from Germany and German colonies. The claim is based upon our enactment at the special session of a section in the Reciprocity bill admitting pulp and paper free from Canada without any compensations from that country.

The German memorandum was presented to Secretary Knox this morning by Count Von Bernstorff, the Ambassador, and it is expected that the President will soon confer with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury on the subject.

The action of these three countries leaves Great Britain practically the only interested country that has not demanded the abolition of the duties, and exactly what will be her policy in regard to a concession granted a British dependency remains to be seen. Germany, like England, produces no wood pulp, but imports it and manufactures print paper for export.

Want Night Removal in Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 13.—The Newport Improvement Association, composed of prominent members of the Summer colony and prominent citizens of Newport, has urged the Board of Health to suggest to the Board of Aldermen the advisability of collecting garbage at night, so that the nuisance of all unpleasant odors and sights will be removed from the highways while citizens are about.

E. M. Gattle & Co.
Goldsmiths and Jewelers
JEWELED LORGNETTES
A number of new designs which will meet with the approval of the most fastidious All Platinum and Gold.
From $110 up
COMPARISON OF VALUES INVITED
Fifth Av. at Thirty-Eighth St.

DR. HAMMOND GIVES PATIENT NEW KIDNEY

At Philadelphia Clinic He Transplants Organ from Man Who Was Killed Sunday.

USED NEW YORK METHOD

Dr. Carrell of This City Uses a Dog's Kidney—These Are Now Kept in Cold Storage for the Purpose.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—A remarkable surgical clinic was held at noon today in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital by Dr. L. J. Hammond, chief of staff of the hospital, and formerly of the Faculty of the University of Pennsylvania. American and Canadian surgeons attending the Clinical Congress were present.

The first operation that Dr. Hammond performed has been attempted only once before in this country, and Dr. Alexis Carrell of New York gave a history of that case in a paper which he read before the Clinical Congress of Surgeons on Thursday of last week. The operation today included an anastomosis, or union of blood vessels, so as to make them freely intercommunicating. In each case the joining of the veins, arteries, and other ducts and glands was highly satisfactory.

Only in one particular did Dr. Hammond's operation differ from that of Dr. Carrell, who transplanted the kidney of a dog to a patient from whom a diseased kidney had been removed. The kidney was taken from the dog a few moments before it was to be transplanted.

In the case to-day Dr. Hammond used the kidney of a man who was killed in an automobile accident yesterday afternoon. To-day's patient, a man, had suffered from tuberculosis of the kidney for several years, and had been under treatment by eminent specialists. Dr. Hammond suggested an operation for transplantation.

The kidney of the man who was killed yesterday was used in preference to kidneys that had been kept in cold storage for the purpose. The occurrence, according to physicians, though unfortunate for the man who was killed by the motor car, was most fortunate for the subject of the operation, since the kidney of a man killed by accident was much better than that of a man dying of a malignant disease, of old age, or any illness. This is practically the first time that an operation of this kind has been performed, and, according to Dr. Hammond's associates, the kidney, through the perfect anastomosis of the vessels and ducts, will functionate as well as an ordinary healthy kidney.

TRIANGLE SURVIVORS PARADE

March Through East Side as a Protest Against Factory Fire Peril.

Three hundred survivors, relatives, and friends of the Triangle factory fire, in which 145 factory girls lost their lives last March, paraded through the streets of the east side yesterday for several hours. The parade was organized by Local 25 of the Ladies' Shirtwaist and Dressmakers' Union. The marchers were mourning and carried banners with the legend "We mourn the loss of our relatives," while a band in the lead played dirges and revolutionary airs.

According to Manager Di Neris of the Waist Makers' Local, Mayor Gaynor and District Attorney Whitman had been invited to review the parade, but had not accepted the invitation. The parade was said by its organizers to be a demonstration against present factory conditions in this city, and especially against Harris & Blanck, the proprietors of the burned factory building. A big east side crowd watched the parade.

APPRAISERS IN SESSION HERE

Officials from Every Port Assemble to Effect Uniform Classifications.

The annual conference of United States Appraisers began yesterday in the office of Francis W. Bird, Appraiser of the Port of New York. Appraisers, Assistant Appraisers, and Examiners were present from a score of the principal ports of the country. James F. Curtis was chosen Chairman, and Appraiser Bird, who will act as host for the visiting officials, was elected Vice Chairman.

The annual conventions of the Appraisers were inaugurated by Daniel Manning, Secretary of the Treasury Department during President Cleveland's first term, and have been continued since. The purpose is to effect uniformity at the several ports in the appraisement and advisory classification of imported merchandise.

Advertising Exhibit Opens To-day.

The New York Advertising Men's League presents an exhibit the second Tuesday in each month, beginning to-day, at the Business Bourse, 260 Broadway, illustrating the best methods of advertising and conveying instruction on modern publicity methods. Dr. Strong of Columbia University explains the psychological tables. The exhibit will proceed to Chicago, St. Louis, and other cities.

THIRTEEN CHINESE WARSHIPS MUTINY

Continued from Page 1.

Tien-Tsin with a bodyguard of thirty men. He is lodging in the foreign concession.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Describing the arrival of Yuan Shi-Kai at Peking, the correspondent there of the Temps says it means important support for the Manchu throne, because Yuan represents military leadership and is the only man in China inspiring confidence enough to obtain financial assistance abroad.

"The population of Peking, which last week seemed ready to join the rebels," the correspondent telegraphs, "will certainly be greatly influenced by the Chinese statesman's return to the capital."

Wu's Appeal to the Regent.

Wu Ting-Fang, ex-Minister to the United States, who recently received the appointment of Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the proposed reform administration, has telegraphed a long address to Peking, urging the Regent, Prince Chun, to abdicate.

Dr. Wu points out that since the Emperor's edict admitting responsibility for present conditions and promising reforms there has been an atrocious massacre and ten provinces have severed themselves from the throne without a struggle.

Wu adds that nothing but the adoption of republicanism can lead to peace and stop the shedding of blood. The Regent, he says, should emulate the example of the ancient Emperors Yao and Han, who abdicated after choosing the best available substitutes. Dr. Wu promises that if the Regent wakes up and works for the republic the citizens will respcet and support him in a style compatible with his birth, inasmuch as the peace and safety of the Manchu clans are not excluded from the national aims. The appeal concludes:

"Our voice is hoarse and our tears are exhausted. No more can be said."

Che-Foo went over to the revolutionists at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. There was no fighting. The rebels took possession of the Taotai's yamen, the telegraph offices, and the forts.

Foreigners to Leave Nanking.

NANKING, Nov. 13.—The American and other Consuls and the foreigners under their protection will move out of the city immediately. The commanders of the German and British war vessels here visited the city to-day and advised the Consuls, their staffs, and other foreigners to withdraw, as the warships could not protect the consuates.

Thirteen Chinese gunboats arrived this afternoon. They were not flying any flag, but their officers stated that they would run up the republican colors later.

Rebels Reject Yuan's Proposals.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Amnesty, a Constitutional Government, and a share of the offices, the terms offered by Yuan Shi-Kai to the revolutionists at Hankow as a basis of settlement, have been rejected, according to a report from American Consul General Green to-day.

An ominous sign of the lack of cohesion and singleness of purpose among the revolting elements in China is contained in a report which has reached the State Department that the imperial troops at Nanking have made a prisoner of their Tartar commander, and are now acting independently of the dynasty at Peking, as well as of the revolutionary leaders.

A report from Admiral Murdock tends to minimize the extent of the massacre at Nanking. However, he confirms the report that the city has become untenable for foreigners, and, as his communications with the marine guard at the American Consulate have been interrupted owing to the refusal of the Chinese military to allow his messengers to pass, he has been obliged to withdraw the guards. This has necessitated the closing of the Consulate.

All the American women and children have already withdrawn from Nanking, and it is presumed that, now that the Consulate has been closed, the few Americans remaining will retreat while they can safely do so. The British and German Consulates at Nanking also have been closed. Admiral Murdock is preparing to take on board the New Orleans all the archives of the American Consulate.

STRIKERS FAST LOSING GROUND

Continued from Page 1

work through intimidation and not of their own volition could have their places back. In this manner it was suggested to officials at City Hall, the strike leaders thought they could put 70 or 80 per cent. of their men back on the carts they had deserted.

Don't Need the Militia.

Both Mayor Gaynor and Commissioner Edwards scouted stories to the effect that the militia might be called out. The Mayor asserted that the brick-throwing fever had subsided, and that cases of rioting were sporadic. He spoke highly of the work of the police, and Commissioner Edwards added that it would be highly improper and an insult to the police to call in the militia when the Police Department was doing great work, demonstrating through the cleaning out of the Gas House district that it can inspire respect for the night stick.

"Under this free Government," said the Mayor, "we don't call out troops except in case of absolute necessity. Some people talk too freely about calling out the militia and shooting the people down. There has been very little violence. I am happy at the progress we are making."

A new city department entered the strike situation yesterday, and another is scheduled to enter it to-day. Following Mayor Gaynor's visit to the office of Commissioner Edwards, Water Commissioner Thompson was instructed to keep squads of men ready to-day to flush every street over which the cart drivers have passed.

The Fire Department commenced a systematic patrol of the litter-bestrewn east side. Firemen assigned to patrol duty were instructed to put out every bonfire encountered and take "fire pots" away from children found engaged in the sport of setting fire to refuse. They hoped both to lessen the danger from fires and save the pavements from destruction from the heat of the burning rubbish.

Controller Prendergast, by acting favorably upon the plea of Strike Organizer Ashton that the strikers receive the ten days' back pay due them, caused much joy among those who are out of funds and jobs as well.

Strikers to be Paid To-day.

The Controller decided to pay the strikers off to-day, but to avoid the possibility of conflicts with the men now manning the carts, he named his own office as the pay station, instead of the various barns. He sent out a schedule of hours for the men from each stable. At 9 A. M. he will pay the men from Stables R, G, F, D, and S; at 9:30 A. M. Stables M and A; at 10 A. M. Stables I, L, O, and H; at 11 A. M. Stables E, K, and B, and at noon Stable C.

The fixing of the schedule at different hours was done in order that no large number of strikers should congregate at one time. The men from each stable will be required to leave the vicinity of the Controller's office, in the Stewart Building, as soon as they receive their money. Each striker will receive an average of $20.

For to-day the prospect is that Commissioner Edwards will have a largely overmanned department. The strikebreaking agencies are beginning to get results from their advertisements in New England, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania newspapers. Late last night 450 strikebreakers were taken to Stable K, in West Seventy-second Street. They were from Philadelphia. Promises were made to Commissioner Edwards last night that at roll call this morning he shall have 1,330 strikebreakers. They were scheduled to come, 130 from Chicago, 850 from Pittsburgh, 100 from Providence, and 250 from Philadelphia.

James A. Waddell, the strikebreaking agent through whom Commissioner Edwards contracted for the men, explained to him that the slowness of filling the order was largely due to the fact that "only men demonstrating that they were not mere tourists" were accepted. He said he was confident that he would have 3,500 men on hand by to-morrow night, and that out of these there would be a force of efficient men large enough to operate every cart in the department.

Many of them, he said, would be willing to take the civil service examination and become permanent members of the department. Waddell attributed much of yesterday's freedom from riots to Mayor Gaynor's order permitting the police to assume the aggressive against threatening mobs and to use their clubs as freely as desired. He said that in every barn the men he had supplied were feeling much more confident as a result of the better police protection.

For to-day Commissioner Edwards plans to "dig into that terrible Bowery section" with every available cart and man. He had 210 carts at work on the east side, and expects to increase the force by at least fifty carts this morning.

Mayor on the Lookout.

In the course of his day's work the Mayor gave much attention to the strike. He received delegations from the City Club and the Merchants' Association, who conveyed to him assurances of the moral support of their respective organizations. In the afternoon, after completing a walk through the most congested streets of the east side, he inspected Commissioner Edwards's collection of scraps of harness which had been cut up by strikers and conferred with Health Commissioner Lederle as to sanitary conditions.

In presenting the views of the Merchants' Association to the Mayor, Henry R. Towne, the association's President, said he was sure all patriotic citizens stood ready to turn to street cleaning, if necessary to protect the city's health. He said that members of his organization stood ready to form themselves into committees to clean up designated sections of the city, doing the work of garbage removal personally if they could not hire men enough to handle it.

Mayor Gaynor thanked Mr. Towne, telling him that it would be much better to call on the citizens to perform this service than to give into the strikers. He said it would take two months to reorganize the department fully, and that in the meantime the business men must exercise forbearance and patience, and "must not nag too much," as the breaking in of new men would prove a difficult task.

On the streets the rioting, such as it was, was directed chiefly against individual strikebreakers caught away from their comrades and against policemen who could be struck at from safe distances. Policeman Frederick Borg of the East 126th Street Station was knocked unconscious by a blow from a blackjack while on stationary post at 123d Street and Second Avenue. He was kicked and beaten after falling. While his assailants escaped, it was the opinion of the police that they were strike sympathizers retaliating on the policeman for his activities while on strike duty on Sunday.

Rioters Get Punished.

In the police courts the rioters taken in by policemen got scant sympathy. When Michael Gill of 42 Monroe Street was taken to the Essex Market Court he complained to Magistrate Corrigan that policemen who arrested him while in the act of tearing down a chimney on his own home to get ammunition for rioting had severely clubbed and beaten him.

"And that's a very fine thing," put in Magistrate Corrigan. "It's too bad that they didn't beat you up more severely."

Magistrate Corrigan assessed fines of $25 each against several rioters and sent others to the Workhouse for three months. He said it was time disorderly persons were learning that it does not pay to trifle with the police in times of emergency. Two women who had poured scalding water from windows on the heads of cart drivers were fined $5 each. They were wives of strikers.

One man who had become excited over the strike had to be sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation. He was Christopher J. Savage of 240 East Eighty-third Street. He insisted to policemen in the Sixty-seventh Street Station that he was being followed by three strikers who were intent on killing him because he had furnished strikebreakers to lithographers in a strike several years ago. He pointed out detectives in the station house and a uniformed policeman as enemies who meant to kill him.

To determine what attitude they will take toward the strikers the coal wagon drivers will hold a meeting this afternoon. Strike Organizer Ashton is understood to be concentrating his attention on the task of bringing about a sympathetic strike of drivers in private employment. He has approached the department store drivers of coal wagons. He urged upon them that the Socialist vote is being increased as the result of the lining up of "Fifth Avenue sympathies against Tenth Avenue sympathies," and that "the time is ripe for rousing sympathies strong enough to set an irresistible tide toward Socialism."

The National Highways Protective Society has written a letter to the Mayor calling his attention to the numerous push-cart peddlers from Broome to Fourth Street east of Broadway, and asking him to adopt some method of preventing them from throwing refuse into the streets.

Col. Edward S. Cornell, Secretary of the society, said last night that the stuff sold by these peddlers quickly spoils, and greatly adds to the danger incident to the public health.

TEAMSTERS MAKE THREATS.

Say They'll Show the City a Disaster if Street Cleaners Aren't Heard.

Three labor leaders, two of them professing to speak with authority as members of the Executive Council of the Associated Teamsters' Unions of New York, pledged themselves before an audience of strikers and sympathizers at Cooper Union last night "to show New York the greatest disaster in teaming it has ever known unless there is material change for the better in the Street Department strike before Tuesday night."

There will be a meeting of the Central Federated Union to-night for the special purpose of taking up the strike. The speakers last night forecasted their votes in to-night's council. Before they spoke Mayor Gaynor's name was booed and hissed for ten minutes. Those who came to the meeting, which was called by the Socialists, had to pass through a cordon of fifty policemen to reach the hall, and there they found a large number of seats occupied by detectives.

Edwin Gould, Chairman of the Joint Executive Council of the teamsters' unions, was the principal speaker in favor of a general strike. He said that such a strike would be most disastrous for the city. He feared the responsibility of calling it, and the cutting off of the milk supply from the hospitals and stopping of fuel deliveries.

"At the same time," he said, "when we are cornered by a tyrannical czar we have got to fight back with what weapons are at hand—the only weapons we have to assist us since the public sympathy of the rich is exerted wholly to support the Mayor."

He intimated that he favored a selected group of strikers as a further annoyance to Mayor Gaynor rather than a generally precipitated warfare throughout all of the 22,000 union drivers in the city.

L. S. Bedford, who began to ask questions, was put out of the meeting. He returned and once more was pushed outside the door, while the police were asked not to let him in again.

Every man present when a vote was called for as to whether a general strike would receive their support jumped to his feet.

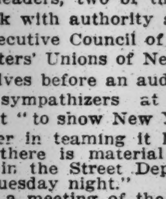
WOMEN OFFER TO HELP

And After Gaynor Calls Them Cranks They Write Him Reproachfully.

A delegation from the Wage Earners' League for Woman Suffrage called on Mayor Gaynor yesterday morning and offered to clean the city's streets of the refuse accumulated in the Street Cleaning Department strike. Their offer was rejected. Last night the delegation sent to the Mayor this letter:

> 212 Metropolitan Tower, New York,
> Nov. 13, 1911.
>
> The Hon. W. J. Gaynor.
>
> Dear Sir: This morning, when you received us as a deputation from the Wage Earners' League for Woman Suffrage and listened to our protest against the conditions of the city in which we and our children must live, you permitted yourself, with great lack of courtesy, to call us "cranks."
>
> If to desire better conditions for our children brings women into the "crank" class, we plead guilty. We are cranks.
>
> We will forgive your great lack of decent feeling displayed toward us this morning, and hereby renew our offer to clean the streets of the city, free of charge to the taxpayers, going out without escort, trusting absolutely in the men who are on the strike, knowing that they will not oppose us, for they will know that we realize that they cannot go back to work until they have forced you to listen to reason.
>
> We realize that you were very frightened and worried this morning, and that you were feeling overwhelmed with the burden of responsibility you are bearing alone, therefore, we again approach you, confident that your intense anxiety for the good of the people of this city will lead you to accede to our request; which amounts to this: The loan of the city garbage carts for a few days, when we women will have cleaned the streets.
>
> After all, the life of the average woman is used up in moving dirt from one place to another. And to move the garbage from the sidewalks to the dumping places is only taking the usual work of the voteless woman one step further.
>
> On behalf of the Wage Earners' League for Woman Suffrage.
>
> MARGARET CHARTER,
> ELISABETH FREEMAN,
> CLARA LEMLICH,
> Vice Presidents;
> LEONORA O'REILLY,
> President.

HOME SWEET HOME
COPYRIGHT M. H. HARRIS
The little things
are frequently of the *greatest* importance. It is the extreme care and attention we pay to the seemingly unimportant details in the making of **Harris Glasses** that has enabled us to develop the **Largest Retail Optical Business** in the World.
It is because of this *magnitude* that we can furnish you with *perfect-fitting* glasses for as little as $2.00 a pair and **GUARANTEE** them to give you *complete* satisfaction.
M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians
54 East 23rd St., near Fourth Ave.
27 West 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
54 West 125th St., near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st and 82nd Sts.
76 Nassau St., near John St.
1009 Broadway, near Willo'by, Bklyn
489 Fulton St., opp. A. & S., Bklyn
597 Broad St., near Hahne's, Newark

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Braunash
EVERYBODY who's anybody turns up at the Horse-Show—the noted, the bank-noted and the promissory-noted. Millionaires flick sleeves with those whose only claim to superiority is a million airs. It's the parade ground of the Army of Fashion. Of course, *you* will be in the ranks, immaculately coated and cravatted and booted and *hatted.*
For the morning—a *Roelofs Soft Hat* or *Derby* with its youthful, cheerful "cavalier" air, tilted and slanted and angled as *only* Roelofs knows how.
For the afternoon and evening—a glistening Silk "Topper," with its *old-world* grace, but *young-mannish* poise, a double of those worn by the Parisian beaux.
Made by Roelofs
Derbies, **$3, $4, $7**
Soft Hats, **$3** *to* **$20**

JOHN DAVID
ROELOFS HATS
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

CIGARS UNITED
United Cigars
Variety—Completeness—
Widest possible selection of
Cigars from Cuba
Cigars from Tampa and Key West
Cigars from Porto Rico
Cigars from Manila
Domestic Cigars
Combination Cigars
OUR Cigars—*ANYBODY'S* Cigars that have a reputation for QUALITY and INTEGRITY.
UNITED CIGAR STORES
Largest in the World Because We Serve the People Best

You'll enjoy this bracing weather twice as much if you drink a bottle of Evans' Ale with your luncheon to-day

INDIA PALE
EVANS ALE
A good day and Evans' Ale, could mortal ask more?

Study SHAKESPEARE with BEN GREET. A series of lectures and discussions Wednesday evenings. Send for booklet. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Thomas
NOTHING COUNTS LIKE SERVICE

$4,000 isn't a big price to pay for a car if it's a Thomas.

Four styles of Open Body Cars. $4,000 each type

Thomas Motor Co. of New York
Broadway and 64th Street

OPERA SEASON OPENS; THRONG HEARS 'AIDA'

Continued from Page 1.

the air "Celeste Aida," in the very beginning of the opera has never been one of his most successful ones, and last evening his phrasing in it was short-breathed and frequently interrupted the melodic line. His outbursts of power upon his high notes were somewhat less frequent and less strenuous than they have been in the past, which was not, in itself, a fact to be deplored, and he observed a certain amount of circumspection until he reached the Nile scene, where his fervor, his passion, and vehemence of expression were given the freest utterance. There he sang beautifully, even magnificently, and roused the audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm, which was fully deserved. He was equally fine in the duet in the last act.

Mme. Matzenauer, the newcomer, won well-merited favor as a singer endowed with a voice of power and fine quality, a voice of dramatic potency and expressiveness. Her representation of Amneris was well conceived and well executed, showing a full command of the routine of the stage, and more than that in its individuality and force. Her first appearance was a distinctly creditable one, and gave promise of interesting things to be expected of her in the course of the season.

The Aida of Mme. Destinn is wholly familiar and commands increasing admiration for the poignant beauty and expressiveness of her singing, which reaches its climax in the emotional intensity of the third act and in the duet in the last act.

Mr. Amato was the Amonasro, a part which he makes peculiarly impressive by his characteristic denotement of barbaric power and by his beautiful singing, which was last evening at its best. Of the other members of the cast, Mr. Hinshaw as the King was admirable, both in the dignity of his impersonation and the excellence of his singing, and one of its most notable excellences lies in the clearness and intelligibility of his diction. Mr. Didur as Ramfis is an acceptable figure, but his voice last evening was unsteady.

There was an abundance of enthusiasm throughout the evening, and prodigal tribute paid to the artists in the form of flowers.

FINE ASSEMBLY OF SOCIETY.

Occupants of the "Golden Horseshoe"—Beautiful Costumes.

Society presented a brilliant and animated array last night at the opening of the opera season at the Metropolitan Opera House. This annual function, which is habitually attended by social splendor, has come to mark the beginning of the Winter season in town, and there was a representative gathering last night.

There were few changes among the boxholders in the parterre, popularly known as the "golden horseshoe," from last season. Some of the boxholders who are usually conspicuous on the opening night were missing, but their absence was due to mourning, and several others, including Mrs. Vanderbilt, are still in Europe.

Altogether it was a most conspicuous opening socially. Of course, there were only half a dozen in the parterre when the curtain rose on the first act of "Aida," although the stalls and upper balconies were filled. But society invariably comes late to the opera, and last night there were many dinner parties which made it impossible for the boxholders to be in their seats by 8:15.

Those who came from the Broadway side passed under a brilliantly lighted marquee, and the outside corridor was packed with people who were there mainly to see the gowns and jewels. But the majority of social notables came through the side entrances. There were nods and handshakes a-plenty between the old subscribers and their friends as they passed up to the parterre and grand tier, and many were heard to express their delight in renewing old acquaintances, both on the promenade and on the stage.

After the first act, when the hands on the clock pointed to 9, interest was centred on the boxes. When the lights flashed on the scene the entire amphitheatre shone in resplendency, and the parterre sparkled with magnificent jewels. There was a riot of coloring, but in pastel shades, with soft, subdued shadings. Then began the visiting among the boxholders, the smile of recognition, and the play of the opera-glasses, for last night was the first assembly of society in town.

Col. John Jacob Astor and his bride were in No. 7, the Astor box, and they had with them Miss Katharine Force, Mrs. Astor's sister; Miss Edith Starr Miller, Richard Peters, and Maurice Roche.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, in Box 1, which is owned by Mrs. Ogden Goelet, who is still abroad, had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle and Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Townsend.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, in Box 16, entertained Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Gordon Leith, Maurice Stern of Paris, and Mr. De La Barra of Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay occupied grand tier box 54, as they also did last year, and had as their guests Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Justice Gerard, Stephen B. Elkins, and Dr. William G. MacCallum.

Next to Mr. and Mrs. Mackay in box 53, were Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, whose guests were Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Warren, C. D. Wetmore, and George Smalley.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney and Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney were in Box 30, which they will occupy alternately during the season. Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Alexander were with them.

J. Pierpont Morgan occupied his box, No. 35, and entertained Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee and his daughter, Miss Anne T. Morgan.

Mrs. George Henry Warren, being still in mourning, was not in her box, No. 14, but Miss Warren had with her Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Lloyd Warren, Lispenard Stewart, and Stephen Van Rensselaer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Pierpont Gilbert, in Box 24, had as their guests Miss Catharine Burton, James De Wolf Cutting, and Franklin Plummer.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews, in Box 12, had their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Parsons; E. J. Berwind, Henry Clews, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Clews.

In Box 22 Mr. and Mrs. Ormond G. Smith had as their guests Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright and Dr. Preston Satterwhite and Mrs. Satterwhite.

In Box 26 Mr. and Mrs. William Ross Procter entertained Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Brokaw, J. A. Rawlins, and Miss Procter.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Pratt in No. 33, had Miss Alice Sargent, Miss Marion Fenno, Mr. Snow, and George Wrenn, as guests.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Duke, in Box No. 18, had Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Col. William Jay, and Mrs. Jay with them.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson in Box No. 3, had Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Robert Van Cortlandt, and Thornton Wilson as their guests.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Bowdoin in No. 27 had with them Miss Bowdoin, Mr. and Mrs. W. Willis Reese, Dean Grosvenor, and Charles Lanier.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clay Frick in No. 19 entertained Mrs. James Horace Harding, J. Bowers Lee, and John P. Grier.

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke in Box 11 had their daughter, Miss Sadie Jones, and J. Purcell Pope, Phoenix Ingraham, and Clinton Gray.

In Adrian Iselin, Jr.'s, Box.

The Countess Colloredo-Mannsfeld, who was Miss Nora Iselin, was in the Adrian Iselin, Jr., box, 2, with Mr. and Mrs. Philip W. Livermore.

Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont occupied their box, 4, and in the adjoining box, 6, were Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills (Miss Margaret Rutherfurd.)

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry occupied Box 8, and had Miss Mabel Gerry with them. Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker were in 10. Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills had with them in Box 20 Mrs. Cavendish-Bentinck and Miss Anna Sands. Box 31, which is owned by Mrs. Vanderbilt, who is abroad, was unoccupied.

Mr. and Mrs. Columbus O'D. Iselin were in Box 15, and Mrs. W. D. Sloane had with her in Box 17 Miss Ruth Twombly and Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr. Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry were in Box 23, and had with them Mrs. Richard Stevens. Mrs. Richard Gambrill was in Box 29, and among her guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney. Mrs. George G. Haven entertained in Box 25, which is occupied alternately by Mr. and Mrs. John E. Parsons.

Among the titled visitors were the Count and Countess von Bernstorff, Lord Camoys, Prince Pignatelli d'Aragon, and Prince A. D. Mavrogardato of Florence.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Dickson, in 49, had as their guests Miss Ethelind Knapp of Buffalo and Mrs. Edward Brockie of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Lauterbach, in Grand Tier Box 36, had Judge Vernon M. Davis and Mrs. Davis as her guests.

In Box 52 Mr. and Mrs. Isaac D. Fletcher had Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Morris and Austin B. Fletcher with them.

Mrs. J. Harper Poor, in 39, had Mr. and Mrs. Richard Newton, Jr., Miss Mildred Poor, Howard Plummer, and George Carpenter.

Robert C. Clowry, in 40, had Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Estabrook, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Baldwin, and Mrs. Samuel R. Callaway.

Miss Julia Chester Wells, in 41, had Mr. and Mrs. Dalliba Dullor, Miss Perkins, Henry Van Duzer, and Turger Bleecker Jewett.

Mr. and Mrs. Julian H. Meyer, in 42, entertained Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Sicard and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Norton Marvin.

In Mrs. E. Breese Norrie's box, 43, were Mr. and Mrs. A. Gordon Norrie, Miss Norrie, Robert P. Breese, and Count de Wierzbicki.

Mrs. Allan C. Washington, in Box 44, had Miss Ceballos, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Wing, Charles B. Moore, and Fisher Wood.

With Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hurd in 45 were Mr. and Mrs. Coffin.

Among others seen were Mrs. Charles H. Truax, who had Mrs. P. Henry Dugro with her and Gen. Horace Porter.

Metropolitan Opera Club.

The omnibus box in the Grand Tier was filled with the members of the Metropolitan Opera Club. The President of the club this year is William H. L. Lee; Dr. Charles H. Chetwood is Vice President, Frederic P. Moore Treasurer, and Arthur Lincoln is Chairman of the House Committee.

Those of the club who were present were E. B. Alvord, J. Lawrence Aspinwall, Ernest F. Ayrault, Warren S. Bartlett, William Robert Bassett, Capt. Warren C. Beach, Algernon S. Bell, Dr. T. P. Berens, Dr. F. H. Bosworth, Louis S. Bursh, B. T. Cable, Dr. Charles H. Chetwood, Henry D. Cooper, John E. Cowdin, Judge Norman S. Dike, E. W. Durkee, George L. Duval, J. Frederic Eagle, Martin Erdmann, Judge Lewis L. Fawcett, Andrew Freedman, Dr. Charles L. Gibson, George Coe Graves, Charles Gregory, B. G. Gunther, Dr. David L. Haight, Charles F. Harmon, Clifford B. Harmon, High H. Harrison, J. Alexander Hayden, James M. Helfenstein, Neville G. Higham, William H. Hollister, J. J. Courcy Ireland, Walter S. Johnston, William M. Kendall, David James King, W. R. Kip, Charles L. Knoedler.

Charles W. Kraushaar, William H. L. Lee, Franz Lewisohn, Arthur Lincoln, Charles T. Mathews, Robert Maxwell, A. B. Meyer, Edward C. Moore, Jr., Frederic P. Moore, Alexander Mosten, Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, Robert L. Parrish, Thomas G. Patten, Adolf Pavenstedt, James F. Pierce, Albert Plaut, George D. Provost, Joseph D. Redding, Capt. Thomas S. Rodgers, U. S. N.; Henry Ruhlender, Ralph P. Schott, Richard Schuster, Max M. Schwarcz, Harry Rowe Shelley, Andrew Shiland, Rene A. Sichel, Frank H. Simmons, Gen. William W. Skiddy, George W. Stevens, A. M. Stewart, Lewis Straus, R. A. Strong, Cornelius J. Sullivan, Spencer Swain, Ferrars H. Tows, Ludwig Ulmann, Dr. Philip Van Ingen, H. H. Van Keuren, T. Joseph Vernon, Ludwig Vogelstein, George Sykes Wallen, T. Henry Walter, E. P. Warfield, Henri P. Wertheim, M. M. Whedbee, Hunter Wykes, Edward P. York, E. L. Young, R. L. Bigelow, Peter Fletcher, C. S. Miller, Ira Richard, Jr., and Waldron Williams.

Stall Boxes.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Graham in Box B, had with them Miss Marion Graham and Mr. Wall.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley in H entertained Mrs. F. W. Moss and Miss Moss.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Blach in J had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Witherbee Blach and Clifford Blach.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, in Box E, had Mr. and Mrs. Robert Underwood Johnson with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sangerloth, in Box N, had as guests Dr. W. H. Nichols and Mrs. Nichols and Dr. K. Dyckeshoff.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scott Gerrish, in Box C, had with them Mrs. William A. Fraser and Mrs. Henry Preble.

Mr. and Mrs. John Warne Herbert, in Box V, had the latter's sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Straler of St. Louis; Helene Straler, and Miss Gertrude Herbert with them.

Many Notable Gowns.

The gowning was unusually brilliant, and it is some years since so many hues have been seen. Among the many notable frocks were the following:

Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies—Cherry satin princess and lighter chiffon, tiara and necklace of diamonds.

Mrs. Clarence Mackay—Silver brocade with Venetian point; no jewels.

Mrs. Robert Goelet—Pale lilac with crystal drapery at back and bands of sable on elbow sleeves. Pearl bandeau on coiffure.

Mrs. Craig Biddle—White satin trimmed with fringe and embroidery; pearl and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Lawrence Townsend—Cerise satin with coat of black and dull silver; pink wings in hair.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones—White and silver brocade; diamond ornaments.

Miss Sadie Jones—Sapphire blue velvet, with trimmings of blue stone and brilliants.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson—Pale gray satin, with silver-spangled net; pearls.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Jr.—Pale blue satin, with white lace bodice.

Mrs. Whitney Warren—Pale blue satin and chiffon; pearls.

Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid—Cerise satin, with bodice and sleeves of silver.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr.—White satin embroidered in pearls; pearls, band of white satin on coiffure, with white brush aigrette.

Countess Collerado-Mansfield—Black satin, chiffon, and lace.

Mrs. Philip Livermore—Cerise satin, with steel lace panel and sleeves.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor—Soft white brocade, with drapery of silver-spangled net, sable on elbow-length sleeves; diamond bands in hair, and diamond necklace.

Miss Edith Starr Miller—Currant red satin, with current red spangled net.

Miss Katherine Force—White liberty satin, with white net.

Mrs. August Belmont, Sr.—Turquois blue satin, with white lace.

Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry—White satin and chiffon; pearls.

Miss Mabel Gerry—Pale pink satin, with chiffon and lace.

Mrs. Payne Whitney—Cerise velvet, with a touch of point lace on bodice; diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Archibald Alexander—White and gray brocade, with white marabou.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney—Old blue and steel brocade, with point lace bodice; diamonds.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont—Black frock, with point lace on corsage.

Miss Constance Warren—Black satin, with silver net corsage.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs—White satin meteor embroidered in white; pearls and diamonds.

Mrs. Ogden Mills—Black satin and chiffon, with point lace; diamond and jet ornaments.

Mrs. Luther Kountze—Black velvet and lace; diamonds.

Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry—Black and white brocade; diamonds.

Mrs. Herbert Satterlee—Blue gown veiled with blue pailletted lace; diamonds.

Mrs. W. D. Sloane—Black velvet with pearl paillettes; pearls.

Mrs. C. Pierpont Gilbert—Black chiffon over satin, with white net.

Miss Catherine Burton—Green velvet, with blue lace and chiffon corsage.

Mrs. Cavendish-Bentinck—Brocade in pastel tones; diamonds.

Miss Anna Sands—Pastel-tinted gown, with lace; diamonds.

Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr.—Currant-colored velvet with oxidized silver net coat drapery; diamonds.

Miss Ruth Twombly—Pearl-gray satin partially covered with black lace.

Mrs. Preston Salter White—White satin and chiffon ropes of pearls.

Mrs. William Jay—Black velvet and white chiffon.

Mrs. James B. Duke—Silver cloth with point lace; diamond ornaments.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.—Black chiffon with point lace and pearls.

Mrs. Gambrill—White satin with point lace and a touch of dull currant; diamonds.

Mrs. Preston Satterwhite—White and gold brocade; pearls.

Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright.—Violet velvet and lace; diamonds.

Mrs. Ormond G. Smith.—Green and gold gown; diamonds.

Mrs. James B. Duke.—Blue and silver brocade, diamond tiara, necklace, and ornaments.

Miss Mildred Poor.—White satin frock with crystal tunic.

Mrs. J. Stewart Barney—Light red satin with chiffon and lace; diamonds.

Mrs. Henry Clews—White satin and point lace; pearls and diamonds.

Mrs. Herbert Parsons—Currant colored velvet with net; pearls.

Mrs. George L. Rives—Draped Princess of steel-gray velvet; diamonds.

Mrs. James Speyer—Black velvet embroidered in pearls; diamonds.

Mrs. F. Egerton Webb—White meteor crepe, embroidered in white; pearls.

Mrs. Richard Stevens—Pink satin and net; pink rosebuds in hair.

Mrs. Julia Chester Wells—White and gold gown; pearls.

Miss Perkins—Blue satin draped with black lace.

Mrs. George B. Hurd—Black satin with bodice of rhinestones; emeralds and diamonds.

Mrs. George S. Bowdoin — Black satin and point lace; pearls and diamonds.

Miss Edith Bowdoin—White silk and silver spangled.

Mrs. Edward Lauterbach wore black satin with a white chiffon tunic embroidered in pearls: diamond tiara and pearl and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Columbus O'D. Iselin—Black satin and black lace.

Miss Adrienne Iselin—Light-blue satin, draped with spangled blue chiffon.

Mrs. G. G. Haven—Plum-colored satin, severely plain.

Miss Leila Haven—White liberty satin, with white spangled net.

Mrs. C. H. Ditson—White chiffon and silver gown.

Mrs. Jacob Langeloth—Salmon pink gown, with tunic of pink crystal.

MARY ANDERSON WARNER, 542 5th Av., is offering wonderful values in serge and velvet dresses and suits, also evening gowns, in her reduction sale for the balance of the week.—Adv.

LONDON WELCOMES HAMMERSTEIN OPERA

3,000 Applaud "Quo Vadis?" at Beginning of Career of New Opera House.

ROYALTY IN THE AUDIENCE

And Many Prominent Americans—Splendid Artists and Great Spectacular Effects—Impresario Makes Speech.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 13. — Considerably more than 3,000 people attended the opening of Oscar Hammerstein's new London opera house to-night, which began its career under most excellent auspices. The audience, which included many Americans, was particularly interesting, society being strongly represented. When the curtain finally fell shortly after midnight Mr. Hammerstein was the recipient of many congratulations on the brilliant start he has made with his venture.

When the great audience rose a little after 8 to the strains of the national anthem, which announced the beginning of the opera, it was a sight those present will long remember. Then they settled down to a performance of Jean Nouguès's opera of "Quo Vadis," its first production in England, which was staged in gorgeous style.

The popular success of "Quo Vadis," which was conducted by the composer, was never for one moment in doubt. From the rising of the curtain the greatest enthusiasm prevailed after each act, and after the second act Nouguès and Hammerstein were called repeatedly before the curtain. In reply to calls for a speech, the latter said: "I thank you for this great reception and desire only your respect, admiration, and friendship."

In the part of Eunice Mlle. Vallandri scored an instant success, while the Petronius of Maurice Renaud was marked by vocal dramatic art of the rarest kind. The Lygia of Mlle. Olchanski and the Poppaea of Mme. Catilan, and, above all, the dramatic Chalin of M. Figarella, all contributed to the success of a memorable first night.

The conspicuous feature of the performance was the freshness of the singing and the youthful, frank spirit which pervaded the performance generally. Turning to spectacular effects, the great scenes depicting the burning of Rome and the gladiatorial fight in the Colosseum were marvels of stage craft.

A glance around the house revealed the fact that nearly every distinguished American in London seemed foregathered, including the British peeresses of American nationality. Prince Nicholas of Greece was in the audience, and in the centre box on the grand tier were American Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, with Mr. and Mrs. John Ward. Mrs. Reid wore a diamond stomacher on a gray dress, with many pearls falling over the dress. The Duke and Duchess of Manchester came in late. The Duchess of Marlborough in black, with a rose and gold corselet and rose band in her hair and wearing a long string of her historic pearls, was in a box with Lady Charles Beresford and the Marquis de Soveral, while in a stage box on the side was Mrs. John Jacob Astor, seated with the Duchess of Rutland.

HAMMERSTEIN'S OPERA HOUSE, LONDON.

Mrs. Duggan was one of the most beautiful women in the house, and wore a knot of flowers in a white dress. Mr. and Mrs. John Ridgley Carter found numerous friends in the stalls. Other interesting people were Lady Speyer, the famous violinist; Lady Maud Warrender, Lady Cunard, Lady Susan Fitzclarence with Lady Alington, Mrs. Ronalds with her son, just back from America; Lady Paget, Mrs. John Mackay, and Mrs. Charles Lawrence.

Mrs. Theodore Armstrong, Jr., of Philadelphia, who hopes to have her opera produced here soon, came from Cairo for the opening. Others were Mrs. Clara Lunt, Mrs. Harriett Batchelder, both of New York, and Irene Osgood.

During the whole performance Mr. Hammerstein sat behind the scenes serene but unapproachable, smoking his favorite five-cent cigars, a supply of which his daughter Stella brought him. Later, when your correspondent asked him what he thought of the evening, he replied: "It was great. I shan't need those life preservers now."

The London dailies will all print highly complimentary notices to-morrow.

NEW IDEAS IN OPERA HOUSE.

Wireless Station on Roof—Plan for Free Admission of Students.

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—E. M. Evors contributes to The Graphic a description of Oscar Hammerstein's London Opera House, in which the opening performance is to be given on Nov. 13, which is in part as follows:

"The final stages of the external decoration, notably the hauling up into position of Mr. Thomas Rudge's colossal statues, each weighing about twenty tons, have proved specially absorbing to spectators. There are groups at each end of the façade symbolizing Harmony and Melody, with central figures 14 feet high; Comedy, Tragedy, Song, and Dance are represented singly, while two central seated figures stand for Inspiration and Composition.

"The architect of this fine pile, which now rears its handsome white features to the gaze of Kingsway, and which is so well in keeping with that spacious thoroughfare, is Mr. Bertie Crewe, who has designed a number of theatres. He considers this building 'the most ambitious structure of its kind in the United Kingdom.'

"On the roof is the greatest novelty of all, and a standing testimony to Mr. Hammerstein's imaginative gifts—the installation of a Marconi apparatus and operating station. This means that messages may be exchanged with, and seats booked by, passengers in the great liners 500 miles out at sea. The house has also its artesian well, sunk to a depth of 500 feet, which makes for economy and convenience.

"The sweep of the bowed boxes around the auditorium is very artistic, and the floor of the stalls has a splendid rake—1 in 12. It is good to hear that Mr. Hammerstein has arranged for chairs which will be comfortable both for one's back and legs, to suit the graduated slant. There are two royal entrances, a special one having been allotted to Queen Alexandra, whose taste for opera is so well known. The Lord Mayor has also his private entrance.

"Fifty hours a week have been worked since the excavations began in November, 1910, and 24,000 tons of earth have been removed for the foundations. The materials used include over 1,500 tons of cement, 120 tons of granite, 2,800 tons of sand, 1,000 tons of breeze for floors, 3,000 tons of Portland stone, 3,500,000 bricks, and 800 tons of steel. There are also 6,000 lights, 158,400 feet of cable, several miles of tubing, and 10 electric motors.

"A word must be given to Mr. Hammerstein's original scheme in connection with his Opera House, whereby musical students may familiarize themselves with numerous operas and operatic rôles. It is vitally important that these young students—possible 'stars' of the future—should absorb a musical atmosphere, and learn all about the well-known operas, an end which can only be effectively achieved by studying the interpretation of experienced artists. At the same time, it is obviously impossible for students to be continually disbursing their often meagre pocket money in order to do so. Mr. Hammerstein is, therefore, trying to arrange some plan whereby a certain number of students may have free seats allotted to them in rotation. In this way their musical taste will be cultivated in the most practical way.

"There are many minor structural novelties at the London Opera House. Much thought and study have also been devoted to the perfecting of the orchestra, which, although sunken, is not covered (as at Baireuth) lest the music should be muffled. The position of the conductor, moreover, is not unduly obtrusive, as is sometimes the case. The decorations of the house make for a rich and warm effect. Thus, the color-scheme of the upholstery and hangings is rose-du-Barri; the woodwork is white, relieved and brightened with gold, and the ceiling has been generously painted by J. C. Walshe. Pegasus, as typical of the highest inspiration of man, supplies the motif of this decoration. Around him are groups of figures, and amoretti offering fruit and caskets of flowers."

TRADE Emperor MARK

GOLD LABEL SHIRTS

have marked a new pace in shirt-making — comparing most favorably with the best $1.50 and $2 grades. Perfect tailoring and fit, smart tub and wash proof fabrics—full, roomy and comfortable.

RED LABEL EMPEROR SHIRTS $1.50 UP

IF YOUR DEALER
does not sell Emperor Gold Label Shirts, send us your name and address direct and we will see that you are supplied.

Phillips-Jones Co., 502-504 Broadway, N.Y.

A remarkable sale today
92 Men's Fur-lined Overcoats
at an actual saving of
25.00 to 60.00 each

¶ We want just one minute of your time. We have a fur-lined argument to submit to you, which bears out the proverb that truth is stranger than fiction.

¶ Fact is, we have 92 fur-lined overcoats on our Sixth Floor, marked at an actual saving of $25.00 to $60.00 each on regular prices. The total saving involved is $3,190.00, and we want ninety-two men to participate in its distribution.

¶ We will add, that the fact of these fur-lined overcoats being so materially reduced in no way affects that guarantee of satisfaction which accompanies any and all fur-lined garments bought at Saks'.

¶ And we will conclude with the observation that, as you are but one of many men whose interest will be quickened by this fur-lined opportunity, only the quickest kind of action can save you from disappointment. *Sixth floor*

25 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with muskrat, and having full Persian collars. Selected skins, perfectly matched, and fine quality cloth. Admirable for street wear and for motoring............**reduced from 75.00 to 39.50**

40 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with mink-dyed marmot. Full Persian collar. A garment that is a wonder for style, comfort and workmanship. Splendidly made throughout........................**reduced from 85.00 to 55.00**

15 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with mink-dyed squirrel. Full Persian collar, fine quality cloth, light in weight, handsome in appearance, and extraordinary value, every inch of it..............**reduced from 75.00 to 49.50**

12 Broadcloth Coats, lined with black Jersey muskrat. Full Persian collar. This is a swagger garment, beautifully made and finished, and eminently suited for day wear or for dress.............**reduced from 145.00 to 85.00**

All have fine shells, full box back, are full fur-lined to the edge, and guaranteed.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Have Your Office Equipment Uniform
—looks better, saves room, costs less.

Ours is the only factory in the world producing a complete line of

Desks, Tables and Chairs
Vertical Files and Supplies
Card Index & Record Cases
Wardrobes & Costumers
Bookcases

We manufacture, wholesale and retail, everything in business furniture of the highest grade at sensible prices.

Our representative will gladly call to talk the matter over.

Derby Desk Co.
165 Broadway
10th Floor

Fifth Avenue | Auction Rooms
Incorporated
333-341 Fourth Av., S. E. Cor. 25th St.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auctioneer.

Now on Exhibition.

A Collection of Antiques

Consisting of Rare Bohemian Glass, Sheffield Ware, English and Russian Silver, Antique Needle and Bead Work, Rare Old Clocks, Russian and Dutch Brasses and Coppers, English Barometers, Old Pewter and many other objects of interest to collectors.
And an assortment of English, Dutch, Marqueterie, Colonial and Empire Furniture.

To Be Sold on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 16, 17, and 18, Commencing at 2 o'Clock Each Day.

The Playotone

A Reliable Player-Piano for $395

PLAYER-PIANOS heretofore have been either too expensive for those of moderate income or too uncertain in quality for those of musical tastes.

The Playotone has solved the problem.

Its basic piano is an excellent instrument of delightful tone and remarkable durability.

Its mechanism has been simplified, thus reducing its cost without sacrificing its capability of perfect musical expression.

It plays the full keyboard of the piano—88 notes.

Made under the direct supervision and guaranteed by the makers of the Hardman Piano and the Hardman Autotone (The Perfect Player-Piano).

The Playotone is a thoroughly reliable Player-Piano at an exceptionally low price:

$395

A payment of $20 puts the Playotone in your home within twenty-four hours. The terms of subsequent payments may be arranged to meet your own convenience.

Hardman, Peck & Co. Founded 1842

Brooklyn Branch
524 Fulton Street

HARDMAN HOUSE, New York,
433 Fifth Ave. (Bet. 38th & 39th Sts.)

SAY WILLETT PAID NOTHING TO LEAGUE

Independence Leaders Deny That Indorsement Was Given for Cash.

HOW BENEDICT WAS NAMED

Friends Would Not Contribute to Campaign Fund Unless He Went on Ticket—Hearing Adjourned a Week.

After examining leaders of the Independence League in Kings and Queens and giving them an opportunity to deny that William Willett, Jr., the defeated candidate for Supreme Court Justice in the Second Judicial District, had paid money to the league for indorsing his candidacy, Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford of District Attorney Whitman's staff called a temporary halt yesterday in the investigation into the Queens judiciary scandal. Justice Townsend Scudder, who has been sitting as a committing Magistrate in the Queens County Court House, granted an adjournment until next Monday.

The investigation is drawing to a close, for Mr. De Ford before adjournment announced that he had only a few more witnesses to examine. They include Louis T. Walter, the mutual friend of Mr. Willett and Joseph Cassidy, the Democratic boss of Queens; Marinus Willett, a brother of the defeated judiciary nominee, and Halstead Frost, partner in Willett's various enterprises out of politics.

Mr De Ford called the names of all these witnesses in court yesterday, but they failed to answer. It was then the prosecutor asked for and obtained an adjournment for a week. Marinus Willett has been sought for by Mr. De Ford's process servers for a week without success, but his brother—principal in the inquiry—told newspaper reporters yesterday that Marinus was suffering from a cold, which compelled him to qeep indoors.

"He is willing to take the stand, all right," said Mr. Willett, "and when he does he may tell them more than they have bargained for."

William Willett, Jr., was in court with his counsel, Col. Alexander S. Bacon of Brooklyn. Both played their usual silent part, there being no formal charges against Mr. Willett as yet, and the inquiry having been started merely to establish whether a crime has been committed.

Mr. Willett seemed more cheerful than at any time since the hearing began. In conversation with friends he declared yesterday that the investigation had "fallen down."

In the meantime there is considerable speculation as to whether District Attorney De Witt of Queens will take the Willett-Cassidy-Walter case before the Grand Jury which was sworn in before County Judge Humphrey yesterday, before the investigation is again resumed. Mr. De Witt has declared it his opinion that there has been adduced already sufficient testimony on which to indict those named in the affidavit on which the investigation is based.

This would involve the arrest of the principals. As for Mr. Willett, he declared yesterday that he was courting arrest.

"We have been clamoring that the prosecution take that step, but it has not the nerve," said Mr. Willett. "If it did, it would give me a standing in court where I could give my side of the case within the laws of evidence."

Two interesting points were brought out in the testimony yesterday. Both developed while Mr. De Ford questioned Robert Stewart, an Independence League leader of Kings, whose name was on the league slate for the nomination of Justice of the Supreme Court, but was wiped off in deference, first, to the wishes of the Republican leaders when the league was endeavoring to bring about fusion with them, and afterward in response to demands from the Democrats when the league leaders came to the conclusion that if they were to fuse at all on the judiciary ticket they must fuse with the Democrats. So, in reality, William Willett took the place on the league ticket that had been reserved for Mr. Stewart.

From the latter's testimony it appeared that certain prominent Republicans had gone to Naval Officer Kracke and Congressman Calder, the Republican leaders in Kings, and insisted that they would not contribute to the party funds unless Russell Benedict, one of the Justices-elect was nominated. This made both Willett and his counsel prick up their ears. In the opinion of Mr. Willett and Col. Bacon, this would place Justice-elect Benedict in the same boat with the persons named in the complaint on which Justice Scudder's inquiry is based.

Another interesting point in the testimony given by Mr. Stewart was his story of a conversation he had with John H. McCooey, Tammany Leader Murphy's lieutenant in Brooklyn. Mr. Stewart said that he had a talk with Mr. McCooey about a year ago, when they discussed possible fusion between the Democratic organization and the Independence League in Kings, and in connection with it the prospective judiciary nominations.

"Mr. McCooey told me," said Mr. Stewart, "that such a fusion would be a most desirable thing, but that he had heard they were going to introduce Manhattan methods in Kings. When I asked him what he meant he said: 'Oh, over there they charge candidates for nominations to be bench all the way from $10,000 to $40,000. We haven't been doing things in that way over here.'"

The first witness at yesterday's hearing was Maurice N. Geronimo, who had charge of the Willett campaign headquarters in Jamaica. He denied flatly that he ever had heard Willett say anything about paying for his nomination to Cassidy or anybody else. Mr. Geronimo holds a clerkship in the Queens Borough Hall, and testified that he had put off his vacation so as to be in a position to help Mr. Willett during his campaign.

"Did you spend any money for Mr. Willett, except what was paid out for literature and mailing of literature?" asked Mr. De Ford.

"I did not," said Mr. Geronimo. "The biggest sum I paid out was $260."

Mr. Geronimo testified that he had brought about the conference between Candidate Willett and Sheriff Quinn of Queens, who is the Independence League leader in that borough, and who testified regarding the conference at the hearing before Justice Scudder last Friday. The conference occurred at a hotel near Evergreen Cemetery, and resulted in the endorsement of Mr. Willett's candidacy by the League leaders in Kings and Queens.

"The conversation lasted about ten minutes in all," said Mr. Geronimo. "I was in the room all the time. I did not hear any talk of money. But I did not hear the whole conversation. I was busy telephoning and getting some breakfast while they talked. I sat three or four tables—fifteen or twenty feet—away."

Mr. Stewart, who was then called, was asked if any money had been promised to the League by the Republicans for endorsing their ticket, and replied in the negative. In describing how he had come to be left off the ticket Mr. Stewart said:

"I heard stories of how certain Republicans, Alexander M. White being one of them, had told Kracke or Calder or both that unless a place was made for Russell Benedict on the ticket, they would not contribute a cent to the campaign. So my name was taken off the ticket and Benedict's substituted."

In explaining the circumstances that led later to the elimination of James C. Van Siclen, a Republican nominee for the Supreme Court, as a fusion candidate and the substitution of Mr. Willett, Mr. Stewart said that Quinn had come to him and told him that Van Siclen had tried to get the league indorsement through negotiations with Justice Seabury of New York County, and apparently did not trust him (Quinn.) So Mr. Quinn suggested that Van Siclen's name be wiped off the slate and that the League indorse Willett.

Why Justice-elect Van Siclen should go to Justice Seabury when he wanted the League indorsement did not appear. Justice Seabury had a falling out with the League leaders shortly after his election to the Supreme Court, and has not been active in League affairs since. Justice-elect Van Siclen, Mr. De Ford announced, would be called as a witness when the investigation is resumed.

Herman N. Hansen, a Brooklyn lawyer, who was a member of the Independence League Nomination Committee, and William J. Taylor, another member of the same committee, of which Sheriff Quinn was Chairman, were called and denied that to their knowledge any money had been paid to the League by Mr. Willett for his indorsement. They corroborated other details of the testimony given by Sheriff Quinn on Friday and by Mr. Stewart yesterday.

The other witnesses of the day were Joseph T. Doyle, a Far Rockaway painter who dabbles in politics, and who was named on Friday by Alderman Brady of that district as his authority for saying that Cassidy had received $40,000 from Mr. Willett for the nomination. Doyle denied that he had made any such statement or anything that could be interpreted as indicating that there had been any money transaction preliminary to the nomination.

Michael Patrick McNamara, a Far Rockaway newspaper publisher, who sees Cassidy nearly every day, was the last witness. He was asked if it wasn't true that Cassidy had told him:

"Forty thousand dollars—do you think I'm a piker? It cost me $70,000 to win the primaries, and that's what I got from Willett to make me whole."

The publisher said that Cassidy had said nothing of the kind.

NEW KNABE MURDER THEORY

Woman Doctor Thinks She Sacrificed Herself to Save a Patient.

Special to The New York Times.

ELWOOD, Ind., Nov. 13.—Interest in the death of Dr. Helen Knabe, the Indianapolis physician who was found dead with her throat cut in her apartments there, has been aroused in this city by the arrival of a woman who says she is Dr. Carrie Gregory. She is seeking a nurse named Mills, who disappeared from Indianapolis, and says she believes the death of Dr. Knabe was neither suicide nor murder.

Dr. Gregory says that a patient in whom Dr. Knabe and two other physicians were deeply interested had an ailment that was drying up the blood. It was the theory of Dr. Knabe that the woman's life could be saved if two quarts of blood could be obtained from a perfectly healthy man or woman to be injected into the patient's viens. Finally the woman physician in her enthusiasm, according to Dr. Gregory's theory, decided to give two quarts of her own blood, but it resulted in her death, and the other physicians present cut Dr. Knabe's throat in order to make it appear that she had been murdered. Dr. Gregory says this is why the amount of blood on the bed was much smaller than would have been the case if the woman's throat had been cut while she was alive.

Dr. Gregory says the woman for whom Dr. Knabe sacrificed her life received the blood of Dr. Knabe into her veins, and is at this time in an Indianapolis hospital with hopes of recovery.

EX-AMBASSADOR HILL TO LIVE IN PARIS

Decides to Devote His Time to Finishing His Exhaustive History of Diplomacy.

WHY HE WAS RECALLED

Berlin Post Said to Have Been Wanted by Taft for Larz Anderson, Who Was Eventually Sent to Brussels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Dr. David Jayne Hill, former American Ambassador at Berlin, is in Washington, attending to private business, preparatory to leaving the country for an extended period. The distinguished diplomat has already leased a furnished apartment at 5 Rue d'Antin, Paris, where he will live with his wife and daughter, while he works on the third volume of his exhaustive history of diplomacy. There are other volumes to follow, and for the present, at least, Mr. Hill's plans are confined to his literary labors.

The presence of Dr. Hill in the capital has revived gossip as to his sudden resignation last Spring from the Diplomatic Service. Dr. Hill himself positively refuses to discuss that incident in his career, declaring it a dead subject with himself since the publication of the letters and statements of the President emphatically declaring that no hint from the German Emperor, no lack of diplomatic skill, and, in particular, no phase of the potash controversy was responsible for his retirement.

But incidents leading up to the appointment of Dr. Hill's successor have not escaped attention, and the construction put upon them here in a well-informed source is that the shifts in the Diplomatic Service occurring at the time Dr. Hill left Berlin were a revival of the spoils system as commonly understood a few years ago in the Department of State. Wide publicity has already been given to the President's signed statement that there was no fault to be found with Dr. Hill's record or attainments. The suggestion now is that he needed the Berlin post for a personal and political friend.

It will be recalled that almost immediately after the news of Dr. Hill's resignation came word that Larz Anderson of Boston and Washington, son of Gen. Nicholas Langworth Anderson, and for years a close friend of the President, was to get the appointment. Mr. Anderson's great wealth, his close family associations with Mr. Taft, and the fact that he had served as Secretary of Embassy and Legation at London and Rome gave color to the report, and it was never denied. But when the nominations were sent to the Senate it was found that Mr. Anderson had received the comparatively unimportant post at Brussels, and that John G. A. Leishman, then Ambassador to Italy, had received the more coveted assignment.

According to information that has gradually been pieced together here, Mr. Anderson had been selected for Berlin. But much talk has been heard recently of promotion with the service for merit and the removal of diplomacy from politics. It is said that serious representations were made to the President as to the comparative inexperience of Mr. Anderson for so high and difficult a post, and as to the comment that would be occasioned by jumping Mr. Anderson at one bound from the privacy to which he had retired back into the service with so striking a promotion.

In the end, at least, the appearance of the merit system was preserved. Mr. Leishman, who was content with Rome, was promoted to Berlin, and Thomas J. O'Brien of Michigan, then Ambassador to Japan, took the Roman post. Brussels then fell to Mr. Anderson, and Brussels, though unimportant diplomatically, is a delightful social centre. The selection of Mr. Leishman for Berlin is explained in part by his long and close business relations with Secretary of State Knox.

Dr. Hill waved aside efforts to draw him into a discussion of these matters. He will leave a card of respect for the President before departing from Washington. Before sailing at the end of the month for France he will travel rapidly about this country arranging business affairs.

SHE GOT THIEF AFTER CHASE.

Pursued Him Over Wall — Husband Chased Another, Who Escaped.

After a chase of several blocks Mrs. Charles De Horlty of 147 West 105th Street last night caught and caused the arrest of a man who, during the absence of herself and her husband, entered their apartment, she says, with a confederate, who made his escape, and took an overcoat, a suitcase, and a quantity of silverware and jewelry, valued at $500. The arrest was made by Detective Quinn of the West 100th Street Station after the man had been pursued ove rthe wall of Central Park, opposite 105th Street, by Mrs. De Horlty and had been overpowered by the detective. At the West 100th Street Station the man said he was Charles Kelly, 21 years old, of 201 West Thirty-eighth Street. He was locked up on a charge of burglary, preferred by Mrs. De Horlty.

While Mrs. De Horlty was in pursuit of this man her husband was chasing the other. He made his escape.

Mr. and Mrs. De Horlty returned to their home last night just in time to see two men descend the stoop, one carrying an overcoat and the other a suitcase. Recognizing the articles as their property, Mrs. De Horlty told her husband to detain the men while she went in search of an officer. The men, according to the woman, ran along West 105th Street in the direction of Central Park, with Mr. and Mrs. De Horlty in pursuit. At Manhattan Avenue the men parted, the one with the overcoat running along the avenue, and the other, who was retarded by the suitcase, continuing along 105th Street. Mr. De Horlty followed the man with the overcoat, while his wife pursued the one with the suitcase.

Her cries were heard by Detective Quinn and a number of persons, who joined in the chase. Reaching the wall, the man threw the suitcase into Mrs. De Horlty's arms, and, leaping over, disappeared in the shrubbery. The woman, undaunted, climbed the wall and called to Detective Quinn to follow her.

Long Beach Station Burned.

LONG BEACH, L. I., Nov. 13.—The Long Island Railroad station on Park Street was burned to-day. The fire, it is believed, started from electric wires leading from the third rail. The building was a one-story brick structure.

DIVORCES TARKINGTON.

Wife Says She and the Novelist Could Not Agree After Nine Years.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—A divorce was granted to-day here to Mrs. Louisa Fletcher Tarkington, wife of Booth Tarkington, novelist and playwright. Mrs. Tarkington had not asked for alimony. Custody of their five-year-old daughter is given to Mrs. Tarkington, but Mr. Tarkington is permitted to have the child for one month each year, and "at such other times as the court may approve."

Mrs. Tarkington alleged that her husband treated her cruelly, and that they had lived apart for several months. Mr. Tarkington did not contest the suit. Later Mrs. Tarkington made this signed statement:

> In justice to both of us, I will say that I fully acquit Mr. Tarkington of any intentional unkindness to me. The differences between us are of temperament and habit, and after nine years of effort it is apparent to both of us that we cannot reconcile our views of life. The fact that we have not been able to come to the same viewpoint does not mean that either of us approves of divorce for any light reason.

Mrs. Tarkington is a daughter of the late Stoughton J. Fletcher, a wealthy banker and capitalist of this city. She is a writer of verse.

TO TRY RICHESON ON JAN. 15.

Date Opposed by Defendant's Counsel, but Is Chosen.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 13.—The Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, indicted for the murder of Miss Avis Linnell, will be placed on trial for his life in the Suffolk County Superior Criminal Court on Jan. 15, 1912. This date was set late to-day when the pastor of the Immanuel Baptist Church of Cambridge was arraigned in the first session of the court and pleaded "Not guilty."

The date for the trial, proposed by District Attorney Pelletier, was strenuously opposed by former State Senator W. A. Morse, the pastor's counsel. Attorney Morse declared that it had been impossible for the defendant's counsel to hold a single meeting, and asked for a continuance of six months. This request for a further continuance came as a surprise to those in the courtroom, as it had been believed that the defense was eager for an early trial.

ADVERTISEMENT.

RICHARDSON'S
Garbage Burner
Will burn up
GARBAGE and all REFUSE
without trouble or nuisance.
Will also
Heat Water or Laundry Irons.
Is as easily set up as a stove.
Send for circulars.
Richardson & Boynton Co.
31 West 31st St., New York.

Dentistry!
Be Governed by Common Sense and Visit the Dentist Who Combines Expert Work and Moderate Charges.

Many men and women refrain from securing the proper dental treatment because they have been taught to look upon dentistry charges as unusually heavy. It is to those men and women that we send a special invitation.

To them we will tell of the many people who have been treated in our dental parlors, and who have expressed pleasant surprise at our prices.

To them we will show the absurdity of identifying good dentistry with excessive charges.

To them we will demonstrate the best dentistry and how easily it may be obtained.

If you have already lost teeth and have at least two of your own still remaining in either jaw, we will make you an interchangeable bridge. These teeth are absolutely as sanitary, as beautiful, and as comfortable as your own teeth were when at their best.

Do not disfigure your mouth with gold crowns and gold fillings. We can fill your teeth with porcelain or build them with porcelain crowns, and give them that look of naturalness that they showed before the first trace of decay.

We require no payment—in advance or later—unless the work is to your entire satisfaction.

We make no excessive charges, and give you a written guarantee covering any dental service we render.

Consultation free. Dental Parlors, third floor.

DR. TEPPER, Prop.
Bloomingdale Bros.
Lex. to 3d Av., 59th to 60th St.

DESKS CHAIRS TABLES
WOOD AND STEEL FILING CABINETS
PROMPT SERVICE HONEST PRICES
SECTIONAL BOOKCASES
STEEL CABINET SAFES
The Globe-Wernicke Co.
380-382 Broadway, cor. White, N. Y.
Phones Franklin 3870-3871-3580.

Your Photo
will please your friends at Christmas. Pach's Photos are famed for lifelike portrayal of the original. Portrait photography has been our study for half a century. Satisfaction assured; prices reasonable.
Make an early appointment.
PACH'S STUDIO
BROADWAY AT 22 STREET

F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap
The Natural RED SPARKLING
BURGUNDY of FRANCE

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK

Today's Sales
This is merely a summary of some of the good things offered the patrons of the Big Store, today.

Men's and Women's Gloves

Women's $1.50 two-clasp gloves of French kid	97c	Women's Doeskin Gloves—16-button length	$1.98
Women's P. X. M. Cape Gloves	85c	Women's Gloves—one-clasp	68c
Women's two-clasp Glace Gloves	68c	Women's long Gloves—20-button length	$2
Women's $1.50 to $2 Glace Gloves	53c	Women's long Gloves—16-button length	$1.98
Women's one-clasp Pique-sewn Gloves	75c	Women's long Gloves—16-button length	$1.68
Women's 12-button Mousquetaire Gloves	$1.48	Men's Gloves, P. X. M.-sewn Cape Gloves	78c
Women's Doeskin Gloves—1 and 2-button	$1.19	Men's Gloves, Pique-sewn Kid Gloves	98c
Women's Doeskin Gloves—12-button length	$1.85		

(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

Women's New and Smart Hand Bags

Velvet Hand Bags, 38c, 69c, $1.15, $1.25 and	$3.85	Fine Leather Bags..$1.15 and	$2.25
$3.50 Leather Bags	$2.65	$2.95 Seal Bags	$2.35
Tapestry Bags	$1.25	$1.50 Suede Bags	79c

(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

Other Specials for Today:

Men's $3.50 and $4 Foot-mould Shoes	$2.15	Men's and Youths' Winter Overcoats—values to $25—at	$12.75
Women's $2.50, $3 and $3.50 Shoes	$1.59	Men's and Youths' $2 and $3 Trousers—broken lots	$1.65
$15 to $18 Winter Suits for Men and Youths	$10		

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Our GREENHUT Building offers
Handsome Mosaic Glass Ceiling Domes, at $8.50
(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)

Complimentary S. & H. Stamps Free
These will be distributed TODAY in our GREENHUT Building, Premium Parlor, Third Floor.
Only 100 Free Stamps Good in Any One Book

It Costs YOU Nothing to Vote for Our Donation of
$30,000 to Charity
WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money.

Double S. & H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock.

Our 155th Weekly Sale

High Grade
PIANOS
At Attractive Prices
An opportunity to secure an artistic piano at most unusual prices and terms.
Knabe, Chickering, Steinway, Haines Bros.
in both number and variety. All have been carefully rebuilt by Knabe artists and are fully guaranteed.

GRANDS

KNABE; Baby, mahogany. Was $950. Like new. Now	$710	KNABE; Mignonette mahogany. Like new. Was $700. Now	$595
KNABE; Baby, rose. Like new. Was $850. Now	$645	CHICKERING; rose. Was $850	$405
KNABE; Mignon, rose. Like new. Was $750. NOW	$610	SOHMER; Baby. Was $750. NOW	$325
		EVERETT; Baby, mahogany. Was $750. NOW	$295

UPRIGHTS

2 KNABES; Mahogany, like new. Were $550. NOW	$435	STEINWAY; Ebony finished. Like new. Was $550. NOW	$295
2 KNABES; Mahogany, like new. Were $550. NOW	$405	2 HAINES BROS.; Like new. Were $400. NOW	$315
2 KNABES; Mahogany, like new. Were $500. NOW	$395	WEBER; Mahogany, like new. Was $500. NOW	$340
KNABE; Mahogany, like new. Was $550. NOW	$375	H. F. MILLER; in good order. Was $400. NOW	$195
KNABE; Ebony finished, like new. Was $500.	$300	R. S. HOWARD; like new. Was $250. NOW	$145
CHICKERING; Mahogany. Like new. Was $500.	$325	SOHMER; in good order. Was $400. NOW	$125

PLAYER-PIANOS

KNABE-ANGELUS; Mahogany, like new. Was $1,050. NOW	$945	HAINES BROS.; Mahogany, like new. Was $675. NOW	$565

Some of the above pianos will be sold on TERMS as low as $5 a MONTH.
All bear the KNABE GUARANTEE.
Pianos Rented at Reasonable Terms
Liberal Allowance for Old Pianos Taken in Exchange
Exclusive Fifth Avenue Agents for COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS, HORNLESS GRAPHOPHONES and DOUBLE-DISC RECORDS
Wm. KNABE & Co.
5th Ave. and 39th St.
Established 1837

Smith Gray & Co.
1845 Foremost Clothiers Since 1845 1911
More Than 10,000 Smith Gray & Co. Overcoats at Savings of 4.50 to 17.50

Of greater and still greater significance becomes this overcoat announcement when once there is brought home to you the full import of the quality and values offered.

Paramount in importance stands out the fact that the acid test of time, the passing of two-thirds of a century, has proven Smith Gray & Co. overcoats the peers of any ready-for-service overcoats produced.

Secondly, but none the less vital in importance, is the latitude of choice afforded in weave, fabric and model. The assortment is replete with every correct new popular and advanced style design, for men, young men and boys.

Lastly and unquestionably the most vital of all the claims for your consideration are the values, for this is an economic demonstration that combines the initial showing of the possibilities of hundred per cent. productive efficiency coupled with direct distribution from factory to weareer, a condition nonexistent in all the world outside the Smith Gray & Co. organization. There awaits you in the Smith Gray & Co. stores to-day a better and higher standard of quality, a more exhaustive style assortment and a greater return on your overcoat investment than has ever been known since the making of ready-for-service overcoats began.

There are models for business, for dress, travel, motor and storm service; there are box, semi-box and extreme business and dress models, from 45 to 52 inches in length. English raglans and English guard coats, storm ulsters, plain and belted backs, single and double breasted convertible collar coats—English and Continental dress, motor and business model overcoats; in fact, no more comprehensive showing of models and fabrics has ever been seen either on this side or across the water.

The opportunity is here, the psychological moment is at hand, the need is greatest NOW. Embrace it while the assortments and sizes are still complete—TO-DAY.

15.50 for overcoats that are best possible 20.00 and 22.50 values.
Here is an assortment of more than one thousand overcoats, in every popular and correct shade, design, color, weave and model—new grays, new browns, new Oxfords, new mixture shades and regulation staple shades—box, semi-box, fitted back and convertible collar models, in 45 and 52 in. lengths, in style, sizes and models for men, young men and boys.

18.50 for overcoats that are best possible 22.50 and 25.00 values.
Here is a magnificent assortment of more than 3,000 garments. There are included blacks, blues, browns, gray Oxfords, brown Oxfords, blue gray Oxfords, smart grays, browns, tans and olives—there are excellent meltons, worsteds, velours, worsted cheviots, smart English and Scotch tweed effects—in fact, there are many splendid staple fabrics in the assortment that never heretofore have been used in garments under 30.00. Every new box, semi-box and fitted back model is included; also belted and plain back storm, travel and convertible collar models—every length from 45 to 52 in., in sizes, models and styles for men, young men and boys.

27.50 for fine silk-lined Overcoats that are best possible 40.00 & 45.00 values.
Here, in distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models, are the finest vicunas, all tailored to the Smith Gray & Co. standard, luxuriously lined with Merveilleux silk, in plain blacks, Oxfords, neat subdued two-toned stripes, in browns and Cambridge.

22.50 for overcoats that are best possible 27.50 and 30.00 values.
Here are high quality meltons, velours and fine finished worsteds, in black, Oxford brown and Cambridge, in dressy overcoats for general service—smart velours, worsted cheviots, tweeds, exclusive hand-made English and Irish effects—in the smart new grays, browns, tans, olives, blue grays and heather and knickerbocker mixtures. The models include correct English raglans, English guard coats, single and double-breasted storm, motor, belted back, plain and convertible collar 52 in. coats; also extreme and medium fitted back, button through young men's coats. Many of these garments are satin and worsted lined, and were you to pay 30.00 or even 35.00 for any overcoat in this entire range you could feel assured of full value in service, style and quality.

27.50 for overcoats that are best possible 32.50 and 35.00 values.
Included are English and Irish vicunas, tweeds, friezes and worsted cheviots; also fine vicuna worsteds and vicuna velours, in warmth-without-weight fabrics. Here also are exclusive new greens, heather mixtures, Scotch and Irish mixtures, only found in exclusive tailor shops—also included are handsome new grays, browns, tans and olives, in plain weaves, stripe, wale and herringbone weaves—you may choose from English raglans, English guard, travel, motor and storm coats, with plain and convertible collars, plain and belted backs; many are half-lined with camel's hair and satin—the most comfortable big coat ever designed.

From any standpoint, irrespective of price, this is the smartest assortment of exclusive and advanced style garments showing in New York to-day. This is the overcoat event of the century—don't miss it.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Your Charge Account Is Solicited.
Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

THREE MURDERED IN WORKMAN'S FLAT

Vestmaker, Returning Home at Noon, Finds Wife, Her Mother, and Baby Dead in a Heap.

TROUBLE IN ITALIAN FAMILY

Police Arrest, After a Search, a Son of the Elder Woman, a Brother of the Vestmaker's Wife.

When Adolph Lo Faro, a vestmaker, went off to work early yesterday morning he left everything peaceful and secure in his home, a four-room flat on the top floor of the house at 879 Park Avenue, Williamsburg. His wife, Marcella, and her mother were there, and their time was to be filled with the work of the household, with a deal of sewing and with the care of his two baby girls. At 12 he left the waistcoat factory on Ellery Street where he works and hurried home for dinner, stopping at the baker's on the way, so that a few minutes later, when he climbed the stairs to his home at the top of the house, he had a loaf of bread under each arm.

He was a little surprised to find the door leading into the kitchen locked. They couldn't all be out, Lo Faro thought to himself, and he tapped on the door. Everything was quiet and there was no answer, even when he beat on the door, beat on it feverishly, as there came over him a sense of impending evil. Then running down to the floor below he borrowed a chisel from a neighbor and in alarm he pried open the door to his home.

The neighbors on the floors below heard one long cry as Lo Faro came flying down the stairs flight after flight and out into the street, for as he had stumbled into the kitchen with the giving of the door he saw his wife and her mother and his three-year-old daughter Rosa lying huddled together on the floor of the bedroom. Each was dead from a bullet wound in the head. A faint, tired, wailing cry from the cradle in the kitchen where his ten-month-old baby Ellen lay gave evidence of all the life that was left in Lo Faro's house.

As the father burst out into the street and ran toward Tomkins Avenue he met Policeman Reilly of the Vernon Avenue Station, and seizing his arm tried to drag him back to the house. He was so horror-struck he could find no words to tell his story, but Reilly took the steps two or three at a time, and after one glance into the darkened room he was off for help from the station house.

The Search for the Murderer.

Within a very short while a squad of police were in the house. Others patrolled the hallways and kept the crowd away from the entrance. Acting Capt. Coughlan of the Brooklyn Detective Bureau, Capt. Reimels, and Lieut. McCluskey heard the meagre report that Lo Faro had to make, and then scattered the detectives to every quarter of the city in a search for those who might be able to cast some light, however faint, on the triple murder.

Late last night they brought into the Vernon Avenue Station a man whom they believe to be Matteo Delomo, the brother-in-law of Lo Faro. The man was picked up in Humboldt Street by Patrolman Gunney and Detective Carrano. Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty was waiting at the station when the prisoner was arrested.

Detectives found the four rooms in little or no disorder to suggest that there had been any struggle, for the two women and the little girl had not been able to fight for their lives. From appearances it seemed certain that Mrs. Antonio Delomo, the widowed mother of Marcello Lo Faro, had been busy at the sewing machine when she was shot. The vest backs on which she was at work at the time were still piled beside the machine, with some in place under the needle, and there was a red trail on the floor, showing where she was dragged across the room and over the sill into the bedroom, well out of sight of any who, from houses in the rear, might have looked through the kitchen, where the sewing machine was drawn up to catch the daylight. One shot took effect in her abdomen, and there was a wound in her right temple.

There was also a gaping wound in the right temple of her daughter, Lo Faro's wife, who was probably shot down in the bedroom. It is probable that the murder of Marcella Lo Faro was the first of the three, and that last of all the one who held the pistol had thought of the little girl Rosa. Dead men tell no tales and dead babies can lisp no identification. From the wound in the child's right temple it seemed that the one who held the pistol had leaned over, thrust it close to the child's head, and fired. The detectives, hardened as they are from countless cases, were sickened at the sight.

Tossed the Murdered Baby.

The dead baby was found lying twisted on the floor, as though the body had been tossed aside, and the little head was resting on the grandmother's breast.

Except for the twisted disarray of the bedding and mattress, the rooms gave no appearance of having been ransacked. In the china closet in the kitchen a little cabinet was undisturbed, and a gravy bowl that held a modest assortment of two gold watches, some simple brooches, and a few other trinkets, were untouched. Lo Faro knew that his wife had about $2, but he thought she might have hidden it, and he was not sure but that she had spent it recently.

Besides, the Lo Faro flat was not a promising place for a ruthless robber, and as in all Italian cases, the police questioning turned quickly to the scent of a possible feud, or perhaps some fresh and bitter quarrel. They asked if there had been any trouble in the family, and waited patiently for answers to a series of questions put to the hysterical man, whose voice broke into shrill lamentation that was caught and echoed by the cries of the baby that is left to him.

There was Matteo, he told the police, Matteo Delomo, his wife's brother. Matteo Delomo had not been very friendly with Lo Faro and his family of late. The trouble, he said, began when Mrs. Delomo's husband, a retired shoemaker, died at the end of last July. He lived in his house at 73 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, which he left to his wife, who shortly after his death went over to the Park Avenue house to make her home with her daughter, Marcelle. Whether the house was all the old shoemaker left seemed a matter of some dispute. Some, it was said, thought that there had been considerable money hoarded up as the years went by, and Lo Faro says that Matteo wanted that money or a share of it, and grew very ugly about it.

The bitterness over the disposition of old Delomo's small estate grew so intense, Lo Faro told the police, that he was obliged some weeks ago to haul his brother-in-law into court in the hope that he could have him kept from bothering the women of his family. An inspection of the books at the Gates Avenue Court showed that on Sept. 7 La Faro did appear as the complaining witness against one Matteo, whose last name appears in the records variously spelled, and that the charge was assault in the third degree. Magistrate Kempner discharged the defendant on Sept. 11.

Matteo, his brother-in-law said, was in the habit of dropping in for a bit of breakfast, but whether he came in yesterday morning Lo Faro did not know. He was a shoemaker by trade and worked in a shop in Humboldt Street, near Frost Street. He did not know whether the police would find him there or not. But, he burst out as the police plied him with questions, he did not wish to accuse Matteo of this thing. Far from that, he vowed his belief that it could not have been he, that Matteo would not kill his mother and his sister. He was sure of that.

Matteo's Brother Appears.

Meanwhile friends and relatives of the family began to find their way to the Lo Faro home. One who came very soon after the news spread through the Italian section, was Salvatore Delomo, a young mild-mannered Italian, the dead woman's younger son, Matteo's brother. He did not know where his brother was, he assured the detectives. He had not seen him for days, how many days he could not remember. Was his brother married? He used to be, but had a break with his wife years ago. He, Salvatore, knew nothing of the estate. It was not settled yet. He had never interfered, and finding satisfaction in that, repeated it several times. He did not know where Matteo was, but, with some promptings was able to give a description of the brother who had not yet turned up in the house where his mother and sister lay dead. He was short and dark and not yet 30 with a little scar on his face. Clean-shaven? Sometimes, sometimes not, said Salvatore.

Then Capt. Coughlan scattered his men in every direction to look for Matteo. When it looks like a case of feud or revenge it is well to find all members of the family, in the hope that one of them may be able to furnish some clue. Lo Faro appeared to have told all he knew. Matteo was not at the shop in Humboldt Street, but the police were told that it was nothing unusual for him to stay away from time to time. Detectives camped there to tell him, should he return, that he was wanted at Headquarters, while other detectives scoured the Italian sections of Brooklyn and New York.

None of the people in the house could tell the police anything. Though at least four shots were fired yesterday morning, there was none to admit having heard them. The Polish family on the floor below did recall, somewhat falteringly, that they had heard raised voices in heated argument. But that was nothing, they said. One tenant did remember having seen Mrs. Delomo go down to the mail box in the entrance and fish out a letter and a paper. That was a little after 9, and between that time and 12:15, when Lo Faro forced his way into his flat, the police could find none who had seen the three who were killed. The murder was done within that period, probably between 10 and 11, in the opinion of the ambulance surgeon who first examined the bodies. Certainly an hour had passed before the crime was discovered, and during that time the one who killed the two women and the baby had slipped the catch lock on the door and passed out.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. —Adv.

DR. COOK DENIES THE EGGS.

Intrepid Pole Chaser Says Copenhagen Didn't Mistreat Him.

Among the passengers arriving from Europe on the North German Lloyd liner George Washington yesterday was Dr. Frederick A. Cook of Brooklyn, who achieved notoriety in connection with north pole and "top of the world" claims. He was alone, and, with the exception of a few friends on the pier, he passed unnoticed down the gangway. He did not seem to have suffered in spirit or health from the unkind things that have been written about his exploits in the polar regions.

"I was not egged in Copenhagen," he said, "but was well received. It's true there were some slight hostile demonstrations at my lecture in that city, but I had an audience of 2,000 inside the hall, and there were fully 5,000 outside, clamoring for admission."

Dr. Cook omitted to tell the reporters why the Danes were clamoring to get in. It was the only lecture he gave abroad.

"The real object of my trip abroad," the doctor went on to say, "was to lay the data of my north pole trip before the geographical societies of Europe, which I have done. I was received with kindness everywhere I went.

"I should like to point out that Fruenchen stole my sextant and brought it out, stating that was all the chest contained that I left behind, while Mr. Whitney knows that there were two cases containing instruments, fur clothing, and papers giving data of the trip. These data were printed in my book."

Dr. Cook added that he was going to start on a lecturing tour through the West, opening in Chicago on Friday.

Contests Charles Hurlburt's Will.

Anna L. Hurlburt of Palmyra filed yesterday a contest of the will of Charles W. Hurlburt, the young lawyer whose body was found in the Hudson River following the sentence of Florence Burns to a long term in State prison. The Burns woman was convicted of extortion on Hurlburt's testimony. Mrs. Hurlburt, the contestant, was the young lawyer's stepmother, and states that she was the beneficiary of an earlier will than that which left his estate equally to two nonrelatives—Henry W. Aube and William Murray. The estate consists of $2,100 personalty and $1,000 realty. Mrs. Hurlburt says that her stepson was incompetent at the time he made the will and was subjected to imposition and fraud.

DUVEEN AGAIN FAILS TO APPEAR IN COURT

U. S. Attorney Wise Quits the Case When the Court Refuses to Forfeit Bail.

CALLS ABSENCE UNJUSTIFIED

Lady Duveen's Illness in London a Mere Subterfuge to Keep Away, Wise Asserts.

Benjamin J. Duveen, son of the late Sir Joseph Duveen and junior member of the Fifth Avenue art firm, was again absent when his case was called yesterday in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court. Judge Martin refused to forfeit his $50,000 bail, and this so angered District Attorney Wise that he declared he was through with the case and that the court must deal with it itself when it comes up again on Dec. 4. He left the courtroom while the court was still engaged on the case.

Duveen is charged with participation in the undervaluation frauds committed by the firm, which it is said have amounted to as much as $5,000,000. Last April he pleaded guilty to the indictment, but was permitted by Judge Martin to withdraw the plea on the understanding that he would return next day and renew it. Instead of doing so he went to London, the Government having an agreement with John B. Stanchfield, his counsel, that the case would be taken up "in the Fall."

The case was placed on the calendar on Oct. 2, but Duveen did not appear, his counsel stating that he was with his mother, who was critically ill in London. Judge Hough decided not to forfeit the $50,000 bail, but set down the case peremptorily for yesterday. When it was called, however, Mr. Stanchfield explained that his client was still absent, and submitted affidavits from four English physicians to the effect that Lady Duveen was exceedingly ill, and that the departure of her son at such a time might have serious consequences.

"I've had a confidential investigation made into the illness of the defendant's mother," replied Mr. Wise. "I find that she is in no different condition now to what she has been in for the last year. This is a mere pretext to give Duveen Brothers further opportunities to extend their credit."

"This appears to be a contest between counsel more than anything else," said Judge Martin. "The only question here is whether the Government will be put to inconvenience."

Mr. Wise retorted that his office had been put to great inconvenience and that he did not think that Duveen's surety could be expected to carry his bond indefinitely. He considered that the defendant was trifling with the court and the use made of the words "in the Fall," to justify his absence was the merest sham to defer the case.

"I can't see that the Government will be put to any inconvenience if the case is put over to the first Monday in December," said the court. "I shall advise Judge Holt that unless the defendant appears then his bail should be forfeited."

"I will ask the court to take charge of the case then," said Mr. Wise, "as I shall not move it any more. I will not have Mr. Stanchfield running the District Attorney's office and disarranging my whole criminal calendar."

Thereupon he left the courtroom, while Judge Martin was admonishing Mr. Stanchfield that he must produce his client on Dec. 4 or forfeit his bail. Assistant District Attorney David Walton, Jr., however, remained behind to see that the proper entry of Judge Martin's ruling was made on the court records.

The case against Benjamin J. Duveen is the last of the series that resulted from the raid made by the Government on Oct. 18 last year on the Duveen Art Galleries in Fifth Avenue. A large stock of imported antiques and paintings which had been undervalued to the customs authorities were seized and released only on the payment of $1,200,000.

Four members of the firm were indicted in connection with the frauds, which it was alleged had been in practice for years. Henry J. Duveen pleaded guilty and was fined $15,000, and Louis J. and Joseph J. Duveen, who also did not attempt to defend themselves, were fined $10,000 each. It has been contended by counsel for young Benjamin J. Duveen that he was not personally responsible for the undervaluations and had not a place in the firm sufficiently great to implicate him. He also will plead guilty.

AUTO SMASHES WATER MAIN.

Five Passengers Injured and Nearly Drowned by the Deluge in Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Mrs. Charles R. Hayden, a wealthy resident of the Back Bay section, was severely injured, and her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Horace B. Stanton and Royal L. Stewart, a Boston newspaper man, were bruised this morning when their automobile crashed into a twenty-four inch water main at the bridge in Beacon Street over the tracks of the Boston & Albany Railroad.

The collision cracked the big water main, and the occupants of the wrecked automobile were nearly drowned in the deluge which followed

EXPECT MORE RELIEF CALLS.

Association Preparing for a Bad Winter Among the Poor.

The Relief Department of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor anticipates an unusual amount of distress among the poor here this Winter, and is planning to meet any increase in the number of applicants for relief. The association has been studying the outlook, and from present observations believes that conditions indicate that the wants of the needy will be more than usual.

The condition of the labor market is one of the chief causes of concern, the association says. Reports as to idleness in the first half of the year show less favorable conditions, so far as demand for labor is concerned, than any other year in recent times, except 1908. According to the New York Labor Bulletin the percentage of persons reported idle at the close of each month was 24.8 the first half of this year, as compared with 19.2 for the same period last year.

The first cold snap brought an increase of applicants to the association's bureau yesterday.

Aid for an Ill-Fed Family.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $1 from J. J. for an "ill-fed family" for whom the Charity Organization Society appealed.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
OUTER APPAREL • MILLINERY • FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS

New Models in Tailored Suits

Differing entirely from the early Fall importations, these handsome garments embody the very newest ideas of the leading Parisian couturiers— at $55, $65 & $75

Fur-trimmed Suits in late, exclusive effects— at $95, $115, $135 to $325

Entirely New Models in Coats

Smart and practical for semi-service wear. Of fine materials, in black and soft Oxford gray and light gray; richly lined and warmly inter-lined, some with velvet— at $55, $65, $75 & $85

Opera and Horse Show Millinery

Seal and Plush Hats. Brocaded Gold and Silver Hats. Fur Hats and Turbans. Opera and Theatre Metal Caps—many of them jewel-studded. Paris Scarfs and Throws of metal brocade. Brocade and Fur Sets—Hats and Muffs for afternoon wear.

Opera and Horse Show Furs

Coats in all the fashionable lengths.

Stoles, Shawls and Muffs—Separately and in beautifully matched Sets.

Finest qualities in authoritative models.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

GIMBELS

Store Closes Daily at 6 P. M.

The Best of News from the Gimbel Men's-Tailoring Section

Men's $32 to $35 Suits and Overcoats to Measure at $25

The man who prefers to have his clothing made to his measure, now has his opportunity, at the cost of a moderately-priced ready-made suit.

In our Custom Tailoring Section, there have accumulated about two hundred and fifty "short ends" of materials for Suits and Overcoats. That they are desirable is indicated by the fact that they *are* short ends. We usually charge $32 and $35 for the Suit or Overcoat made from these grades of all-wool fabrics. Now, while this limited collection lasts, which won't be long, our special price will be $25. For chest measures over 44 inches there will be an extra charge of $2.

Of course, we guarantee the fit, style and satisfaction, and our usual good workmanship and finish, in all the Suits and Overcoats made to order under the terms of this special offering.

It will be a fine chance for men to test the merits of Gimbel custom tailoring. Fourth Floor

Notable Exposition of the Finest American RUGS

With the double purpose of adequately illustrating the tremendous scope of our collection of Oriental and Domestic Rugs, and of affording our public the opportunity for easy selection of precisely the Rugs best suited to their requirements, we are presenting an interesting series of displays, in which one important group of Rugs after another is featured.

Last week the splendid collection of Kermanshahs aroused great admiration; this week it is the turn of the finest Rugs of American manufacture—

Whittall's Anglo-Persian Rugs
Hardwick and Magee's French Wilton Rugs
Bigelow's Ardebil Rugs

We have assigned the full sweep from Thirty-second to Thirty-third Street to the magnificent showing, which includes reproductions of the finest Oriental types, such as Kermanshahs, Tabriz, Bokhara, Serapi, Sehna, Serebend, Soumac, Yamoud as well as the famous Samarkands and the superb Persian Silk Rugs. More than fifty beautiful designs may be seen at a glance—a rich field for choosing superb Rugs as Christmas Gifts. These are the sizes represented, with their prices:

Size	French Wilton Rugs	Ardebil and Anglo-Persian Rugs	Size	French Wilton Rugs	Ardebil and Anglo-Persian Rugs
22½x36 in.	$3.75	$3.75	9x9 ft.	$45.25	$44.50
27x54 in.	$5.75	$5.75	9x12 ft.	$55	$55
36x63 in.	$8.50	$8.50	9x15 ft.	$75.50	$74.50
4½x7½ ft.	$19.50	$18.50	10½x12 ft.	$75.50	$74.50
6x9 ft.	$35	$33.50	10½x13½ ft.		$83.50
6¾x12 ft.	$45.25	$47.50	11¼x12 ft.	$75.50	$74.50
8¼x10½ ft.	$50	$50	11¼x15 ft.	$94.50	$92.75

Sixth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

SANTA CLAUS
on his way to Macy's, where he arrives this morning with the
Greatest Assemblage of Toys Ever Seen in America

Santa Claus invites you to visit him in his magnificent new home, the entire sixth floor of Macy's.

He will have no ordinary toy display. Twice as much space will be devoted to toys as ever before, making a spectacle unique in the history of New York.

All of the sales advertised in the Sunday papers are now in full swing

Automobiling
THE Century Dictionary, Cyclopedia and Atlas is a complete reference book for automobile terms. Pictures are given of various types of cars, and also detailed mechanical drawings of a typical car. All of the words are defined in their proper place in the Dictionary.

Exploration
AMONG the maps in the Atlas section of The Century is a map of the North Polar region, as far as it has been explored to date, with records not only of Peary's various journeys, but also of the routes of all other explorers, with their points of "farthest north."

Art
NOWHERE can one find such a complete reference book as The Century for all departments of art, architecture, ceramics, numismatics, lacquer work, enamels, embroidery, lace, heraldry, decoration, engraving, etching, armor and costume.

Business
NO phase of the development of the world has been so important in the last two decades as the development of business. New definitions of old words, and many new words are carefully defined in The Century.

The world's knowledge, the world's progress, compressed in a single set of books—that is the new

Century Dictionary
Cyclopedia and Atlas
(Revised and Enlarged)

THE Century cannot be compared with any other work of reference. It is not a substitute for anything else, and nothing else can take its place. The best minds of the entire world worked for twelve years, at an expense of one million dollars, to produce The Century Dictionary, Cyclopedia and Atlas that appeared twenty years ago. Taking this great work as the foundation, a still larger force of eminent men in all departments, all over the world, have carried this original Century Dictionary on, and brought it up through the first decade of the Twentieth Century. This is what is offered you in the shape of the new Century Dictionary, Cyclopedia and Atlas. It is not merely a book for the scholar, the professional man, the teacher, the doctor. It is a book for you. It is a book for everybody who thinks, everybody who wishes to know. It is so accessible that anyone can find any desired piece of information, and so scholarly that the most accomplished specialist cannot find in it any piece of information to which he would take exception.

The Century necessary to all who read

The Century Dictionary, Cyclopedia and Atlas is offered to you as the very best investment in books that you can make. These are not books in a merely literary sense. They are tools with which to work. No matter what field of work you may be in, you will find that The Century offers you a help. It will aid you to do better work, to understand many things in which you are interested, to educate your children, to answer their many questions; it will give them a thirst for knowledge and gratify it at the same time; it will tell them, in the fewest possible words, just what the whole world knows upon every important subject.

The Century Co., Union Square, New York

TEAR OFF THIS COUPON AND MAIL TODAY

Use this Coupon to ask for information

THE CENTURY CO.
Union Sq., New York City

Send me today copy of the booklet, "Announcement of Publication," giving complete information about the new edition of The Century Dictionary, Cyclopedia and Atlas, with the understanding that this request incurs no obligation or expense on my part.

Name
Street
Town State
Times.

CANADA BRITISH FOREVER, HE SAYS

New Borden Cabinet Member Scouts Annexation at the Canadian Club Dinner.

CARNEGIE TALKS PEACE

But Others at the Gathering Do Not Share His Optimism as to Disarmament.

George E. Foster of Ottawa, Minister of Trade and Commerce in the new Borden Anti-Reciprocity Cabinet, which recently succeeded the Laurier Goverment, speaking at the seventh annual dinner of the Canadian Club of New York at the Hotel Astor last night, said that Canada was British now and would remain so until the "crack of doom," and then he added with great emphasis that Canada desired to maintain her trade relations with the United States and that the result of the recent election was not to be considered as indicating an animus toward the people of the United States.

Mr. Foster followed Andrew Carnegie on the speakers' list, and in beginning he took exception to some of the optimistic views and hopes of the Laird of Skibo as to the probabilities of a world-wide disarmament. He also told Mr. Carnegie jestingly that if he were to take a trip along the southern shores of the Great Lakes he might find more than one vessel, not engaged in commerce, lurking in the byways of those great waters.

The dinner was one of the largest ever given by New York's Canadian residents. Both Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the ex-Premier, and Robert L. Borden, his successor, were invited to attend, but both sent letters of regret.

Some of the Diners.

Among the diners besides Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Foster, were W. F. Cockshutt, one of Premier Borden's warmest supporters in the new Canadian Parliament; Arthur S. Goodeve, William Peterson, Principal of McGill University; Sir William F. Smith, ex-Governor of Cyprus; Robert A. Falconer, President of the University of Toronto; Major George Washington Stephens, Lieut. Col. Alexander P. Graham, William Loeb, Jr., William B. Ellison, C. P. Beaubrien of Montreal, Dr. G. Lenox Curtis, W. Atlee Burpee, Daniel Sinclair, and the Presidents of most of the Canadian societies in the larger cities of the East.

Mr. Carnegie, whose optimism as to world-wide peace was to give Mr. Foster one of his cues, was the first speaker. In introducing him Sharon Graham, President of the club, referred to Speaker Champ Clark's recent utterances on the annexation of Canada to the United States.

"This dinner shows," said Mr. Graham, "that despite Champ Clark it is still possible for Americans and Canadians to meet together in friendship and a spirit of brotherhood in one of the great American cities."

Mr. Carnegie then had his say, and as the little gray giver of libraries stood up the diners gave him a stormy cheer.

Mr. Carnegie's subject was "The North American Continent, Where Peace Sits Enthroned a Model to the World." The copy of the speech given to the reporters was written in the simplified spelling, of which Mr. Carnegie and Col. Roosevelt are advocates. He began with a reference to a visit to Canada several years ago at the time when the great British battleship Dreadnought was launched. King Edward, he said, had pronounced it the greatest in the world.

King in Error, He Says.

"I venture to suggest," said Mr. Carnegie, "that King Edward made a mistake, for the most powerful vessel in the British Navy was a tiny craft flying the Union Jack with the Maple Leaf, the mate of a similar vessel flying the Stars and Stripes. For many decades these two tiny vessels have kept the peace and cemented the bonds between two branches of the English-speaking people, drawing them closer together and ready to help each other.

"When this Republic was in the throes of civil war Canada sent 40,000 of its young men to help us, and if ever invasion of Canada took place there would be, if necessary, 400,000 of your fellow-English-speaking men across the border ready to help their brothers of the North. The invaders might succeed in geeting in, but they would make a very poor attempt at getting out."

The future, Mr. Carnegie went on to say, would look upon warships and the navies of the world "as aberrations of humanity and regard them as we do now ancient instruments of torture." Coming generations, he said, would regard the killing of man by man in battle as we now regard the eating of man by man, and he added that "both practices are equally brutal."

"I don't believe Mr. Taft or Mr. Asquith are yet ready to stop building these navies. I realize that every right England holds, every great right of justice, equality, and stern submission to righteous law that is hers was won in war."

Mr. Foster then came to reciprocity and the recent election in Canada. In the opinion of many he spoke for the Borden Government.

"We had a fine scrimmage recently in Canada," he said, "over the question of reciprocity with the United States. As a result of that election you people in the United States know a lot more about Canada than you did before the election, and Canadians likewise know a great deal more about themselves. In other words, I may say you discovered us and we discovered ourselves."

Wants Our Trade.

Mr. Foster pointed out that Canada has a foreign trade of $100 per capita, as compared with a trade of $40 per capita enjoyed by the United States.

"You must admit that's going some," he said, and his hearers cheered.

"I saw a statement," he continued, "when we in Canada, after a vigorous campaign, had rejected the reciprocity pact, to the effect that Canada did not want to trade with the United States. That is not true. Canada has always wanted to trade with the United States."

He then referred to the treaty of reciprocity that once existed which after a ten-year trial was abrogated by the United States. He told of Canada's many efforts to re-establish those reciprocal trade relations between the two countries, referring to the tariff wall on the American side of the border.

Under the Dingley bill the tariff wall was high. It became higher under the McKinley tariff, and in many ways still higher under the Payne-Aldrich act. Canada, he pointed out, is America's third best customer, and where we buy $11 per capita from her Canada takes $40 per capita in trade from the United States. Canada, he said, had met us with an average tariff of about 25 per cent. at the border and we had met Canada with one that averaged about 42 per cent. He then called attention to some of the prevailing American duties, among them 32 per cent. on breadstuffs, 91 per cent. on wool and woolen goods, and 38 per cent. on iron and steel.

"What we want to do," said Mr. Foster, "is to get each others point of view, and then there will be little trouble. Americans must study the Canadian point of view, and we in Canada must study your point of view. We did not reject reciprocity because we did not want to trade with you. There are no people in the world that Canadians know so much about as they do those of the United States, and it is saying that which is false to say that Canadians have any animus toward the people of the United States."

Needs Population.

The Minister then went on to say that Canada desired to grow into a great nation within herself, and that she needed population, and that when she had gained this and had grown along the lines Canadians wanted her to, then it would be time again to talk of the lowering of the tariff walls. Canada to-day, he added, is doing what America did in the beginning. America, he said, had blazed the way and Canada had the right to the heritage of America's early experience.

Mr. Cockshutt talked of reciprocity entirely.

"There was no desire," he said, "on the part of our rulers or people to display any unfriendly spirit toward the United States. Mr. Borden and those who associate with him wish the most cordial relations between the American people and ourselves to continue. Indeed, the policy of protection and self-development that we are pursuing has been largely copied from the United States. We have watched with close attention the growth and development of your trade and industry, and we know and respect your splendid achievements in the industrial world, which in not a few lines far outstrip all competitors. Canadians desire, therefore, to disabuse your minds of the idea that the defeat of reciprocity was dictated by an unfriendly spirit on our part, as nothing would be further from the truth.

"During the last few years under Sir Wilfrid Laurier's régime the word 'autonomy' has been worked to death; in season and out of season this expression has been invoked for all it is worth in certain parts of Canada. Under new auspices I trust we shall hear more about responsibilities of empire and less regarding our own autonomy, considerably less about rights, and much more about duty."

HERE TO STUDY OUR STORES.

Oscar Tietz, German Merchant, Tells of Difference in Conditions Abroad.

Oscar Tietz, owner of a number of German department stores, arrived yesterday on the George Washington and is registered at the Waldorf. He is accompanied by his son, George, and his architect, Herr Kuhnapfel. The purpose of his visit is the study of American department store methods, financial and engineering.

"We do not build as you do," said Herr Tietz last night to a TIMES reporter, "our buildings do not run to the sky. My largest store is in the Alexander Place, Berlin, and in it I have 3,500 people at work, but it is only six stories high. It is well protected. Fire cannot do any damage there. We are far ahead of America in this. Police laws in Germany are absolute and every store has a strict fire drill. In my store there are miniature fire engines on every floor.

"I have to employ many women, 60 per cent. of the entire force of 8,000 employes, located in Hamburg, Munich, Strasburg, and many smaller towns being women, but men are the best sellers. They are far preferable for many reasons. The girls receive $25 to $75 a month, the boys about $80 a month, and the men from $75 to $250 a month. My head manager gets $12,500 a year. But each employe from the smallest girl up to the manager is a graduate from a specialized school of salesmanship and goes from this school, we will say, to the ribbon counter from the ribbon school, the soap counter from the soap school, and so on.

"They work every week day from 8:30 A. M. to 8 at night. I have a library and newspaper room for them and they like to read. They are a small army, but I am the General, and we are friends. I have no labor trouble.

"I have no trouble with the Government, although I control this business. The control is natural. There is no fixing of price. Each year I meet all the manufacturers who sell to me, and we agree on a price, and then the Government approves that price, and so we are all friends and we are very sure of everything. Each handler is allowed a good profit all the way round. The only law of price in Germany is the law of supply and demand, and this is not very unstable.

"I have been to America once before. That was in 1898, and I saw your American woman shopper at the big stores here. Only in this country you have what you call 'bargains.' We do not. There is never a change of price all year round. Prices, once fixed, are unalterable.

"The German woman loves to shop just as much as the American woman, and they bustle each other about quite as fiercely as at your American stores."

$4,000,000 FOR CROSSINGS.

Public Service Commission Asks State to Provide $1,000,000.

The State has been asked by the Public Service Commission to grant next year $1,000,000 toward the elimination of grade crossings within the City of New York. Such an appropriation would insure the expenditure of $4,000,000, as the city must meet the grant of the State with an equal sum, and the railroad companies involved with a double amount.

At present there are 400 crossings at grade within the city, some of which are extremely dangerous. For many years the State neglected entirely the needs of New York in this respect. Then, in consequence of an automobile accident, it granted $9,000 for the removal of a crossing on the Putnam division of the New York Central Railroad in Van Cortlandt Park, and in each of the last two years it has voted $250,000, though the Public Service Commission on each occasion asked for $600,000.

The commission has now grouped some of the most dangerous crossings together, and has drawn up plans by which each group may be treated as one piece of engineering work. It has already authorized plans which will cost $2,000,000 to carry out, and hearings are in progress on other schemes, which would bring up the expenditure to double that sum. Most of the crossings considered are in Queens along the line of the Long Island Railroad, but comprehensive improvements are also under consideration for Richmond.

The most extensive work that it is hoped will now be made possible is on a group of crossings near Bushwick Junction on the Montauk Division of the Long Island Railroad, which would cost $1,400,000. On the same division an improvement of the grades near Merrick Road is also suggested at a cost of $200,000. The elimination of the Farmers Avenue and Hempstead Turnpike crossings on the main line of the Long Island Railroad would cost $600,000, and two groups of crossings on the Whitestone branch, near Bridge Street, Flushing, and near Whitestone and Whitestone Landing would require $400,000 each.

The work proposed on Staten Island consists of an extensive improvement on the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railway at Port Richmond, the estimate for which is $1,000,000, and the Grasmere crossings on the Staten Island Railway, which it is reckoned would cost $100,000 to eliminate.

The request of the Public Service Commission for this grant of $1,000,000 was sent yesterday to the State Controller, in accordance with the new law, which requires all such estimates to be filed before Nov. 15.

ADVERTISEMENT.

COLD SNAP BRINGS DISTRESS

Many families are not able to secure the bare necessities of life because of the illness of the breadwinner, some accident, or other unavoidable misfortune.

The first cold blast has increased their distress and forced them to seek our help.

WE KNOW THEY DESERVE ASSISTANCE

Some need coal, others clothing, still others food; Tommy must have shoes for school, baby needs a warm blanket. There are hundreds of ways our "Helping Hands" can and do relieve suffering.

WON'T YOU HELP US WITH A CONTRIBUTION?

If you and your neighbors will do your share thousands of homes will be brightened and want will be driven from the door.

Send contributions to R. S. Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22d Street.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR,
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA SWALLOWING PERSIA

Both Powers Send Troops, Russia to the North and England to the South.

PROTEST BY MR. SHUSTER

American Treasurer General of Kingdom Says the Two Powers Are Trying to Destroy Its Independence.

LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 14.—Affairs in Persia have reached a stage which promises further encroachments upon that kingdom's independence by Russia and Great Britain. Since their agreement dividing the country into "spheres of influence" these two nations appear to have worked in harmony in the direction of gradual absorption.

If Russia enforces her ultimatum by occupying a part of the north, Great Britain is likely to take a corresponding step in the south. Russia's ultimatum, which was presented to the Persian Government more than a week ago, declared that unless apologies were made for the alleged insult to M. Petroff, the Russian Vice Consul, on the occasion of the seizure of the property of Shua-es-Sultaneh, and Persia made other reparation, Russia would occupy two of the provinces in the north.

Last week the Russian troops in the north, it is reported, were augmented by strong reinforcements. At the same time two regiments of Indian troops were landed at Bushire, a seaport of Persia on the Persian Gulf, nominally for the purpose of guarding the British Consulates in the south, although there is no apparent need for such forces.

The Times, replying to a long communication from W. Morgan Shuster, the American Treasurer General of Persia, who complained that Russia and Great Britain were endeavoring to destroy the independence of Persia, denies that Persia is independent. It says that Russia and Great Britain exercise control over Persia akin to that by guardians over a minor.

Mr. Shuster declared that it was the manifest policy of Russia and Great Britain to thwart the restoration of order and the upbuilding of a strong Government and to keep the country in a state of financial collapse.

TEHERAN, Nov. 13.—The head of the Russian section of the Persian Foreign Office to-day informed the Russian Minister that, as the new Cabinet had not yet been formed, it was impossible for the Government to reply immediately to Russia's renewed demand for an apology in connection with the Petroff affair.

UNIONISTS ELECT BONAR LAW

New Leadership Has Already Caused Impetus for Tariff Reform.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Unionist caucus at the Carlton Club to-day carried out the prearranged programme, unanimously electing A. Bonar Law leader of the party in the House of Commons. Walter Hume Long and J. Austen Chamberlain, who had suppressed their own aspirations in order to avoid a breach between the Conservative and the Liberal Unionist groups in the party, respectively, proposed and seconded the nomination, and, as no other name was submitted, the motion was adopted by acclamation.

Mr. Law's election commits the party more thoroughly to the policy of protection. Subscriptions which are already pouring into the coffers of the Tariff Reform League indicate the impetus which will be given to the movement by the new leadership.

The announcement of the selection of Mr. Law was followed immediately by a telegram from the head of a well-known whisky distillery at Glasgow, in which a gift of $50,000 toward the protectionist campaign was made.

BRAGANZA GETS $10,000,000.

Portuguese Royalists to Make Another Attempt to Invade the Country.

LISBON, Nov. 13.—According to the newspapers, the Royalists are again preparing for an invasion, which will be begun as soon as the weather clears. Just now the whole of Northern Portugal is being flooded with torrential rains.

Prince Miguel of Braganza, son of the Pretender, has left Paris for London, where he has succeeded in raising another loan of $10,000,000, guaranteed by wealthy Portuguese Royalists who are living abroad. A part of this is to be used for the purchase of twenty Maxim guns, thirty field pieces, 2,000 horses and mules, and Winter clothing for the troops, and to pay another installment on the warships.

Because of the failure of the previous Royalist attempt, the Government is not taking the present movement very seriously. It has been decided that instead of reinforcing the troops on the frontier, as had been planned, the forces in the country shall be withdrawn to Lisbon.

Should the Royalists capture some of the border towns the Government is confident that they could be retaken later.

FORGERIES DUE TO WOMEN.

Banker Forgan Says They Trust Chauffeurs and Maids Too Much.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—James B. Forgan, President of the First National Bank, says that the carelessness of women who have checking accounts in the banks of Chicago is responsible for petty forgeries which harass bankers each year. In an endeavor to mitigate this evil, Mr. Forgan has prepared a circular letter in which he urges women depositors to be more careful in their banking transactions, urging them not to leave these matters to the discretion of their chauffeurs and maids.

"These forgeries are not large," said Mr. Forgan, "but they are extremely annoying in a large institution, not so much for the amount of money that is lost, but the loss in time caused by the disrupting of the banking system.

"Accounts for the woman, as a rule, are opened by the husband or father. The woman never comes to the bank, and the cashier does not know the depositor. She merely draws the checks. When she is in need of blank checkbooks she sends her maid or chauffeur to the bank.

"Here is where the fault lies. It is an easy matter for the maid or the boy to make out a check for $10 or $15 and still easier to cash it with some unsuspecting merchant.

"Hereafter the women must either come to the bank in person, or send written request when a blank checkbook is needed. We have added an extra department to the bank for the sole purpose of keeping track of the checkbooks given to the women."

THE PASTOR WENT SHOOTING

Fired Six Times at a Decoy Duck Before Learning the Sad Truth.

The Rev. G. A. Viets, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Bayport, L. I., is fond of gunning, and is a crack shot. He went to the foot of Gillette Avenue, Bayport, a few days ago to see if any ducks were about. As he neared the water he saw a bird swimming gracefully near the shore.

Concealing himself behind a bush, the minister took careful aim and fired. The duck dived out of sight, but the next instant reappeared, and did not even take the trouble to swim away. Again the minister fired. Again the duck dived and reappeared. Six times the pastor discharged his gun, and six times the duck repeated its antics. Just then Herman Schultz appeared and went out to the duck in a rowboat.

"Why," he shouted back, "it's only a wooden decoy duck that's fallen out of some battery shooter and drifted away."

The minister maintained a silence that can only be described as profane.

TURKS' NEW PEACE MOVE.

Delegates Will Try to See King George and Ask Intervention.

GENEVA, Nov. 13.—The officials at the Young Turkish headquarters here were advised to-day from Salonika that two delegates from the Committee of Union and Progress had been sent to Port Said to seek an interview with King George, who is on the way to Calcutta in the steamer Medina, and to ask him to intervene and end the Turkish-Italian war.

The Turks are prepared, it is said, to acknowledge the loss of the City of Tripoli, but they desire a heavy indemnity and an acknowledgement of their suzerainty in Tripoli as in Egypt.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 13.—Officers of the American cruiser Chester, which arrived from Tripoli on Saturday, are unanimous in the opinion that foreigners are in no danger in Tripoli. Commander Decker will forward an official report on the situation there to Washington. Officers of the Chester state that during their stay at Tripoli the Turkish batteries east of the city were directing an ineffective fire against the Italian warships in the roadstead. This continued up to the time that the Chester sailed last Tuesday.

The officers think that the Italians control the situation in the City of Tripoli and say they are advancing slowly into the interior. The cholera situation in the city is bad, but apparently the epidemic is not serious among the Italian forces.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Turkish forces are now united in front of Tripoli, with a considerable strength of artillery but little ammunition, according to dispatches received at the Italian Embassy to-day.

Two platoons of Italian grenadiers were surprised by Arabs on Saturday, and a fight followed, the Italian forces reporting seven wounded.

The birthday of King Victor Emmanuel was celebrated in Tripoli yesterday, prominent Arabs expressing their allegiance to the Italian sovereign. The authorities distributed money to the poor in the mosques.

Baron Bernardo Quaranta di San Severino, head of the Committee of Protest in this city, yesterday received the following from Gen. Caneva in reply to a cablegram sent on Sunday to the Italian commander in Tripoli:

"We are grateful for your patriotic telegram. I extend, in the name of the troops under me in Tripoli, fraternal greetings to our fellow-countrymen in New York."

CHOLERA IS DISAPPEARING.

North of Italy Now Quite Free of It—Tourists in No Danger.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—Reports received here indicate that the cholera situation in Italy is still being greatly exaggerated.

The official statements issued each week in Rome have shown a steady and pronounced decrease almost everywhere in the numbers of cases and deaths, and there is no reason to doubt the reliability of these figures.

It is stated that the disease has quite disappeared from the north of the country, and that tourists there and elsewhere need apprehend no danger.

Mr. Von Briesen to Speak on Legal Aid

Arthur von Briesen, President of the Legal Aid Society, will deliver an address this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Waldorf-Astoria under the auspices of the National League for the Civic Education of Woman. Carl Schurz will preside. The subject of Mr. von Briesen's lecture will be "The Influence of the Legal Aid Society Upon Civic Life." Admission is free.

HEARING ON CAR TRANSFERS.

Public Service Engineer Thinks They Should Be Tried Again.

Commissioner Eustis showed considerable impatience yesterday at the hearing of the Public Service Commission on the transfer question. E. G. Connette, Transportation Engineer of the commission, was being cross-examined by Joseph P. Cotton, Jr., counsel for the Metropolitan, and Mr. Eustis complained of the questions asked as tending only to cumber the already sufficiently voluminous record. Mr. Cotton pleaded the importance of the matter to the companies.

"We've been abused for months," he said.

"So have we," interrupted the Commissioner, with a smile.

"I agree to that," replied Mr. Cotton.

Mr. Connette could not prophesy the effect of the restoration of transfers, he declared, and the only thing was to try them again. In talking of the abuse of the transfer, he told how he had obtained a transfer once, as he was on his way to dine with the President of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, by merely asking the man on the street corner for it. He gave it to the President that night.

"I presume the Statute of Limitations has run against that misdemeanor," said Mr. Cotton.

"It has," replied the witness cheerfully.

FEW TO PRAY FOR THE CITY.

12 Women and 30 Ministers Present at Second Monday's Meeting.

A series of five prayer meetings for the welfare of the City of New York were planned by the Clerical Conference for successive Monday afternoons, to be held at the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. The meetings began last week, with 200 ministers present. Yesterday afternoon there were thirty ministers and twelve women present.

Speaking of the small attendance at the second meeting, one clergyman quoted a remark made during the recent induction into office of a new university President, to the effect that the people are behind schools and colleges and not behind churches, and that there is more public interest in education than in religion.

One minister prayed for the police force of New York, that it might be able to grapple with conditions during the street cleaners' strike. It was announced that another attempt would be made next Monday.

PIERREPONT'S WILL FILED.

Three Public Bequests Made and the Residue Left to Five Children.

In the will of Henry E. Pierrepont, who died at his home, 216 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Nov. 4, filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's Office, that borough, three public bequests, besides many private ones, are made. The value of the estate is not given.

Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, and the Brooklyn Hospital are each to receive $10,000, while the sum of $5,000 is left to the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The five children of the testator are made the residuary legatees in equal shares. They are Robert Low Pierrepont and R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont, who are named as executors of the will; Seth Low Pierrepont, Anne P. Luquer, and Ella P. Moffat. The numerous paintings in Mr. Pierrepont's collection, one of them being a full-length portrait of Washington, painted in 1796, are disposed of among the heirs by special bequests.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
OUTER APPAREL • MILLINERY • FURS
FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS

CONTINUE

Very Special Sales
of
Afternoon & Evening Gowns & Wraps
Paris models and adaptations
REDUCED FROM $65, $85, $125 up to $300—
at $45, $65, $95, $150 & $175

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Smith Gray & Co.
Savoy Shirts
1.50 2.00 2.50 3.00

TO the lay eye all good shirts look pretty much alike, but any fine custom shirt maker will tell you at a glance the Savoy Shirts are the superior of any ready-for-service shirts. In the exclusiveness and the perfect matching of the patterns, in the custom cutting, in tailoring excellence, in every attribute that makes for superior style, comfort and service Savoy Shirts take rank.

1.50 2.00 2.50 3.00
Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

The Man in the Tower Descries Travelers

THE spirit of going back and forth is in the crisp Autumn air.

City men going out to log-fires of the countryside—visitors from other cities coming in.

The New York man carries the prestige of New York with him—in his clothes as in his bearing.

Visitors carry some of the same atmosphere away.

Weber and Heilbroner clothes conform in all details to this New York spirit.

One of these $30 overcoats—in any of the accepted models—is as distinctively correct to this city and this season, as if it were made to measure at $80 by one of the half dozen best tailors.

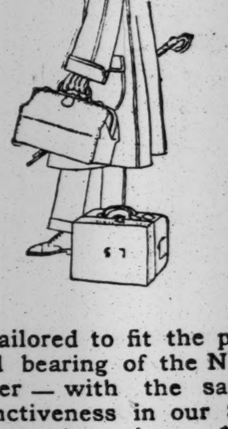
ITS MATE IS NOT TO BE HAD IN OTHER CITIES.

In the light and dark brown rough-surface effects and the latest English grays.

Coats of shaggy imported materials—with the advantage of New York tailoring—at $40.

* * * *

Like overcoats, like suits.



Tailored to fit the personal bearing of the New Yorker—with the same distinctiveness in our $20 and $25 suits as in our $30, $35 and $40 suits.

The effective dark mixtures, in browns, grays and blue grays, that the tailors are showing.

* * *

Weber and Heilbroner neckwear in rich Winter effects has never shown its intrinsic quality to better advantage.

Sturdy walking gloves, of imported skins, at $1.15—Mocha gloves at $1.75. Closely approximate $1.50 and $2 qualities.

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothes at the four stores marked with star
150 Nassau* 58 Nassau 27 New* 20 Cortlandt 369 Broadway
757 Broadway 1185 Broadway* 42nd and Fifth Avenue*

Overcoat Sale

You Can Save $6.50 to $17.50

In this great sale of Hackett, Carhart superior overcoats. Those who know Hackett, Carhart garments and their perfect fitting qualities regard their readiness as merely an added virtue. This "great" sale offers you a "great" opportunity to purchase at a "great" saving, a New Raglan, belted or box coat, ulster collar coat or single or double breasted coat.

Hundreds of blacks and oxfords for men of quiet tastes. New blues, grays, tans, browns and mixtures in the popular and stylish models for college men and men of advanced ideas. Note below the remarkable values:

$18.00 Value Overcoats	$11.50	$25.00 Value Overcoats	$17.50
$20.00 Value Overcoats	$13.50	$28.00 Value Overcoats	$19.50
$22.50 Value Overcoats	$15.00	$30.00 Value Overcoats	$22.50
$35.00 Value Overcoats	$25.00	$50.00 Value Overcoats	$32.50
$40.00 Value Overcoats	$27.50	$55.00 Value Overcoats	$37.50

Fur and Fur lined Overcoats ⅓ to ½ off regular prices. For auto or street wear.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL
E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President
265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th Street | 119 W. 42d St. Near Broadway | 125th Street Near 3d Avenue
Harlem and 42d St. stores open evenings.

Established 1832

Balch Price Furs
TO INDIVIDUAL MEASURE

Your own ideas about Fur Garments will be skilfully interpreted by our expert designers. The superior facilities at our command, produce quality work at minimum prices.

Our Paris Models and Original Fur Fashions are both exclusive and effective.

Balch Price & Co.
Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn
15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

GOMPERS CRITICISES TAFT'S RECALL VIEWS

He Tells Labor Federation Convention Talk of Mob Rule Is Mere Drivel.

LISTS DEMANDS OF LABOR

Referendum, Initiative, and Recall, Restriction of Immigration, and Employers' Liability Act Indorsed.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 13.—When President Gompers opened the convention of the American Federation of Labor here to-day about 400 delegates were present. The proceedings included addresses of welcome and the reading of the report of the President.

The subject of the Gompers-Morrison-Mitchell contempt case was brought up in the course of a welcoming address to the delegates.

"If any man of labor is guilty of violating the law," said Mr. Gompers in responding to the welcome, "he should be indicted and then tried by a jury of his countrymen. But I deny the right of a Judge to issue an injunction depriving me of my constitutional rights. It isn't so much the assumption of power as the assumption of jurisdiction that we object to."

Gompers declared there was a manifest discontent everywhere for a better conception of justice and right, which he said must prevail. He said that he and the two other labor leaders sentenced to jail for contempt were ready and willing to serve their sentences if they must.

Gov. Hoke Smith was introduced as a member of the Blacksmiths' Union, Mayor Courtland S. Winn "of the Bricklayers' Union," and Congressman William H. Schley Howard, who belongs to the Farmers' Union, were among those who welcomed the delegates.

President Gompers in his report predicted great changes in American methods of government, particularly with regard to political parties. He gave to the referendum, initiative, and the recall the unqualified indorsement of organized labor, and declared that a real, representative democracy had never been known in the United States, because of the general absence of those provisions.

"This semi-deification of Judges," he said in defense of his indorsement, "this sanctimonious cant about 'mob rule,' some of which was in President Taft's message vetoing the Arizona Statehood bill, is mere drivel."

Labor's Demands.

The report says organized labor demands:

The referendum, the initiative, and the recall.

Passage of the so-called anti-injunction bills at the next session of Congress.

Restriction of immigration.

Further restriction of convict labor.

Legislation to relieve Civil Service employes from the Executive orders prohibiting them to petition Congress.

Uniform laws for protection of life and health in factory buildings.

A Department of Labor in the Federal Government.

Employers' Liability and Workmen's Compensation acts throughout the States.

Arraignment is made of so-called scientific management or efficiency systems.

The report continues:

"The influence of the Railroad Employes' Association up to the present time has been mostly of the silent kind. Its power is well understood. The ability, integrity, and courage of the eleven chief executives who conduct its councils are generally recognized by the employers of labor. Every representative and committeeman of each organization in the federation knows what a forceful reserve it has behind it, and because of this fact it daily obtains better results and recognition. The executive officials of the federation are persuaded that their scheme is safe and workable, and that it will continue to redound to the benefit of all classes of railway employes and wax in strength with the coming years.

Labor Group in Congress.

"For convenience as well as the record I give the names of the labor group who are members of the House of Representatives in Congress, with the names of the organizations of which they are members and the parties to which they are attached:

"Wilson, W. B., Coal Miners, Democrat.
"Lee, Robert E., Blacksmiths, Democrat.
"Martin, John A., Locomotive Firemen, Democrat.
"Cary, William J., Commercial Telegraphers, Republican.
"Berger, Victor L., Typographical, Socialist.
"Hughes, William, Textile Workers, Democrat.
"Buchanan, Frank, Structural Iron Workers, Democrat.
"McDermott, James T., Commercial Telegraphers, Democrat.
"Lewis, David J., Coal Miners, Democrat.
"Smith, Charles B., Railroad Telegraphers, Democrat.
"Anderson, Carl C., Musicians, Democrat.
"Sherwood, Isaac R., Typographical, Democrat.
"Roberts, E. E., Metal Miners, Republican.
"Farr, John R., Typographical, Republican.
"Maher, James P., Hatters, Democrat.

"The good this group of labor men has already accomplished, the good they can and no doubt will do in Congress, should imbue the men of labor and all liberty-loving citizens with the duty, the responsibility, and the advantage of not only securing the re-election of the members of this group, but also increasing the number and the possibilities of their influence and power for just and humane legislation.

"Labor's contentions of many years have become merged, or have rather coordinated with those of the progressive of all parties. The people as a whole, irrespective of class, conditions, calling, or partisan alignment, have declared for freedom in fact, and not merely in name. They are taking affairs political into their own hands. They will no longer tolerate the sale of legislation to the highest bidder or the granting of franchises to the richest bribe giver. Under the coming régime, assuredly there are to be no more court decrees entered as prepared in advance and ordered by the attorney for the stronger party—stronger politically and financially.

Political Parties.

"Under existing conditions, we must obtain various measures of legislation at the hands of dominant parties in legislative bodies, and if party affairs are to remain in the hands of corporate agents and corrupt bosses as heretofore, then our interests will be imperiled and the desired relief retarded, no matter which party has the majority."

Mr. Gompers refers very briefly to the contempt of court proceedings against Vice President John Mitchell, Secretary Morrison, and himself, which are still pending before the courts in the District of Columbia.

The McNamara case is taken up at length and fully reviewed. President Gompers expresses his faith in the innocence of the men now on trial at Los Angeles for alleged dynamiting outrages, and denounces in unmeasured terms their removal from Indiana to California.

The Wilson bill, now pending in Congress, a so-called anti-injunction measure, which has the support of labor, is warmly indorsed, and President Gompers calls upon all organized labor to work for its early passage. Mr. Gompers expresses the belief that by united action the Wilson bill may be passed at the next session, and he expresses the opinion that even should it be vetoed by President Taft, a great victory would be partly won. He declared labor could expect little voluntary help from the President on the anti-injunction legislation.

Immigration.

The subject of immigration takes up much of the report. Several plans are proposed for bringing the migratory laborer into the ranks of organized labor. Further restriction of immigration is deemed necessary and schemes of distribution of immigrants are discussed.

"The early completion of the Panama Canal, however, will without doubt bring about a total change in the labor situation of the Pacific Coast, both internally and with relation to other countries. It has already been calculated that immigrants from Europe may be landed via the Panama Canal at Pacific Coast seaports for a less sum than is required to pay the passage to inland points in States of the Middle West. It is to be remembered that the enormous fleets of foreign vessels which are in the immigration trade are seeking business the world over.

"In a single year, aided by the climate, the present transatlantic fleet could carry 500,000 wage workers from the southeast of Europe to the Pacific Coast ports, while also transporting the average yearly number to the Atlantic Coast ports. This is a more than probable forthcoming condition to be faced by our fellow-trade unionists of Washington, Oregon, and California."

Other Reforms.

In the Federation's fight for employers' liability and workingmen's compensation laws, progressive legislation is reported from the States of Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, California, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Vermont, Washington, and Wisconsin. The work of the commission which has been hearing suggestions for Federal laws is highly commended, and it is expected that some report will be made to the coming Congress.

The work of the United States Bureau of Mines in establishing mine rescue stations throughout the coal regions, and the campaign of education which the bureau has been carrying on among miners, are warmly commended.

The report indorses the bill introduced at the last Congress by Representative Sulzer of New York, creating a Department of Labor in the Federal Government.

In an appeal for better laws to protect life and health in factory buildings, President Gompers refers to the fire in the Triangle Shirt Waist Company's building in New York, last April, in which 143 girls lost their lives.

In scoring the so-called efficiency and scientific management systems, President Gompers declared as false statements that the systems have increased wages. He charged that the systems work undue hardship on labor and result in no material gain.

Membership and Finances.

The membership is now 1,750,000.

According to Secretary Morrison's report, the treasury shows a balance of nearly $200,000 on hand. Nearly $5,000,000 was disbursed in support of strikes by the various unions which are affiliated with the federation. During 1911 the federation issued 326 charters to unions, bringing the total of its organization membership to 1,464. In individual membership the federation gained nearly 200,000 during the year.

CLUE TO ROTHSCHILD MONEY

Federal Bank Receiver's Counsel Thinks He Will Find Some of It.

George W. Glaze, counsel for the receiver of the Federal Bank, which was wrecked in 1904 by David Rothschild, who died in Sing Sing, called on District Attorney Whitman yesterday and after a long conference announced that he believed at least a part of the $422,000 that was stolen from the bank is in some bank in this city or in a safety deposit vault.

Mr. Glaze said he had started an investigation to find the missing money, and believes he has found a promising clue among the deposits of the German Savings Bank of New York, as some deposits were made in that bank under the name of Levy, which Rothschild is said to have used in disposing of the money. The name Rothschild also appears among the depositors of the bank. Mr. Glaze thought the amount deposited in this bank would likely be very small, as the savings bank limit on each account is $3,000.

A telegram from St. Louis signed by E. C. Batten was received by Mr. Glaze yesterday. He showed this to the District Attorney, who announced that he was convinced that the money was either in this city or Jersey City. The telegram read:

> Mrs. Batten critically ill because interviews as reported in press absolutely false. Our first information came from New York through press that Rothschild will was probated. We have every reason to believe the funds exist, but have no knowledge where. Entire story originated in New York.

Mr. Whitman also received a telegram from L. G. Jones, District Attorney of St. Louis, which stated that he had seen Mrs. Batten and that she denied ever giving out a statement saying that she knew where the money was or that Rothschild, her former husband, had told her he left any.

GAYNOR ANSWERS LIBEL SUIT

Files Amended Pleadings in Action Started by Gen. Bingham.

Mayor Gaynor filed yesterday his second amended answer to Gen. Theodore Bingham's $100,000 suit for libel, based on a letter written by Mr. Gaynor on the case of the Duffy boy, who was said to be a victim of police persecution.

The answer sets up as new pleadings that it was Mr. Gaynor's duty as a "good citizen and a Justice of the Supreme Court" to send the facts of the Duffy case to Mayor McClellan, that Mr. Gaynor's attention to the case was first called by Charles H. Hyde, and that Gen. Bingham as Commissioner gave thirty days' leave of absence and a promise of promotion to a captaincy to Lieut. Kuhne of Brooklyn Police Headquarters, who had defied an order of Justice Burr against photographing an indicted banker named Jenkins. Kuhne's leave of absence was spent in the Raymond Street Jail, Brooklyn, serving a sentence for contempt of court. He is now a Police Captain. Mr. Hyde is acting as Mayor Gaynor's attorney in the libel suit.

BARNES DECRIES INQUIRY.

Partisan and in Violation of Personal Liberty, Says Albany Editor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 13.—"That this matter should be brought to a decision by the highest tribunal is of the greatest importance to every man in this State," says the leading editorial in William Barnes's newspaper, The Evening Journal, in discussing Justice Kellogg's decision that Mr. Barnes must answer five of the twenty-three questions asked him by the Senate investigating committee. Then the editorial continues:

"The legislative inquiry into Albany was conceived in the desire for partisan advantage, and was conducted with shamelessness and indecency. If such a proceeding is not a violation of liberty, then the people of this State must submit to the fact that those who demand their rights as citizens must yield to the ban of partisan displeasure, that they have no rights which their political opponents are bound to respect.

"Justice Kellogg himself is testimony to the unfairness of the investigation by declaring that out of twenty-three questions which were asked Mr. Barnes which he declined to answer eighteen were improper. This is the whole matter, and the Court of Appeals will ultimately determine whether individual liberty exists in this State or it does not.

"The decision of Justice Kellogg in the matter strangely avoids the question at issue."

Enjoy and Digest
your food as never before with
Delicious & Piquant
WAW-WAW
Sauce
With soups, salads, meats, and fish absolutely unexcelled.
St. James Importing Co. (Importers)
New York City.

SCHEFTELS'S COUNSEL SPEAKS OF ENEMIES

Trying to Make It Appear That Guggenheims and Senator Nixon Are Persecuting Rice

BECAUSE HE WROTE THEM UP

Telegraph Operator Tells How He Reported Firm Orders Filled as Soon as He Got Them.

An attempt was made yesterday by counsel defending George Graham Rice, B. H. Scheftels, and other Directors of B. H. Scheftels & Co., now on trial before Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court on the charge of having used the mails to defraud, to show that illegitimate influence had been at work to instigate the Government action. John J. Delaney, the indicted order clerk of the firm, was on the stand as a Government witness, and it was suggested by questions put to him that United States Senator Nixon, George Wingfield, or the Guggenheims, all of whom Rice had attacked in his magazine articles, were using their influence with the prosecution.

Louis Vorhaus, counsel for the defense, was cross-examining Delaney and began by bringing out that the brokerage firm received a number of discretionary letters from its customers and that it had always discouraged such orders.

"Mr. Delaney," then went on Mr. Vorhaus, "didn't your counsel confer with the Government concerning your testimony?"

"Yes."

"And after that conference did you not have a conference with Mr. Rice?"

"Yes," replied the witness, but the Government objected to the substance of that conversation being put in.

"I am going to show," said Mr. Vorhaus, "that this witness took the stand because he was afraid of the influence of such men as United States Senator Nixon, George Wingfield, and the Guggenheims, men whom Mr. Rice exposed after his indictment."

"I told Mr. Rice," explained Mr. Delaney when at length he was permitted to reply, "that he was making a mistake in attacking Senator Nixon, the Guggenheims, and others. I told him that they had powerful influence behind them and that his articles were endangering both himself and his co-defendants. They were too powerful for him, I told him."

Then United States Assistant District Attorney Dorr began a re-examination.

"When you were indicted," he asked, "did you not think you would be convicted along with the other defendants?"

"I did, because of my acts while with the Scheftels Company."

"Did Mr. Rice's attacks on Senator Nixon and others make you think you and Mr. Rice, if innocent, would be convicted?"

"No, that had nothing to do with it. In view of the charges in the indictment I knew I should be convicted by my acts."

Mr. Delaney then testified that when he advised a customer that an order had been executed, when, in fact, it had not, he was acting with the knowledge of the members of the firm. The Government asked if the books of the Scheftels Company had not been altered when it was known that an investigation was in progress by the postal authorities.

"My belief was," said the witness, "that the books were being altered because the Government was investigating the firm."

Mr. Vorhaus tried in vain to shake Mr. Delaney's testimony that the only reason why he was testifying against Rice and his co-defendants was because he was sure they would be convicted. The alteration of the books of the firm, he stated, took place in June and July, 1910, before the raid.

"Did you ever charge that the raid was a put-up job of the enemies of Scheftels & Co.?" asked Mr. Vorhaus.

"I never made such a statement."

"Did you never speak of the wrongs of the firm to Scarborough, the special agent of the Department of Justice?"

"No."

"Didn't Scarborough ever tell you what he was going to do to Rice?"

"No."

Walter S. Campbell, a telegraph operator at the New York office of the indicted firm, described the methods he followed in filling an order. He used to draw a ring around the order on the sheet on which it was recorded, and then inform the branch that it had been executed.

It was Rice, he declared, who fixed the price for the house stocks every morning before the market opened.

"He held the market in his hand," the witness declared. "He made the price what he liked."

Regarding outside stocks, he said that he reported all orders to Rice or Scheftels and they told him if they were executed. He had no knowledge if this was really the case, but when he was told they were he drew a ring around the orders.

The case will be resumd this morning.

W. SCARBOROUGH A CREDITOR.

Appears Also with Anchester in Accounts of Simmonds, Failed Broker.

Among the list of creditors in the schedules of Frederick Simmonds, a former member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, whose petition in bankruptcy was made out on March 20, appear W. Scarborough, Long Island City, for $159, and Anchester & Scarborough, for $2,015. Anchester was at one time an employe of B. H. Scheftels & Co., the alleged bucket-shop, the proceedings of which gave rise to the trial now in progress of George Graham Rice, B. H. Scheftels, and other of its Directors, and George M. Scarborough was the Special Agent of the Department of Justice who worked up the case against that firm.

At the time of the bankruptcy of Simmonds it was charged that on his books were accounts in the name of Scarborough, and there was much talk of the need of the investigation of an account known as the "A. & S." account. It was also declared by John J. Roche, an employe of Simmonds, before United States Commissioner Alexander, that "Pete" Clark, a Consolidated Exchange broker, and "Red Letter" Sullivan, one of the Scheftels crowd, came to him and offered him $50,000 for a check which had been paid to Scarborough by Simmonds. Immediately after Simmonds failed, Scarborough's resignation from the employ of the Department of Justice was accepted, in spite of his success against various bucket shop keepers, as Attorney General Wickersham declared he deemed it improper that "any employe of the Department of Justice, especially any member of the investigating force, should engage in stock market transactions."

Simmonds's schedule showed liabilities of $88,256, most of which were contracted as a partner of Anchester, and assets of $51,829. These are the remaining creditors: H. G. Mahan, Norwich, N. Y., $20,682; Chaune & Mays, Utica, $4,286; Wells & Lavarnay, Glens Falls, $8,727; E. S. Barnes, Binghamton, $5,689; F. C. Gilbert, Ilion, N. Y., $3,846; A. C. Thomas, Rome, N. Y., $3,190; Miss S. Roberts of this city, $773; Frederick Skene, Astoria, $8,000; Elizabeth G. Buck, and Spencer, Ordway & Wierum, $7,500.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

C. S. Burton & Co., specialists in unlisted securities, have made an analysis of the principal motor company issues in their November Special News Service.

William B. Averell and Jules Cassard, both of New York, have been elected to membership in the Cotton Exchange.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list $4,115,000 additional first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, due 1952.

A branch office has been opened at 7 East Forty-second Street by Warner & Co., members of the Stock Exchange. William Fraser Dickson, formerly with Dewing & Co., is in charge.

Brown Brothers & Co. and Potter, Choate & Prentice announce that the $2,500,000 Atlantic Coast Line Series B 4½ per cent. equipment notes recently bought by them have been resold.

MEET CUT IN FREIGHT RATES.

Erie and Lackawanna Announce Same Reduction as Ontario & Western.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 13.—New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company officials stated to-day that both the Erie and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western had met the general freight rate reduction on westbound freight announced recently by the Ontario & Western. The new tariffs of all three companies have been filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The Ontario & Western advanced its rates after the Lackawanna had filed notice of a reduction, and now says that it lost nearly all its westbound through business. In railroad circles here the situation, as bearing upon trunk-line competition, is regarded as serious.

Before March, 1910, the Ontario & Western was aided in its efforts to get Chicago and Western business by a differential a few cents under the rate collected by the standard lines. At that time it joined the standard roads in the movement for a general advance in rates, which the Inter-State Commerce Commission defeated. The Ontario & Western now has become dissatisfied with its share of through business, and has filed notice with the commission of its intention to restore its old rates on Dec. 2.

A rate war for Chicago business has often been threatened, but has been prevented by concerted action by the standard lines, and railroad men do not think that the recently announced cut will be allowed to go into effect.

WILL SELL ITS BANK STOCK.

National City Co. Trustee Confirms a Wall Street Report.

One of the Trustees of the National City Company, the investment adjunct of the National City Bank, which has been the subject of an investigation by Attorney General Wickersham, yesterday confirmed the report that it had been decided to dispose of the bank stocks in order to remove any suspicion of a violation of the National Bank act. He denied, however, that the company itself would be dissolved.

"With its holdings of bank stocks released," said the Trustee, "there can be no question of the legality of the National City Company, so far as we can see. The company owns no other stocks. The National Bank of Commerce shares have not been sold, but they will be."

President Taft has not yet reported on the contrary findings of Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh. The latter held that the organization of the National City Company was not in contravention of the law.

TRUST COMPANIES UNITE.

Central Merges with the Metropolitan in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Directors of the Central Trust Company of Illinois and the Metropolitan Trust and Savings Bank today voted to consolidate the two institutions. Under the merger the Metropolitan reduces its capital stock by $250,000, which will be paid to its stockholders. This reduction will leave it with $500,000 capital.

The Central Trust Company will increase its capital stock by $500,000, which will go to the old stockholders of the Metropolitan in even exchange for their stock. After the consolidation the capital of the Central will be $2,500,000, and have surplus and undivided profits of $1,250,000, and deposits of $25,000,000.

Six New Members of Steel Institute.

ALBANY, Nov. 13.—The American Iron and Steel Institute of New York City today certified to the Secretary of State that it had increased the number of its Directors from fifteen to twenty-one. Among those who signed the certificate were Elbert H. Gary, William E. Corey, and Charles M. Schwab of New York; E. C. Felton of Philadelphia, and Willis L. King of Pittsburgh.

Ohio Society Elects Its Officers.

The Ohio Society of New York elected officers last night at a smoker at the Waldorf. W. S. Hawk was re-elected President. The Vice Presidents are George W. Perkins, William H. Truesdale, Horace J. Morse, Flamen B. Candler, and Anson G. McCook. The Secretaries are David Homer Bates, Jr., and Thayer Stewart. The Treasurer is Frank W. Hubby.

Canadian Pacific to Pay 2½ Per Cent.

MONTREAL, Nov. 13.—Directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway declared today a dividend of 2½ per cent. for the quarter which ended Sept. 30. The rate was 10 per cent. a year, 7 per cent. from revenue and 3 from interest on the proceeds of land sales and other assets. The dividend is payable on Jan. 2 next to shareholders of record at 3 P. M., Dec. 30.

Dr. Ewald Sues for Vindication.

Dr. Louis Anton Ewald, whose suit against the New York County Medical Society for an injunction restraining it from trying him on charges of unprofessional conduct in procuring the alteration of the records of the Sydenham Hospital was finally dismissed by the Court of Appeals, filed a new suit in the Supreme Court yesterday, asking for an order requiring the society to expunge from its records the statement of his expulsion.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Intrinsic Value—

Our reputation for value-giving in Men's and Boys' Clothing dates back to 1856, when we started business on this identical site.

Our steadfast policy of using only dependable woolens, trustworthy linings and trimmings in the construction of all our garments is stronger in evidence to-day than ever before.

Our Suit and Overcoat models are up to the highest point of correctness in every detail.

Our advanced method of tailoring, constantly improving from season to season, has now reached a standard where it is not necessary for you to have a technical knowledge of Clothes-making to discover the splendid details of thorough workmanship, finish and perfect balance in the fitting qualities of every garment we make.

Our eagerness to embody every practical improvement that makes for better Clothes and lasting shapeliness, accounts for the vast amount of hand-sewing throughout our garments.

We built our business on value-giving. We hope to perpetuate it by a continuance of the same policy which gives us the unique distinction of being the only clothing establishment in New York City located on the same site for more than 55 years.

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

BAD YEAR FOR COTTON OIL.

Profits $700,089 Against $2,209,255 the Previous Year.

The bad year experienced by the American Cotton Oil Company as a result of the high price of cottonseed and the low prices of lard and other animal products with which it has to compete is shown in the annual report issued yesterday, which gave profits for the year ended Aug. 31 of $700,089, against $2,209,255 in the previous year and $2,937,399 in 1909.

After the payment of bond interest and the dividend on the preferred stock there was left a deficit of $252,105, which compares with the surplus of $1,372,339 after these payments in the previous year. Although the current common stock dividend has been passed, there was $505,927 disbursed on this issue in the fiscal year compared with $1,011,954 in the two previous years, and the payment of this common disbursement in the year just closed brought the deficit for the year up to $758,032. The deduction of the deficit from the profit and loss surplus of Aug. 31, 1910, left the surplus at the close of this year at $8,732,883. Bond and discount expense totaling $371,420 left the profit and loss surplus at $8,361,462.

The net working capital at the close of the year was $10,582,895, of which $3,445,421 was cash in bank, and $7,137,473 was bills and accounts receivable, marketable products, raw materials, and supplies, after deducting current liabilities.

DOCTOR SUES MRS. HARRIMAN

Demands $4,500 for Attendance on the Late Financier.

Suit for $4,500 for medical services to Edward H. Harriman has been begun in the Supreme Court against Mrs. Mary W. Harriman as executrix of his estate, by Dr. Joseph Fraenkel. He says he attended the financier during the period from March 1 to Sept. 1, 1909.

Mrs. Harriman admits that Dr. Fraenkel attended her late husband, but denies that his services were worth the amount sued for. The case will be brought to trial in a few weeks.

German Ambassador Returns.

Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador at Washington, returned on the George Washington yesterday from his annual trip to Bavaria, where he has a country residence, accompanied by the Countess. He said that he had enjoyed his holiday very much.

Gilbey's
SPEY-ROYAL
Aged 10 years in the wood and shipped to America in bottles only.
POT STILL
Spey-Royal
SCOTCH WHISKY
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING
ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S GREAT COATS. A SPLENDID TYPE OF OVERCOAT THAT ENVELOPS WITH A CONGENIAL WARMTH. THE MODEL IS REMINISCENT OF STAGE COACH DAYS, YET TAILORED WITH A DEGREE OF REFINEMENT THAT IS CHARACTERISTIC OF WM. VOGEL & SON OVERCOATS....................$30 TO $55

WM. VOGEL & SON
TIMES SQUARE
Broadway at 44th Street

MUSIC BY NAHAN FRANKO'S ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT DAILY

33 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Free Theatre Tickets
for the New
Loew's Greeley Square Theatre
6th Ave. and 30th St.
(The Shoppers' Theatre.)
Opens Nov. 18.
Continuous performances from 9 A. M. to 11 P. M. Tickets absolutely free for women.
Basement.

Thousands Pairs of Lace Curtains
on Sale Today at $2, $3 and $5 a Pair

Entire Cross Aisle of the Lace Curtain Shop Crowded with These Offerings

THE values we offer in this sale make this the most important event we have ever announced. The sale comprises the surplus stocks of several of the largest makers of lace curtains, bought much under regular prices. These items actually tell their own attractive story. ☞ Fourth Floor.

What $2.00 Will Buy
Arabian Lace Curtains
Have cord borders, Irish Point Lace Curtains (have wide appliqued borders), Beautiful Scotch Lace Curtains (in floral designs), Genuine Cable Net Lace Curtains (white or Arabian); usually retail at $3, $3.50 and $4.50.
$2 Pair. Values up to $4.50

What $3.00 Will Buy
Irish Point Lace Curtains
Elaborate Renaissance Novelty Lace Curtains (white or Arabian.)
Fine Elaborate Corded Arabian Curtains (on cable net). Best qualities Scotch Lace Curtains (in best designs). Beautiful quality Scrim Curtains (handsomely embroidered), white or Arab., usually retail at $5, $5.90 to $6.90.
$3 Pair. Values up to $6.90

What $5.00 Will Buy
French Lacet Arabian Curtains
Very elaborate Irish Point Lace Curtains. Fine Duchesse Point Lace Curtains. Irish Point Curtains with Cushion Worked Flowers. Irish Point Curtains with Hand Needlework Stitches.
Curtains made to sell regularly at $7.90, $8.50, $9.00 to $10.00.
$5 Pair. Values up to $10

500 Dozen Holland Window Shades
A manufacturer's surplus stock of Colonial Holland Shades, Opaque Window Shades, Albert Holland Shades and Domestic Holland Shades; choice of white, ecru, olive green, or dark green; slats, brackets, etc., are included; regularly 30c and 45c, at 17c

Extra Special! 1,000 $3, $4 and $4.50 Couch Covers at a Remarkable Price
This great lot includes Genuine Kashgar Tapestry Covers in Oriental Rug designs, choice Bagdad Tapestry Covers (fringed all round), fine heavy Negus Tapestry Covers (fringed or unfringed)... $2.00

200 pieces Curtain Laces
Regularly 25c, 35c to 50c; at per yard 16c
Included are floral, Colonial and Gothic designs; 50 inches wide. Colors are white, ecru, Arabian, red or green.

1,000 $4.50 to $6.00 Sample Bed Sets
Only one and two of a style. An importer's entire sample line, consisting of Renaissance Bed Sets, Marie Antoinette Bed Sets and Arabian Bed Sets. All for full size beds, mounted upon extra quality nets, have deep full ruffles, and covers for bolster rolls are included. Regularly $4.50, $5.00 and $6.00; special at.................... $3.00

1,000 Pairs $7.50 to $10.00 Portieres
A Philadelphia manufacturer who needed ready cash sold us just 1,000 pairs of handsome reversible tapestry Portieres. Some have beautiful tapestry borders, some have pretty edge trimmings. Best shades green, red, rose, brown, &c., to select from. Our sale price is positively less than they can be manufactured at. Regularly $7.50, $8.50 to $10.00, at...... $5.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE, 19TH TO 20TH ST., NEW YORK CITY

CHARITY WORKERS SPEAK OF THE POOR

Judge Mack, President of the Conference, Commends Jewish and Italian Immigrants.

FRESH IDEALS WITH THEM

Theories Are All Right, Says the Rev. Dr. Kirby, but Practical Workers, Transformers, Are Needed.

In discussing district charity work and the need of closer personal knowledge and more genuinely sympathetic co-operation in the solution of the problems of the poor, Judge Julian W. Mack, Justice of the new Commerce Court and President of the National Conference of Charities and Correction, made a plea at the twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Charities Organization Society last night for a more liberal policy of immigration, and urged the welcoming of new racial elements into the body of American citizenship. The greatest task of this country, he said, is to weld together the multitude of races that have come here, so that their childen of the second generation may be American. He took issue with Immigration Commissioner Williams, who favors a more rigid restriction of immigration, and declared that the American people, though more idealistic than any other nation, cannot afford to reject fresh ideals and new life, such as the Italian and Russian Jewish immigrants are bringing here.

Robert W. de Forest, President of the Charity Organization Society, was Chairman of the meeting, and with him on the platform sat the speakers of the evening and Dr. Edward T. Devine, Jacob H. Schiff, Paul Warburg, Mgr. McMahon, Supervisor of Catholic Charities in the Diocese of New York, and Thomas M. Mulry. Judge Mack, who came from Washington to attend the meeting, said:

"A central organization like this must map out the general field of philanthropic principles and theories and philosophy, but this work must be supplemented by careful study and exact knowledge of the people you want to serve—their conditions, their aims, their troubles and difficulties, and their aspirations.

"What is needed is a keen personal feeling of sympathy and human brotherhood. The true Settlement worker is a friend making his home among friends, out of nothing more nor less than a spirit of human brotherhood.

"Then we come to the regeneration of individual families. Who can do this better than the neighbors and friends of the family themselves, who really live with them and know their dangers and their difficulties? The district bureau's trained expert is needed to bring this real knowledge to those neighbors who are going ultimately to furnish the help. On the central bureau is imposed the corresponding duty of seeing to it that these district bureaus get sufficient funds for their work from the wealthier classes, who, for lack of poor neighbors in their own district, must be led to contribute to the poor of other districts. Let there, then, be this co-operation of uptown and downtown, east side and west side, some through giving their personal work and others by giving of their superabundance to the poor.

"To us is given a task, greater than that confronting any other nation—of welding our multitude of races together so that in the second generation their children shall be true Americans—not Americans with the ideals of the Puritan forefathers alone, but with the best ideals gathered from all parts of the world.

"I do not know what races Commissioner Williams was crying against when he said we must restrict and select more closely our immigrants. There are only two mani streams of immigration at present, however, the Italians and the Russian Jews. Each of them brings us dangers and each brings us troubles; but each also brings us new and rich ideals. Just as the German immigration in past decades brought us the passionate love for music, the passionate patriotism and honest thrift, so now does the Italian immigration bring love of music and color and joy of life, both much needed here. oG where you will, you will find that the Italian settler has brought color in the dull gray parts of America, and the idealism that made a United Italy. They bring with them that, and a sturdy faithfulness to a sturdy religion.

"And as for the Russian Jew, who can bring to this country more idealism than the man who, for love of his faith, would rather die than give up his ideals, and who is forced to leave his home for exile and a new home here? We want people of that kind in this country."

The Rev. Dr. William J. Kerby of Washington, D. C., Chairman of the Committee on Families and Neighborhoods of the National Conference of Charities and Correction, discussed the parish organization in district work.

"We need a transformer," said he, "a plain, simple man or woman who can measure these ideas in his own person and bring them down to the poor—the poor who are the victims of our industrial system, our trade, our legislation, and our theorizing.

"Frequently, it may be, the type attracted by this work is not the type that would love to go down and wash the face of a dirty child or sew its ragged clothes. But it attracts also a large and noble army who would do just that, who love the poor and hate a theory. This simple, direct, and if you will, unsympathetic type of workers, won't go to the poor with our papers, won't write them, and won't read them. We need such a type. They challenge us by not caring for our theories, and so make us revise those theories with greater care and greater wisdom. It is this type that will get up early on Sunday mornings just to see if this or that lazy fellow has gone to church. The small organization, drawing together these gentle and healthy persons, succeeds in building up and binding together the neighborhood with bonds of religion, sympathy, brotherhood."

Miss Pauline Golmark of the Bureau of Social Research of the School of Philanthropy, discussed the social survey which her bureau has been making for two years in the Clinton District.

"We ought to be able to draw up a white list and a black list of the factories," said she, "to enable agencies to guide immigrant girls aright to such factories as have proper conditions of work and to shun those who have unsatisfactory conditions.

"Our Children's Court, too, needs better investigation on which to base its actions. A tpresent it is considered by those families who come under the scope as a vague authority that works with the police, but which arrests children for playing in the streets just as it does for grave offenses. Its real function is not understood at all."

Other speakers at the meeting were Frank J. Bruno, Assistant Superintendent of thesociety, and Mrs. John M. Glenn, Chairman of the Committee on Co-operation and District Work.

LORD'S DAY ALLIANCE MEETS.

Pleas Made for the Closing of Post Offices on Sunday.

The Lord's Day Alliance of the United States held its twenty-third annual meeting last night in the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. One of the purposes of the meeting was to assist the Postal Employes' Association in its efforts to have House Bill 9,433, introduced by Congressman Mann of Illinois, enacted into a law. This bill closes the Post Offices of the country on Sunday.

Ernest A. Eggers, head of the Postal Employes' Weekly Rest Day movement, appeared in the gray uniform of the department. He declared that information had reached the employes that pressure was being brought to bear on the Post Office heads in this city to keep the Post Offices open on Sunday. He urged watchfulness, for he pointed out pressure was successful in the cases of some firms or friends of the Postmaster to obtain their mail by carrier on Sunday.

James Yereance, President of the Lord's Day Alliance, extended greetings, and a summary of the year's work was read by the Rev. G. W. Grannis, the Secretary. He said the last Legislature in this State had been ready to act upon any vicious measure, and cited the boxing law, the racing law, and the charter as samples of what the Legislature tried to do. He asked that an agitation be started to stop the habit of dropping mail in letter boxes late on Saturday night or on Sunday. If there was no mail to collect, he said there would be no need of collecting on Sunday.

As a result of the work of the alliance, it was announced, 90 per cent. of the Post Offices of the country are now closed on Sunday, a large majority of the 75,000 letter carriers and clerks have a weekly rest day, nearly every State has been protected against attempts to fasten upon them vicious anti-Sunday legislation, and the opportunity has been obtained for 500,000 industrial toilers to have Sunday without work.

Eugene A. Philbin spoke on "The Toilers' Right to a Rest Day." The late Justice John M. Harlan of the United States Supreme Court was eulogized by the Rev. Wallace Radcliffe, pastor of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington D. C.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

President McAneny to Address County Association at Columbia University.

The annual convention of the New York County Sunday School Association, to be held Thursday night and Friday of this week at St. Paul's Chapel and Earl Hall, Columbia University, will give an opportunity for every one interested to hear a number of well-known ministers and Sunday school workers.

Borough President McAneny is to be one of the speakers at the opening session on Thursday night in St. Paul's Chapel. He will speak on the religious education of the child and its importance to the State. Bishop Greer will speak on Friday night on the general theme of Sunday schools. Other speakers will be Dr. A. F. Schauffler of New York, the Rev. William H. Babcock of Buffalo, the Rev. C. A. R. Janvier of Philadelphia, the Rev. H. E. Fosdick of Montclair, and the Rev. Allen Stockdale of Boston.

The sessions will be held as follows: Thursday evening, St. Paul's Chapel at 8 o'clock; Friday morning at 10 o'clock, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock in Earl Hall.

Gives $1,600 to Lay a Cornerstone.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Outbidding two men, Mrs. B. Baumgarden paid $1,600 for the privilege of laying the cornerstone of an infirmary annex to the Orthodox Jewish Home. With the mercury standing at 17 degrees and the wind blowing a gale, Mrs. Baumgarden later officially placed the marker to the new building.

Smith Gray & Co.

von Gal made Hats

3.00 4.00 5.00

von Gal made Hats represent the attained ultimate in hat quality, a practically limitless range of styles with a positive guarantee of service.

And in the Smith Gray & Co. von Gal made hat assortment there is every style, color and dimension that meets the requirements of this season's good taste.

The prices, 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

HENRY ST. SCHOOL HOLDS A CENTENARY

Mayor Makes an Address, Alumni Unveil a Tablet, and Children Give Two Plays.

GRADUATE OF 1838 THERE

School Has Been Rebuilt Many Times—Stands on Original Site and Is the Oldest in the City.

Public School 2 at 116 Henry Street celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of its founding yesterday. A tablet was unveiled with a bit of history inscribed on it as follows:

> Free School No. 2, founded Nov. 13, 1811, by Free School Society of New York, De Witt Clinton, President. The land was donated by Col. Henry Rutgers. This tablet was erected by the Alumni to commemorate the founding of the school.

Public School No. 2 stands on the original site of the first schoolhouse, and it is the only school of the city that has the distinction of a century's existence on an original site. During the century there have been new structures and many remodeling of the school. The first building was a two-story structure. The present building consists of two wings, and one of these is six stories high.

The exercises will continue until to-morrow night. To-day the school will be open all day to visitors, and the classes will be held as usual, with some gymnastic exercises in the playground.

There were two ceremonies at the school yesterday. The primary department's offering came at 9 o'clock and the grammar department's followed an hour later. Mayor Gaynor made an address, and the children gave dramatic performances, a minuet, and a gymnastic exhibition. There were two plays, one a dramatization of "Hiawatha," acted by the boys of the grammar department, and another reproducing the district school of 1811. The latter was written by the teachers of the school. The minuet was danced by eight boys and eight girls dressed in Colonial costume. The exercises were arranged by Miss Rinlado and Frederick Reilly, principals, and Miss Kinney and Miss Kleiser, assistant principals.

The centennial of the school brought forward a graduate of the school of the class of 1838. This was Henry Hughes, a guide in the State Capitol at Albany. Two other men who attended the school in ante-bellum days, Charles H. Dobbs and Frederick H. Wight, were present. Besides the Mayor several members of the Board of Education, Supt. Maxwell, and District Supt. Miss Julia Richman attended the exercises. The Mayor addressed his remarks to the pupils. He said in part:

> Every one of you ought to be getting ready to work. If the schools are teaching you something different from that, then the schools are doing a great deal of harm in the end in place of doing good, because everybody has to work for a living. And there is no one earns his living more honestly or who is more to be honored than the man who works with his hands. There are others, you know, who think because they went through the common schools they can only sit on a high three-legged stool all day and try to write and make figures and do something like that. There are too many doing that and too few doing something else. Now I hope you are all learning something with a view to being able to work better when you get out. Drive teams, help make houses, make streets, and so on.
>
> I saw your exercises here mimicking a country school. It so happens that I went to that kind of a school myself when I was a boy. And the school that I went to I suppose is 100 years old, like this school. There was nothing but a little bit of a wooden house, with a great big stove in the middle of it, in which we used to burn cord wood. And it is there yet. I saw it three years ago, and it has not changed any, except they have put these city desks in it. When I went there the desks were around the sides of the schoolhouse, and we sat with our faces to the wall. We had slanting desks and benches along the wall, and when you were studying you had your face to the wall, and when you went to recite you threw your legs over the bench and faced toward the stove and the schoolmaster. You have got things better than that here.
>
> Unfortunately, as people are taught more and more they get a distaste for work, and that is creating trouble in this country. We have not got people enough in this country to do the work. There is no shortage of people, but a shortage of people who will work. There is scarcely an American-born woman who will do the work in the home or do household work; they won't even go to market. Some people are blaming our schools for that—it may be justly so. It is a thing, at all events, that ought to be thought out. This is more to you older people than to those small people.
>
> Now, I am very glad to come and see you. I visited some of the other schools in the past and saw their exercises, and when your teacher tells me that those who took part in this play here are only from 6 to 8 years old I am astonished. That shows that you have a great deal of cleverness in you and that if you study hard you will be all right when you come out of school.

The celebration will close to-morrow night with a mass meeting in the auditorium of Public School 62, at Hester and Norfolk Streets. There will be more speeches and exercises at this meeting with, perhaps, another talk by the Mayor.

It's Mariner's Harbor Again.

Flags are flying in Mariner's Harbor, Richmond Borough, because that place is once more back on the Post Office map. Five years of persistent letter writing by residents has convinced the Post Offic Department that the place is Mariner' Harbor, not Mariner Harbor. Wor reached Postmaster Henry Hackner o Saturday that hereafter he would b Postmaster at Mariner's Harbor. N reason for the change to Mariner Harbo was ever given, and the only one eve guessed was that the Government save the cost of the 's on the rubber stamps.

Big, Warm Greatcoats

For Owners and Chauffeurs

The very look of them fills one with the genial warmth of anticipation. The prospects of slipping into the warm folds of one of these big, roomy greatcoats for a drive, in the teeth of a cold, biting, wintry wind is enough to make the heart of a man with red blood in his veins leap with joy and delight.

At $25—Russian greatcoats of English whipcord, wool lined, in tan and gray.
At $35—Russian greatcoats of extra heavy melton, wool lined, Oxford and black.
At $45—Blue Kersey greatcoat, with Persian-lamb collar, silk frogs, plush lined.
At $55—Russian greatcoats of fine English whipcord, wool lined, two shades of gray.
At $80—Raccoon greatcoat of finely selected skins, splendidly made and finished.

And numerous others, including coats with detachable leather and kid linings, fur-lined coats and fur outside coats, and overcoats and greatcoats in a wonderful variety of imported and domestic fabrics.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

STEINWAY

SUPERIOR Merit is invariably recognized.

Not only the United States but every foreign country as well has adopted the Steinway Piano as its leader and has made it the favorite instrument. The Steinway has earned this premier position through its supreme qualities of tone and workmanship.

The life of a Steinway so far exceeds that of any other make that every used Steinway is eagerly sought for and generally brings a higher price than any other new piano.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall
107-109 East 14th St., New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

EXPECTS ANOTHER BIG COAL STRIKE

John Markle, a Large Operator, Finds All Signs of It in Recent Action of Miners.

CONTRACT ENDS NEXT APRIL

Mine Workers Have Formulated Demands Which Mr. Markle Is Sure Will Not Be Conceded.

John Markle, the largest independent operator in the anthracite coal field at Jeddo, Penn., expressed the fear yesterday that there would be another strike in the anthracite district when the wage agreement, created as the result of a commission appointed in the Fall of 1902 by Col. Roosevelt, then President of the United States, expires on March 31, 1912.

"I am informed," said Mr. Markle, "that the organization known as the United Mine Workers are presenting inducements to have the employes in the anthracite coal region join their organization, and also that they had at Pottsville, a convention of delegates representing the United Mine Workers of the whole anthracite coal region. The result of the deliberations of that convention have been set forth, as I understand, in the local press, naming the demand that they will make upon the operators. If these facts are true my unqualified opinion is that there will be a strike.

"What chiefly concerns the users of anthracite coal is how to provide themselves with fuel to be consumed after April 1. There are two classes of consumers: The householder, representing the domestic classes and the largest percentage of users, and those who use steam generators.

"My advice to the householders is to keep their bins replenished as fast as they consume coal this Winter. To the steam generator consumers my advice is to store what coal they possible can between now and April 1.

"The money invested in coal at this time would be the same as money put into fire insurance. We do not place insurance with the hope that we are going to have a fire, but we do place it so that we would not be crippled by a heavy loss, in the event of a fire, at a time that might be very serious to us."

The extra cost of coal, Mr. Markle said, was insignificant as compared with the uncertainty of a consumer being supplied with fuel for next Summer and Winter following a situation which, he believes, will unquestionably face them if there is a strike.

Edison Phonograph Co. Pays $104,400.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 13.—The amount of a judgment, together with interest and costs, totaling $104,400 was collected today from the Edison phonograph works by United States Marshal Alcott. The judgment was obtained by the Goodwin Manufacturing Company.

TOWELS AND TOWELING

Hemstitched towels of fine huckaback and diaper linens with damask ends, borders, or centers.

Hemstitched huckaback towels with allover damask patterns and ends in corresponding design.

Plain huckaback and diaper towels in various sizes at a wide range of prices.

Towelings by the yard in ordinary and guest room widths. Messrs. Walpole Bros.' towels and towelings are woven on their own looms of pure linen yarns. They have the best absorbent quality and will give the maximum of satisfactory service.

Walpole Bros.

PURE FLAX
TRADE MARK

Irish Linen Manufacturers
Established 1766
373 Fifth Avenue
Corner 35th Street

They're Your Biscuit, Remember

No matter how much we help you—

The credit all goes to you.

And all the failures due to faulty flour are charged to the cook.

So this is your question, Madam.

When you order simply "a sack of flour," you do yourself an injustice.

Flours differ immensely.

By simply saying "Gold Medal," you make certain of getting the best flour ever milled.

Here is one of the proofs:

Gold Medal Flour, in the test of time, has come to outsell all others.

Millions have made their comparisons. As a result, 24,000,000 folks daily are now fed on the bakings of Gold Medal Flour.

Just because they have found, in the actual baking, that no other flour gives the results of Gold Medal.

Next time you order be sure to say—

Washburn-Crosby's

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

(131)

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
WASHBURN'S
TRADE MARK
Gold
MEDAL
FLOUR
WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Try This Creamy Milk

A test will prove its deliciousness. Get a bottle and just see how deep down is the "cream line"—how clean the bottle.

Sheffield Farms Milk

comes to you fresh from hygienic farms. It is pasteurized as well, because in pasteurization exists absolute safety and purity. A trial will show you why it is so popular.

Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Co.
Executive Offices, 524 W. 57th St., New York
Telephone 6750 Columbus.
Branches throughout New York and Yonkers.

AMERICA'S H-O BREAKFAST

The Favorite Oatmeal for over 30 years.

Delicious flavor. Easy to digest. Quick to be assimilated. H-O Oatmeal for Strength, Health, Energy.

Costs less than half cent a dish.

Premium Coupon in each package.

J. Ehrlich & Sons

If You Can't See Well, SEE US

First, because we give you the same thorough and careful examination that you would get by paying extra to an oculist.

Eyes Examined Without Charge **By Registered Physicians,** Oculists of Long Experience.

Second, because we charge for glasses only, and you are certain of accurate fit and satisfaction.

Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

ONE pair of Martin & Martin Shoes will prove to you that they are the most fashionable, perfect fitting and economical you can buy.

And our individual fitting service assures you of obtaining perfect shoe comfort, as well as elegance of style. For Street, Dress, and Sport. $7 upward.

Custom department in connection.

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN & WOMEN
1 EAST 35TH STREET, NEW YORK

Hungry As a Trooper
J. & J. COLMAN, Ltd.
[London, England]

New Mustard Relish

will give a zest and piquancy to your food, which you have not enjoyed for a long time. It is healthful, delicious and a wonderful aid to digestion. Try it on cold meats, fish, salads, etc.

Sold by all grocers. Ask for it. If you cannot get it write the importers,
JAMES P. SMITH & CO., New York.

All coffee ails yield to well-made

Postum

Be sure it's well boiled.

Advertise Lost articles promptly in the Lost column of The New York Times. If a Times reader finds them they will be restored.

Hunyadi János
Natural Laxative Water

Quickly Relieves:—
Biliousness,
Sick Headache,
Stomach Disorders,
and
CONSTIPATION

MANY WRECKS STREW STORM-SWEPT COAST

Sailing Craft Suffer, and Seamen Lose Their Lives in Long Island Sound.

3 DROWN OFF NEW HAVEN

Lumber Schooner Ashore at Woods Hole, Mass.—Others Sunk in Huntington Bay and Plum Gut.

Wireless and telegraph reports received here yesterday from all parts of the Atlantic Coast, from Cape Hatteras to Nova Scotia, gave details of shipwrecks, with loss of life, caused by the gale which has been blowing since early on Sunday morning. The velocity of the gale at its height was seventy miles an hour. It was still blowing yesterday at thirty miles an hour, accompanied by heavy seas, which delayed all ships coming into to the harbor. The sufferings of the crews of vessels that were storm bound were increased by the cold which began on Sunday night after the rain.

Three men of a crew of six lost their lives when the schooner Witch Hazel went ashore in Long Island Sound on Sunday night and sank at the entrance to New Haven Harbor. The three men who were saved are Joseph Miller and Benjamin Miller of St. John, N. B., and Ole Johnson, the mate. The Witch Hazel was laden with 375 tons of coal and was commanded by Capt. Britt, who was drowned.

The victims were Capt. J. L. Britt of Calais, Me.; Andrew Miller, steward, and Thomas Masson, seaman.

The Witch Hazel and the schooner Willena Gertrude came from a Southern port laden with coal, trying to put into New Haven Harbor in the heavy sea late last night. The Gertrude entered the harbor, but the Witch Hazel, in passing between the two breakwaters, crashed upon the outer bar too far from the Sperry Light to be seen. She sank three minutes after.

Johnson swam to the breakwater, and, exhausted, climbed into the lantern box. Capt. Britt, Andrew Miller, and Masson climbed onto the rigging, but were swept away and drowned. The Miller brothers followed Johnson to the breakwater and were taken off in a lifeboat five hours later, half frozen and exhausted, by the crew of the Gertrude.

Johnson was not found till this afternoon, when Lighthouse Keeper Tutty discovered him, barely alive. One of his arms will probably be amputated because of his struggles to keep himself from being torn from the mast before he swam ashore. The Witch Hazel is owned in Boston, and was headed for Provincetown.

The three-masted schooner Bertha F. Walker of New York ran aground on Pasque Island, near Woods Hole, Mass., last night. When a wrecking tug reached her to-day she was rapidly filling, but it may be possible to float her when the wind subsides. The crew of seven was taken off without difficulty. The Walker was bound from Georgetown, S. C., for Boston, with a cargo of lumber, which will be saved. The schooner is 676 tons and was built in 1879. She was in charge of Capt. Dodge.

The schooner Edith E. Dennis, Capt. Cook, of Greenport, N. Y., sank in Plum Gut, off Fort Terry, on Sunday night. The Captain floated ashore on a piece of wreckage, but his wife and two sailors were drowned. Capt. Cook was in a serious condition from exposure when picked up. He said that the schooner was laden with coal from New Bedford for Greenport, and went down as he was trying to dock at Fort Terry. He did not know the names of the two men who were drowned with his wife.

A schooner sank yesterday morning in Huntington Harbor as she was trying to get into shelter. Nothing is known as to what became of her crew. Elmer E. Garritson noticed the masts sticking up out of the water when he was cruising in his motor boat. The wreck lies in about 30 feet of water on an even keel. Several bags of grain have been washed ashore.

Many small craft broke from their moorings during Sunday night and went ashore on Staten Island. The Captain of the Vigilancia, which arrived yesterday from Havana, reported that he had sighted the schooner Henry Withington early yesterday with her sails blown away, at anchor about ten miles southeast of the Scotland Lightship.

The tug Underwriter went out yesterday to search for the whaleback barge Searsport with four men aboard. She broke from her tow on Sunday night off Fire Island and was blown out to sea. The Captain of the steamship Howard, which arrived in Boston yesterday, reported having stood by the Searsport for several hours trying to save the crew, but was unable to get them off. He left the barge, which was laden with 2,500 tons of coal, when a wireless message was received from the revenue cutter Mohawk stating that she was on her way to the rescue. The Searsport then had lived out the worst part of the gale, and the crew were not considered to be in any imminent danger.

The gale damaged many yachts and smaller craft off City Island, several being swept from their moorings and dashed on the shore or against City Island bridge. It became necessary to open the draw to let the larger craft pass through.

Captains of incoming liners yesterday reported heavy weather near the coast. Capt. Charles Polack of the North German Lloyd liner George Washington said it was blowing hard from the southwest with warm rain on Sunday, the gale increasing to sixty-five miles an hour, veering to the northwest, with intense cold.

Managers of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies said last night that the gale had done great damage to the wires, but that repairs had been made and all were working right now.

TO BE WARMER IN THE WEST.

Storm Damage Is Widespread—Many Accidents on the Lakes.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Warmer weather was announced to-night to be on its way here to take the place of the cold wave that swept across the continent, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The mercury began climbing at daybreak today, and by night had reached 28 degrees, a rise of 16 degrees from the minimum of Sunday night. Gradually rising temperature was predicted by the Weather Bureau until Wednesday.

Four deaths, much privation, and great damage to property resulted here from wind and cold. The strong wind of the last two days died down to-night, and the prediction was that lighter breezes would obtain to-morrow.

The cold weather took another victim to-day, making the third since Saturday night. William Johnson, 40 years old, was found unconscious from the cold on a North Side street, and died in an ambulance while being taken to a hospital. He was the third victim of the cold since Saturday in this city.

The coal carrier John T. Williams, which was driven aground near the mouth of the Chicago River yesterday, was released early to-day, only slightly damaged. She proceeded across Lake Michigan.

The launch Evening Star and the barge Delta, which were driven out on Lake Michigan Saturday night before a gale and which were thought to have foundered, with crews of fifteen men, are both safe on the Michigan shore.

The storm on Lake Superior was severe, and it is feared several vessels have been lost. In Illinois, Wisconsin, and Michigan the tornado caused the death of nearly a score of persons.

DETROIT, Nov. 13.—While there are rumors that vessels are missing after the storm of Saturday night none carry any definite details.

At Owosso, which suffered the heaviest storm damage in this State, two persons were killed and more than a score injured. The property loss there was $500,000.

DULUTH, Nov. 13.—Local shipping men now believe that all steamers out will make their trips safely. Since Saturday noon twenty-one boats have arrived and eighteen have cleared. It is expected that boats overdue here and at the Soo have sought shelter.

Reports received from Fort William say that much snow fell there. Several boats are overdue there, but owners have expressed no fears for their safety.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 13.—Every vessel that arrived here to-day was covered with ice. Their Captains declare the storm was the worst they remembered in November.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., Nov. 13.—Seven of the crew of the tug Eastern Star, which went ashore near here last night, had a terrible experience in the storm. Six managed to wade or swim ashore. The other man was taken off by the life savers. The tug is broken in two.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Nov. 13.—With the death to-day of Albert Schmidt the death list from Saturday's tornado will reach nine. Schmidt was found late Saturday afternoon terribly injured under several tons of hay. His father and two sisters were killed.

Reports from the storm-swept district show that the loss was $750,000 to $1,000,000.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 13.—The Baltimore steamer Florida arrived here to-day, bringing Capt. Charles Smith of Stony Creek, Md., and four other occupants of the launch Smile, from which they were rescued last night in Chesapeake Bay.

Those rescued, besides Capt. Smith, were his brother and three members of Company 40, United States Coast Artillery, on duty at Fort Armistead, who were being taken from Curtis Creek to the fort. All will return to Baltimore to-night.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 13.—Eight small barges, in tow of the tug Defender, were lost in the storm which swept Lake Champlain. Two are at the bottom of the lake, the third was wrecked beyond repair, and five others are ashore just north of Colchester Reef.

The Defender was going south from Rouse's Point with thirty boats, loaded with lumber and hay. The crews of all escaped with difficulty.

BASTIAN NOT FIRST, HE SAYS.

Physician Here Declares He Produced Life by Chemistry Nine Years Ago.

Dr. Mark I. Knapp, who lectures to physicians at the St. Bartholomew Clinic on "The Newer Teachings of Gastro-Intestinal Diseases," says he grew very much excited when he read in last Sunday's TIMES the announcement of Prof. Henry Charlton Bastian, Senior Fellow of the Royal Society and Professor Emeritus of the Principles and Practice of Medicine at University College, London, that he had succeeded in producing living organisms from a saline solution. Dr. Knapp said yesterday that he himself succeeded in producing living organisms from pure chemical solutions, inorganic as well as organic, acid as well as alkali, as long ago as 1902, and he claims priority of the English professor's discovery by nearly ten years.

Dr. Knapp says he stumbled upon the discovery purely by accident, in an effort to find out why certain chemical solutions he had prepared with every possible safeguard to make them absolutely pure, invariably, after a lapse of time, became clouded and showed a precipitate. Under the microscope, he says, he found that the precipitate consisted of organic cells and threads of cells, resembling closely those found by Prof. Bastian. No matter what the chemical solution he used—and he used succinic acid, tartaric acid, oxalic acid, potassium hydrate, nitric acid, and many others—he says he found always the same process; the solution, when used in small dilution of from ⅕ to 1 per cent., invariably first produced organic cells; then if these were allowed to remain, there was a change from cells back to the crystals of the original chemical, a sort of return of the chemical, after organic life, to its original dust.

Dr. Knapp says he mentioned his discovery at the time to Dr. Ernst H. Lederle, the present Health Commissioner, but was laughed at, and also to Dr. William H. Park, who told him he was crazy. He showed also a letter written to him on Jan. 6, 1902, by the late Dr. Frank P. Foster, editor of The New York Medical Journal, telling him it seemed ill-advised to print any mention of the experiment, since the universal conviction was that no living organism results from anything but a previous organism.

Dr. Knapp says that discouraged him and stopped his experiments, but he now wants to perform his earlier experiments under the supervision and control of some recognized medical body, and prove his earlier results. He was graduated from the Medical School of New York University in 1894, and studied diseases of the stomach at the Augusta Hospital in Berlin from 1899 to 1900. He was formerly connected with Mt. Sinai Hospital, and for the last two years with St. Bartholomew's Clinin. In 1910 he took the degree of Bachelor of Laws and in 1911 Master of Laws at the Law Department of New York University.

COURT CLIPS POWER OF COMMERCE BOARD

No Right to Prohibit Railroads Paying to Have Grain Handled in Transit.

LAW NO FORTUNE EQUALIZER

Justice Holmes So Comments—Commission May, However, Limit Payments to Reasonable Amount.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission lost an important struggle to-day when the Supreme Court of the United States ruled that the commission in its effort to prevent rebates, direct and indirect, has no power to prohibit railroads from paying operators of grain elevators for handling grain in transit. The commission had decided in set cases that the practice of paying elevator companies at reshipping points amounted to heavy rebates and forbade it. The court to-day held that the commission had no power under the law to prohibit the payment of these charges, but might fix charges just and reasonable.

The decision to-day was the last stage in the legal struggle growing out of the commission's order in 1908. The Circuit Court of the United States for Western Missouri annulled the order and the case went to the Supreme Court on appeal. The Union Pacific Railroad, with other roads from the West having Eastern termini in the Missouri Valley cities, and roads from the East having Western termini in those cities, were involved as protestants against the order, while the grain elevator associations in the cities in question asserted that the carrying out of the order would drive them out of business by leaving them no work to perform. Omaha, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, and Kansas City were particularly antagonized.

On the other hand, the railroads running east and west of the Missouri River were in favor of the order, while cities outside the affected area supported the order, as it tended to throw business to them. The roads terminating at the points named protested that if they were compelled to set up elevators of their own in order to handle their transcontinental traffic, or else were forced to send their cars on over alien roads, bringing them back empty to the starting point, they would not be able to compete with the through lines from coast to coast.

The chief contention that first brought the case before the Commerce Commission was that an allowance made by the Union Pacific to Peavey & Co., grain dealers and operators of elevators, amounted to a rebate and discriminated against grain companies not located on its lines.

The original complaint was made by the Chicago Great Western, Burlington and Santa Fe Railways. The petitioners alleged that the Union Pacific entered into a contract with Peavey & Co., under which the latter company erected grain elevators at Council Bluffs, Iowa, and at Kansas City for the transfer of grain for the public from incoming cars of the Union Pacific to outgoing cars of the connecting lines at these terminal points of the Union Pacific, and for this service the Union Pacific agreed to pay Peavey & Co. 1¼ cents per cwt.

The complaining railroads alleged that the facts were that "the elevators of Peavey & Co. were not built for such purposes, and never had, to any considerable extent, if at all, thus transferred grain for the public, but were built and had been used solely and exclusively for their own use in the grain trade."

In the opinion of the original petitioners, the arrangement between the Union Pacific and Peavey & Co. gave the latter a distinct advantage over their competitors in the grain business located on other lines of railroad, inasmuch as they received, according to the petitioners, pay for handling their own grain.

The commission held that Peavey & Co. would profit unjustly by the allowance of the Union Pacific.

In its decision to-day the Supreme Court held that the order of the commission reducing the allowance for elevation to the cost of the service, namely, three-fourths of a cent, should be allowed to stand. The court also allowed to stand the so-called Peavey order of 1909, in so far as it confined the allowance to grain reshipped within ten days. Except as to these two points, the decree of the United States Circuit Court for Western Missouri in regard to the elevator charges was affirmed.

Associate Justices McKenna and Hughes dissented.

In announcing the opinion of the court to-day, Justice Holmes said that "the law does not attempt to equalize the fortunes of men."

ALEXANDRE ESTATE'S VALUE.

State Appraisement Puts It at $1,663,443—Bogert Estate, $637,800.

Two large estate appraisements will be filed with the Surrogate to-day by Deputy State Controller Julius Harburger. One is that of the late John E. Alexandre, valued at $1,663,443.60; the other is that of the late Edward Clark Bogert, valued at $637,800.19. The only bequest made for a charitable purpose appears in the will of Mr. Alexandre, and is for $5,000, to be used in paying the mortgage on St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church of this city.

Mr. Alexandre died at his Summer home, Spring Lawn, in Lenox, Mass., on Aug. 22, 1910. His death attracted considerable attention because of his desire to have his daughter, Miss Helen A. Alexandre, and Bayard C. Hoppin married before he died. When he felt that he was sinking every effort was made to hurry the arrangements, but Mr. Alexandre died before the license could be obtained.

Half of the estate left by Mr. Alexandre goes to his widow and the other half is divided between his three daughters, Helen L. Hoppin, M. Civilese Alexandre, and Anna R. Alexandre. The will directs that $50,473 shall be divided among the executors, J. Henry Alexandre, Alexander S. Webb, Jr., and J. Albert Lane.

Mr. Alexandre was one of the best-known and most successful merchants of this city. He was 69 years old at the time of his death. He was part owner of the steamship line between New York and Brazil, which was later sold to the Ward Line. Among the clubs of which he was a member were the Union, Metropolitan, and Riding.

Mr. Bogert died at his home 112 East Thirty-ninth Street, on Nov. 12, 1910. With the exception of a few small bequests his entire estate goes to his daughter, Anna Bogert. Mr. Bogert was a member of the Children's Aid Society, the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the New York Zoological Society.

The $245,000 received by the State Controller last Thursday as the inheritance tax on the estate of the late Johnston Livingston represented a total valuation of $5,880,811.09. Mr. Livingston died May 7, 1911. This big estate was disposed of as follows:

Geraldyn Redmond, son-in-law....	$100,000.00
Estelle L. Redmond, daughter.....	2,894,593.04
Colara E. de Langier-Villiers, daughter	2,886,218.05
Total............................	$5,880,811.09

The total tax exemptions was only $1,500. Nearly all the estate was in bonds, representing large investments. There was $1,324,000 worth of real estate, $38,232 worth of horses, carriages, bric-à-brac, silver, linen, &c., and $38,232 worth of furniture, rugs, books, and wearing apparel. In the National Bank of Commerce was $74,646.65 in cash.

Mr. Livingston was the President of the Nathional Express Company and a Director of the American and Aacabia Coal Company. He was 95 years old when he died at his home, 309 Fifth Avenue, on May 7, 1911. He was greatly interested in genealogical and biological research. He was a member of the New York Genealogical, St. Nicholas, and Genesee Societies, of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Union College Alumni Association, the Union, Knickerbocker, Turf, Field, and Midday Clubs, and of the Delta Phi Fraternity.

PLEAD TO GRAFT CHARGES.

Five of the Fourteen Indicted in Hudson County Appear in Court.

Five of the fourteen men who assisted in the building of the new three-million-dollar Court House in Jersey City, and who have been indicted for conspiring to cheat and defraud Hudson County, appeared before Common Pleas Justice John A. Blair yesterday in Jersey City and pleaded not guilty, with leave to withdraw and demur to the indictment.

Those who pleaded were ex-Court House Commissioners Alexander J. Clements and James P. McGovern, Hugh Roberts, architect of the Court House; Anthony Murry, who was secretary to the Court House Commissioners, and John J. Mulvaney, who was counsel to the commission. All but Mulvaney were released on $1,000 bail each. The court paroled Mulvaney in his own custody.

It is expected that the other nine indicted men will appear to plead before this week is ended.

The Bahr Collection of
Early Chinese Paintings
Bronzes and Pottery
Now on Public Exhibition
MONTROSS GALLERY
550 Fifth Avenue, above 45th Street
Gallery open week days 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Tuesdays until 10 p. m.

DENY A NEW TRIAL TO SLAYER BEATTIE

Virginia Supreme Court Upholds the Judge Who Fixed Death Penalty for Wife Murderer.

FATHER TELLS SON DECISION

His Lawyers Appeal to Gov. Mann to Commute the Sentence to Life Imprisonment.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 13.—No one except the aged, grief-stricken father knows of the scene behind the prison walls when Henry C. Beattie, Sr., to-day informed his son, Henry C. Beattie, Jr., the condemned wife murderer sentenced to the electric chair on Nov. 24, that the Supreme Court of the State had refused to grant a writ of error and a new trial. The court's decision was announced at 10:20 o'clock this morning, only a few lawyers being in attendance, as the public did not expect the decision to-day. Across the back of the petition all five of the Judges had written the one word "Refused," and the opinion, which was not written, was spoken by Judge James Keith, President, briefly as follows:

"In the case of Beattie vs. the Commonwealth, the judgment of the Circuit Court of Chesterfield, being plainly right, a writ of error is refused."

As the transcript of evidence in the case was voluminous, and the seventeen bills of exceptions filed by counsel for the defense filled twenty-five typewritten pages, the attorneys were especially surprised that no written decision was given. It was evident that the court did not consider the bills of exception of sufficient importance to justify argument.

Shortly after 1 o'clock Henry C. Beattie, Sr., went to the State Penitentiary and delivered the fateful message to his son. Prison authorities warned guards not to talk, and newspaper men were not allowed to enter the prison.

The attorneys for Beattie went immediately to the Governor's office and arranged with Private Secretary Owen for a conference with the Governor to-morrow morning. Gov. Mann, who was attending the unveiling of a monument to Northern soldiers at The Crater, declined to discuss his probable action in the matter, merely stating that he would issue a lengthy and formal statement to-morrow.

Unless the Governor issues a respite, Beattie will pay the penalty for his crime on the 24th. If a respite is granted it is expected to be for a period which will carry the execution beyond the holidays. Subsequent to the respite attorneys for Beattie will file a petition for a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment.

$200,000 FOR HOSPITALS.

Saturday and Sunday Association Hopes to Raise It This Year.

With James Speyer, George C. Boldt, and other prominent men present at a meeting of the Trustees of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association yesterday, action was taken looking toward the raising of a $200,000 fund for distribution among the forty-five hospitals which have membership in the association.

This organization, of which Robert Olyphant is President, was created in 1879 to raise funds for the hospitals through contributions received in churches and synagogues on the last Saturday and Sunday of each year, as well as by private contributions. Last year the collections amounted to $90,684, which went toward the furnishing of nearly 1,250,000 free hospital days' treatments. In view of the increased need for such free work, the Trustees of the association have decided to make an appeal for not less than $200,000, to be used under the direction of the Distributing Committee, of which Mayor Gaynor is Chairman.

Clapp Can't Greet La Follette.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 13.—Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota will be unable to preside at the reception in this city for Senator Fa Follette.

After his campaign in Michigan Senator Clapp will go directly to Washington, where the Inter-State Commerce Commission, of which he is Chairman, is to start its meetings Wednesday.

B. Altman & Co.

IN THE FANCY NEEDLEWORK DEPARTMENT

THERE WILL BE PLACED ON SPECIAL SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

BOXES AND BASKETS, COVERED WITH DAMASK OR ARMURE, AT ONE-HALF THE REGULAR PRICES

HANDKERCHIEF BOXES $1.35 GLOVE BOXES . $1.45
PIN BOXES . 1.50 LACE BOXES . 1.75
SCRAP BASKETS 2.50

NEWEST DESIGNS IN STAMPED TOWELS, CENTRE PIECES, SCARFS, PIN CUSHIONS, PILLOWS, NECKWEAR AND INFANTS' GARMENTS; CROCHET AND KNITTING YARNS AND COTTONS, AND FINISHED PIECES SHOWING NOVEL STITCHES AND COMBINATIONS OF COLORS; NEEDLES, CANVAS, ETC.

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

AT 25% TO 33⅓% LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICES FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AS FOLLOWS:

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
INITIALED . . AT $2.25 & 2.45 PER DOZEN
HEMSTITCHED . AT $2.50 & 3.50 PER DOZEN

WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
INITIALED . . AT $1.65 & 2.00 PER DOZEN
HEMSTITCHED . . AT $1.50 & 1.65 PER DOZEN
ARMENIAN LACE-TRIMMED . . AT 35c. EACH
HAND-EMBROIDERED AT 50c., 75c., $1.25 TO 3.00 EACH

WOMEN'S BLACK SILK HOSIERY
REGULAR PRICES $1.00 & 1.50 PER PAIR AT 65c. & 90c.

WILL BE ON SPECIAL SALE AT THE SAME TIME.

UMBRELLAS, GLOVES, NECKWEAR, ETC.

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE IN REGULAR STOCK

AT PRICES THAT PREVAIL THROUGHOUT THE SEASON,

WOMEN'S DOMESTIC UNDERWEAR

AS FOLLOWS:

NIGHT ROBES . . AT $1.00, 1.10 & 1.25
CHEMISES . . . AT 75c., 85c. & 1.10
DRAWERS . . . AT 50c., 68c. & 95c.
CORSET COVERS . . AT 55c., 75c. & 1.10
PETTICOATS . . AT 95c., 1.25 & 1.45
COMBINATION GARMENTS AT 1.75, 2.50 & 4.25
OUTING FLANNEL NIGHT ROBES AT 1.45, 1.95 & 2.25
PAJAMAS . . AT 1.75, 2.00 & 3.50
DRESSING JACKETS . AT 2.25, 3.50 & 6.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

1887 1911

Anniversary Week Brings
The Most Remarkable Values and Assortment of
Warm Winter Overcoats
at $15, $20, $25, $30, $35, and $40

Overcoats at each price of such unusual value that elsewhere they would sell for much more money. They are the kind of values which have made our stores famous for almost a quarter century, and which enable us to celebrate this week our 24th Anniversary, after having grown in that time from one small store to five of New York's largest and most popular clothing stores.

Among them is an immense variety of popular models and fabrics, including rough and smooth brown and gray mixtures as well as the more conservative Oxford and black. Besides a large number of full lined coats, there is a remarkable assortment of coats that are unlined, save for satin shoulders and sleeves, and which show interior or lining fabrics of plaids and stripes. Plain and belted shaggy ulsters and coats of walking lengths. English Raglans made for us by Nicoll of Regent Street, London, and others made here. Among them a wonderful assortment of unlined coats with fancy backs, including the exclusive "Brill Illuminated Back Coats" with fabric backs of plain purple, red, brown and lavender and beautiful blanket plaids.

FIVE CONVENIENT STORES.
Broadway at 49th Street
279 Broadway, nr. Chambers Street
125th Street at Third Avenue
47 Cortlandt St., nr. Greenwich
Union Square, 14th St., nr. Broadway

"Get the Habit." Go to
Brill Brothers
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

REFEREE ENDS BOUT AND SAVES GEYER

Carl Morris Has Denver Heavyweight Beaten in the Ninth Round.

The bout between Carl Morris, the Oklahoma giant, and Jack Geyer of Denver, scheduled to go ten rounds at the Olympic Athletic Club last night, came to a sudden finish after two minutes of fighting in the ninth round, when Referee Charley White waved Geyer to his corner and stopped the bout to save the Denverite from unnecessary punishment. There is little doubt but that Geyer would have been able to weather the storm to the finish had not White interfered, but he had no chance to win, and as he was badly cut about the face, the intervention of the referee was timely.

The bout was witnessed by a crowd that completely filled the clubhouse, and the number included many notables who have not been at the Olympic Club in months. Among the number was James J. Corbett, former heavyweight champion of the world, and he answered a demand from the crowd by climbing into the ring and making a speech. Corbett remarked that he was there, as most of the others, to see if there was a possible white hope in sight, and added that he hoped one of the contestants might be the much wanted person.

In their own clumsy way the pair furnished plenty of fighting during the nine rounds, but there was nothing displayed by either that savored of championship calibre. Morris, although he won, must be classed as something of a disappointment. It was expected that he would show much improved form. both physically and in ring deportment than he exhibited in his miserable début against Jim Flynn at the Garden in September. He showed neither.

He looked better last night, as far as fighting goes, but that was because he was opposing a mere novice at the boxing game, who was handicapped as regards weight, height, reach, and strength. As for boxing ability, Geyer showed as much as Morris, but he was outclassed to such an extent from a physical standpoint that he was worn down and put out of the running.

The same rolls of superfluous flesh which were in evidence around Morris's waist line in his bout against Flynn were in evidence last night. It is doubtful if he has taken off a pound since his first bout here. He was slow on his feet, showed no great power behind his punch other than his massive frame would add in the way of weight, and at times when he had Geyer in a position that called for more action to bring the bout to a quick ending he did not know what to do.

He even let Geyer do the forcing in some of the latter rounds, when the Denverite was bleeding and badly beaten. Morris closed Geyer's left eye in the second round with a stiff right jab, and the Denverite went to the end of the bout under this handicap. Morris's face, still showing slightly the effects of the terrific punching he received at Flynn's hands, puffed quickly, and at the close of the bout the left side of his face and his lips were badly swollen. He was not cut, however, as in the other contest.

From the standpoint of furnishing a possible white hope, the bout showed nothing. It simply showed that there are heavyweights whom Morris can defeat without showing any more improvement than he showed in his first tryout here after months of training. He weighed close to 240 pounds last night, or about 35 pounds more than his opponent, and had every physical advantage. But there was nothing about his work to cause any scare in the heavyweight division.

It is sixteen months since the big engineer tossed aside the overalls and set out on Johnson's trail, and he is as far from the goal to-day as he was a year ago, when he was tumbling around the ring with Mike Schreck. Geyer showed plenty of willingness and gameness, but he held the same position as a bantamweight fighting a lightweight, each being endowed with an equal amount of fistic ability. He was defeated by superior weight.

Geyer did the forcing in the opening round and Morris did little more than waddle clumsily around the ring. Hard punches were not in evidence from either, and Geyer's aggressiveness gave him the honors. In the second round Morris managed to land several short right uppercuts to Geyer's jaw in the clinches and also shot out a straight right jab which closed Geyer's left eye, at the same time taking a right to the jaw which made his head bound back. Morris had the better of the round.

In the third round, Referee White stopped the fighting and smelled Geyer's gloves, under the impression that osem foreign substance had been put on them. Geyer landed several left uppercuts in the clinches during this round, and Morris continued to use his right in the clinches. There was practically no open fighting. The round was even.

In the fourth, Morris's extra weight began to tell and Geyer began to fall behind. Morris leaned on Geyer's head and shoulders all the time, sending in an occasional uppercut. He appeared slow and tired, but managed to gain the honors for the round. The fifth furnished the most action of any chapter of the fight, both trying for the stomach. Morris was still doing the leaning stunt and Geyer was furnishinig a fine support. At the order to break Geyer would try to back away, but Morris generally followed. The round belonged to Morris.

From the beginning of the sixth round to the end of the fight the going was about the same. Morris, leaning over Geyer, and landing short jabs in the clinches, was gradually tiring the Denverite out. The big fellow's extra weight told heavily, and Geyer was pushed around the ring as if he had been a middleweight. He found trouble in reaching Morris with his swings, but was able to take all Carl had. But he was tiring fast, and Referee White did a commendable service to the Denverite when he ended the bout

BLOW TO BOXING IN ENGLAND.

Moran and Driscoll Restrained from Holding Bout at Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, England, Nov. 13.—A magistrate in the police court to-day ruled that the proposed contest between Owen Moran and Jem Driscoll for the lightweight championship of England would be a prize fight within the meaning of the law and therefore illegal. He bound Moran and Driscoll to keep the peace.

This decision is regarded in sporting circles as practically equivalent to a death blow to boxing in England unless it is reversed by a higher court to which an appeal will be taken immediately. The fight was to be held in December for a purse of $10,000.

Cross and Maloney at Fairmont.

Leach Cross, the fighting dentist, and Tommy Maloney will fight to-night at the Fairmont A. C. in a ten-round bout. The winner has been promised a match with Packy McFarland. This is the second meeting between these lightweights, and adherents of both men will turn out to find out which is the better man. It will be a battle between the east and west sides. Cross has trained faithfully for the encounter and expects to win. On the other hand, Maloney, who has been going like a house afire, is confident that he will send Cross back to the has-been class. Another bout that will act as a sort of appetizer to the big show is the six-round semi-final between Phil Cross, Leach's brother, and Kid Alberts.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Harry Forbes, the come-back star of the bantamweight division, will get a chance to show his ability at the Royale A. C., Clermont Avenue Rink, to-night, when he faces Charlie Goldman in the star bout of ten rounds. Phillie McGovern was originally scheduled as Forbes's opponent, but withdrew from the match because he could not make the weight. Goldman is strong in absorbing punishment, and should furnish the former champion with a good workout.

A ten-round bout between featherweights will feature the card of the Sharkey A. C. show to-morrow night. The principals will be Johnny Lore of the west side and Harry Thomas, the English boxer. In the six-round semi-final Battling Marshall will clash with Jeff Davis. Four four-round bouts and a wrestling match will preced the semi-final.

The Mount Vernon Sporting Club has secured Harry Forbes and Young Ketchell for the star bout of this week's show, which will be held Friday night.

CYCLISTS GOING ABROAD.

25-Mile Race at Celtic Park to Raise Money to Send Team to Stockholm.

The third meeting of the United Cyclists was held last night at 1,213 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, to devise ways and means for sending a bicycle team to the 1912 Olympic games at Stockholm to represent the United States. The various committees connected with the project have had very little time properly to present to the public the object of their organization. It was planned to hold a series of cycling events for which the proceeds will go toward defraying the expenses of the team.

It is estimated by the officials that a sum of $4,000 will be needed to defray the expenses to Stockholm, and that no time is to be lost in procuring the money. As a starter it was proposed at a previous meeting of the organization to promote a road race on the Brooklyn cycle paths, which would probably bring out a large entry and result in a financial success. The Chairman of the Arrangements Committee communicated with the Commissioner of Parks and was informed that it would be impossible to allow the races on the cycle paths for Thanksgiving Day.

They finally decided on running a 25-mile unpaced handicap race at Celtic Park on Thanksgiving Day, providing the Irish-American Park can be obtained. It was stated by the Chairman of the Olympic Committee that he had been given an option on the Celtic Park grounds if the date is open. The race is to start at Celtic Park and run over the roads, returning and racing the last few miles on the cinder path of the quarter-mile oval. Fifteen prizes will be offered for the event. The first ten will be for those finishing in the first ten places, and the other five will be fast-time prizes.

RECORD TRIALS WITH AUTOS.

Witt and Evans Reduce Former Marks on Indianapolis Track.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—In a regularly sanctioned record trial here to-day Frank Witt and Bob Evans reduced the former marks for cars of less than 160 cubic inches piston displacement. Each drove a Flanders "20." Witt's records were made in Class B stock chassis. Evans's attempt resulted in a similar demolition of the existing Class C marks. Following is a list of the new records:

Class B, (Stock Chassis,) by Witt—One mile, 0:56.80; five miles, 4:22.98; ten miles, 9:27.49; fifteen miles, 14:13.26; twenty miles, 19:00.87.

Class C, (Piston Displacement,) by Evans—Five miles, 4:26:10; ten miles, 8:53.95; fifteen miles, 13:24; twenty miles, 17:54.80.

The former records were held by Roberts and De Palma. The drivers suffering from the cold were compelled to forego trials at longer distances.

NOTES OF THE GOLFERS.

A rather unusual feature of the competitive golf season, now practically closed, is that there has not been any single golfer in the metropolitan district to come to the front more prominently than other favorites. A review of the work of the experts for the last season reveals this fact. Walter J. Travis began the season in good style by winning the chief honors at Lakewood in the Spring, defeating Fred Herreshoff in the final round after an extra hole match. Travis went through a strong field at Ekwanok in the Summer, and won again recently at Atlantic City.

On the other hand, Travis was defeated on several occasions. Those who saw his match with Gardiner White at Garden City in the Spring will not soon forget it. Over this same course a little later, Travis was eliminated in the metropolitan championship tournament, and he was beaten by Kirkby in the Apawamis final. The same player also took Travis's measure at Nassau a few weeks ago. Those who attended the amateur meeting at Apawamis in September will easily recall Travis's defeat at the hands of Jerome D. Travers. Again at Lakewood on Saturday the fact was further illustrated that the former champion is by no means invincible, failing as he did to appear as a prize winner at either medal or match play. He lost to W. W. Taylor of Ardsley in the final, both men playing sound golf.

In point of actual number of tournaments won, Gardiner White heads the list. The Oakland golfer began by winning at Garden City, and followed this up with another chief cup at Fox Hills. After losing in the Tuxedo and Apawamis tournaments, White won at Ardsley and Powellton in successive weeks. He gained his last chief cup when he beat T. M. Sherman in the final of the annual tournament at Utica. White reached the final stage at Wykagyl and Nassau, only to meet defeat. He also did his part in the Lesley Cup matches over the Nassau green, winning both foursomes with W. L. Hicks for a partner. It will therefore be seen that, including the one at Utica, White has won five tournaments, and been runner-up in two others—surely an enviable record.

Oswald Kirkby, the Englewood champion, regarded by many as the most brilliant of the metropolitan amateurs, won three tournaments. It was at Tuxedo that Kirkby succeeded in shaking off the "hoodoo" that seemed to have been following him by winning the chief cup there. A few weeks later he repeated at Apawamis, defeating Travis in the final. His last tournament success was at Nassau, where he put out Gardiner White in the decisive match. Kirkby met with ill luck in the championships, losing to Jerome Travers in the Metropolitan and the New Jersey and to Herreshoff in the National.

Travers, considering his few appearances, did remarkably well. When he entered the Metropolitan at Garden City he was decidedly "short of work," as they say, but he improved with each match, finally disposing of Kirkby on the last day. Immediately following this Travers took part in the New Jersey tournament at Englewood, sometimes called the Kirkby stronghold. Here again Travers, by a rare exhibition of resourceful play, defeated his rival in the decisive match. The Upper Montclair golfer did not appear again in this vicinity until he went to Apawamis for the National. Although not satisfied with his game, "Jerry" had enough shots left in his bag to beat Travis in the first round, and he gave the great Harold Hilton the hardest kind of a match later on.

With Travis, Kirkby, White, and Travers disposed of, the only other name to attract the eye belongs to Fred Herreshoff. Although unsuccessful as a tournament winner, Herreshoff added not a little to his already enviable reputation as a high-class golfer by his plucky uphill fight against Hilton in that memorable 37-hole match in the decisive round of the National tournament at Apawamis. Herreshoff made a good showing in several tournaments, winning the medal at Tuxedo, reaching the final against Travis at Lakewood in the Spring and losing to Kirkby at Garden City in the Metropolitan.

Other single winners during the season were John Naething in the New York Athletic Club tournament at Fox Hills, H. C. Richards at Montclair, P. H. Jennings in the Staten Island tournament at Richmond County, E. M. Wild at Wykagyl, W. R. Tuckerman at Shinnecock, Devereaux Lord, Brooklyn-Forest Park; Percy Platt at Van Cortlandt Park, and W. W. Taylor at Lakewood.

Were it not for a couple of one-day tournaments that will be held on Wednesday of this week, the competitive season would have ended with Saturday's Fall tournament at Lakewood. As it is the university golfers will gather for 36 holes of medal play at Baltursol, while the women of the metropolitan district will play for prizes over the links of the North Jersey Country Club.

DR. ROLLER WINS WRESTLING MATCH

Ivan Romanoff, Big Russian, Unable to Throw American in an Hour.

Ivan Romanoff, a gigantic Russian wrestler, failed in his attempt last night to throw Dr. Benjamin F. Roller of Seattle within the prescribed time limit of one hour, at Sulzer's Harlem River Park, thereby losing a match which has attracted considerable attention from the local devotees of the grappling game. Probably a thousand persons of both sexes witnessed the series of events. As has been shown by other so-called formidable foreign experts Romanoff displayed an entire lack of finish, apparently knowing only the rudimentary tactics of the sport, and invariably failing to do the proper thing at the right time when opportunity presented itself.

As a general thing he seemed to rely upon his immense bulk—he probably scaling 75 pounds more than Roller, who confessed to 190 pounds—in order to accomplish his purpose. The American's finesse and knowledge of the game, however, more than offset the avoirdupois of the Russian, to the end that instead of being on the defensive for the greater portion of the sixty minutes, Roller, in order to get some semblance of action, was really the aggressor more than two-thirds of the time.

Romanoff towered above his adversary when he took the centre of the mat at the call of time, and proved to be a giant in both size and strength. The men sparred, cuffed, and mugged each other for nearly fifteen minutes at Graeco-Roman style, before Romanoff forced the American to his knees. When he got his man down, Romanoff didn't know what to do, and after permitting himself to be mauled about for five minutes, Roller took a hand at the forcing tactics. Unable to get over a finishing hold, Roller rolled over and permitted the Russian to do some of the work.

At twenty-five minutes Romanoff secured a double hammerlock, which the American broke when the feeling seized him in the easiest sort of manner. Soon after this Romanoff gained a leg hold, out of which Roller swung, having Romanoff on one hip and shoulder. The bulk of the Russian told, and Roller was unable to pin him. The Russian got a crotch hold, which looked like trouble for the doctor, but the latter danced to his feet when ready.

Twenty-seven minutes after the match started Romanoff got a chancery hold and brought Roller to his knees, the latter squirming out easily. With the announcement of the half time Romanoff was doing the forcing, reaching for a further arm hold in order to get a hammerlock. He finally got a double hammer, but Roller swung around and offset the advantage. Romanoff tried for a toe hold, but Roller kicked himself free. Soon after this Roller got a good hold on one arm, and in semi-chancery threw his man over his shoulder to one hip and shoulder. but could not hold him. From this time on the Russian seem satisfied to be on the defensive. Roller tried for and got a toe hold, which made the Russian squirm. He was not strong enough to hold his man, who scrambled out of trouble.

Until within the final minute Roller was the aggressor, and although he tried every hold he knew the Russian's strength warranted his being able to get out of difficulty. The call of time found the men on their feet, with the advantage of the bout all in Roller's favor from the standpoint of work.

The police were called in after fifteen minutes of wrestling of a questionable nature in the bout between George Sandele and Fritz Mohl, with the result that the first named was escorted off the stage and out of the building. Mehmet Coudrelli, a Turkish wrestler, beat Hans Lehner in two falls, catch-as-catch-can style.

Ginty Defeats Dick Hyland.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 13.—Tommy Ginty of Scranton, Penn., defeated Fighting Dick Hyland of California in a ten-round bout before the Athletic Exhibition Company here to-night in a fight that was full of action from the start. Ginty was aggressive and forced the fighting most of the way. He split Hyland's lip in the early rounds, and in the seventh the Scranton boy, with a terrific punch, floored Hyland in a clean knockdown. This blow, however, broke a bone in Ginty's right hand, and during the rest of the bout he had to rely on his left. He worked many hard blows against Hyland's body and held the upper hand in spite of his injury.

Hayes Defeats Frankie Burns.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 13.—Grover Hayes of Philadelphia won a popular decision over Frankie Burns of San Francisco in a ten-round bout here before the Orleans Athletic Club to-night.

Draw at Malvern Athletic Club.

At the stag of the Malvern Athletic Club of the Bronx, last night, Johnny Kelly, a Harlem featherweight, and Shamus O'Brien of Yonkers, fought a slashing good ten-round bout. The final bell found both fighters on their feet and fighting hard for the lead.

"Rube" Marquard Pays Up.

Richard W. Marquard, pitcher for the New York Giants baseball team, satisfied yesterday a judgment for $141 on a promissory note, which was taken against him by default by Ray K. Sterne. The satisfaction of the judgment followed the issuance of an order of arrest against Marquard on a body execution issued by City Court Judge Delehanty. Marquard heard a Deputy Sheriff was looking for him and hurried to the office of Sterne's lawyer to pay the claim against him.

Phillies Shut Out in Havana.

HAVANA, Nov. 13.—The Almendares team to-day defeated the Philadelphia Nationals, 4 to 0.

New York Beagles Win in Virginia.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Nov. 13.—The champion silver cup for the best single hound exhibited at the annual bench show of the National Bagle Club of America, now being held at Shadwell, was to-day awarded to Juno, owned by Eugene S. Reynal of White Plains, N. Y. Governor and Adula, and Bashful and Countess, shown by Raymond Belmont of New York, captured the prize for best couple of hounds.

FOR AMATEUR CUEISTS.

Dates Set for Three Tournaments, Two to be Held in Uptown Rooms.

Three of the National amateur billiard championships have been scheduled for the season. The date and place of holding the Class C tournament at 18.2 balk line was decided upon yesterday. It will begin Monday, Jan. 15, in the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. Mark Muldaur, Chairman, and William Morschauser, David J. Martis, and H. Schroeder of the committee arranged the details for the championship, which is a new one on the list of fixtures held under the direction of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players.

In order to qualify for the Class C balk line championship division an amateur must show that he has never surpassed a grand average of 5 in tournament competition and is capable of a speed of at least 3. The contests will be of 200 points duration upon the regulation 5 by 10 table. For this championship the National Association has put up a valuable trophy, together with the usual first, second, and third, and high run and high average prizes. The entry list will close on Dec. 31 with Mark Muldaur, 419 West 115th Street.

The Class B championship tournament has been scheduled to begin Monday, Nov. 27, in Maurice Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway. Seven entries have been received by J. Ferdinand Poggenburg, Chairman of the tournament. The list includes Charles E. White, winner of the title last year; C. E. Conway, J. M. Millette, Claude Lewis, Dr. Erick C. Beck, George Clark, and Mark Muldaur. All are diligently practicing at 300 points 18.2 balk line, the length and style of the tournament contests.

The Pocket Billiards championship, the new designation for pool, will begin Monday, March 4. This tournament, like the others, will continue for two weeks. The place of holding has not been decided upon by Dr. Walter G. Douglas, William A. Tilt, and Richard Everett, the committee.

Morris D. Brown, Chairman, Henry F. Mollenhauer, Chalmers D. Colman, and Dr. A. B. Miller are planning the details of the Class A and international championships. It is probable that these tournaments will be decided in February, although the dates will largely be determined by the engagements of the two or three European experts who are expected to compete.

Brooklyn Wins Billiard Match.

Brooklyn won another victory over Boston in the National Intercity Billiard League, at Keeney's Knickerbocker Academy, in Brooklyn, last night, when Al Garnus, who represents Brooklyn, defeated Charles Warren of Boston, by the score of 50 to 44, in 119 innings. The Boston representative displayed fine form in the early part of the game, and led from the beginning up to the eighty-ninth inning. At this point of the contest, with the score 40 to 25 against him, Garnus begain to gather points rapidly, and nosed out his opponent. The Brooklyn player made the high run of four points three times, and Warren made three points twice and four points once. These players will oppose each other again this evening.

Ware Defeats English with Cue.

In the opening game of the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy last night Mr. Ware defeated Mr. English by the score of 20 to 6 in thirty-nine innings. The winner was playing at 20 points, while English had to make only 12 tallies to win. Ware's high run was 4.

Feature Events at "23d" Games.

Besides the big feature events, there will be several interesting novelty races at the games of the Twenty-third Regiment A. A., which will be held in the Armory, at Bedford and Atlantic Avenues, Brooklyn, on the evening of Nov. 25. A novelty will be shown in the "hobble" race, in which all the contestants will wear hobble skirts of the latest design. There will also be a medley race, in which the runners will hop half a lap, walk half a lap, run backward for half a lap, and run for half a lap. Both races will afford amusement. Reports from Toronto state that George Goulding, the Canadian walker is in condition for his attempt on the American three-mile record at the Twenty-third games. Goulding's appearance in Brooklyn will probably be his last in this country before he walks for the world's Olympic title at Stockholm, Sweden, next Summer. As an added attraction, there will be a match relay race between one-mile teams from the Seventy-first, Thirteenth, and Twenty-second Regiments, the first of a "round robin" series that is to be a leading feature in Military Athletic League athletics this Winter.

Navy Crews to Race at Narragansett.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 13.—Next Wednesday morning the racing crews of the ships attached to the First, Second, and Fifth Divisions of the United States Atlantic fleet, with the crews from the Naval Training Station, will race in twelve-oared cutters over a two-mile course in Narragansett Bay for the Narragansett Bay Cup, offered several years ago by Hon. Frederick P. Garretson and won at the time by the battleship Kearsarge.

Fischof Horse Is Placed in Race.

PARIS, France, Nov. 13.—Eugene Fischof's Chauvigny II. finished second in the race for the Prix de la Genais to-day at St. Ouen.

Red Sox to Train at Hot Springs.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—The Boston American League baseball team will report for its Spring training at Hot Springs, Ark., March 10, according to an announcement made to-day by John I. Taylor, one of the club owners. The new Treasurer of the club, Robert McRoy of Chicago, will start for Hot Springs within a few days to complete the arrangements. The team will remain in practice at the Spring camp until April 6, when it will go to Cincinnati for three games on April 6, 7, and 8 with the Cincinnati Nationals. As both Brooklyn and Cincinnati will train at Hot Springs there will be plenty of opportunity for practice games.

Loving Cup for "Chief" Meyers.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 13.—Citizens of Riverside, Cal., to-day presented John "Chief" Meyers, the catcher of the New York Giants, with a loving cup. The "Chief" was urged by the fans in attendance at his reception to make a speech of the home run variety, but he struck out.

BOXHOLDERS FOR GARDEN HORSE SHOW

Alfred G. Vanderbilt Gets His Old Favorite, No. 13, on Thirteenth of Month.

Robert A. Fairbairn, Chairman, announced, after a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Horse Show Association, whose annual exhibition opens at Madison Square Garden next Saturday, that reservations had been made for practically all of the boxes, among the holders being the following, with the numbers of the boxes which they will occupy:

13, Alfred G. Vanderbilt; 45, William H. Moore; 16, Frederick Bull; 37, Elbridge H. Gary; 63, Edwin H. Weatherbee; 53, William A. Read; 43, Francis L. Hine; 30, James McLean; 39, E. Francis Hyde; 9, Wright Barclay; 74, Paul A. Sorg; 62, Mr. and Mrs. George Heye; 20, Mrs. Herbert Shipman; 60, Canadian officers; 55, Joseph W. Harriman; 17, August Belmont; 14, Reginald C. Vanderbilt; 33, James Speyer; 50, F. Ambrose Clark; 64, Hamilton W. Cary; 25, Charles A. Coffin; 36, George J. Bascom; 12, I. J. R. Muurling; 67, Louis Haight; 72, Cornelius Doremus; 40, Mrs. Joel Fisher; 41, M. L. and A. C. Schwartz; 52, Robert J. Collier; 57, United States officers; 38, Walter P. Bliss, Joseph Larocque, and Charles R. Mitchell; 49, Prince Ludoire Pignatelli D'Aragon, Italy; 46, E. T. Stotesbury, Philadelphia, Penn.; 34, Sir Edward Clouston, Montreal, Canada; 15, Joseph E. Widener, Philadelphia, Penn.; 28, John A. Spoor, Chicago; 35, William Du Pont, Orange, Va.; 26, Price McKinney, Cleveland, Ohio; 21, Harvey S. Ladew, Glen Cove, L. I.; 59, H. L. Pierce, Leominster, Mass.; 42, E. S. Burke, Cleveland, Ohio; 31, W. W. Willock, Pittsburgh, Penn.; 32, Mrs. Elizabeth C. Bowen, Greenwich, Conn.; 11, Harry D. Holloway, Philadelphia, Penn.; 10, Mrs. Henry C. Tinker, Seatucket, L. I.; 19, James N. Conyngham, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; 76, John E. Madden, Lexington, Ky.; 29, Baron H. F. M. van Vooret tot Voorst, Lieut. C. H. Labouchere, and Lieut. Trapman of the Royal Dutch Hussars, Holland; and Lieut. Leon Ripet, Second Chasseurs, and Capt. van Langhendonck, First Regiment de Guides of Belgium; 22, Col. Paul A. Kenna, V. C., D. S. O., Twenty-first Lancers; Lieut. C. T. Walwyn, Royal Horse Artillery; Lieut. Geoffrey Brooke, Sixteenth Lancers, and Lieut. Walter Brooke, Yorkshire Light Infantry, all of England.

I. J. R. Muurling will give a dinner in honor of the Dutch officers at his home, 170 West Fifty-ninth Street, next Thursday evening, which the Minister to Holland will attend.

After his manager, "Jack" Donnelly, had traveled 10,000 miles within the last year in a diligent search for a match for his champion gig horse Nala, Joseph W. Harriman has succeeded at last in his quest, and he will show Belleville, which he purchased recently in Kentucky, in tandem with Nala for the first time at the Garden next week. Belleville is a bay stallion four years old, 15.3¾ hands, by Jay McGregor, 2:07¼. His dam is Pauline by Baron Wilkes. Belleville went a mile the other day in 2:09¼, and stepped a quarter in 31 seconds. He will be shown in the novice classes, single, and in pairs.

Kansas City Wins at Billiards.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 13.—J. P. Backus of Kansas City to-night defeated Stanley Kendell of Chicago, 50 to 49, in eighty-one innings in the opening game of the National Amateur Billiard League. Backus made a high run of five and Kendell nine.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Major J. H. Rice, Ordnance, to Sandy Hook proving ground, Fort Hancock, N. J., and Frankford Arsenal, Penn., on official business.

Capt. M. K. Taulbee, Porto Rico Regiment of Infantry, to Walter Reed Hospital, D. C., treatment.

First Lieut. H. W. Yemans, Medical Reserves, from Fort Wayne, Mich., and sail from San Francisco Jan. 5 for the Philippines.

Major J. E. Bloom, Commissary, retirement from active service announced.

Lieut. Col. D. E. McCarthy, Deputy Quartermaster General, to this city to attend a meeting on Nov. 20 of a board of officers.

Changes in Coast Artillery Corps.—Capt W. R. Doores, from 133d Company and placed on unassigned list; Capt. R. T. Ellis, unassigned, assigned to 100th Company; Capt. E. L. Gilmer, unassigned, assigned to Seventy-ninth Company; Capt. J. D. Watson, unassigned, is assigned to Eighth Company; Capt. W. Tidball, unassigned, is assigned to Fortieth Company, and will sail for Manila about Jan. 15 to join his company; Capt. J. R. Musgrave, from Eighth Company and placed on unassigned list, to take effect Dec. 1; First Lieut. L. R. Dice, transferred from 156th to 133d Company; First Lieut. L. Bartlett from 141st Company and placed on unassigned list; First Lieut. J. J. Grace will sail Jan. 5 for Manila; First Lieut. C. A. Mitchell, unassigned, is assigned to Twenty-seventh Company; First Lieut. J. G. Donovan, from Eighteenth Company, and assigned to Seventy-first Company, and will sail for Manila Jan. 15; First Lieut. H. Geiger, from Seventy-seventh Company and placed on unassigned list; First Lieut. A. Payne, transferred from Twenty-seventh to 141st Company; First Lieut. H. L. Muller, transferred from 134th to 156th Company; Second Lieut. J. F. Cottrell, transferred from Eighty-fifth to Eighteenth Company, and will sail Jan. 5 for the Philippines; First Lieut. T. M. Chase, transferred from 104th Company to Seventy-seventh Company, proceed to join that company.

The Navy.

Commander A. B. Hoff, on being discharged from treatment, Naval Hospital, New York, wait orders.

Ensign L. C. Stark's resignation accepted, effective Nov. 17.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Callao at Wu-Chow, Tallahassee at Norfolk, Oregon at Venice, Cal.; Chester at Marseilles, Eagle at Guantanamo, Albany at Shanghai, Mississippi at Tangier Sound, Nebraska and Georgia at Hampton Roads.

Sailed—Peoria from Santa Cruz del Sur for Guantanamo; Supply, from Shanghai for Chefoo.

Smith Gray & Co.

Frisbie Collars

Two for Twenty-five Cents

FRISBIE hand made collars give more for the money in fit, comfort, appearance and service than is yours in any other collar at the same price, and equal in every respect to most of those for which you are asked to pay twice as much. In all the Smith Gray & Co. stores today you may choose from complete assortments in which are to be found many exclusive styles.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Meriden Silver for Unhurried Choosing

You will find in the Meriden Store a remarkable array of silver. In fact, thousands of possible gifts are here spread out for your admiration and selection.

Meriden Silver has been the delight of America's families for over half a century. Its popularity increases with the years.

You will be pleased with the comfort and convenience of shopping here. Inspection is invited.

The Meriden Company

Silversmiths
(International Silver Co., Successor)
49-51 West 34th Street, New York
and 68-70 West 35th Street

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
The Standard of RYE Whiskey
Guaranteed Pure RYE Whiskey Under National Pure Food Law Serial Number 2163
NOT BLENDED
NOT ADULTERATED
SOLD ONLY IN OUR SEALED BOTTLES EVERYWHERE
NEVER SOLD IN BULK
WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO. New York N. Y

Some Mantles are Not "Welsbach"

It is true that more than half the gas mantles used are genuine Welsbach.

But some of them are not Welsbach. They are imitations—deceptively similar in outward appearance, but utterly lacking in the essential Welsbach quality—that of service.

To protect you against imitations this "Shield of Quality" is on every box bearing a genuine Welsbach mantle. Look for it.

Buy the Welsbach—for service.

The Shield of Quality
Trade Mark
Insures Welsbach Service

Sold by all Gas Companies and Dependable Dealers.

Welsbach Company

Ask your dealer for our free booklet, "Making a Gas Mantle."

BUFFALO
Ithaca
Binghamton
Scranton
NEW YORK
Lackawanna Railroad

"How many know,"
Says Phoebe Snow,
"The Shortest Route
To Buffalo?"
"May I recite?"
Says Tommy White
"I know—The Road
of Anthracite."

NEW YORK:
BROADWAY
Cor. Wall St.
Cor. Howard St.
Cor. 28th St.
Cor. 42d St.

BROOKLYN:
505 Fulton St.

NEWARK:
Broad and Market Sts.

FLUKE GOALS MAY BE BARRED HEREAFTER

Yale, Harvard, and Princeton to Make Some Agreement on Famous Play.

YALE STANDS BY REFEREES

Princeton and Andover Bounding Goals Legal, but Not According to Spirit of Football, Declare Authorities on Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—Yale, Harvard, and Princeton may make some agreement relative to counting possible field goals made by drop or place kicks that hit the ground, bound along, and finally hobble over the crossbar. The play is regarded as more of a likely possibility at Yale than it seems to be at most universities. It not only happened at both Andover and Princeton on Saturday, but it has occurred several times in practice at Yale recently.

It happened at least once at Yale during the practice of Capt. Arthur Howe in drop kicking. Capt. Howe tries from thirty to sixty goals every afternoon, and he recently noted one that fell short, but finally bounced over the crossbar on the first bound. When he brought the matter to the attention of the coaches, they thought the point too remote to act upon. Now they believe that it is time to have an undersanding upon it before the games with Harvard and Princeton.

The referees who gave opposite decisions on the play on Saturday both have the sympathy of the Yale coaches, who decline to disagree with either. The coaches agree with Mike Thompson, who declared at Andover that the goal claimed was not in accordance with the spirit of football, and with Referee Langford at Princeton, that the logic of the letter of the rules made it almost necessary for him to call the goal legal.

Walter Camp, Yale's advisory coach; Ted Coy, former head coach; Capt. Arthur Howe, and Head Coach Johnny Field to-day agreed that the goal made at Princeton was properly counted. Field expressed the opinion that the Rules Committee should frame a rule making such goals impossible in the future.

"They are not made in accordance with the spirit of football," said he. "A kick is technically completed, it seems to me, when it strikes the ground. At least it is my belief that it should cease to have power to score points after that occurs."

Ted Coy said: "There should certainly be action by the rulemakers this Winter to cover the case in the future, and I feel sure that action will be taken."

No difficulty is expected in reaching an agreement with Harvard and Princeton on the point, but some mutual understanding of treating the situation seems desirable. The play never occurred in a game played with a Yale eleven.

RULE SHOULD BE CHANGED.

Technical Victory of Princeton Does Not Seem Right, Says Dave Fultz.

If the sentiment expressed by football men yesterday is any criterion, there will be no more fluke victories like that of Princeton over Dartmouth Saturday, for the Rules Committee will undoubtedly be asked at its next meeting to change the rule governing a field goal. Even Princeton men do not like winning a game on a fluke or technicality, and De Witt's miserable kick, which hit the ground and then bounded over the posts, could not be construed a field goal in the true spirit of the play. De Witt kicked many times in Saturday's game, but the one which won the game was the worst "boot" of all.

Dave Fultz, the former Brown player, who is one of the most prominent football officials now in the game, stated yesterday that under the present wording of the rule the officials had no other alternative than allowing a field goal if the ball bounds over the cross-bar after first hitting the ground.

"This is the strict interpretation of the rule as it now stands," said Mr. Fultz, "but it seems to me that it is not right. As a matter of equity in a situation of that kind, I don't see how an accidental bound off the turf like that could be construed as being a field goal. It doesn't seem fair. At the conferences of the Interpretation Committee this thing was discussed, but the likelihood of it ever occurring seemed so remote that the committee never gave it more serious consideration than they do many other freak plays which may be imagined, but which seldom happen. It was, however, discussed, and I think the officials understood that in the event of such a play, it was to be decided according to the wording of the rule."

The rule governing a goal from the field is as follows:

"A goal from the field is made by kicking the ball from the field of play over the cross-bar of the opponent's goal in any way except by a punt or kick-off. If the ball passes directly over one of the uprights, or if, after being kicked it strikes an opponent and then passes over the cross-bar or one of the uprights, it shall count a goal."

Followers of the game have always regarded a goal from the field to be a cleverly directed kick which is booted over the bar on the fly. A player breaking through and by a high leap sometimes interferes with the ball, but not enough to affect its progress. It would, of course, be unfair not to allow a goal of this kind just because the ball happened to touch the hand of an opponent as he tried to block it. It could be a perfectly executed kick and be partially blocked in that way.

"But," as a well-known football enthusiast said yesterday, "when the poorest kind of a kick luckily hits the ground so as to bound over the cross-bars, that seems to be radically against the spirit of the play. Rules are not made so that a miserably performed kick should count because of an extraordinary fluke. Ordinarily a poor kick like De Witt's would have rolled along as kicks usually do until picked up by an opponent and run back. Any drop kick which is so bad that it hits the ground a few feet in front of the kicker doesn't deserve to be regarded as a score-producing play."

W. S. Langford, the referee who made the decision at Princeton, states that as he understood the spirit of the rule as discussed at the interpretation meetings of the officials held in this city, the goal counts. It surely is the letter of the rule, Mr. Langford believes, and according to the interpretation put on it at these meetings it was the intention of the rulemakers to allow a play of this sort to count. Whether or not such a rule is fair, Mr. Langford admits, is another question. The trouble is plainly with the rule, and it seems very probable that at the next meeting of the Rules Committee it will be changed.

In making the decision in the Exeter-Andover game on a similar play, Referee M. J. Thompson called it a touchback and wouldn't allow Andover three points on the play after an attempt by Mahan. In this decision, Mr. Thompson sought the judgment of his fellow-officials, who were Charley Young of Cornell, Gresham Poe of Princeton, and A. M. Langford, a brother of the official who made the opposite decision at Princeton. After a conference, it was decided to be against the spirit of the rule and was disallowed.

INNING FOR DROP KICKERS.

Baker Surpasses De Witt in Putting Ball Over Princeton Crossbar.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 13.—Drop kicking received more attention at Osborne Field this afternoon than in any previous football practice this season, and the men who had formerly shown some ability in this method of scoring were given a long, hard workout. De Witt, the man who originated a new kind of field goal last Saturday, made a number of tries from scrimmage formation with varied success. On several occasions he was hurried in getting the kicks away when the scrub forwards broke through the 'Varsity line. Although showing strongly in this line De Witt was surpassed by Hobey Baker, who had some rather startling success from the forty-yard line. His kicks were started more accurately, but he did not seem to have the same confidence in himself that De Witt showed in the scrimmage formations.

There was no heavy scrimmage work this afternoon, but the drill was more strenuous than the usual Monday signal practice. The forwards went through some breaking-through tactics against the scrub line and then tried to defend themselves as the scrub made an attack. The 'Varsity line from wing to wing was White, Capt. Hart, McCormick, Bluethenthal, Brown, Phillips, and Dunlap, Hammond substituting for Dunlap during half of the practice.

Capt. Hart gave the best exhibition during the offensive drill, and on several occasions was the only man to penetrate the heavy scrub defense. Ormond, who substituted at tackle late in the Dartmouth game and who had played centre up to last week, was at one of the tackle positions on the scrub team. He makes up in aggressiveness what he lacks in weight. Tom Wilson and Duff, the Tiger guards on the hospital list, were on the field to-day, but they only indulged in a jog around the gridiron that served to limber them up. Wilson seemed to be all right, but Duff moved around with a painful limp and will not be ready for much heavy work before Thursday. Much of the success of Princeton's offense next Saturday will depend on the appearance of this tandem on either side of Bluethenthal.

Pendleton remained at quarterf back on the 'Varsity this afternoon, and the present situation indicates that he will be there against Yale. Farr is going around without a cane, but his accident has weakened him considerably, and there is a question whether it would be advisable to send him into the gruelling work in the Yale game without the usual preliminary trials. Chrystie is still in the running, and the three-sided quarter back situation is still hanging in the balance. Pendleton is not in as good physical condition as at this time last season, and substitutes for the little field General may be needed.

Winants, whose specialty is drop kicking after a free catch, had a long drill at this to-day, with splendid success. Some of them were tried from the fifty-yard line, with the wind behind him, and he slipped them over the cross-bar with apparent ease. The coaches announced this afternoon that no more additions to their staff were expected this week, but the fact that at least a dozen coaches were out to-day would indicate that the men are being well taken care of.

Contrary to a custom of many years' standing the Princeton team will remain at home previous to the Yale game, and will hold Friday's practice on Osborne Field, leaving here immediately after the drill.

A strenuous scrimmage is planned for to-morrow, with the 'Varsity getting the long end of the offensive work.

Michigan Getting Ready for Pennsy.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 13.—Afternoon and evening practice, at least the three scrimmages, the tryout of two new men selected from the scrubs, and hard, steady work to perfect new trick plays, and Coach Yost's new evolutions of the forward pass, is the football programme for the coming week, which the Michigan squad must complete before playing Pennsylvania on Ferry Field next Saturday. Yost to-day took Peterson and Wyman from the scrubs, hoping to make a regular lineman out of the former and a substitute half back of the latter. Barring more injuries, Michigan will face Pennsylvania with a stronger line-up than that which played Cornell, for it seems certain that Craig will be able to play, and it is probable that Quarterback McMillan will be ready. McMillan's absence, cost the Cornell game, is what many Michigan supporters claim.

Stagg to Shake Up Chicago Eleven.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Coach Stagg promises a vigorous shake-up and a week of strenuous football training for the University of Chicago eleven in preparation for the game with Cornell next Saturday. Poor tacklin and blocking, slowness with the open-field tactics, and inadequate defense are a few of the faults Coach Stagg will attempt to remedy during the next few days. Several shifts in the Chicago line-up are expected when the team plays Cornell Davenport, who made some brilliant runs against Northwestern University last Saturday, may have a regular place in the back field. Scruby probably will go back to right end and Canning will return to his regular position at right guard.

The wind's been whistling "Overcoats"—so we join the chorus with coats made in several different ways.

Long coats with belted backs.

Shorter coats with plain backs.

Coats with raglan shoulders.

"Double texture" cloths.

Imported tweeds and cheviots.

The best of American cloths.

Besides all the regular coats which many men prefer year after year—in a wide variety of Oxfords and blacks, starting at $18.

Fur coats on the horizon.

Fur outside coats—$25 to $150.

Fur lined coats—$50 to $500.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St

FREE LECTURE AND DEMONSTRATION
OF EXTREME HIGH-SPEED
PHOTOGRAPHY
AT NIGHT
Exhibiting the absolutely new flashlight
Attachment to the MULTI SPEED SHUTTER
Murray Hill Lyceum
160-164 EAST 34TH STREET
TUESDAY, NOV. 14TH, AT 8 P. M.
COME AND BRING YOUR FRIENDS.

MOD. [redacted] NO. [redacted]
COMPLETELY REBUILT AT FACTORY
DAYTON, OHIO. [redacted]
SOLD SUBJECT TO THE SAME
GUARANTEE AS NEW PRODUCT.
THE DAYTON MOTOR CAR Co
DAYTON, OHIO. U.S.A.

The above is a reproduction of plate attached to every car that is factory rebuilt by us, giving model, number, and date same was rebuilt. With the above guarantee you are perfectly safe in buying a used car, 1909 and 1910, 30-40-50.

Cars in all types of bodies at half the original cost.

USED CAR DEPT., STODDARD MOTOR CO.,
225 West 57th St.

COLD WAVE PUTS LIFE IN YALE'S ELEVEN

No Injuries or Staleness in Eli's Camp—Drill in Princeton Plays.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—The cold wave has upset all plans in the Yale football camp, and it has done in twenty-four hours what the trainers demanded three days to accomplish. It has rounded every player into such splendid fighting condition that all the first-string men clamored for work this afternoon and were given ten minutes of scrimmaging and more than two hours' signal rehearsal and coaching on the gridiron. Including a blackboard talk in which the coaches called the attention of the players to happenings on Princeton and Cambridge battlefields last Saturday the squad spent fully three hours with the coaches.

Only one of the regulars who faced Brown on Saturday was not present to-day, Full Back Dunn. He was detained by recitations, and Reilly officiated in his place. There were no injuries received Saturday, and the 'Varsity showed no trace of staleness. The scrubs were given the Princeton attack, but it failed to make progress. The 'Varsity scoring machine, given a couple of new plays by Chief Field, failed also to score in the short playing period.

Ex-Capt. Tom Shevlin was not present, but the veteran Walter Camp, Ted Lilley, Pa Corbin, and Ted Coy, head coach last year; Harry Holt, and Abbott, 1903, joined the resident coaching squad. Coy was in uniform and lifted some spirals aloft to bother the backs, who had a long session catching punts. Under his tutelage young Walter Camp vastly improved in direction of kicks. Five elevens were on the gridiron to-day.

While the 'Varsity gave its attention to the scrubs to-day, the third and fourth teams battled and the fifth went over to the freshman gridiron and hammered away at the freshmen, who go to Cambridge to tackle Harvard, 1915, next Saturday. Every eleven on the gridiron had a distinct 'Varsity coach, including Dr. Brides, Kistler, Buck Morris, and Springer Brooks.

It was learned to-day that Fred Daly, Captain last year, spent yesterday with the coaches. Daly will finish his duties at Williams College next Saturday and come to Yale on Monday to help the coaches put the eleven into shape for the Harvard game.

Ted Coy's presence has delighted Head Coach Field. Coy's coaching of young Camp on the swinging end runs was shown Saturday. Coy intends to get into the scrimmaging to-morrow with the scrubs. Field, Brides, Kistler, and Morris may all join for a time to demonstrate Princeton plays.

Perry, tackle, and Merritt, quarter back, were both in the signal drill to-day. Both will scrimmage in practice this week and may get into the Princeton game. With the possible exception of full back, no more changes are expected in the eleven.

SIGNAL DRILL IN STADIUM.

Harvard 'Varsity Let Off with Light Work—Haughton Talks of Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 13.—Harvard's regular football players who have had an easy time of it since they played the Tigers at Princeton nine days ago, were not called on to do any hard playing this afternoon. Their long signal drill in the stadium was prefaced by a lengthy blackboard demonstration by Head Coach Haughton, who missed the Indian fireworks, being at New Haven, from where he returned with the impression that Yale has a mighty good team, which he "made no bones" about admitting.

There was a short scrimmage between the 'Varsity men and the substitutes, but it involved the usual work on plays, and there was no hard playing or tackling. Before Harvard meets Dartmouth, though, the 'Varsity will have some regular football. The second team worked until dark this afternoon on the plays that Dartmouth uncovered against Princeton, and these will be put on against the 'Varsity by the scrubs this week.

The signal drill for the 'Varsity to-day lasted an hour, and in it Capt. Fisher had the men who doubtless will be in the first line-up on Saturday against Dartmouth. Fisher to-day was at guard, where he played for twelve minutes in the Carlisle game. Fisher did not play at tackle at all, and says that he now considers that his team will be stronger if he remains at guard and uses Jencks at right tackle. Jencks played throughout the Carlisle game and his work was better than earlier in the season.

The coaches had counted upon Keyes developing at right guard, but unless he is being held under cover the right wing will comprise Fisher, Jencks, and O'Brien when Harvard goes against Dartmouth, and very likely the same against Yale. The line-up to-day was: Smith, left end; Hitchcock, left tackle; Leslie, left guard; Storer, centre; Fisher, right guard; Jencks, right tackle; O'Brien, right end; Gardner, quarter back; Reynolds and Wendell, half backs; Huntington, full back.

Gardner went to New Haven with Percy Haughton on Saturday, having previously seen Yale and West Point play. While Potter will start the Yale game Gardner is the quarter back expected to be able to stand the hardest football. Sam Felton, the regular end and also the best kicker Harvard has, was out this afternoon, but did nothing excepting run about the field. Wednesday he will be allowed to kick a little, and while he may be in the line-up against Dartmouth, it is unlikely that he will play the entire game. Tommy Campbell is ready to play again and will be available Saturday. Aside from the possibility that Campbell may displace Reynolds at left half back Harvard's line-up for its two remaining games will be as announced above.

After the Carlisle game a report was circulated that Capt. Fisher used his regular men in the fourth quarter of the game against the instructions of the head coach. Capt. Fisher to-day denied the report emphatically. Fisher says he was in charge of his own team Saturday and that it had not been planned to hold the regulars on the side lines all afternoon, but to send them all in if it was thought advisable and necessary, and both these conditions existed after the end of the third period in that game.

There is much interest in the match between Yale and Harvard freshmen, which will be played at Cambridge on Saturday. Harvard beat the Princeton youngsters 12 to 0, while Princeton's and Yale's freshmen teams played a tie game. The Harvard freshmen have won all of the games they have played this Fall and have not been scored against. Most of their points have been scored on Brickley's touchdowns and his many field goals.

Victory for University of Texas.

HOUSTON, Tex., Nov. 13.—The University of Texas football team to-day defeated the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College eleven in football by the score of 6 to 0.

90%
OF NEW YORK'S WELL-DRESSED MEN USE NECKWEAR OF THE SAME QUALITY AS WE SELL. THEY PAY 50c., 55c. and 65c. FOR IT.
Examine the
Kaiser Neckwear
H. B. Kaiser, Inc.
(35c each) 3 for $1.00 (35c each)
On Sale at Our Seven Stores:
45 Nassau St. 30 Cortlandt St.
99 Nassau St. 313 Broadway.
*1245 Broadway *1341 Broadway.
*35 West 42d Street.
Largest Retailers of Up-to-Date Neckwear in the World.
*These Stores Open Evenings.

COLD UPSETS CORNELL PLANS

Coaches Forced to Engage in Only Light Practice for Chicago Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 13.—The cold wave changed the plans of the Cornell football coaches this afternoon and instead of having a scrimmage, they were forced to send the men through simple punting practice and a short signal drill. The coaches had planned to start this short week, the team leaving for Chicago on Thursday evening, with a hard scrimmage and long drill, in which some of the new plays that have not yet been uncovered would be given their first real trial, but the weather interfered, and as a result it will probably be necessary for the team to hold several night practices in the Armory this week.

The squad is in good condition. There were no serious injuries in the Michigan game, in which Cornell made only one substitution. This proves that physically the Cornell players are coming around into good condition rapidly and the coaches decided to take no chances on having any more injuries this Fall. Munk and Champaign, the last two of the 'Varsity men, who were laid up by injuries, have completely recovered. Hawkins, the substitute right half back, is nearly well.

It was learned to-day that the reason why Butler's kicking was poor on Saturday, was because of an injury received early in the game. It bothered him sufficiently to take away his almost perfect accuracy with which he has put the ball over all year. After a day's rest, however, he showed up in good trim.

The coaches were joined to-day by Dud Wilder, former full back, one of the greatest line masters and punters that ever wore the Cornell uniform. He will be here for the rest of the week, and it is expected that his coaching will help develop a more powerful attack by the back field. This is now recognized as the big problem at Cornell. In the Michigan game, Cornell gained only one first down by actual rushing, though Michigan gained a large number of yards at various times in the game through the line. Whyte and O'Connor are fast and clever half backs, but neither is especially powerful, while Underhill, the big full back, does not bend low enough to make much progress as a line smasher. With Wilder to help him, it is possible that Underhill's offensive work, which showed fair promise in the Michigan game, may be strengthened materially, while both half backs are also expected to improve.

N. Y. U. Scrimmages with Clinton.

The De Witt Clinton High School team was at Ohio Field yesterday afternoon to scrimmage with the New York University eleven. Contrary to his plans, Coach Olcott called some of the first-string men out and had them practice punting and catching the ball, although the scrimmaging was confined to the scrubs and third-string men.

Moore and Comfort of the 'Varsity were out early and gave special attention to getting away punts, a point which has proved a weak spot of the New York team all season. The ends were coached in catching the punts and getting started with the ball.

The injury to Ellife's back, which was thought to be serious, has progressed very favorably, and it is probable that the big half back will be able to put on a uniform to-day. Capt. Brennan is bothered with a pulled tendon and can walk only with the greatest difficulty. The chances are that he will be unable to start in the Wesleyan game on Saturday.

The scrubs scrimmaged with the Clinton team for over forty minutes yesterday, and they were drilled hard on the Wesleyan formations, so that they can use them against the 'Varsity to-day. Miller and Scott of the second team showed up very strongly, and it is possible that they will be given a chance on the 'Varsity to-day. The High School of Commerce eleven will be at Ohio Field to-day, and a long, hard drill will be in order for the New York team.

Indians Have Day of Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Pa., Nov. 13.—Easy football practice was held by the Carlisle Indians on Indnan Field here this afternoon. Glenn Warner told his men thatt hose who had played last Saturday, and this included four elevens who played three games, in all of which they were victors, that they would be excused from everything but limbering up exercises of the lightest order. The lay-off was fully appreciated. Welch, the remarkable quarterback, is recovering from his sprained back nicely, while Capt. Burd is again in fairly good shape. The compliments over their playing in the Harvard game that have poured in from all quarters have not seemed to affect the native Redskin modesty. Most of the players bear slight bruises and there is quite a number who havefrom ten to fifteen sore spots on their bodies. The Indian practice will hardly be worked up to stiff proportions until about Wednesday afternoon, when through the discontinuance of the Indian-Dickinson scrimmage, which has been cut out because neither team could afford to risk injuries, it will be necessary for the 'Varsity team to scrimmage against the second eleven.

Sprackling Praises Yale Team.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—Praise for YYale's sportsmanlike play is given in the Yale Daily News to-day by Capt. Sprackling of Brown, who says:

"I think the team is remarkably strong on end running, and if the line-bucking can be developed to a like degree the team will be finished. One of the best features was the way the line got down under kicks. The tackling, too, was very hard. Harvard is pretty even on the defense, but the Yale team ecels on the attack. On thing I might add is that in the necessity of defeat I should prefer to be beaten by Yale than any other team, for they are all a set of sportsmanlike gentlemen."

Navy Championship Game To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 13.—Lieut. W. S. Pye, U. S. N., athletic officer of the Atlantic fleet, has made all arrangements for the fleet championship football match to be played between teams from the battleships Idaho and flagship Connecticut, for the championship of the fleet and a cup offered by R. Livingston Beeckman. The match is set for next Wednesday in Newport.

Reaa Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, with many of the officers and enlisted men of the warships and naval stations and citizens of Newport will attend. The bands from the ships will play during the game. The Idaho's team arrived from the League Island Navy Yard at Philadelphia to-day in charge of Ensign Robertson, the team coach. They practised at the training station and showed up well. Midshipman Richards, coach of the Connecticut's team, had his ment out for practice at Fort Adams.

Syracuse Anticipates 25,000 Crowd.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 13.—Saturday next has been designated as "City Appreciation Day" by the Mystique Krewe, the purpose of which is to fill the huge stadium at the Syracuse-Carlisle Indian football game. Thousands of tickets have already been disposed of and early indications are that the contest will be witnessed by at least 25,000 persons. The Syracuse team is stronger than at any time this season, and its supporters believe the redskins will be held to a small score.

AERO CLUB PLANS AVIATION DISPLAY

Elaborate Show for Grand Central Palace—Blair Succeeds Ryan as President.

The Aero Club of America plans to enlarge its sphere in aviation circles. At the annual meeting of the organization last night at the clubhouse, Forty-first Street and Madison Avenue, it was announced that the club will hold a great aeronautic show, May 9 to 20, at the new Grand Central Palace, which will be fashioned after the successful Paris aero salons. It was also announced that the club has under consideration aeronautic competitions on a scale and of a nature so far not seen in this country.

Secretary G. F. Campbell Wood sails this morning on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie to represent the United States at the annual meeting of the International Aeronautic Federation at Rome, Nov. 25 to 30. Secretary Wood will be joined in Paris by Edgar W. Mix, who will accompany him to Rome. After the Federation meeting Secretary Wood will visit Vienna, Berlin, Paris, Amsterdam, and London to procure exhibitors for the Aero Club show. He expects to interest the aero clubs in addition to the manufacturers of machines and aeroplane accessories.

The growth of the club during the last year has been phenomenal, the individual membership growing from 390 to 540, an increase of nearly 40 per cent. The affiliated clubs now number twenty-four, and have shown great activity and a more earnest support of the club and all it stands for in aeronautics than in any previous year.

In international competitions the club's representative recaptured the International Aviation Championship Trophy, Mr. Weymann defeating representatives of four nations, while the balloon championship was lost to Germany. Secretary Wood will take the balloon trophy to Europe with him. The club has won five out of nine international balloon cup races.

Several important changes were made in the by-laws and constitution. A new class of membership has been added for commissioned officers of the army and navy. The new members will be similar to non-resident members.

The annual election of officers resulted in several changes. Allan A. Ryan, whose energetic work resulted in the building up of the club, declined re-election to the Presidency and Robert J. Collier was elected to succeed him. Resolutions of thanks were passed, eulogizing the services of Mr. Ryan. In the other offices James A. Blair, Jr., succeeds Cortlandt Field Bishop as First Vice President, Major Samuel Reber, U. S. A., becomes Second Vice President in place of Dave Hennen Morris, and Harold F. McCormick of Chicago succeeds Mr. Blair as Third Vice President. For the office of additional Vice President Henry A. Wise-Wood was elected.

Robert J. Collier, William W. Miller, and Dave H. Morris were re-elected to the Class A Board of Governors, and the four new Directors added to this class are G. F. Campbell Wood, Charles E. Knoblauch, and W. Redmond Cross. With the exception of one member, the Class B Board of Governors was re-elected, which includes Russell A. Alger, Jerome H. Joyce, Albert B. Lambert, Harold F. McCormick, Dr. A. F. Zahn, Rodman Wanamaker, A. Lawrence Roche, and George M. Myers, the latter succeeding H. Lat Twining.

It was decided to increase the resident membership to 750. This number may be increased from time to time by the Governors to not exceeding 1,000. The initiation fee for non-resident members was reduced from $50 to $25, and only persons whose place of residence is more than fifty miles from New York shall be eligible for non-resident membership.

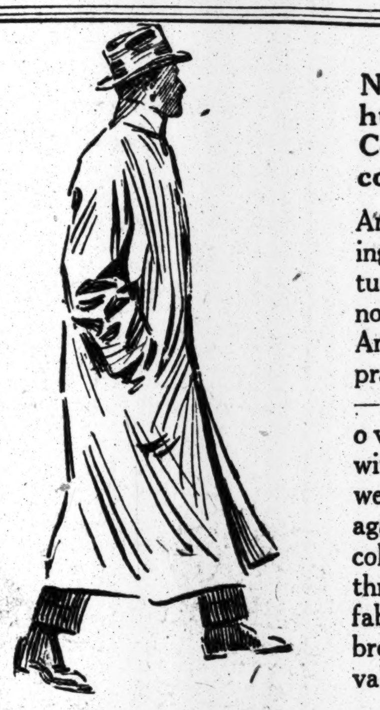
Dr. Paul A. Gans of Germany, who will pilot the dirigible balloon Suchard from Europe to the United States, was a guest of the club, and after the election delivered an address in which he outlined his plans for the transatlantic trip.

Navy Cripples in Game Again.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 13.—Cheered by the return of all excepting one of the crippled members of the squad, the Naval Academy team resumed practice to-day. It is generally understood that the team must round into form this week if it is to enter the Army game next Saturday a week with an even chance of winning. Of the back field men Nichols, Howell, and McReavy were in the practice this afternoon, and Davis, one of the best candidates for tackle early in the season, again appeared to be fit after a month's absence due to a sprained knee. Though Howell is in shape to play, the coaches think well of Gilchrist's work at quarter back, and he will probably retain the place. Next Saturday's game against Pennsylvania State College will be a true test, as Gilchrist has not played the quarter back position against a team of much strength. He carries the ball better than Howell, and handles it well, considering his lack of experience. The brigade is raising $5,000, which will be bet on even terms against the cadets at West Point on the outcome of the game to be played on Franklin Field on Nov. 25.

"Ah!"
COOK'S
IMPERIAL
EXTRA DRY
CHAMPAGNE
Served Everywhere



Ninety-nine out of every hundred men who see our Convertible Collar Overcoats at $16.50 buy them.

And the hundredth, after scouring the whole city, frequently returns to get one, saying he could not find their equal for the price. And 'tis no wonder—for a more practical coat was never designed—it's really a double-service overcoat—smart and dressy, with collar open and flat in fair weather—and a great protection against the elements with the collar buttoned high at the throat, military fashion. The fabrics are bright-toned greys, browns and tans, exceptional values at $16.50.

We Give Double "S. & H." Stamps until noon—Single Stamps after noon.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

$1,000 FROM CHICAGO A. A.

Swells Olympic Athletic Fund and Expects to Give $4,000 More.

Everett C. Brown, President of the Amateur Athletic Union, has notified Secretary James E. Sullivan of the American Olympic Committee that at a recent meeting of the Chicago Athletic Association Board of Governors the sum of $1,000 for the Olympic Fund was subscribed, and a special committee of the club was also appointed to solicit subscriptions from the members of the club, and it is expected that at least $5,000 will be sent to Treasurer Julian W. Curtiss from the Chicago A. A.

Mr. Brown has also taken up the question of the appointment of special Olympic committees in Minneapolis, St. Paul, and other cities in the Central Association of the A. A. U. Great interest is being taken throughout the Middle West in the collection of this fund, and it is confidently expected that at least one-half of the amount asked for will come from the Middle West.

Limousine Bodies
For Immediate Delivery

We have bodies ready for the following chasses:

Alco
Locomobile
Marmon
National
Packard
Peerless
Pierce-Arrow
Stevens-Duryea
Stearns
Stoddard-Dayton
Thomas
Benz
Clement-Bayard
Delaunay-Belleville
Fiat
Hotchkiss
Isotta
Itala
Mercedes
Napier
Panhard
Renault

A Limousine Body by Schildwachter will double the pleasure and use you have of your car.

The name Schildwachter has stood pre-eminent for almost three score years for carriage body building of the highest class.

Schildwachter 1912 Limousine and Landaulet bodies attain in every way to our long-established reputation for style, symmetry and for painstaking care in every detail of construction and finish.

Schildwachter prices are extremely reasonable when Schildwachter quality is considered.

Bodies made to fit any chassis.

Will you permit our representative to call with sketches and photographs? Or—if you prefer—will you see the bodies themselves at our showrooms or factory?

Schildwachter Carriage Company
Established 1867
Showrooms:
249, 251, 253 West 57th St., at Broadway
Telephone 4818 Columbus
Factory:
128th St. and Park Ave.
Telephone 4390 Harlem

Automobile Exchange
Reaches a large audience of men and women interested in motor cars. They represent great purchasing power.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

AUTOMOBILE OUTLET CO.
Over 100 high-grade used cars; every desirable make; not being on expensive Broadway, and under light expenses, prices here average one-third less than others ask; touring cars, $250 to $1,500; runabouts and roadsters, $200 to $1,500; a few taxicabs, limousine, and landaulets, $500 up; if you want a real bargain, come where low prices are possible; cars sold for owners on 5 per cent. commission; no storage or other charges; prompt payments; high-class bank and business reference. 334-340 West 44th St., between 8th and 9th Avs. Phone 5738 Bryant.

AUTOS—BIG SALE "WINTER CARS."
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment "Par Excellence."
FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
From $100 to $2,000.
ONLY HOUSE WITH CITY FACTORY.
Examinations invited. Exchanges effected.
Demonstrations Cheerfully Given.
TIRES—Big, Fresh Stock, 50% Off.
☞ Not "Junk," But All Best Makes.
BROADWAY AUTO EXCHANGE,
L. C. JANDORF, Pres.,
1,759 to 1,765 Broadway.
Entrance at 1,761, between 56th and 57th.

AUTOMOBILES AND BODIES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.; used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; if you want to sell your car quickly bring it here.

Packard 30 h. p. limousine	$1,200
Studebaker 30 h. p. limousine	900
Stoddard 40 h. p. 7 pass. touring	500
C. G. V. 20 h. p. touring	600
1911 30 h. p. Stoddard roadster	1,000
1911 28 h. p. Stoddard toy tonneau, fore door	1,000
1910 30 h. p. Stoddard toy tonneau, fore door	850

Used Car Dept. Stoddard Motor Co., 225 W. 57th.

ATTENTION!
Maxwells, Hupmobiles, Reos, Mercers, Pierce-Arrows, Stearns, Columbias, and Thomas cars; touring, limousine, landaulettes, and runabouts, Maxwell and Columbia, used car department. Manufacturers' Rebuilding Co., second floor, 3, 5, 7 West 61st St.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY.
Bargains in high-grade used cars, including Simplex, Lozier, Thomas, Speedwell, Palmer-Singer, American Traveler, Chalmers, Darracq, Alcos, with open and closed bodies; guaranteed; several chasses suitable for 1,000-pound trucks.
1,886 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 5300.

Delauney-Belleville landaulet, for a town car or taxicab; very reasonable; also used and rebuilt Stevens-Duryea models at most attractive figures; call or write.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.,
1,875 BROADWAY.

Packard, 18 H. P. 1909 Landaulet.
Packard, 18 H. P. 1909 Limousine.
Renault, 20-30 H. P. 1907 Landaulet.
Renault, 20-30 H. P. 1905 Limousine.
Sanford, 'Phone Bryant 1381, 46 W. 43d St.

Bargain.—See my stylish inside drive coupe body car; just right for all kinds weather; has 40 H. P. full equipment, demountable rims; must sell quick. Russell, 1,074 Broadway.

LIMOUSINE BODIES at AUCTION PRICES.
Closing Out—250 at $75, $150, $250, etc.
100 NEW Bodies; ½ Others' Prices.
124, 126, 128, 130 West 56th St.

Model S-F, seven-passenger Stoddard-Dayton; fully equipped; engine just overhauled; new magneto; $800. Monroe Auto and Repair Company, 202 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

Packard fitted with touring and limousine bodies; a rare bargain.
USED CAR DEPT. STODDARD MOTOR CO.,
225 West 57th.

Big values rebuilt cars, our own and other high-grade makes, 4, 5, and 7 pass. Investigate before buying. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Thomas Town Car, refinished, appointment excellent. Sold under new car guarantee at low figure. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

50 H. P. Landaulet. Sacrifice for $550. Will demonstrate to interested parties. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Limousine and landaulette bodies, new and second hand, for sale; bodies fitted and painted. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

For Sale—Inclosed Columbia electric; double motorless battery; $175. PAUL'S GARAGE, 165th St. and Jerome Av.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL Makes Bought, Sold & Exchanged Times Square Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

SCUDDER, E. T. & Co. All makes. 1777 B'way. Phone: Columbus 9330.

"SIMPLEX" "Made in N. Y. City," 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.

WHITE White Co., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Auto Car Sales Co., 428-430—435-437 W. 19th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SPLITDORF-MAGNETO Walton Av. & 138th St. Branch, 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

BEDFORD Y. M. C. A.
Automobile School, Brooklyn—Special afternoon and evening classes now forming for chauffeurs, owners, mechanics, truck drivers, and salesmen. Write for our new illustrated booklet and for free ticket to lecture and trial lesson, 1,123 Bedford Av., corner Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $15.
We GUARANTEE the best shop course and LONGEST road lessons in this city. Be SURE to VISIT the International School of Automobile Engineers, 147 E. 40th St., near 3d Av., (Established 1905.)

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.
Individual road work. Small shop classes. Booklet, 305 West 57th St.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARDS FOR HIRE
Perfectly appointed Touring and Limousines, hour, day, month; special rates Theatres, steady customers.
TELEPHONE 8096 SCHUYLER.

Renault, Packard cars by hour, day, week, or month; low rates. The Harlem Auto Co., 1,770 Madison Av. 'Phone 804 Harlem.

For Hire.—Renault limousine, by the month, with liveried chauffeur. Sanford, 46 West 43d St. 'Phone 1381 Bryant.

Big Packards; regular customers, $2.50-$3.50 hour. Sundays, $1 extra. Telephone Murray Hill 610.

Packards.—Powerful, magnificent, 7 passengers, $3 to $4.50 hour. Telephone Murray Hill—91.

For Hire—Elegant touring car, $20 per day. 'Phone 3605 Morningside, Apartment 6D.

Will rent Cadillac town car by month, including chauffeur, for $300. L 100 Times.

BEAR ROBES.

Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 148 East 39th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

TIRE BARGAINS.—We are offering among other bargains a "First" grade tire at greatly reduced prices, and upon addition of 20 per cent. will give full guarantee; this, however, is optional and not the main thing, which is the fact that here is an opportunity to get "firsts," fresh, live, new stock at HALF PRICES. For example:

28x3	$9.75	32x4	$18.00
30x3½	13.75	36x4	24.00

and all sizes between and beyond these figures at HALF REGULAR prices.
TUBES, all sizes, $1.75, $2.00, and $2.50.
TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO.,
1,710 Broadway, 54th St.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office	Times Square
Downtown	15 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem	263 West 125th Street
Bronx	149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn	343 Fulton Street
Staten Island	8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City	47 Vernon Avenue
Jersey City	415 Fuller Building
Hoboken	94 Hudson Street
Newark	794 Broad Street
Paterson	236 Main St.
WASHINGTON	Post Building
PHILADELPHIA	Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO	122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON	2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS	34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN	60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month; Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 14, 1911.

THE CHINESE ANTI-TRUST LAW.

We commend to the diligent study of men of affairs in this country the Chinese law relating to what we childishly call restraint of trade, to monopoly, competition, and unfair business practices. We commend it because this statute does not concern itself with chaff and husks and unessentials, but goes straight to the kernel of the matter. It has nothing to say about capitalization, about the magnitude of corporations or of their business. It wastes no time over evils in form, but strikes directly at the evil in fact. It prohibits what must always and everywhere be harmful to business. These are the provisions of this admirable statute which relate to that class of subjects which has given us such a world of trouble:

> Those who deal with merchants unfairly are to be beheaded.
>
> Those who interrupt commerce are to be beheaded.
>
> Those who attempt to close the markets are to be beheaded.
>
> Those who maintain the prosperity of commerce are to be rewarded.

While we should regret to see this discussion clouded by mawkish sentimentality, we will admit that much might be said about the penalty of decapitation. Unquestionably it is severe. On the other hand, we may point out that it is permanently effective so far as the immediate transgressor is concerned, and that it would be deterrent in respect to others. But that is a detail. We should be willing to see substituted some penalty more in accord with our Western notions.

But the solid merits of this law shine forth on the very first reading of its provisions. No lawyer drew it, no legislative body was permitted to mess up and muddle its primal perfection. This statute sprang in the form of a decree from the brain of Gen. LI YUAN KUNG, the commander of the rebel army of Hu-Peh. He proclaimed it in the eighth moon of the 4,609th year of the Hwang Dynasty. We say in all seriousness that this is an admirable statute. Brief as it is, it is a working body of law for the regulation of trusts and combinations. What it prohibits is unfair dealing, practices that honest merchants everywhere condemn. It is the essence of the common law, which sprung out of the practices of business men. It is business conscience concentrated and formulated. Under that decree the unfair dealing which puts undue restraint upon competition would cause the offender to lose his head. The interruption of commerce or the closing of markets by unfair covenants, by bargains that drive competitors out of trade, is prohibited. We do not attach so much importance to the clause decreeing rewards to those who maintain the prosperity of commerce. Commerce in this country, at least, will take care of itself if left to itself, the Government interfering only to put a stop to what is improper and dishonest. While we think that a motion to substitute the General's decree for the first and second sections of the Sherman act ought by all means to be seconded and considered with deliberation and an open mind, we are not disposed to press the question just now. We submit, however, that the conspicuous soundness and merit of Gen. LI's anti-trust law entitle it to study and attention in this country.

TRAINING FOR PUBLIC SERVICE.

Mrs. HARRIMAN and her associates in planning for systematic instruction and training for public service, especially municipal service, have undertaken a work of prime importance in an enlightened manner. The administration of a city is but the administration of a corporation, and the larger the corporation the more the need for trained and intelligent men to conduct its business. This is the basic principle of the reform in the civil service which has made such solid progress in the last twenty years, the reformers striving for the conduct of public business as business and not as a field for party favoritism and private spoil. With the growth of cities and the increasing complexity of their affairs it becomes necessary not only that men shall be selected on a better test than mere politics, but that they shall have direct and specialized training in their work.

The Bureau of Municipal Research, whose officers will have charge of the initiation of the new system, has done excellent work, not only in the thorough investigation of facts but in the suggestion of improvements, and it is in this line that the new enterprise will be conducted. The provision of $40,000 a year for five years will be ample to establish the enterprise on a sound footing, and at the end of that time we are confident that it will be continued and expanded. Its influence will be progressive, for every example of a competent and skillful man at work will arouse attention and stimulate demand for more. The influence of the institution will not be confined to this city, or to cities at all, but will be felt throughout the Nation. Apart from the immense benefit that the scientific and practical organization of instruction in efficiency will confer on the public it will tend strongly to develop a new career for able men of good character and thus to advance the standard of private as well as public life.

THE RIOTERS QUIETED.

Inspector SCHMITTBERGER's way of dealing with disturbers of the peace is effective. The neighborhood of Tenth Avenue and Fifty-second Street has never had such a wholesome cleaning out as he, with 200 police reserves to help, gave it on Sunday. Quiet reigned there for the rest of the day. In fact, the riotous strikers refrained from riot all day yesterday. Their theories touching the right of laboring men to cause distress and suffering to all and sundry, whenever they receive orders that are distasteful to them, cannot be put into practice when police authority is exerted in this way. More work like SCHMITTBERGER's, and there will be no more rioting.

The strikers who, through their strike, have lost employment by the city from which they could not be removed without good cause, and their standing in the classified service, and the right to pensions when retired, are said to object to night work because of the dark and because many of them cannot sleep in the daytime. There are tens of thousands of night workers the year round in this city who contrive to get their full amount of sleep and overcome their prejudice against the dark. It is more likely that the loss of the tips they were wont to obtain from complacent householders and shopkeepers inspired the strikers. But it does not matter what inspired them. Their refusal to do the city's work is their own affair. Their refusal to let others do it is more serious, and it cannot be made the subject of parley and compromise. Their riotous spirit must be suppressed by effective means, and the work of the Street Cleaning Department must be resumed and carried on with new men. Of these new men Commissioner EDWARDS had more than 1,800 at work yesterday, and working to good purpose. He expects to have as many more to-day.

THE FEDERATION OF LABOR.

The report of Mr. GOMPERS as President of the American Federation of Labor covers sixty pages of print equal to almost four newspaper pages. It discusses many of the subjects taken up in the messages of Presidents of the United States. Upon these subjects Mr. GOMPERS speaks with labor's authority, and with labor's defiance of interests of party or country when in conflict with "the high aims of our movement." Whatever those aims may be, and whatever their elevation, they array against President GOMPERS's administration the classes of the community thus catalogued in his own words:

> The college President who believes in the right of the non-unionist to work below the union scale alongside of the unionist; the editor who believes that the unionist should be always in his party, and a supporter of his interests; the politician who demands that the unionist must always vote his ticket.

The catalogue is not exhaustive. The truth is that Mr. GOMPERS upholds the interests of unionists so vigorously that he unites against unionists those who would support unionism if it stood for the welfare of all. The result of President GOMPERS's single-mindedness is that by arraying union interests against and above all other interests he unites those interests against unionism.

There is hardly a page of the report which does not supply particulars in support of this generalization. In fact, the larger part of the report is devoted to President GOMPERS's defense of policies and procedures which have been condemned by Congress and the courts and the representatives of the economic interests antagonized by Mr. GOMPERS's sort of unionism. The interests of everybody are concerned in whatever increases production of goods without increasing costs. President GOMPERS commits himself and his organization against efficiency in production just as the Government declares that the system is beneficial to it as an employer representative of the people. Probably it will not be denied that restraint of trade is as obnoxious as anything of which either capital or labor can be guilty, yet the Federation's head demands freedom to use the weapon of restraint which he wishes to wield as the leader of an army larger than that ever commanded by any General. He is against the issue of injunctions in equity by the courts, but he issues his own injunctions, which run in every State, and which, unless restrained by Government, will annul all government. He is not to be blamed for so doing, since he is required to do so by the labor constitution which he administers, and which he is so incapable of perceiving to be contrary to public interest that he admitted the facts pleaded in a boycott case, and undertook to justify them.

It will be perceived that the case against Mr. GOMPERS as a bad citizen is not matter of unsupported assertion, or of opinion, but of his own boasts, and of the decisions of courts against him. This is the character of the organization which he reports is now at the summit of its prosperity. It has $200,000 in its treasury, and disbursed almost five millions in support of strikes, that is, in support of the proposition that only unionists have rights to wages. Including the Federationists there are altogether about two million unionists in the United States. They are represented in Congress by fifteen Representatives. President GOMPERS's report may be recommended cordially for perusal by anybody who doubts what attitude he ought to take toward unionism of this sort. If he likes the report he will be confirmed in the opinions which he brought to the reading. If he does not like the report he will be confirmed in opinions distinguishing between labor and unionism, and the Federation's right to speak for the class of which it includes but a small minority.

UNDESIRABLE IMMIGRANTS.

In his annual report to the Commissioner General of Immigration, Mr. WILLIAM WILLIAMS, the Commissioner at this port, explains the need here of an appropriation of $455,000 to be expended first for the erection of a well-ventilated dormitory building, with outside verandas, for the housing of the poorer immigrants detained at Ellis Island, and secondly for the erection of another story on the restaurant building, so that cabin passengers who must be detained can be provided with decent lodgings. The sleeping accommodations for the poorer immigrants at the station are now inadequate. There are only 1,800 beds on the island, while as many as 2,000 persons are sometimes detained over night. The dormitory is ill-ventilated. Cabin passengers detained must be housed as the steerage passengers are housed. Commissioner WILLIAMS feels that the "unpleasant criticisms" to which his department is subjected are "often just."

His request for an appropriation seems perfectly proper, in the circumstances, and it should be granted. The United States Government can afford to pay the cost of the inspection of immigrants, which is so essential to the welfare of the country, and the accommodations at the Detention Station should be such as to insure decency, cleanliness, and health. Mr. WILLIAMS's report shows that more than 80 per cent. of the immigrants inspected last year, numbering 749,642, were admitted without delay. Only 13,000 of the arrivals were deported, though this number was swelled by the return of 1,500 who had been admitted and found thereafter to be unfit. The proportion of undesirable immigrants, therefore, is not large, and the exclusions never exceed 3 per cent. of the arrivals in any month. Perhaps it is true that under the existing restrictions, which apply chiefly to the physical condition of immigrants, some are admitted who could well be spared. Nevertheless, the restriction of immigration is a matter which demands caution.

The cry for restriction comes chiefly from labor agitators and others whose judgment is doubtful, whose demands are based on considerations which will not bear close examination. There is plenty of room in this country for physically and morally sound newcomers, who are provided with means to take up the routine of life in a new country, are willing to work, and capable of working. That a small percentage of the immigration from Southern Europe, and especially from Italy, in recent years has done more to keep the police busy than to help in the industrial development of the country is unfortunately true. We need chiefly a sterner and more effective inspection of immigrants on the other side of the ocean. This the department has been trying to secure, and with measurable success.

Commissioner WILLIAMS admits that feeble-minded children are sometimes admitted, when they are so young that their mental deficiencies cannot be detected by the Inspectors and their parents are competent to pass the inspection. The inquiry into the heredity of all immigrant children which he suggests seems a difficult matter to put in practice. Yet something should be done to this end, if possible, as the Commissioner declares that the law excluding feeble-minded children is at present practically a dead letter. Idiotic and imbecile children, and all persons afflicted with incurable or not easily curable diseases, are barred and the Commissioner, in view of the sentimental hostility often excited by treatment accorded to such by his department, which may seem cruel, urges the public consideration of the whole question from its purely economic aspect. "Our first duty," he declares, "is to our own country." It is not to be denied that the Commissioner deserves public support in his efforts to keep out the "undesirable minority," so far as he is empowered by the law to restrict immigration.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.

A generation ago Columbia Heights was to Brooklyn what Riverside Drive is to Manhattan to-day, being made so by the expenditure of large sums of public money. Columbia Heights fell from its proud estate when private enterprise, according to its rights, built a row of houses which exclude the city at large from the river and harbor view. Now there is a prospect of restoring the Heights to something of its former beauty and salubrity by a novel proposal made from the pulpit of Plymouth Church by Dr. HILLIS, and supported by many public-spirited citizens. The obstacle has been the expense of expropriating the row of residences which now monopolize the water front. The novelty of the proposal lies in the suggestion of building a public esplanade behind them, just as they were built in front of others. A similar proposal is now pending for extending Riverside Drive by roofing over thoroughfares beneath the park. In Brooklyn also there is a lower-grade thoroughfare which might be roofed over, and the roof be converted into a boulevard rivaling Dufferin Terrace in Quebec.

If that were done, a part of Brooklyn now stagnant, if not decadent, might be converted into a beauty spot for the health and pleasure seekers of the borough, if not of the city. In that region lie capacities for attractions rivaling those distant many miles, and needing only the development of the city's neglected estates. The expense would be comparatively small, and there seems to be small ground for objection even by the owners of the property whose back yards would thus be made front property, with an outlook more beautiful than that which they now enjoy. Dr. HILLIS's plan in its entirety includes much more than this, something being suggested for almost every part of the borough. In no sense is the proposal in whole or in part a neighborhood matter. Manhattan might take the same interest in the harbor view that Brooklyn takes in the river view.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Bastian Has Logic on His Side.

So general, since the time of PASTEUR's early experiments with sterilized and protected solutions of organic matter, has been the acceptance in scientific circles of his conclusion that life comes from life and from nothing else, that it is little wonder the Royal Society refused its sanction to Prof. BASTIAN's article asserting not only the possibility, but the present actuality, of "spontaneous generation." This was scientific heresy of the most shocking kind—only less shocking, indeed, than it would have been had he proclaimed the invention of a perpetual motion machine—and, as was told in the abstract of his new book printed Sunday in THE TIMES, he met whatever of martyrdom can in these milder days be inflicted by orthodox scientists upon an erring brother.

Yet it is, as it always has been, perfectly obvious that for PASTEUR to say that because life did not appear "spontaneously" in his solutions as treated by him, it never would so appear in any "dead" solution, whatever the conditions to which it was subjected was unwarranted. No universal negative, as every student of logic knows, can be proved; all that can be accomplished in that direction is the establishment of a probability more or less high, the height being roughly proportioned to the number of particular negatives that have been demonstrated. What PASTEUR really proved was that many cases of generation supposed to be spontaneous were not such, and that was an achievement worthy even of a man as great as he.

Now comes Prof. BASTIAN with the results of his experiments with colloidal salts—positive results, be it noted, and one of that kind outweighs a thousand of the other. What he has proved, if anything, remains, of course, to be seen. The question is not of veracity. Eminent scientist as he is, his "word" counts for nothing, and not until his experiments have been verified many times by many experimenters, with all the precautions their ingenuity can devise, will the "life from life" assumption, which for many years has been a good working hypothesis, have to be abandoned. Yet it never was anything more than an assumption, and always there lurked in the background to contradict it the cold, hard, unquestionable fact that on an earth, originally incapable of supporting life, life did originate, since it now exists. For the scientist, as distinguished from the theologian, its origin simply must have been "spontaneous," and really the only scientific controversy is as to whether what happened once has happened often and can happen to-day.

Schools Are No Place for Societies.

Of educators and students of education a large majority will commend the Faculty of the Horace Mann School for taking steps to put an end, speedy though not summary, to the Greek letter fraternities that have been organized among the pupils in that institution. The same majority would commend every other like institution in the country if it did the same thing. A less majority, perhaps only a minority, would be in favor of suppressing the fraternities in all the colleges and universities as well.

In the higher homes of learning, however, the admitted evils of the fraternity system—its violation of democratic principles and its establishment of thoroughly artificial and irrelevant distinctions of superiority and inferiority—are balanced, perhaps overbalanced, by certain advantages which, while rather vague and hard to define, are generally admitted in regard, at least, to some of the societies. But what students of collegiate age and judgment can do in comparative safety has had few, if any, except harmful effects when imitated by boys and girls at the high school stage of development.

The very young take their foolish little societies with deadly and disastrous seriousness, and make them the chief objects of thought and action, vastly to the detriment of their studies and still more to that of their characters. Not only do they waste much valuable time over the elaboration of silly secrets of signs, passwords, and ritual, but in doing this they lose all sense of proportion, of relative value. That is bad enough as preparation for life, but still worse—if anything can be worse—is the tendency of these societies to establish utterly wrong reasons for inclusion and exclusion. In them scholarly virtues and abilities never count for anything at all, and these do count for much in a few of the college societies, and for something in many of them. In the lower schools the pupils are lamentably apt to divide themselves along the lines of money and dress, with a consequent flowering out of most detestable snobbery.

Among the minor, but still important, evils of the fraternities, in colleges as well as schools, is their weakening effect upon both the institutional and the class spirit, especially the latter. The bond between classmates ought to be strong, but it almost disappears under the fraternity influence.

Legibility the One Desideratum.

A letter just received in this office quotes "a prominent official of the City Government" as denouncing the "muscular movement" system of teaching penmanship used in the public schools, on the ground that all who learn it write alike. "There is no individuality in the handwriting," he said. "We get twenty-five letters a day, all in this bookkeeper's style. They don't get much attention from us as letters that show character." He admitted that the writing was delightfully legible—his only criticism was its lack of "character."

It strikes us that this official must be at least as foolish—in this particular matter—as he is eminent. Legible handwriting is good writing; any other is bad in exact ratio to the degree of its illegibility, and the demand for "character" is, as our correspondent well says, mere sentimentalism. "I am wondering," he says, "whether the general public thinks that school children ought to be trained to furnish data for the mystic game played by the graphologists, or, on the other hand, whether they should be trained to write legibly and rapidly and with endurance, without any regard to so-called 'individuality.'"

He needn't wonder—the question answers itself. And, even though children be taught so that they all write much alike, the "character" will come later, and quite soon enough, for it is extremely apt to be at the expense of legibility. As for the "mystic game played by the graphologists," that cannot be considered with patience—it ranks intellectually with fortune-telling, another mystic game that is played in shabby back parlors by fat women with a disinclination for domestic service. Anybody who sees anything in "graphology" except something with which to "entertain company" when subjects for conversation fail ought to be subjected to tests of a wholly different sort.

"YOUNG MAN OF 38."

Counsels Caution If He Considers Starting Anew in a Western City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, who describes himself as a "young man of 38," asks advice as to the relinquishment of a position which he has held for eighteen years, paying now $25 weekly, and locating in Oregon or Washington. He says he is advised by several friends that "there are loads of chances in Portland and Washington." If they advise on the basis of personal, successful experience, they probably have some influence to advance his interests. Otherwise their advice is valueless, because mere "chances" are not opportunities.

Lotteries are full of chances, with few prizes, and most voluntary advisers, and even professional ones, are pests, in error or without diagnosis of the complaint. A man of 38 in high repute in the professions, advanced in political, banking, or other activities, is relatively young at the age; but without any special knowledge commanding employment, why, he is moving rapidly toward middle age.

After holding one position for eighteen years, and, according to his statement, possessing no more than at the beginning, he has not exhibited qualities promising of successful competition with those to the manner born while to him a new field of experience. Very few of us are capable of becoming "somebody" to which he aspires, and are little above the bread-and-meat machines. Some appreciate this, and at the age of the correspondent, with the same salary and size of family, by judicious management, have saved snug sums to which they are constantly adding. "Nothing venture, nothing have," is often firmly met by "let well enough alone," and "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

ADVICELESS.

New York, Nov. 12, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Commenting upon a communication in Friday's TIMES from a thirty-eight-year-old bookkeeper, who finds, after twenty years' work in New York, that it is not the place for him, and that he hears there are great opportunities in Seattle, Portland, and other Coast and Far West cities, I would like to ask him why he wants to make a try in any other city. They are pretty much alike, and the crowd rushes there to grab every chance that shows itself. Why doesn't he select a small town somewhere in the South or West? In those are the finest opportunities on earth for the city man who is worth anything anywhere. In the small town the city man is somebody right from the start, and if he has the stuff in him he will be more of a body every day. But he must have something in his make-up that the small-town man hasn't and know how to use it to advantage.

The average small-town man is overcautious and slow, and is accustomed to narrow ways and tried methods. The city man is bigger in his sense and his courage, and, though he may not be big in the big city, he is big in the small town, and if he will he can do something and be somebody. There is much talk of going to the farms, which is all right for the men who know how to farm by modern methods, but the majority of city men do not, and for them the great opportunities are in the small towns. All of these need developing, and it is rare that one can be found which will not hail with joy the advent of the right kind of man from the city. Take to the small towns, you who are seeking opportunities, and when you get to one don't flaunt your city ways in the face of the people and get the hammer, but bide your time quietly and nicely till you see your chance, then jump on it and stick to it. That's what.

COMMON SENSE.

New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

YES, MR. RIIS IS RICH.

How "Philanthropy Pays" Agreeably Demonstrated by One of His Friends.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Jacob Riis is quite well known to a great many of us, though we have never seen him. He wrote some books, you know, and while he really meant to tell of dirty streets and dwellings not fit to live in and wanted to "show up" the class of citizens responsible for such disgraces—and succeeded beautifully, too—he couldn't help giving us at the same time a real good picture of his own unselfish, public-spirited, neighbor-loving self. The other day I read in THE TIMES that he had purchased Crown Hill Farm, "with a herd of blooded stock, Colonial residence, garage," &c. I read that item with a perfect joy, and in my heart I wished the newly-made farmer many, many years of robust health to enjoy it all.

Now along comes Mr. Riis with the "real facts" about that real estate deal. He bought the farm, all right, but sans the blooded cattle, Colonial residence, garage, &c., and $3,500 is all he paid for it.

Too bad, but even at that "philanthrophy pays." Riis is a rich man. He has pleasant memories of a lot of hard and useful work. He must know that even now his books are a pleasure and an inspiration to many. And last, but not by any means least, he knows that even if he had paid ten times $3,500 for his farm and all that belongs to a farm, we would all be glad to know that he had it. And memories and knowledge of that kind, are they not riches?

Here is to Crown Hill Farm! May the branches of those fruit trees be bent low by many a bumper crop of luscious fruit. And the rest of us: Let's dig in and see if we, too, can't make the world some better.

C. A. SCHROEDER,
Pastor St. Stephen's Lutheran Church.

Hicksville, L. I., Nov. 11, 1911.

"Iomans."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of the 7th inst. I read a letter from "L. J. W." entitled "Ioma," the purport of which was illustrative of the ignorance of some New Yorkers of matters pertaining to the geography of this country. "Ioma" figured as the fancied name of a State in which a certain New Yorker expected to locate a friend who had gone West.

This has suggested something to me. We often see in this great city of ours people unmistakably from somewhere else, yet undeniably American. They bear the ear marks of the United States, but for the life of us we can't guess where they're from. Let us denominate them "Iomans!" Our hired girl being out to-night, my wife and I have just returned from a restaurant that was filled with "Iomans."

E. W. J.

New York, Nov. 12, 1911.

THE GARBAGE STRIKE.

The Times's Readers Vent Their Indignation and Make Suggestions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"One Man Killed!" Of what consequence is that compared with the importance of the occasion? Of what possible concern is that to any one save, possibly, the family or friends of the one man—if he has any? For was he not a "scab"? And is not a scab a thing to be got rid of?

But how is it that this City of New York, proud in its greatness, enlists an army under such looseness of contract as will permit the paralyzing of its forces? Why a street cleaners' strike more than a policemen's strike?

How does it relate to the welfare of four millions of people?

Why, with this likeness of military establishment, in pensions, &c., has there not been provided a ground for construction of mutiny?

And, again, with this revolt an accomplished fact, why does violence prevail?

What is the certain fate of inciters of mutiny? What will be the fortune of the inciters of this rebellion?

Why must the other workers in this "fair" field of endeavor suffer for this "cause" of "labor"?

What, though, would "labor" be without its bedfellow, "politics"?

E.

New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With respect to the strike of the drivers in the Street Cleaning Department, the question irresistibly arises: Is this a free country?

Answer—Not while a few hundred men who do not want to work at night and sleep in the daytime can, therefore, condemn several thousand other men who have no grievances to lose their jobs, thereby exposing their wives and children to suffering from cold and hunger, and, incidentally, a whole city to the risk of pestilence.

And again, incidentally, isn't this the women's opportunity to show what they can do? Where are the suffragettes? The militant ones ought to be ready and willing to clean up the city and show their mettle. If they take up the work I, being a good horsewoman, will volunteer to drive an ash cart!

A RESIDENT OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

New York, Nov. 12, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was with great interest and appreciation that I read your editorial, "Riot," this morning—appreciation that, I am sure, is shared by thousands of your readers.

There is no question that the situation is grave, as the labor leaders, in their lust for power, will stop at nothing, and it is they who are really responsible rather than their misguided dupes. Is there not some law that can reach these leaders? If so, it should be immediately invoked, for, as you are doubtless aware, they are a cowardly lot, and the fear of personal danger is the one thing to produce a change in their tactics. If there is no law to fit the case then surely it is time that one should be enacted.

W. C. CAMERON.

New York, Nov. 13, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The reason for the cleaners' strike
Is plain to one who's smart;
Like most of us they want to choose
Their hours a la carte.

Peekskill, N. Y., Nov. 11, 1911. G. H. A.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why not leave the discussion of union, noise, pay, sleep, &c., in connection with the refuse-removers' strike and see what we may learn from other countries?

The citizens of German cities are not awakened at night by the noises of the garbage cans, nor are the school children or business men annoyed in the morning by offensive odors and dust. Why? Really the solution of the problem is too simple and obvious to need mention. The wagons are completely covered and the cans are emptied through the smallest possible opening.

Is it too much for New York to demand the hygienic measures that have long been in force in the small City of Freiburg? S. R. W.

New York, Nov. 13, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Most of the refuse in the streets seems to be in the form of paper. Why cannot the spirited citizens burn this in their home fires, place the ashes in their home yards, and give the bones to the cats and dogs?

New York, Nov. 13, 1911. GARBAGE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The majority of the striking employes of the Street Cleaning Department who were born in Italy realize, of course, the vast difference in wages which they now receive and what they could obtain in their native country. Still, a few hotheads, encouraged by Black Hand agitators, seem to control these hard-working men. Many are forced to contribute part of their wages even. It is about time for New York to realize that it contains about as dangerous and cunning a collection of Italian criminals as could be gathered throughout Italy itself.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this emergency I would suggest to Commissioner Edwards that he try to get the work done by contract. Divide the city up into sections to suit and ask for bids from contractors who remove ashes from the large buildings of the city, THE TIMES included. It would be a matter of business, no politics, no favoritism, and let the foremen see that the work is done to satisfaction in each district.

I witnessed a sight to-day, Sunday, on Halsey Street, Brooklyn, that a great city department might well feel ashamed of. There were five department carts with three young colored men, each one collecting garbage. They were guarded by one mounted and five policemen on foot, were working very slowly and looked to be very much afraid.

New York, Nov. 12, 1911. "ECONOMY."

A National Board of Trade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a careful reading of the papers on the Sherman law published in THE TIMES recently is not one important lack in this country indicated, namely, a National and permanent Board of Trade? The English board commands respect and authority. Cannot a board be so constituted in this country as to accomplish this result and eliminate politics from its domination?

The welfare and development of trade and industry is much too important a matter to be the football of politics. No one man or group of men should dominate such a board. Labor and capital should each have a hearing and representation.

If the Chambers of Commerce of the large cities would take the matter up, something in this way might be evolved which would go a long way toward solving the bewildering "trust" problem. Because unfair practices have been used by great corporations, is it a reason that the country should forfeit the great benefits which have been conferred upon it by most of them? What is asked is a rule of commerce and industry by those who from their occupation and training know its needs and aims in distinction from those who seeing faults here and there would condemn the whole structure.

SMINTHEUS.

New York, Nov. 13, 1911.

UNKNOWN.

What is civilization? What nations show it?
I cannot answer. I do not know it!

A land that is peopled with rich and poor,
The finely cultured, the common boor,
Full meed of paupers, the weak, the strong,
A little right, a lot of wrong,
A land of labor and want and sin,
Rare pictures, books, rum, whisky, gin,
Insanity, disease, woe, pride,
Love, vanity, and suicide.

A lot of women and also men,
The power of cannon, money, pen,
New patents on old plans and things,
Divorces, taxes, wedding rings,
Joys, pleasures, hospitals, retreats,
State prisons, mansions, country seats,
Some learning and some righteousness,
Much ignorance and more distress.

Some murders and some clever wits,
Baseball fiends, epileptic fits,
Streets, churches, bridges, navies, forts,
Policemen, rascals, Judges, courts.
A mixed-up mess of things are seen,
But who can tell just what they mean
When from it all you draw the masque
And in dismay the question ask,

What is civilization? What nations show it?
No one can answer. We do not know it!

LURANA SHELDON.

SUFFRAGISTS PLAN TO OPEN A LIBRARY

To be Located Where Shoppers "Can Drop In and Read Up on "Votes for Women."

MRS. MACKAY EXPLAINS

Still Devoted to the Cause, ex-President Tells Equal Franchise Society—Finances Flourishing.

The Equal Franchise Society, founded by Mrs. Mackay, voted yesterday at its annual meeting, held by the courtesy of Mrs. J. G. Finch at 61 East Seventy-seventh Street, to start a free suffrage reading room and library somewhere east of Fifth Avenue on one of the cross-streets between Thirtieth and Fortieth Streets. It will be on the parlor floor of a suitable building in the neighborhood of the shops and tearooms, where every woman who shops and lunches can run in between times to put herself straight on the suffrage question if she desires.

"The Public Library has no books on suffrage that are easy to obtain," said Mrs. Jessica G. Finch, who suggested the library in a report on the society's proposed Winter's work. "This library of ours should be the best of its kind in the world. It should have two librarians, and if we stand on a broad platform of woman's interests we shall be able to carry on the library after 1913, when the women in New York will have been enfranchised."

There was applause at this, and the women all voted in favor of the new library.

Mrs. Mackay, who resigned from the Presidency of the society last April, read the President's report covering the period up to her resignation. Referring to this she said:

"I have been told that my resignation has been severely criticised by people who are my friends and others who are my enemies, by those I have worked with for our cause and by those who are working against it; especially have all sorts of reports emanated from the anti-suffrage organization of New York State. It is exceedingly painful to me that any act of mine should be so misinterpreted, so willfully misconstrued, and that is why I am taking this opportunity of saying to you, one and all, and to every other woman and man interested in the suffrage movement in New York State, that as long as I am able I shall do what I can to further our cause in every way."

Mrs. Mackay made special mention of her continued interest in the women's fight for the franchise. She said:

"I must take this opportunity of repeating to you what I said in my office on April 12, 1911. The work to secure the political expression of my sex is to me the vital issue of the day, and our cause must always be the greatest interest I have to strive for.

"In justice to the work that should be done by the President, and which for strong reasons it is impossible for me to do, I feel that it is only fair to this organization that I should have resigned from the Presidency, while remaining a member of the board as long as you want me."

She began her address with a history of the work of the society:

"At the first annual meeting of this society in 1909 the membership was 246, at the meeting last year it was 670, and to-day we are 674. So, although, as has been proved by the Treasurer's report, the financial condition of the society is excellent, and by the reports of the Executive Secretary and the Chairman of the Legislative Committee that a great deal of political work has been done, it does not seem as if this society were increasing in numbers as it should.

"A President's report is generally a very optimistic presentation of the work of the officers of an organization, and of the growth and satisfactory condition of that organization, and I am sorry that it is not possible for me to make such a statement.

"I feel that there is enough life in the Equal Franchise Society to profit by our experience and to develop our usefulness because of certain facts being brought home to every member. There were three main lines of campaign planned by our Board of Directors for the Winter of 1910-1911; first, a course of lectures at the Maxine Elliott Theatre. The speakers were carefully selected, the lectures were intelligently thought out and well delivered. The total cost of the lectures was about $1,319.65; the money taken in by the sale of tickets was about $385, and the average attendance at the meetings was 150 people."

Mrs. Mackay urged all the suffrage societies to present a united front, saying in conclusion:

"United we shall stand, and in no other way can we accomplish the ultimate end for which all these societies are striving, each according to its own light.

"Surely we are working for this cause because we are women, not because we wish to be men. We want the men to work with us now in our crusade, as eventually, when we achieve our political life, we must work it out with them, beside them, shoulder to shoulder."

Mrs. Henry Wise Miller, the Treasurer, reported a balance of $2,586, and $1,100 coming in for dues.

Mrs. Richard Aldrich, First Vice President and Acting President, presided. Mrs. Aldrich made an appeal to the women to study politics. Speaking especially of the work of the Board of Supervisors, she said:

"It is not a problem of higher mathematics. I have lived in the house with a member of the board, and his work was not beyond the comprehension of any intelligent housewife.

"Men in politics are weak," she continued, "and if women knew more about these matters it would be less difficult for them. Woman should go to the help of weak man, and she can save her own relatives from slipping into such places."

Mrs. Aldrich wishes men to be educated to know the things in which women are interested, and to talk to them on live political topics.

"We do not get music," she said, "by being told how much we know about music, and it is the same with politics."

The Board of Managers was elected as follows: Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, Mrs. John Winters Brannan, the Hon. Peter Townsend Barlow, Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. J. G. Finch, Mrs. Robert Goelet, Col. George Harvey, Mrs. Alonzo B. Hepburn, Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Henry Wise Miller, the Rev. Dr. J. H. Melish, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mr. Rollo Ogden, Mrs. V. Simkhovitch, Prof. W. P. Trent, Mrs. Schuyler Warren, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., and Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

Widow with a Large Family.

A father's recent death left his widow responsible for the maintenance of children. The mother uses the time unclaimed by the care of her children and home to add to the family income. Her earnings as a seamstress are, however, never more than $2 a week. The eldest child, a girl of 17, earns $5 a week. In another year a second child will be of working age. The weekly income of $7 is insufficient to feed, clothe, and pay rent for this large family. The Charity Organization Society appeals for $240 with which to provide a monthly pension of $20 during the next twelve months. Gifts may be addressed to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

A Friend, $1; E. N. C., $2; A. I. H., $5; E. W. D., $1; Henry A. Blyth, $10; W. H. C., $3; M. S., $2; Anonymous, $5; Miss Leah Elsner, $1; H. F., $3; Anonymous, $5; W. N. Parker, $2; E. A. R., $3; Ray Lowenthal, $4.50; M. K., $3; A. L. H., $10; Anonymous, $1; A. T. W., $5; Mrs. Charles Weinberg, $5; Mrs. E. Elizabeth Oakley, $1; through THE NEW YORK TIMES, $14; M. E. S., $2.

SOMETHING LACKING IN 'THREE ROMEOS'

But It Is Certainly Not Plot, of Which There Is Far Too Much.

CLEVER PEOPLE LABOR HARD

But This Newest Musical Comedy Lacks Freshness and Sparkle and Suggests an Old Vintage.

THE THREE ROMEOS, musical comedy in three acts. Book and lyrics by R. H. Burnside; music by Raymond Hubbell. GLOBE THEATRE

Vera Steinway	Peggy Wood
Daisy Dean	Shirley Kellogg
Peter Poppleton	Fred Walton
Minerva Poppleton	Minnie Olton
Nancy Mallory	Ethel Cadman
Diana Mallory	Mabella Baker
Gussie Gibson	Georgia Caine
Titus Bellamy	William Danforth
Dick Dawson	Alfred Kappeler
Jack Willoughby	Fritz Williams
Rose Bellamy	Vivian Rushmore
Mrs. Bellamy	Elita Proctor Otis
Timothy Stubbs	Fred Lennox
Bertie Montague	Edwardo Alfino
Willie Mortimer	H. P. Woodley

After all, you never can tell when you are well off. Take musical comedy, for instance. Ever since the tunes in "The Three Romeos" were young, which must have been pretty near the beginning of things, people—or critics, who are a sort of people—have been complaining that this type of entertainment suffers from a lack of plot. But "The Three Romeos" has a plot. And the plot, like the bark of the crane in the Irishman's story, only serves to make it harder. In fact, this musical comedy has so much plot that you begin to wonder, by and by, whatever led you to find fault with the ones that hadn't.

You cannot find out by any ordinary method of reasoning and observation what the plot is all about. Possibly it might be worked out in algebra logarithms or some other branch of higher mathematics. Or it might be resolved into its elements and made perfectly clear by some process of qualitative analysis. But, then, who wants to go to the theatre with a lot of test tubes in his pockets?

If the music were especially fresh and pleasing, if the songs were unusually charming and attractive, and if the antics of the comedians were of a sort to suggest some sort of original inspiration, all this wouldn't matter. But "The Three Romeos," in spite of its involved story, is stereotyped stuff.

It is the sort of musical comedy, in fact, which might have pleased a New York audience five or six years ago, before it knew anything better, before it learned (what the producers themselves should have learned by now) that being aggressive isn't necessarily being funny, and being persistent isn't necessarily being musical. And in "The Three Romeos" almost everything is aggressive and persistent—it is all pounded in.

Which is rather a pity in a way, for some clever people are concerned in it. There is, for instance, Miss Georgia Caine, who has scarcely ever looked or acted and sung better, and who by sheer force of will and talent almost makes her part seem interesting. Among other things, Miss Caine enjoys the distinction of being allowed to sing "Looking for a Girl Like You," the kind of number which song publishers applaud until you cry for mercy and which permits the chorus to appear as a background at a suitable point to reinforce the musical effect. And she figures again in a trio with William Danforth and Fred Walton, during which there is some familiar comic business about buying a hat, and a restaurant scene in which the fruit on the hat she is wearing is devoured by the waiter, who uses her little woolly dog (not a real one, so the S. P. C. A. needn't interfere) to mop up the table. As low comedy stuff this isn't bad, though it isn't exactly new. And certainly last night's friendly audience did enjoy it.

In the meantime Mr. Walton, who is droll and dry, does all that can be done, with the aid of a red nose, grotesque clothes, and a sense of humor, to make a funny rôle of one that isn't funny. And Mr. Danforth, who has been screaming at times, doesn't find the means to that desirable condition here. Then there is that very exquisite person, Miss Ethel Cadman, in pink or pink and white, as the case may be, to heighten her rose-like beauty. And when her chance comes she sings charmingly—once with Mr. Walton—a song about Humpty Dumpty, in which mannikins are used to help in the telling of the story; and again in a number about roses and lilies, with the chorus eventually massing behind banks of flowers and producing a very pretty effect.

Again there is Miss Shirley Kellog, who is lovely to look at, and who especially appeals in a moon song, but whose speech really needs attention. And the very beautiful Miss Rushmore of the radiant blonde type, who plays a small part very neatly. Again, for the talent and method there are Elita Proctor Otis and Mabella Baker, both of whom are clever but with little material to show the cleverness that is in them. With these and with Fritz Williams working like a Trojan all through and bringing lightness and ease and snap to bear wherever they are possible, all is done for "The Three Romeos" that can be done by actors. And there are many pretty clothes. But all these are not enough. After all, even with a plot, something more is needed. And the something is missing.

CRITICISES BANK DEFECTS.

J. T. Talbert Says They Are the Reserve System and Note Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Nov. 13.—Joseph T. Talbert, Vice President of the National City Bank of New York, addressed the Detroit Bankers' Club to-night on "The Reconstruction of Our Banking System."

"Speaking from a knowledge of the National banking laws, gained by actual daily contact and experience with them for more than twenty-five years," said Mr. Talbert, "I am prepared to say that there are just vital defects in the National banking system. They are:

"(1) The independent, isolated reserve system, under which the reserve money of each individual bank is caused to be set aside and held as a separate unit. This segregation results in throwing each bank upon its own unsupported resources at times; and compels it, in the face of emergencies, to struggle for its own existence, heedless of the consequences to other banks and to the general welfare. It is a system of immobility, one whereunder each bank, instead of being able to co-operate with other banks in preserving a condition of stability, is obliged as the alternative of its own survival to contend against them.

"(2) A rigid, bond-secured note issue, of large volume, constantly circulating, wholly irresponsive and unrelated to trade requirements. These notes are of such a character that when once circulated they do not promptly return for redemption. There is, in fact, no redemption worthy of the name.

"Our system of scattered reserves has been likened very aptly to a system of fire protection which required each citizen of a city to keep always on his own premises one bucketful of water for the extinguishment of local fires at their beginning, instead of providing one great central reservoir, with a network of pipes and mains covering every part of the city. The law requires that each bank shall keep its bucketful of reserve money always on hand, and that when the reserve is below the legal requirement no further loans may be made.

"The gold reserves of all the banks, under the proposed system, will be massed into one great central reservoir, the Reserve Association, whence may be supplied, through branches and locals—as in the case of a water system—continuously and cheaply the cash required for daily use.

"The essential thing about a banknote is that its redemption must be prompt and certain. I frankly acknowledge, however, the difficulty and the danger of granting, even in a limited way, the privilege of issuing uncovered notes to more than 7,000 widely scattered and unrelated National banks and to double that number of State banks. This is not because the principle involved in the issue of such notes is wrong, but that the machinery of redemption is lacking. I know that it could not safely be done, except through the agency of a strongly capitalized central institution. This is what it is proposed to make the Central Reserve Association."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. John I. Kane of 70 West Forty-ninth Street will introduce her daughter, Miss Mary Elizabeth Kane, by giving two teas, on Dec. 2 and 16.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Cary, who arrived from Europe last week, are at their apartment, 524 Fifth Avenue, for the Winter.

Mrs. Henry Belt will give a reception at the Colony Club on the afternoon of Dec. 15 for her débutante daughter, Miss Ada Bryce Gray. There will be dancing afterward.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Jackson have returned to town, and have opened their house, 63 East Fifty-second Street.

Mrs. John P. Laflin will give a coming-out reception for her daughter, Miss Ellen P. Laflin, on Dec. 16, at the Hotel Gotham, to be followed by a theatre party and supper.

The marriage of Miss Caroline Auchincloss, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Auchincloss, to Dr. Robert Henry Fowler of this city, will take place at the home of the bride's parents, 27 West Fifty-third Street, on Nov. 29.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Dunham have returned from Northport, L. I., and are at their apartment in the Hotel Woodward. They will leave for the South early in January. Mr. Dunham is a son of the late Senator Dunham.

Miss Cornelia Stuyvesant Gibson, daughter of Mrs. J. Breckenridge Gibson of Yonkers, N. Y., will be introduced to society by her mother at a reception to be given next Saturday afternoon at the Gibson home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Alexander are due to arrive at the Hotel Gotham for the season on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander H. Rutherford, (Miss Helen Smyth,) who since their return from their bridal trip have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Lanier Smyth, are leaving New York to-morrow for San Francisco, and later will buy a ranch in Southern California.

Miss Alice A. Ely, the débutante daughter of David Ely, will have a theatre party on Nov. 27.

Mrs. Eugene Philbin will give a dance on Dec. 26 for her débutante daughter, Miss Eugenia Philbin.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Maurice Heckscher have arrived in town from Tuxedo, and are at their town house, 62 West Fifty-first Street. Mr. Heckscher is practically recovered from his attack of typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. John Warne Herbert have moved into their new house, 835 Fifth Avenue. Their daughter, Miss Gertrude Herbert, will be a débutante of the season of 1912-13.

Sothern, Shylock; Marlowe, Portia.

"The Merchant of Venice" was presented by Sothern and Marlowe at the Manhattan Opera House last night, beginning the second week of their present engagement here. Mr. Sothern gave his usual finished performance of Shylock, and Miss Marlowe was seen as Portia. "The Merchant of Venice" will be repeated to-night and to-morrow afternoon. "Romeo and Juliet" will be given Wednesday and Thursday nights, "Macbeth" Friday night, and "Hamlet" Saturday afternoon and night.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

"The Girl of the Golden West", was presented by the stock company at the Academy of Music yesterday, and will be continued throughout the week.

At the Grand Opera House the week's attraction is Julian Eltinge in "The Fascinating Widow."

"The Balkan Princess," with Louise Gunning as the star, and many of the original Casino cast in the company, began a week's engagement at the West End Theatre last night.

The stock company at the Prospect Theatre in the Bronx is presenting "Mary Jane's Pa" this week.

McIntyre and Heath headed the bill at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre, and others on the programme were Toots Paka and company, Howard and Howard, Yvette, George B. Reno and company, Barry and Wolford, Milton and the De Long sisters, the Seven Piochians, "Dick," Marie and Billy Hart, W. S. Dickinson, Bissett and Scott, the Zairos, and "Charley" Faust in a baseball monologue.

The Colonial Theatre had Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth as headliners. The singers and dancers offered a programme made up of numbers chosen by the audience. Other acts on the bill included "The Police Inspector," Annie Morecroft and John F. Conroy, Conroy and Le Maire, Murphy and Nichols, Leon Rogee, the three Lessos, and Carbery brothers.

William Rock and Maude Fulton headed the bill at the Alhambra in their new singing and dancing number. "The Great Suggestion," with Earl Brown and a company of ten, was another feature, and others who appeared were McMahon and Chapelle, the Bison City Four, Will Dillon, Hilda Hawthorne, Wentworth, Vesta and Teddy, and Rawson and June.

Billy Reeves and company in "A Night in an English Music Hall" was at the top of the bill at the Bronx Theatre, and the rest of the anniversary programme included Frank Fogarty, Mason and Keeler, Aida Overton Walker, Lolo Merrill and Frank Otto, Frosini, Barnes and Crawford, Delmore and Oneida, Cook and Lorenz, the Sutcliffes, and the three Pendleton sisters.

"The Merry Whirl," with Morton and Moore, who played during the entire Summer at the Columbia Theatre, began a week's engagement at that house yesterday afternoon.

The attractions at the other burlesque theatres included Dave Marion's "Dreamland" company at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall, "The Daffydills" at Miner's in the Bronx, "The Merry Burlesquers" at Miner's Bowery, "The Pacemakers" at Miner's Eighth Avenue, "The Majestics" at the Olympic, and "The Golden Crook" at the Murray Hill.

The stock company at the Crescent Theatre, Brooklyn, is offering "Arsene Lupin" this week.

At the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, the week's attraction is Francis Wilson in "The Bachelor's Baby."

"Madame X" began a week's engagement at the Shubert Theatre, Brooklyn, last night, with Adeline Dunlap in the title role.

Valeska Suratt in "The Red Rose," with most of her original Globe Theatre company, is the offering at the Broadway Theatre, Brooklyn, this week.

The bill at the Orpheum Theatre included Mabel Hite, Laddie Cliff, John C. Rice and Sally Cohan, Ashley and Lee, De Fra, the Four Huntings, the Five Piroscoffis, the Musical Spillers, and the Kaufman sisters.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The children of the Masonic Home, in Utica, N. Y., will attend the performance at the Hippodrome on Friday evening, Nov. 24. They will occupy boxes as guests of the Directors of the home.

The two hundredth performance of the Kinemacolor Pictures at the Kinemacolor Theatre, in West Fortieth Street, will be celebrated to-day, afternoon and evening. Souvenirs consisting of booklets containing views of the coronation of King Geoge V. will be distributed.

The opening of the new entertainment of the Winter Garden company, scheduled for to-morrow night, has been postponed until next Monday night, Nov. 20. The Winter Garden company will play this week to fill the dates in Springfield and New Haven set for Fritzi Scheff in "The Duchess." Mme. Scheff has been obliged to rest for the week on account of illness.

MUSIC NOTES.

Jean Prostean, a Hungarian violinist, new to New York, assisted by Rafael Romero de Spinola, will give a concert in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria to-morrow evening. Prostean will play Vieuxtemps's concerto, Opus 4; Dvorak's Humoresque, Hubay's "Zephyr," Paganini's "Witches' Dance," and Tschaikowsky's violin concerto.

Miss Maryon Martin, contralto, will give a song recital at the Park Hill Country Club next Friday evening, when she will be assisted by Georges Vigneti, violinist, and Bruno Huhn, pianist.

Efrem Zimbalist will give his second New York recital in Carnegie Hall next Tuesday afternoon, when he will play his own suite in the old style for the first time here.

Miss Monica Dailey, pianist, will give a recital in Carnegie Lyceum next Friday evening. Her programme includes numbers by Mozart, Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Chopin, Henselt, Rachmaninoff, and Poldini.

AMETHYSTS
Our Amethyst jewelry is distinguished by originality and beauty
HAT PINS
$3.50 to $15.00
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street
K K

SAYS LIFE OF CHILD ON STAGE IS DREARY

Jane Addams Debates Singly with Norman Hapgood, Otis Skinner, and Miss Repplier.

ADMITS MILLS ARE WORSE

Monotonous to Play One Part Repeatedly, She Declares—Morals of Children Safe on Stage, Opponents Say.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, debated alone to-night against Norman Hapgood, Otis Skinner, the actor, and Miss Agnes Repplier in the Contemporary Club in the Bellevue-Stratford.

Miss Addams pointed out what she said were dangers of the stage, to which Mr. Hapgood replied that the theatre was no greater danger than the schoolroom to the child. Miss Repplier turned her fire upon the misdirected zeal and badly aimed efforts of the "parlor" sociologist. Mr. Skinner was noncommittal in his stand.

"I would not allow a child of mine to go upon the stage," said he. "My child shall not, and I have devoted my entire life to the theatre."

He declared, however, that if his daubhter had to go to work he would place her on the stage rather than in a mill, a factory, a shop, a store, or in an office. He said he had meant that he was opposed to the stage as long as his child need not go upon it.

Miss Addams began by outlining the Illinois laws which placed a ban on the "stage child." She rehearsed the general opposition of the glass blowers, cotton weavers, telegraph companies, and other "child hirers" to the law and added:

"I think it a specious argument that the child player is called a young artist. Children are taught best in school, despite the arguments that the stage holds forth educational advantages."

Mr. Hapgood spoke of the National Alliance for the Protection of Stage Children, saying that surely the protection of children could be left to it. He cited Augustus Thomas, a father, as President of the organization, and declared himself satisfied that under such protection little harm could come to the child by its connection with the theatre. Such shows as "Alias Jimmy Valentine" and "Polly of the Circus" would not be complete without children, and he could not comprehend wherein these child actors were contaminated.

"Naturally I advocate proper supervision of the stage child," he said. "Of course there is danger. But can it be proved that the morals of a child are in any greater jeopardy on the stage than in the schoolyard? There is no more danger lurking behind the footlights than there is in the schoolroom."

"Have we a right to deny to the exceptional child the exceptional opportunity?" Miss Repplier asked. "Life in the theatre has its great disadvantages, true. The child actor must stay up very late. But must the child be an actor to be a companion of the midnight? Go anywhere in a big city and see how the children spend the late hours of the night.

"If we must snatch a child from his chance of advancement on the stage we should be pretty sure that we transfer him to something just as good or better," she declared. "We do ill when we refuse to allow a child to take part in such plays as 'The Blue Bird,' 'Peter Pan,' and 'The iPper,' and allow the chorus girl to go to perdition."

Miss Addams denied that the Gerry Society of New York was any too effective, inasmuch as that organization refused permits to only seven-tenths of 1 per cent. of the children for whom permits were sought last year. She went to see "The Piper," and while she mourned that little children were compelled to appear, she admitted that this was infinitely more attractive than seeing white-faced children toil in the mills and factories. She was quite sure that "The Piper" could be played with a man in the title rôle instead of Miss Matthison and with young women playing the child parts. Her chief objection to the life of the child on the stage to-day, she declared, was the dreary repetition of one part.

"And what is the stage child good for?" she concluded. "The child actor is dazzled by the garishness of stageland. He or she will not willingly go back to humdrum life and settle into the conventional routes. He is not a finished actor, and must continue with little education to struggle along in minor positions where he stays unless he is possessed of extraordinary ability, in which case he finally blooms forth as a star."

BLANCHE WALSH IN SKETCH.

Acts Indian Girl in "The Thunder God" at Fifth Avenue Theatre.

Blanche Walsh made her first vaudeville appearance at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday afternoon in a one-act drama called "The Thunder God," written by Arthur Hopkins. The story of the piece is about a fugitive from justice who is sheltered by an Indian girl, Blue Jay. When a friend from the East comes to tell him that his name has been cleared and he may return, Blue Jay prays that he may be kept near her. Her prayer being unsuccessful, she calls upon the thunder god, who responds by striking down the young man with a very material ball of blue fire.

Miss Walsh was assisted by John E. Ince as the young lover and William M. Travers as the friend from the East. An elaborate setting was provided for the act.

Others on the Fifth Avenue bill included Froelich, a cartoonist; H. T. MacConnell, Cartmell and Harris, "Mary Elizabeth," Caroline Franklin, William Wilson and company, Kate Elinore and Sam Williams, George Austin Moore and Cordelia Haager, and the Six Abdallahs.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

CHARLES CUDLIPP, died Oct. 27; left about $1,000 realty and about $15,000 personalty, equally to his children, Emeline Knight, Caine Cunningham, Hattie Lockwood, Charles Cudlipp, and Edwin F. Cudlipp; his grandson, Charles Cudlipp, and Maria A. Cudlipp.

JAMES FOSTER, died Oct. 18; left $2,000 personalty to his nephews, Felix Nevin and Meyer Baer.

HENRY DORMITZER, died Nov. 7; left more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $1,000 to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, $975 each to Emilie Stein, Charles Stein, and Paula Zeiller, $500 each to Margaret Groger, and Trekla Dormitzer, $100 to Bessie McDonnell, $6,000 in trust for life to Kate Egan, and the residue in equal shares to Jennie Todt Fleming, the children of his dead daughter Lucie, Walter Dormitzer, Herbert S. Dormitzer, Edith D. Brandeis, and Helen D. Bennett.

AGNES T. DIAMOND, died Oct. 20 at Harpersfield, Delaware County; left $300 realty and $800 personalty; $200 to Mary Vallette, $15 to Charles Diamond, $20 to Florence Diamond, $50 to Agnes Diamond, $100 to Mary Parker, $100 to Kate Bohen, $50 to May Diamond, $5 to Bella Diamond, $15 to Minnie Pierce, $5 to Julia Haitc, and the residue, not more than $500, to Anna T. Govern.

MARGARET DOYLE, died Jan. 18, 1910, at Kenmare, Ireland; left $614 to her sister, Mary Sullivan.

FREDERICK P. ADDICKS, died Nov. 2; left more than $10,000 personalty; divides his wife's jewelry among his sisters-in-law, Ellen Jane Taylor, Alice H. Taylor, and Anna B. Tingley; his personal jewelry and clothing to his brother, Walter R. Addicks, and the residue of his estate in trust, one-third each for the benefit of his sister-in-law, Anna B. Tingley, to go to her children on her death, and the other two-thirds for his sisters-in-law, the Misses Taylor.

NANETTE M. WEBER, died Nov. 4; left $100,000 realty and $80,000 personalty; $1,000 each to Secunda W. Stanislaus and Herman Weber, $1,000 to Lena Peters, $300 to Mary Schaerer, a bond and mortgage on 232 Devon Street, Kearny, N. J., to Bertha Spraengel, an annuity of 2,000 marks to her sister, Henrietta S. Brenner, the principal of a trust for this purpose to go on her death to her daughter, Ottilie Hoffbauer, and the testatrix's daughter, Emily Laura Hoffbauer, and the residue of her estate equally to the two Mrs. Hoffbauers.

CAROLYN DOCTOR, died Oct. 29; left more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $2,000 and certain bank deposits to Rosa Doctor, one-third of her residuary estate each to Sophia Doctor, Bertha Drucker, and Dora Hayman, to the latter two for life only, and a contingent interest in one-third of her residuary estate to Hilda Belle Drucker.

KATE CARPENTIER or DRISCOLL left $100 to her sister, Mary Sullivan; $500 to the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help for masses, and the residue of her estate to the same church for charitable purposes, cutting off her husband, Jules Carpentier, for "deserting me ten years ago," and left nothing to her brothers, Patrick and John Driscoll, "as I have not seen or heard of them, or been in communication with them for nearly thirty years."

CARL BURRIAN, TENOR, BACK.

Returns to Metropolitan After Pursuit Over Europe in a Scandal.

Carl Burrian, the German tenor, arrived last night in New York on the Rotterdam, to sing as usual with the Metropolitan Opera Company. He will make his first appearance of the season Friday evening in "Tristan und Isolde."

Since he sang here last Spring Mr. Burrian's life has been an exciting one. He was known as the idol of Dresden until this Summer, when an irate husband, who alleged that Mr. Burrian had stolen his wife, made it impossible for him to remain there.

The tenor left Dresden in a hurry, breaking his contract with the Opera. Now, the Dresden Opera was very much in need of Mr. Burrian, and as a result he was fined large amounts. Meanwhile the scandal mounted, and, pursued over the map of Europe, the tenor finally found a hiding place in Bohemia.

Last night on his return to New York he was accompanied by Mrs. E. Leffler Dinges, who, he said, was his secretary.

BLOW TO MOVING PICTURES.

Court Rules That Scenes Taken from Copyrighted Book Are Infringement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Moving picture show promoters received a blow to-day when the Supreme Court of the United States decided that moving pictures, based on the scenes of a copyrighted book, may constitute an infringement of the copyright on the book or the reserved rights to dramatize.

The court's decision was announced in a contest over the copyright of Gen. Lew Wallace's famous book, "Ben Hur." The copyright was owned by Harper & Brothers, book publishers. This company granted to Klaw & Erlanger of New York the sole right of producing a dramatization of the story.

It appears that the Kalem Company employed a writer to read the story and write a description of certain portions of it, and that from this a moving picture film was produced. The Federal courts of New York held that the Kalem Company was a contributory infringer, not of the copyrighted book or drama, but on the author's exclusive right to dramatize his writings and publicly to perform that dramatization. The Kalem Company was enjoined from continuing to produce or sell the films.

The Supreme Court to-day affirmed this action in an opinion by Justice Holmes.

AVERTS THEATRE PANIC.

Fireman Restores Order in Proctor's 58th St. House After a False Alarm.

The quick wit of Patrick Lenahan, a city fireman attached to Proctor's Theatre, at Fifty-eighth Street and Third Avenue, averted a panic among 2,700 persons in that theatre last night, when a fire extinguisher fell from its fastenings on the wall of the balcony and the cry of "Fire" was heard.

Lenahan was on the orchestra floor when the alarm was sounded. He ran to the balcony, and in the orchestra below saw men, women, and children struggling to reach the front of the theatre. Women were screaming, and several had fainted. Lenahan ran to the front of the gallery and shouted to the excited throng to keep their seats, that a woman had fainted, and that there was no danger. This had the desired effect. The audience returned to their seats.

Less than an hour after the false alarm was sounded in the theatre, a fire was discovered on the third floor of the house which adjoins the theatre on the south. The blaze was extinguished by the firemen after slight damage.

Irish Players for Elliott Theatre.

The Irish Players will appear next Monday at Maxine Elliott's Theatre instead of at Daly's, and Viola Allen, in "The Lady of Coventry," will come into Daly's instead. Mme. Simone, in her répertoire, will go from Daly's for a road tour, and Margaret Anglin, who is now at Maxine Elliott's, appearing in the comedy "Green Stockings," will also go on tour. Miss Allen's first performance will take place on Tuesday night, in order not to conflict with other openings on Monday.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Two Steamships—The Arrivals.

Liners sailing to-day for Europe and some of their passengers are:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—His Grace Archbishop Farley, Baron and Baroness Graffenreid, Dr. L. Anderson, Mrs. H. Bacon, the Rev. Dr. Richard Lalor Burtsell, Mrs. Samuel Butler, the Rev. Dr. Daniel Burge, the Rev. Francis P. Burke, the Rev. Charles A. Cassidy, the Rev. John T. Edwards, the Rev. Luke J. Evers, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fairchild, the Rev. Diomede Falconi, Apostolic Delegate to the United States; the Rev. John S. J. Farley, Countess Dorothy Gardner, the Rev. Thomas F. Gregg, A. W. Green, Mrs. S. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert E. Harris, Miss T. Hawley, H. J. Holland, Stanley Johnson, Andre Lazard, the Rev. James V. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Manning, Mrs. R. S. McCormick, the Rev. William S. Murphy, the Rev. James P. O'Brien, Mrs. R. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Reed, Miss Lydia Rhoades, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Rouse, the Misses Anna and Verona Rouse, T. E. Sansom, the Rev. Thomas J. Shahan, the Rev. William J. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Slocum, Mr. and Mrs. Charlemagne Tower, A. A. Tucker, Paul Vogel, Fred A. Torup, the Rev. Francis Wall, D. D.; R. J. Walsh, Norman Waterhouse, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Weeks, Mrs. G. F. Campbell Wood, B. Young.

NOORDAM (Rotterdam)—Miss Jane Bagnell, Mrs. C. E. Boyer, Miss L. L. Coleman, Miss Maud Coleman, Miss Marguerite Coleman, Miss Jeane Fleck, W. P. Montyn, Miss Elsia Ross, Miss A. Ledyard Smith, Dr. Hayward Stetson, and Mrs. Victor Spirlet.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen.)—T. J. Allen, Mrs. C. B. Augustin, Miss Maud Austin, Mrs. L. Avery, Henry Benedict, Mrs. Sylvia Benedict, Count Bernstorff, German Ambassador to the United States; Countess Bernstorff, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Berry, Miss Blanche Berry, Miss Watson F. Blair, Dr. Moris L. Blatt, Miss Alice S. Bliss, Miss Grace E. Bliss, Mrs. J. J. Borland, Miss Margery Brown, Paul W. Brower, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Butler, Countess Z. de Contant-Byron, Mrs. F. C. Campbell, Dr. E. N. Carpenter, Hamilton Carroll, Phillip E. Chapin, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. A. Claussin, Harrison Cowan, Miss Alison Cruickshank, Mrs. De Forest-Danielson, Mrs. C. C. Desmond, Phillip Desmond, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Fauer, Morris P. French, J. A. Fulton, Baron Santher Slusau, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Griggs, Mme. Maria Gay, Miss Adele Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hicks, Mrs. J. W. Howmas, G. W. Hutchinson, Mrs. Mary W. Jones, Mrs. Lawrence Keene, Mr. and Mrs. Fred King, Miss Lydia Kramer, Robert Gordon McKay, Count Robert Hostitz, Miss M. F. Oaks, Cyril N. Outerbridge, Mrs. A. J. Outerbridge, Miss Keithleen N. Outerbridge, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Paine, C. O. Peacock, Mrs. Henry Cleveland Perkins, Baron and Baroness Von Preuschen-Liebenstein, Miss Ruth Seigbul, Dr. Carleton Simon, Oscar Tietz, Miss Mary Wadsworth, Mrs. W. H. Wickham, and Giovanni Zenatello.

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. C. E. Atwater, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Argen, Mrs. H. T. Baker, Miss Katherine Baker, Mrs. S. H. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brice, Miss Helen Barritt, Donald Campbell, Miss W. K. Carpenter, George R. Collett, Mrs. W. E. Colt, Jr., Mrs. J. Y. Cook, Lieut. Col. W. W. Corbusier, Miss C. S. Cullen, Mrs. S. S. Dennis, Miss Helen Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Elkin, Mr. and Mrs. C. Emmet, Miss Margaret Emmet, Miss M. M. Fell, Mrs. H. W. Fitch, Miss H. Fitch, Mrs. C. W. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gilford; Mrs. J. Gray, Misses A. M. and H. A. Greeley, Mrs. W. E. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hutchings, Mrs. A. E. Johnston, Miss L. A. Johnston, Mrs. Frank Kellogg, Capt. C. Mayer, B. Newlin, Miss Emma D. Roberts, Mrs. Augusta E. Roosevelt, Lieut. Col. E. A. Root, U. S. A.; S. H. Shank, United States Consul at Mannheim, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wagner, Mrs. B. B. Wilson, Major E. Eveleth Winslow, U. S. A.; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wolfe, Miss Alice Ward, Miss Dorothy Wilson.

ROTTERDAM, (Rotterdam)—Mrs. G. W. Agee, Miss Marie Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Andrews, Mrs. H. P. Bailey, Mrs. A. L. Belknap, Mrs. Hugh Buch, J. W. Borden, F. B. Bower, Mrs. S. K. Bradford, Mrs. W. J. Breed, Mrs. Christine Brooks, Mrs. V. C. Brown, Carl Banion, Miss Lucie Carr, Clarence H. Carter, Mrs. Robert C. Cassatt, Alexander Cassatt, Mrs. B. B. Davis, Herbert R. Eldridge, Mrs. J. C. Eno, Miss Mary Eno, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Fay, Mrs. D. Field, Robert Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Ford, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. R. Hall, Dr. J. T. Halsey, Mrs. S. R. Herod, John Keeler, Miss Virginia Kelley, Miss Kate Kelsey, Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. L. Lane, Mrs. Robert Lehr, Mrs. Frances Lehr, Mrs. F. Park Lewis, Mrs. Henry Mackel, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Miss Alice Van Rensselaer, Miss A. Regan, Capt. F. S. Mumford, U. S. A.; Mrs. Mumford, Miss Alice Robson, Miss Sarah C. Robson, Mrs. M. B. Salisbury, Frank Seaman, Mrs. Helen Sherwin, Miss A. F. Smith, H. Speth, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Tams, Mrs. Sydney Thayer, Viscount and Viscountess Ph. de Tristan, Mr. and Mrs. H. Wells, Mrs. C. B. Wood, Lieut. F. J. J. Trapman, Mr. and Mrs. N. Trotter, Mrs. Frances E. Wolcott, and Miss Katherine Wolcott.

SWIFT & CO.'S SALES OF FRESH BEEF in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 11, averaged 8.06 cents per pound. —Adv.

ZENATELLO AND BRIDE ARRIVE

Tenor's Wife, Maria Gay, Prima Donna, Persuaded Him to Cut His Curls.

Giovanni Zenatello, the operatic tenor, arrived yesterday on the George Washington from Europe with his newly wedded wife, who was Maria Gay, the prima donna, and his hair cut. He said he was married this Summer in Italy to Maria Day, and they had spent their honeymoon automobiling through France, Italy, Austria, and Spain which is the bride's native land.

Mrs. Zenatello said that she had persuaded her husband to cut off his long curls because she did not like long hair, even for tenors. Mr. and Mrs. Zenatello left for Boston, where they will open in "Samson and Delilah" in the two chief rôles.

EX-CONGRESSMAN SPERRY.

Dean of Congress Until Last March and a Founder of Republican Party.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 13.—Nehemiah D. Sperry, until last March Dean of Congress, died at his home in this city to-night. He was 84 years old and had been ill for two weeks of organic heart trouble.

Congressman Sperry was one of the founders of the Republican Party and a warm personal friend of Abraham Lincoln. He was born in Woodbridge, Conn., on a farm, and became a builder and contractor when a young man. He was elected Secretary of State in 1855 and was Postmaster of New Haven from 1861 to 1885 and from 1889 to 1893. He entered Congress in 1894, and remained there till last March, when he declined re-election because of advancing years.

Mr. Sperry and the late Cornelius S. Bushnell were the bondsmen of John Ericsson, the designer of the Monitor, pledging their slender personal fortunes on the success of the boat that smashed the hope of the Confederacy, the Merrimac. Mr. Sperry's long service as Postmaster made him eminently fitted to act as a member of the Committee on Post Offices in Congress, and he was one of the founders of the rural free delivery system. He leaves a widow.

Prof. Bernard Fraenkel.

BERLIN, Nov. 13. — Prof. Bernard Fraenkel, noted specialist of the diseases of the nose and throat and for many years professor in the University of Berlin, died here to-day. For many years he had been prominent in the crusade against tuberculosis and had been a figure in the International Anti-Tuberculosis Congresses. Prof. Fraenkel was sought far and near by medical students and thousands of laryngologists from America got instruction in his classes. He would have been 75 years old on Nov. 17. It is recalled that when his former students and admirers wanted to give a dinner in honor of his seventieth birthday, Prof. Fraenkel positively prohibited it, consenting instead to an arrangement by which an exhibition illustrative of the progress of laryngology during the last fifty years was made to serve the same purpose. It was Prof. Fraenkel whom Col. Roosevelt consulted in May, 1910, regarding a throat affection which annoyed him during his European tour.

Charles Henry Israels.

Charles Henry Israels, a member of the firm of Israels & Harder of 31 West Thirty-first Street, prominent in art circles in this country, died yesterday at his home, 21 Edgecliff Terrace, Park Hill, Yonkers, after a two days' illness. Heart disease, brought on by pneumonia, was the cause of his death. He was 45 years old. Mr. Israels was born and educated in this city and finished his studies in France. He was secretary of the Municipal Art Society, a member of the Architectural League, the American Institute of Architects, and the Municipal Art Commission of Yonkers. He was at one time active in the work of the Citizens' Union and was one of the members of the Building Code Revision Commission in 1907. He was a nephew of the painter, Josef Israels, who died recently. Mr. Israels is survived by his wife and three children.

Rev. Patrick Murray Dies of Injuries.

The Rev. Patrick Murray, assistant rector of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn, died in the Presbyterian Hospital, Manhattan, yesterday, from injuries he received on Friday last by being struck by a Lexington Avenue car at Lexington Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street. Father Murray was born in County Roscommon, Ireland, thirty-five years ago. He was ordained in 1900 at St. John's College, Brooklyn, by Bishop Charles E. McDonnell. His first assignment was to the Church of the Sacred Heart, Brooklyn. From there he went to St. Mary's Church, Long Island City, and a year ago became assistant rector of the Church of St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn. The funeral will be held at the last named church on Thursday morning.

Jacob Doll.

Jacob Doll, a wealthy manufacturer of pianos, died yesterday after a month's illness from a complication of diseases, at his home, 6 West Seventy-seventh Street, at the age of 62. He was born in Baden, Germany, and came to this country when 14 years old. His family traveled with another Baden family named Bauer, and Mr. Doll married a daughter of the family, Miss Anna Bauer, in 1876. Mr. Doll began working in a piano factory here when he was a boy. Later, he started a piano factory of his own in East Nineteenth Street. A factory of his in East Thirteenth Street burned down five years ago, and he built another at 133d Street and Southern Boulevard. He was a member of the Arion Society. Mr. Doll leaves a widow, five daughters and five sons.

Obituary Notes.

F. H. GRAVES, a prominent Chicago banker and President of the White Pass & Yukon Railroad, was found dead in his bed at the Aylmer Apartments, in Ottawa, Ont., yesterday. Death was due to heart disease. Mr. Graves went to Ottawa on his way to England, having business with the Dominion Railway Commission.

JOSEPH N. FLANNIGAN, for many years Democratic leader in the Long Branch, N. J., Council, died in the Columbia Hotel there on Sunday. He was 55 years old and had been active in the hotel business for thirty years. He is survived by a wife and three children.

GEORGE A. TREADWELL, a metallurgist and mining promoter, and for many years a lecturer on mining in American and English universities, died on Saturday in St. Luke's Hospital of kidney trouble. Prof. Treadwell was educated at Yale and later spent many years abroad. He was interested in Western mines all his life and was the discoverer of the copper deposits in Verde County, Ariz. In November, 1909, the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court reversed a judgment obtained by Prof. Treadwell against ex-United States Senator William A. Clark, which judgment declared the sale of the United Verde Copper Company in 1900 to a reorganization committee to have been illegal. Prof. Treadwell was the only stockholder to oppose the dissolution, and the case dragged through the courts for ten years. At the time of his death Mr. Treadwell was Director and officer of many mining stock companies, among them the George A. Treadwell Mining Company of 15 William Street and the McKinley Mining and Smelting Company. His home was at 219 West 104th Street.

CHARLES EUGENE WILLIAMS of 27 South Clinton Avenue, East Orange, N. J., a teller in the Bank of New York for twenty-five years, died in Ocean Grove, N. J., where he had gone for his health, on Sunday. He was a nephew of Robert H. Howes, once Controller of this city. He is survived by his wife and one son, Charles Laidlaw Williams.

JEREMIAH T. BURKE, for many years political agent of the Southern Pacific Railroad in California, is dead at his home in Berkeley of pneumonia. "Kerry" Burke was the right-hand man of William F. Herrin, chief of the Southern Pacific's legal staff, and was a familiar figure at State political conventions and sessions of the Legislature for many years.

APPLE ORCHARDS
ON THE
HUDSON RIVER
FOR 39 MEN AND WOMEN.
Thirty-nine men and women will employ an expert horticulturist and establish a commercial apple orchard under the same scientific methods that are making Oregon orchards pay $1,200 per acre per year. 12,000 trees will be planted and each 5-acre interest should pay a net income of at least $1,000 to $2,000 a year.
Berries and other interplanted crops will pay a good yearly income while the trees are coming into bearing.
Cost of 5-acre interest, including all planting and care, $1,170; $370 cash, balance quarterly. Send for particulars. H. R., 246 Times.

C. A. REED, ARCHITECT, DEAD.

Designer of New Grand Central Terminal Built 100 Railway Stations.

Charles A. Reed of the firm of Reed & Stem, executive head of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company Architects, and the designer of the new Grand Central Terminal, died at his home, Eighty-third Street and Riverside Drive, late Sunday evening, after a short illness.

Mr. Reed was a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and had devoted the last thirty years of his life to building railroad stations. For the last ten years he was connected with the New York Central structural enterprises, and previous to that was the chief consulting architect and designer of stations for the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, Great Western, Michigan Central, and Norfolk & Western Railroads. During his thirty years of active work he constructed, with the aid of his partner in the firm, C. A. Stem, no less than 100 railway stations.

A large union station designed by Mr. Reed is now building at Norfolk, Va., and the plans for others have been let at Detroit and Utica. The Grand Central Terminal was Mr. Reed's largest as well as his last project. He had hoped to see it completed, and his death, coming at the age of 54, is a great shock to his associates and intimates. In all of his buildings Mr. Reed followed the lines of utilitarianism in architecture, and he leaned boldly to the Italian Renaissance style. Mr. Reed was unmarried.

John L. Carncross, Old Minstrel, Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—John L. Carncross, pioneer minstrel and for many years famous throughout the country as a minstrel tenor, died suddenly at his home in this city late last night of heart disease. He was leader of the Carncross and Dixie troupe of minstrels that traveled all over the United States, and which later established a permanent home in this city. Mr. Carncross was 77 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BRADLEY.—Nov. 7, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Bradley, a daughter.

YEITTER.—Nov. 11, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Yeitter, a son.

Married.

McCLINTOCK—BROWER.—On Saturday, Nov. 11, 1911, at Quiogue, Long Island, N. Y., by the Rev. Dr. Frederick R. Sanford, Fanny, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles DeHart Brower, to Harvey C. McClintock.

SEELEMAN—HANTCHAROW. — Louis Seeleman to Miss Tillie Hantcharow, by the Rev. Dr. I. Moses, Nov. 12, 1911.

Brooklyn.

AMSEL—BLUME.—Nov. 12, Edna Blume to Charles S. Amsel.

Connecticut.

PUGSLEY—WRIGHT.—Nov. 11, New Haven, Dorothy S. Wright to Edwin Pugsley.

Long Island.

STOWELL—ROWE.—Nov. 9, Jamaica, Helen B. Rowe to Arthur R. Stowell.

New York State.

ALBERTSON—MESSINGER.—Nov. 9, Kingston, Anna S. Messinger to George R. Albertson.

Died.

BAXTER.—On the 11th inst., at Saugerties, N. Y., Anna Louise Baxter, daughter of the late Christopher Marshall and Louise A. Baxter, in her 73d year. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, 11 A. M., Tuesday, 14th inst.

BROOKFIELD.—On Monday, Nov. 13, Mary Brookfield, daughter of James and Catharine Brookfield. Funeral will be held at the Hotel St. Andrew, Broadway and 72d St., on Wednesday, Nov. 15, at 10:30 o'clock.

CHRISTENSEN.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, 1911, M. Frederick Christensen, in his 56th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 574 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1911, at 8 P. M. Friends and members of the 23d Regiment Veterans' Association invited.

DOLL.—On Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, at 4 A. M., Jacob Doll, in his 62d year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral service on Wednesday, 15th inst., at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 6 West 77th St. Funeral private.

DOUGLAS.—Entered into rest Nov. 12, 1911, Anrah Martin Douglas, widow of Evander Myers Douglas. Funeral services at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon at her late residence, 255 Steuben St., Brooklyn. Interment at Whitehall, N. Y.

EHRICH.—The interment of the late Louis R. Ehrich, who died in London on Oct. 23, will take place at Salem Fields, Cypress Hills Cemetery, on Thursday, Nov. 16, at 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

FREEMAN.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, at her home, 1,384 Washington Av., Bronx, Dora Freeman. Funeral Nov. 14, 10:30 A. M., from St. Paul's Church, Washington Av. and St. Paul's Place.

GILBERT.—Suddenly, at her home, 146 West 58th St., Sarah W. Plum, widow of the late Edward G. Gilbert of Troy, N. Y. Funeral at her late residence on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 15, at 4 P. M. Interment on Thursday at Troy, N. Y.

HALL.—At Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, on Friday, Nov. 10, of pneumonia, Florence B. Hall of 245 West 48th St., daughter of the late Francis C. and Elizabeth W. C. Hall. Funeral service at the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and 6th Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 2 P. M.

HOLMES.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, 1911, at her home, 90 High St., Orange, N. J., Abby Napier, beloved wife of Joseph D. Holmes and daughter of the late Henry W. and Caroline C. Smith. Funeral private.

ISRAELS.—At his home, 24 Edgecliff Terrace, Park Hill, Yonkers, on Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, Charles Henry Israels, beloved husband of Belle Lindner Israels, aged 45 years. Funeral private, Wednesday, Nov. 15. Please omit flowers.

KUPFER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 12, Henry W. Kupfer, in his 61st year. Funeral services at his late residence, 305 West 29th St., Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock P. M. Interment private.

LAMSON.—At his residence, Larchmont, N. Y., on Nov. 13, 1911, of pneumonia, Roger Lamson. Funeral services Thursday morning on arrival of train leaving New York at 9:06 A. M. Boston papers please copy.

LOZANO.—On Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, Cornelia Lozano, beloved wife of the late Faustino Lozano, at her residence, 149 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral Nov. 15, 1911, at 10 A. M., at the Church of the Nativity, Madison St. and Classon Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MacGREGOR.—Suddenly, on Nov. 12, 1911, at his residence, 19 West Stewart Av., Lansdowne, Penn., David Alexander MacGregor, son of the late Donald R. and Ellen MacGregor, and beloved husband of Madeline Edwards MacGregor. Due notice of funeral afterwards.

NICE.—Eugene Nice, aged 70. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Tuesday, 10 o'clock.

REED.—On the 12th inst., Charles A. Reed. Funeral at 4 o'clock Wednesday, at late residence, Scarsdale, N. Y.

RICE.—Herman, on Sunday, Nov. 12, in his 81st year, at his home, 188 Rutland Road, Brooklyn. Funeral private.

TREADWELL.—On Saturday, Nov. 11, 1911, in his 75th year, George A. Treadwell. Services at the Chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, West 113th St. and Amsterdam Av., Tuesday evening, at 7:45 o'clock. Interment private.

WHITE.—On Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, at 35 Second Place, Brooklyn, Cornelia Sutphen White, widow of the late Chauncey N. White, in the 94th year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WOOLF.—On Monday, Nov. 13, Emily, beloved wife of John L. Woolf. Funeral from the residence of Miss Florence Benjamin, 503 West 121st St., on Wednesday, Nov. 15, at 9 A. M.

WYCKOFF.—On Saturday evening, Nov. 11, 1911, after a long illness, Richard M. Wyckoff, M. D., in his 73d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 532 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 14, at 2:30 o'clock.

ANDERSON. — Donald, 142 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 11.

BOYLE.—Timothy, Riverdale, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day.

CORCORAN.—Edward, 637 West 46th St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9:15 A. M.

DONOVAN.—Denis, 3,342 Decatur Av., Bronx, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

EDMONDSON.—Joseph S., 534 West 153d St., Nov. 11. Funeral private.

FLOOD.—Margaret, 523 West 157th St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

HOOD.—Margaret, 523 West 157th St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow.

HUNTER.—Daniel, 4,056 Barnes Av., Bronx, Nov. 11. Funeral private.

KUTZNER.—Paul, 500 East 117th St., Nov. 11, aged 53. Funeral to-day.

LEONARD.—Margaret, 201 East 40th St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McDONALD.—Elizabeth, 504 West 26th St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MITCHELL. — Stephen, 190 Brown Place, Bronx, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PENROSE.—Frederick W., 364 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

PILLETT.—Letitia, 2,091 3d Av., Nov. 12. Funeral notice later.

RYAN.—Lizzie, Nov. 11. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av., to-day, 9 A. M.

Died.

Brooklyn.

ANDERSON.—Gustave, 270 Franklin Av., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BURHANS.—Lydia A., 160 St. James Place, Nov. 13. Funeral private.

CAMPBELL.—Grace, 176 Schenectady Av., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DALY.—James H., 1,959 84th St., Bensonhurst, Nov. 11, aged 51.

FORMAN.—William, 718 Greene Av., Nov. 12, aged 66. Funeral service to-day.

GEIP.—Henry A., Nov. 10, aged 40. Funeral 195 Court St.

HERON.—Helen, 62 Lynch St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow.

KRAUSZ.—Jacob, Jewish Hospital, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LEOPOLD.—William, 218 Weirfield St., Nov. 11, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow.

LOHAN.—Margaret, 97 Palmetto St., Nov. 13. Funeral to-morrow.

McCARTHY.—Patrick J., 13 Clermont Av., Nov. 13. Funeral notice later.

McCARTY.—Bridget, 110 Adelphi St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McGLINCEY.—Thomas, 390½ Clifton Place, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day.

McSHEA.—Madeline, 174 Conover St., Nov. 11.

MAHONEY.—Norah, 23 Granite St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MUIR.—James, 551 45th St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

NAN.—Anna, Coney Island Hospital, Nov. 10, aged 54.

REHBERG.—Walter R., Kings County Hospital, Nov. 12, aged 29.

ROSS.—Anna S., 493 Central Av., Nov. 11, aged 42. Funeral to-day.

SCHEPP.—Frank H., 1,808 West 8th St., Nov. 11. Funeral to-day.

SCHLINGLOFF.—William, 214 Stockton St., Nov. 12. Funeral private.

SHEARER.—David, 231 72d St., Nov. 12. Funeral to-day.

SUMERVILLE.—Thomas, 637 66th St., Nov. 11, aged 53.

SULLIVAN.—Catherine, 675 Rutland Road, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow.

VAN RIPER.—William H., 559 10th St., Nov. 11, aged 84. Funeral to-morrow.

WALL.—Margaret, 1,024 Hancock St., Nov. 11, aged 96.

WALSTAD.—John M., 94 Dykeman St., Nov. 11, aged 41.

Connecticut.

BERGSTROM.—Arthur, Danbury, Nov. 10, aged 6 months.

BOOTH.—Sarah W., New London, Nov. 12, aged 68.

BURTON.—Eli P., Trumbull, Nov. 11, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

CHAPIN.—Anna L., Hartford, Nov. 12, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

COLEMAN.—Angeline, Collinsville, Nov. 10.

DADE.—Isabella C., New Haven, Nov. 11, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

DART.—Adalaide A., Hartford, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FARLEY.—Mary J., Hartford, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

FIELD.—Catherine L., Hartford, Nov. 10, aged 68.

RITCH.—Julia L., Bridgeport, Nov. 10.

SITARO.—Catherine, Hartford, Nov. 11, aged 75.

Long Island.

BELL.—William S., Whitestone, Nov. 10, aged 35.

ELTON.—Sophronia, Riverhead, Nov. 11, aged 80.

FRASER.—Alexander W., Whitestone, Nov. 10, aged 66.

HUMMEL.—August, Middle Village, Nov. 11, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KEATING.—William J., 51 Tulip St., Corona, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KEYSER.—Andrew, Ridgewood, Nov. 10, aged 67.

MORAN.—Mary, 11 Maple Av., Flushing, Nov. 10, aged 31.

YARRINGTON.—Charles W., Sayville, Nov. 11, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

New Jersey.

BATTERSON.—Ann, 27 Jay St., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 72. Funeral to-day.

BOLTZ.—Johanna, 229 Clinton St., Hoboken, Nov. 12, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BOWYER.—Edward, Jersey City, Nov. 12.

BRINKLEY.—Carrie P., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 24. Funeral to-day.

BRITT.—Bridget, Paterson, Nov. 11.

BUSH.—William E., 216 Claremont Av., Jersey City, Nov. 11, aged 64.

CANNON.—George J., Springfield, Nov. 12, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

CARLOCK.—Laura P., East Orange, Nov. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

DEAN.—George, Paterson, Nov. 10, aged 55.

DELANEY.—Mary, 26 West 29th St., Nov. 10.

DIEGLER.—Augusta, Union Hill, Nov. 12, aged 74. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DOUGHERTY.—William, 119 Boyden St., Newark, Nov. 12, aged 11 months.

DOWNEY.—Ellen, 164 Norfolk St., Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day.

DREW.—Thomas H., 133 Bank St., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 29.

FELDMANN.—Fred C. W., Irvington, Nov. 12, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FITZGERALD.—Thomas, Elizabeth, Nov. 10, aged 40.

FITZSIMMONS.—Mary, 279 Mercer St., Jersey City, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day.

FLANIGAN.—Joseph W., Long Branch, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow.

GATFIELD.—Henry, 40 Cottage St., Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

GESNER.—Charles A., Belleville, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

GREEN.—William, 41 Clay St., Newark, Nov. 10, aged 55.

GRIES.—William S., East Orange, Nov. 12, aged 49.

HAYES.—Helena W., 1,096 Broad St., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 38. Funeral to-day.

HERBERT.—Mary, Bordentown, Nov. 11, aged 68.

HUGHES.—Melvin E., Florence, Nov. 10, aged 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HYATT.—Walter B., Weehawken Heights, Nov. 11, aged 43. Funeral service to-day.

JOHNSON.—Sarah, East Orange, Nov. 10, aged 80.

McCAUSLAND.—Everett, Paterson, Nov. 11, aged 3.

McKIERMAN.—John F., 3,507 South 9th St., Newark, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

MALONEY.—Charles T., Woodbury, Nov. 11, aged 76.

MILLER.—Hettie, Boonton, Nov. 11, aged 83. Funeral to-day.

MORGAN.—David, 16 North 11th St., Newark, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Michael J., Bayonne, Nov. 10, aged 33.

PARSONS.—Henrietta, 95 Stone St., Newark, Nov. 13, aged 75.

PLATZ.—Anna D., 345 Bank St., Newark, Nov. 12. Funeral Nov. 16.

REILLY.—Mary P., Chatham, Nov. 12, aged 7 months. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

ROLPH.—Alma, 1 Arch St., Newark, Nov. 11, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SEIVERS.—Isabella, South Orange, Nov. 12. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

SNELLEN.—G. Fred, 158 Parker St., Newark, Nov. 12.

TART.—Samuel, 138 South 8th St., Newark, Nov. 13.

TURNEY.—Mary, Glen Ridge, Nov. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

WILLIAMS.—Charles E., East Orange, Nov. 12, aged 65.

New York State.

McDERMOTT.—Elizabeth G., Peekskill, Nov. 10, aged 45.

MOORE.—Thomas, Newburg, Nov. 10, aged 71.

O'BRIEN.—John, Poughkeepsie, Nov. 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

VAN HOESEN.—Dedrick, Greenport, Nov. 10.

In Memoriam.

DANNENHOFFER.—John L., in memory of, died Nov. 14, 1910.

KEENAN.—Margaret, mass Holy Cross Church, Harrison, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

RIELLY.—Annie M., mass St. John's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d. Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea
John W. Lyon Oldest Established. Economical. 69 E. 125th St. 'Phone 1333 Harlem
CEMETERIES.
THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

SINGLE BOOKS in SPECIAL BINDINGS
by
Sangorsky Sutcliff
De Sauty Hayday
Fazakerley Bedford
Zaehnsdorf Riviere
E. P. DUTTON & CO.
31 West 23d Street
New York City

New York County Sunday School Association Convention
Interdenominational
At Columbia University, St. Paul's Chapel and Earl Hall.
A vital, stimulating program, with such speakers as Bishop Greer, Hon. George McAneny, Drs. A. F. Schauffler of New York, W. H. Boocock of Buffalo, C. R. Janvier of Philadelphia, H. E. Fosdick of Montclair, and Allen Stockdale of Boston.
Every Sunday School teacher and officer is invited to be present Thursday evening, November 16th, and Friday morning, afternoon and evening, November 17th.

We offer a
7% Cumulative Preferred
stock @ 100 and accrued
dividend.

This Company is free from bonded and floating indebtedness (other than current accounts payable) and the assets back of this stock amount to $234 per share, while the Company's net earnings for the past five years have averaged over 23% on this issue.

Write for circular giving full particulars.

Hallowell & Henry
Tel Broad 4995. 52 Beaver St., N.Y.

The present bond market affords investors an opportunity of purchasing high grade seasoned issues at prices to yield 5% or better. Lists of those bonds selling at the most attractive prices sent upon request.

Alfred Mestre & Co
BANKERS
37 Wall Street, New York

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YOPK

Government
Municipal
Railroad and
Public Utility

Bonds for Investment

First Mortgage
RAILROAD BONDS
to pay
5% to 6%

Particulars Upon Application

A. B. Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Two Good Reasons

For two reasons we subject every company whose bonds we offer to a rigid investigation.

First.—Because we always purchase the control of such companies outright and must have absolute knowledge of their condition for self protection.

Second.—So that if it ever seems advisable to issue bonds, we may be able to furnish investors absolutely trustworthy data regarding those securities.

Write for circular.

Meikleham & Dinsmore
Engineers and Bankers
437 Chestnut St., Phila. 25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK. 60 State St., Boston.

Pitts., Cinn., Chic. & St. Louis Ry.
CONSOL. MORTGAGE. ALL SERIES.
Ontario Power Co. First 5s, 1943
CRAWFORD, PATTON & CANNON,
BANKERS,
100 Broadway & 1 Nassau St., New York City
No. American Building, Philadelphia

WANTED
200 Federal Sugar Com.
200 Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Com. & Pfd.
100 Illinois Traction Com.
100 Lackawanna R. R. (New 4% Stock.)
25 Phelps-Dodge & Co.
50 Republic Ry. & L'tg Com.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 30 Broad St. Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

Central Trust Co.
Columbia Trust Co.
Metropolitan Bank.
National Park Bank.
Long Island Loan & Trust Co.

S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7380-1-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

N. W. Halsey & Co
Bonds for Investment
Send for Circular
49 Wall Street New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

E. & C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada and Mexico.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React, with Heaviest Selling in United States Steel Shares.

GENERAL TRADING LIGHTER

Profit-Taking Sales Cause Prompt Recessions—Indications of Continued Growth in Railroad Earnings.

In the absence of any fresh news such as stimulated the forward movement on the Stock Exchange last week, prices receded yesterday under selling of the kind usually looked for after a sustained forward movement, such as the markets have experienced during the past fortnight. Several stocks, including some of the anthracite shares, upon which had been concentrated a good deal of the enthusiastic trading of the closing days of last week, made some further gains in the early trading yesterday, and to such good purpose that these shares in one instance showed a net gain for the day, while in the others the declines fell considerably short of the net recessions in the most active of the leading issues. It was in Union and Southern Pacific and United States Steel that the day's reaction resulted in the largest decline, the selling of Steel being particularly heavy. The trading all told was in considerably smaller volume than during last week's advance in prices.

One reason why yesterday's reaction caused no surprise was the feeling that the recent improvement in prices had already discounted a good deal of possible improvement in the general situation and that any further movement forward, without the technical advantages which accrue to a market through normal reactions, would leave the market unduly exposed to the influence of any adverse factor which might present itself. It happened last week that day to day developments offered continued encouragement to operations on the long side of the market, and moreover, the purely speculative opposition which the advance in prices encountered, contributed materially to the success of those who had thrown their support to the upturn on the Stock Exchange. The factors in the situation making for general improvement have not been diminished, and to that extent the reaction which took place yesterday can hardly be regarded as having any special significance so far as the general drift of business events are concerned. From a closer market point of view it might appear yesterday's recession suggested that a good deal of profit taking had been resorted to toward the end of last week under the cover of continued operations for the advance in some stocks. Such a theory would fit in both with the fall in prices yesterday and with the considerably diminished volume of trading.

Indications point to a continuance of the growth in railroad traffic which has lately found reflection in the general volume of railroad earnings. In the Northwest, among other sections, traffic appears to be moving in even larger than usual volume, thus continuing the conditions lately indicated in the Great Northern's report of gross earnings for October showing an increase of $600,000 for that month. The expanding gross receipts of the railways, so far as these are revealed in the current returns, is one of the solid facts in the situation which point to the really great volume of business the country is doing despite the restrictive influences which have retarded its expansion, and which suggest that only a broadening of the confidence, which already as recent events have shown has been strengthened, is needed to overcome the hesitancy which business has been showing.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

ANNUAL MEETING.
Brooklyn Union Gas Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3½ per cent. for all dates, from sixty days to six months. Commercial paper was quoted at 3½ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4@4¾ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 7-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., up ⅛.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $222,962,472; balances, $10,-787,201; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $115,-767.

The local banks have lost $2,094,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8740; demand, $4.87.

Paris—Cable, 5.16⅞ plus 1-32; check, 5.16⅞ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼ less 1-64; check, 95 3-16 less 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅛ plus 1-32; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40⅜; check, 40¾.

Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-32; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8380; ninety days, $4.8240.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83⅝; ninety days, $4.82¼.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.20; ninety days, 5.21¼.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.20⅝; ninety days, 5.21⅞ less 1-32.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 4½; ninety days, 4¼.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 5-16; ninety days, 93 15-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 15c discount; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 25 13-16d per ounce, and in New York ¼c lower, at 56c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Rate	—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅝	100⅞	4.50
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1,'14	99⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
C., H. & D., pur. money	4	July 1,'13	99⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	97½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	6	Aug. 8,'14	100⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	6	Oct. 1,'14	99⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	98⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	98¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	97	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lack. Steel Co.	5	Mar. 1,'15	90⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	94⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	96⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Cent.	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅜	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oakland Rys.	6	Sep. 1,'15	100¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pac. Tel. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅜	[illegible]	[illegible]
S. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1,'13	98⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	98¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tidewater Co.	6	June 1,'13	101½	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	103⅜	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug. 1,'14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	100¾
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	..
3s, r., 1918	101⅞	102½
3s, c., 1918	101⅞	..
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅝
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅝
Panama 3s, 1961	102¼	102½
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp., ex div.	200	210
Alb. & Sus.	270	..
Am. Ag. C.	53	54
Am. Ag. C. pf.	92	..
Am. B. S. pf.	97½	100
A. B. S. & Fdy.	87½	90
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	125	126½
Am. Coal	75	100
A. H. & L. pf.	22	25
Am. L. Co.	9	9½
Am. Locom. pf.	102½	104½
Am. Malt.	4¼	5
Am. M. pf.	41½	41¾
Am. S. pf., B.	86¾	87
Am. Snuff	200	..
Am. Snuff pf.	95½	105
A. T. & C.	..	88
Am. W. Pa. pf.	27½	28½
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann Arbor pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil	..	49
Balt. & O. pf.	89	89¾
Batopilas M.	1¼	1½
Beth. Steel pf.	56	58½
Bruns. Ter.	7¾	9
B., R. & P.	102	110
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	29	30
Canada So.	60	65
C. R. R. of N. J.	305	325
C. & S. A. Tel.	113	116
Chi. & Alt.	23	30
Chi. & Alt. pf.	40	45
C. & E. Ill. pf.	103	130
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf.	148½	148¾
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	135	145

	Bid.	Asked.
U. B. & P.	5¼	6
U. Pac. pf.	92⅛	92½
Un. Cig. M. pf.	103	105¾
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	24	29
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	90	93
U. S. C. I. Pipe	12⅝	13
U. S. Exp.	85	91
U. S. R. & Ref.	2	3½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	..	12½
Vand. R. R.	..	86
Va. I., C. & Coke	55	..
Va. R. & P.	39½	40
Va. R. & P. pf.	79⅝	80
West. Md. pf.	81½	85½
Westingh'se 1st pf.	111	118
W. & L. E.	4	4½
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10½	11½
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	4½	5½
Wis. Cent.	55	56½

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was dull, with the tone steady. Tin was at an advance of ⅝c in the bid and ⅝c in the asking price. Copper was a shade lower in the offerings.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper—	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.
Spot	12.17½	12.35	12.25	12.45
November	12.25	12.30	12.25	12.40
December	12.25	12.42½	12.27½	12.45
January	12.25	12.50	12.30	12.45
Lead	4.25	4.30	4.25	4.30
Spelter	6.30	6.50	6.30	6.50
Tin	42.37½	42.75	41.80	42.00

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of quotations was obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. The final prices compare with Friday's closing figures:

	Monday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	16	3	56	15	0
Copper, futures	57	10	0	57	10	0
Pig tin, spot	193	10	0	190	10	0
Pig tin, futures	187	7	6	185	10	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead at £15 17s 6d. Cleveland warrants were a shade higher, at 47s 1½d. Spelter unchanged, at £26 15s.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Saturday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Nov. 11.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,188,476	$10,104,532	$111,678,886
Internal revenue	1,558,886	10,816,205	109,826,210
Corp. tax	292	14,020	1,790,956
Miscellaneous	485,245	2,063,990	19,011,218
Total rec.	$3,232,901	$22,998,757	$242,277,266
Expenditures	2,801,603	26,512,508	265,971,681
Deficit	568,701	3,513,751	23,694,414

These figures exclude Panama Canal, and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Gold coin in Treasury offices, $73,-[illegible]; in banks and Philippine Treasury, [illegible]. The total balance in general fund was $130,-[illegible].

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
12,000........89⅝
27,000........89½
C, R I & P R R 4s
3,000........74½
14,000........74¼
1,000........74⅜
1,000........74⅛
10,000........74
Chino Copper 6s
2,000........110½
10,000........111
12,000........112
10,000........111⅜
10,000........111½
22,000........111⅜
Clev, Cin, Ch & St L general 4s
2,000........98¼
St L Div 4s
1,000........92
Col F & Ir gen 5s
2,000........98
Col Industrial 5s
2,000........75
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000........96
Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s
7,000........98⅞
Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s
2,000........88¼
Detroit Edison 5s
1,000........102
Dist Secur Corp 5s
10,000........77
3,000........77¼
8,000........77½
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000........87½
conv 4s, Ser A
8,000........87½
Series B
1,000........77⅝
5,000........77½
10,000........77⅜
3,000........77½
14,000........77¼
Fla East Coast Ry 1st 4½s
4,000........97⅝
Gen Motors 6s
16,000........98⅝
Gt Northn ref 4½s
10,000........101⅛
7,000........101
Ill Cent ref 4s
19,000........96¼
Ind, Ill & Iowa 4s
10,000........94¼
10,000........94⅜
Inter-Met 4½s
45,000........79¼
58,000........79
Inter Rap Tran 5s
11,000........103
Int Stm Pump 5s
1,000........91⅝
3,000........91½
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000........66¼
1,000........67
2,000........66⅝
8,000........66½
K C, Ft S & M 4s
4,000........79¾

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107¾	108
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107¾	108
4½s, May, 1917, old	102¼	102⅝
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102¼	102⅝
4½s, Mar., 1960-60, old	102½	102⅝
4½s, Sept., 1960, new	103	103¼
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅞	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg	99	99½
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99⅝	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87⅝	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	87¼	87⅝
3½s, May, 1954, reg	87	87⅞
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88¼	89½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in Small Volume and Narrow, Although Some Scattered Issues Are Active.

TOBACCO ISSUES SLUGGISH

Common Stock Moves 1 Point and Bonds of Subsidiaries Make Only Fractional Change—Coppers Irregular.

Curb trading was in small volume yesterday, though there was pronounced activity in individual issues. Braden Copper continued active and strong, selling up to Saturday's high level, 5¼, which was the closing price after sales of 8,200. Giroux rose from 4⅞ to 5 and closed at 4 15-16 after sales of 2,000. Greene-Cananea and Inspiration each sold off, the former dropping from 7⅝ to 7¼ and the latter from 8½ to 8⅝. American Tobacco sold only 70 shares, the price ranging only 1 point, from 440 to 441 and back to 440. The bonds of the Tobacco subsidiaries were also sluggish, the only price change being in P. Lorillard 5s, which declined from 88½ to 88¼ on transactions of $45,000.

_

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
70	Am. Tobacco	440	441	440	440
100	Hav. Tobacco	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
100	In. Ru. tr. ctfs.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼
70	U. S. L. & H. new	15	15	14½	14⅝

RAILROAD.

Sales		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	Chi. Subway	½	½	⅝	⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
8,200	Braden Copper	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5¼
300	Br. Col. Cop.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
100	Butte Coal'n	17½	17½	17½	17½
15,700	*C. O. D. Con.	15	15¼	14	15
300	Con. Ar. Sm.	11-16	11-16	⅝	⅝
100	First National	1½	1½	1½	1½
10	Florence	75	75	75	75
2,000	Giroux Min.	4⅞	5	4⅞	4 15-16
400	*Greenwater	5	5	5	5
200	Greene-Cananea	7⅝	7⅝	7¼	7¼
480	Insp. Copper	8½	8½	8⅝	8⅝
800	La Rose Con.	3⅞	3⅞ 3 13-16	3 13-16	
1,500	Nev. Hills	2 9-16	2 11-16	2 9-16	2 11-16
200	U.-U. M. & S.	½	½	½	½
1,000	Nip. Mines Co.	7½	7⅝	7½	7½
1,000	Ohio Copper	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1 3-16
100	*Porcu. North	82	82	82	82
1,400	*Porc. Townsite	55	55	54	55
4,000	Ray Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

	Bid. Nov. 13.	Asked. Nov. 13.	Bid. Nov. 10.	Asked. Nov. 10.
P. Lorillard 5s, w. i.	88¼	88½	88	88½
Nat. Copper	1¼	1½	1⅞	2¼
Giroux Mining	4 13-16	4⅞	4 7-16	4½
Ohio Copper	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
Ray Central	2 3-16	2¼	2 3-16	2¼
Stand. Oil (with all rts.)	630	645	625	645
Stand. Oil (ex subs.)	320	400	320	400
Stand. Oil (subs. only)	300	400	300	400
Studebaker Co.	52½	54	53	54½
Studebaker Co. pf.	101½	103	101½	102½
Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7⅜	7	7⅛
United Cigar Mfrs.	44	47	44	47
U. S. L. & H., new	14	15	14	15
U. S. L. & H., new pf.	75	85	75	85
Western Pac. 5s	89¼	90	89¼	90
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3½	3⅝	3⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The market tone on the Consolidated Stock Exchange changed several times during the day, but heaviness prevailed at the close. Lehigh Valley and Reading were particularly strong features early, part of the buying being stimulated by reports of special dividend distributions pending on these stocks. The afternoon selling movement started with the receipt of advices from Washington that the United States Supreme Court had decided adversely to the Southern Pacific Company in the taxation case of that company against the State of Kentucky. Business was active, with the transactions for the day 95,060 shares distributed over a list of fifty-six different stocks.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Allis-Chalmers	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜
[illegible]	Amal. Copper	59¼	59⅞	58½	58⅝
[illegible]	Am. Beet Sug.	55⅜	55⅜	54¾	55
[illegible]	Am. Can	12	12	11¾	12
[illegible]	Am. Car & F.	52⅞	53⅛	52¾	53
[illegible]	Am. Cotton Oil	44½	46	44½	45⅛
[illegible]	Am. Locomo.	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜
[illegible]	Am. Smelting	72¼	72¼	71	71¼
[illegible]	Am. Sugar	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼
[illegible]	Am. T. & T.	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝
[illegible]	A. T. & S. F.	107⅞	108	107½	107½
[illegible]	Balt. & Ohio	103	103	102	102
[illegible]	Brooklyn R. T.	77⅞	78¼	77¾	77¾
[illegible]	Can. Pacific	240⅝	241	240⅝	241
[illegible]	Cent. Leather	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
[illegible]	Ches. & Ohio	75⅝	75½	74⅞	75
[illegible]	Chi. Gt. West.	21	21	21	21
[illegible]	C., M. & St. P.	113¼	114½	112½	112¾
[illegible]	Col. Fuel & I.	28¼	28½	28¼	28¼
[illegible]	Consol. Gas	141¼	144¼	141¼	142⅜
[illegible]	Corn Products	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
[illegible]	Erie	33⅜	33½	32¾	32⅞
[illegible]	Erie 1st pf.	54	54	53⅜	53½
[illegible]	Gt. North. pf.	128¾	129½	127¾	127¾
[illegible]	Gen. Electric	154	154	154	154
[illegible]	Inter-Met.	14½	14⅝	14½	14⅝
[illegible]	Inter-Met. pf.	44	44	44	44
[illegible]	Lehigh Valley	178½	181⅛	178⅜	179¼
[illegible]	Louis. & Nash.	149¾	150	149¾	150
[illegible]	Mo., K. & T.	32⅜	32½	32⅜	32½
[illegible]	Mo. Pacific	41⅜	41⅜	41½	41⅜
[illegible]	N. Y. Central	108¼	108⅝	107¾	107⅞
[illegible]	N. Y., O. & W.	41	41	41	41
[illegible]	Nevada Cons.	17½	17½	17⅛	17½
[illegible]	Nor. & West.	108⅞	108⅞	108½	108⅝
[illegible]	Nor. Pacific	121	122¼	120½	120⅝
[illegible]	Pacific Mail	30½	30½	30	30
[illegible]	Pennsylvania	123	123⅜	123	123⅛
[illegible]	Pitts. Coal	19⅛	20	19⅛	20
[illegible]	Reading	152⅜	154⅞	152⅜	152⅝
[illegible]	Rep. Steel	22⅝	23	22½	22½
[illegible]	Rep. Steel pf.	82	82	82	82
[illegible]	Rock Island	27⅜	27⅝	26⅞	27
[illegible]	Southern Pac.	113½	114¼	112¾	112¾
[illegible]	Southern Ry.	30⅛	30¼	29½	29⅝
[illegible]	Tenn. Copper	37½	37½	37½	37½
[illegible]	Third Ave.	11⅞	11⅞	11¾	11¾
[illegible]	Union Pac.	172¼	173¼	170⅝	170⅞
[illegible]	U. S. Rubber	46¾	47¼	46	46
[illegible]	U. S. Steel	63¼	64⅜	62⅝	62⅝
[illegible]	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅜	109⅝	109⅛	109¼
[illegible]	Utah Copper	48½	48¼	47¾	47¾
[illegible]	Va.-Car. Chem.	51⅝	51¾	51⅝	51¾
[illegible]	Wabash	11⅞	12	11⅝	11⅞
[illegible]	Wabash pf.	24	24¼	23¾	24
[illegible]	Westinghouse El.	66	66	66	66

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Atlanta	.16	.16	.16	.16
[illegible]	[illegible]	.76	.76	.75	.75
[illegible]	[illegible]	.14½	.15	.14½	.15
[illegible]	[illegible]	.55	.55	.55	.55
[illegible]	[illegible]	.71	.71	.71	.71
[illegible]	[illegible] Cons.	4.62½	4.62½	4.50	4.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	.21	.21	.21	.21
[illegible]	[illegible]	.93	.93	.93	.93
[illegible]	[illegible]	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
[illegible]	Tonopah Min.	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
[illegible]	Tonopah Ext.	1.12½	1.15	1.12½	1.15
[illegible]	West End	.82	.82	.81	.81

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston compares as follows:

[illegible]	[illegible]	$4,750,000	$206,023,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	7,000	7,965,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	*921,000	167,203,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	*1,350,000	75,106,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	*12,000	3,037,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	9,774,000	28,296,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	*8,403,000	17,746,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	132,000	23,318,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	....	409,300
[illegible]	[illegible]	204,000	4,478,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	567,000	23,701,000
[illegible]	[illegible]	53,000	3,277,429
[illegible]	[illegible]	256,000	3,394,429

*Decrease.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
200 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
300 American Cigar Com. Stock
100 Dome Mines Co. Ltd. Stock
100 DuPont Powder Com. Stock
200 Federal Sugar Com. Stock
100 F. W. Woolworth Com. Stock
200 F. W. Woolworth Pfd. Stock
100 Hocking Valley Products Stock
100 Ingersoll Rand Com. Stock
100 International Nickel Com. & Pfd. Stock
200 Lackawanna R. R. of N. J. Stock
50 New York Transfer Stock
100 Porto Rican American Tobacco Stock
100 Royal Baking Powder Pfd. Stock
50 Singer Manufacturing Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
10 American Snuff Com. Stock
40 American Snuff Pfd. Stock
50 American Chicle Com. Stock
50 American Coal Products Stock
20 Dixon Crucible Co. Stock
100 Hudson & Manhattan Com. Stock
100 Interborough Rapid Transit Stock
100 Mississippi River Power Com. Stock
59 National Light, Heat & Power Com. Stk.
100 Northern Insurance Stock
25 National Surety Stock
25 Phelps Dodge & Co. Stock
100 Pay-as-You-Enter Com. Stock
200 Syracuse Rapid Transit Com. Stock
100 Syracuse Rapid Transit Pfd. Stock
25 United Cigar Stores Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Statistics and Their Meaning

The monthly and quarterly reports of Railroads and Industrial Corporations yield ever changing statistics. How these statistics affect *your investment*, are of vital importance to you.

Experienced opinion on reliable reports will be sent you upon application.

Send for our interesting railroad and industrial pocket manual (revised monthly), containing High-Low Prices for the month and year—Statistics of Railroad and Industrial Corporations—Dividends, when payable—Current Earnings—Interest period of bonds, etc.

Alexander & Co.
43 Exchange Place, N. Y.
Members {New York Stock / New York Cotton} Exchanges

Why Buy at the Top?
Now is the Time

to invest. Present conditions in the Investment Market offer the Small and Large Investors an unusual opportunity to purchase securities of the very highest class *at prices we consider well below normal.*

Money-saving information about long established issues of proven merit, now intrinsically cheap and yielding 5½% to 7%, will be sent on request.

Write for Folder "C."

GEORGE H. BURR & CO.
Bankers, 47 Exchange Pl., N. Y.
Chicago—Boston—Philadelphia
St. Louis—San Francisco

MUNICIPAL BONDS
RAILROAD BONDS
CORPORATION BONDS
Yielding 4 to 6%
Special Circulars on request.

O'CONNOR & KAHLER
49 Wall Street, New York.
The Rookery Chicago.

Bertron, Griscom and Jenks
40 Wall St. New York
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
We make a specialty of organizing, operating, financing and selling the securities of public service corporations
Members New York Stock Exchange

Founded 1873
Tobey & Kirk
Am. Hard Rubber Com.
Am. Type Founders Com.
Hecker Milling 1st 6s
Park & Tilford 6s
Trenton Potteries Funding 4s
Trow Directory
United Lead Deb. 5s

TOBEY & KIRK
25 Broad St., New York
'Phones: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

Hollister, Fish & Co.
BANKERS
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Investment Securities
Interest Allowed on Deposits
Nassau and Pine Streets
Telephone John 3900

Federal Sugar Com.
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
Specialists in Sugar Stocks
34 Pine St., N. Y. Merchants Bank Bldg.
Tel. John 855. Montreal.

FOR SALE.
50 SHARES
Metropolitan Trust Co.
P. E. GRANNIS.
Tel. 690 Rector. 10 Wall St.

American Bank Note Co. Com. & Pfd.
International Nickel Co. Com. & Pfd.
International Agricultural Corp. Pfd.

Dominick & Dominick
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
115 Broadway, New York.

WE OWN AND OFFER
$50,000
BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C., 5s,
DUE 1931.
Price and particulars on application.
R. M. GRANT & CO.,
Bankers
31 Nassau St. New York.

Hudson & Manhattan Bonds & Stocks
Hudson Comp. Prefd Stock
New Orleans Great North. 1st 5s, 1955
Atl., Birmingham & Atl. 1st 5s, 1936
WOLFF & STANLEY,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

Your Investment Needs are fully met by a banking house which offers its clients such services as we offer ours. The bonds you buy from us are safe both as to principal and interest and we maintain this high standard of safety year after year. We furnish numerous lesser services which are also described in our new leaflet, "What We Can Do For You." Ask for it. T-7.

P. W. BROOKS & CO.

Boston, 70 State St. | 115 Broadway, New York. | Augusta, Maine.

A Sterling Investment

We are offering an issue of First Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds secured by first lien on one of the finest, safest and best located stands of commercial timber (including land) on the American Continent.

The bonds carry with them a participation feature which should give the investor a net return considerably in excess of the 6% interest on the bonds.

Circular with full details on request

American Finance & Securities Co

5 Nassau Street New York

PACIFIC BANK

Established 1850

Capital and Surplus
$1,400,000

Two Banking Offices

470 Broadway | Madison Avenue and 28th St.

WE WILL BUY OR SELL:

American Real Estate Co. 6s
New York Real Estate Security Co. 6s
City & Suburban Homes Co.
Greeley Square Realty Co. 5s

Upon application we will mail a descriptive circular of a First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bond, guaranteed as to principal and interest.

Tel. 1314, 1315, 1316 Broad **Peabody & Co.** 42 BROADWAY

SOUTH UTAH

MINES & SMELTERS

Authentic information furnished on request.

ALEX. H. LOW

Tel. Broad 130 38 Broad St., N. Y.

FOR SALE

Second Ave. Cons. 5s, 1948
Tr. Co. Ctfs.

Paterson & Company

Tel. 1985 Rector, 20 Broad St., N.Y.

6% FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Secured by improved real estate seven times par value of bond issue.

We have been operating with great success for 20 years without the loss of a dollar by any of our investors.

DEAN ALVORD COMPANY,

111 Broadway, N. Y.

Stonega Coke & Coal Co. Stock
Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. Stock
Realty Associates Stock
Albany Southern R. R. Co. Stock
Corn Exchange Bank Stock
N. Y. Mutual Gas Light Co. Stock

R. F. Westerfield

Tel. 2398-2399 John. 44 Wall St., N. Y.

We Want

100 Allentown Portland Cement
100 American Fork & Hoe Common
20 American Druggist Syndicate
100 Autopress Preferred
100 Canadian Marconi
10 Colorado Yule Mar. 1st Pfd.
15 Colorado Yule Mar. 2nd Pfd.
50 W. C. Reeves Preferred

HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.

(Established 1901.)

82 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phones 4270-1 Broad.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.

ENGINEERS

EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS

206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET

CHICAGO

Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

SIMON BORG & CO

BANKERS,

No. 20 Nassau St., New York

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Dependable Bonds

We specialize in high-class railroad, industrial, public utility and Government bonds of low denominations, $100 and $500. Write for Booklet, "Small Bonds for Investors."

BEYER & COMPANY,

Tel. 2340 John. 52 William St., N. Y.

WE OFFER

Very attractive 7% preferred stock, with 50% bonus of common stock.

Write for circular.

Woodbury & Company

44 Pine Street New York

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT ISSUES

Send for circular.

"Safer Than First Mortgage Bonds"

Freeman & Company

TEL. 5089 JOHN. 34 Pine Street. N. Y.

Fla. Cent. & Peninsular 5s, 1943
R. R. Securities 4s, 1952 (Ill. Cen. Stk.)
New Orleans, Mobile & Chi. 5s, 1960
International Navigation 5s, 1929

E. BUNGE & CO.

20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY

TRANSFER AGENTS & REGISTRARS.

160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

5% ON YOUR **SAVINGS**

Earnings allowed from date received to date withdrawn.

EVERY DAY COUNTS

Estab. 18 years

Under supervision of New York Banking Dep't

Assets over $2,500,000

Call or write for booklet

INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS AND LOAN CO.

1200 Times Building, New York

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Improving Living Conditions.

Of late considerable attention has been directed to the work done in various industrial centres for the improvement of living conditions and for the safeguarding in general of the health of industrial labor. This movement has been by no means confined to a theoretical discussion; it has been applied practically in several ways. In an article in which it calls attention to the importance to industrial workers of a pure milk supply The Iron Trade Review, says: "Some steelmakers have already seriously taken up the work of safeguarding the health of their employes and families upon this side. A notable case is that of the Maryland Steel Company, Sparrows Point, Md., which is maintaining a herd of cows and has established a modern dairy for the purpose of fixing a safe standard of quality and a reasonableness of price."

⁂

Delayed Coal Shipments.

From the coal trade comes complaint that consumers are not being served to their entire satisfaction, due in part, as the Black Diamond points out, to the partial failure of transportation facilities. This shifts the complaint to the other foot. For many months it has been the producer of coal and of most other products that has found cause for complaint, though this has been less true of coal than of most other merchandise. The fact that the lake shipments of coal were not gotten through as early as had been expected and the laying up of a good many lake steamers are partly responsible for the delay in delivery of which some parts of the coal trade are now complaining. The Black Diamond points out, furthermore, that for one reason or another, principally because equipment has not been kept in repair, the coal car supply in Ohio, West Virgina, and Western Pennsylvania has been short of requirements. With orders just about normal, this journal adds, the operating companies are falling behind in their shipments and are in practically no position to cater to the spot market demands.

⁂

Harvester Borrows Courage.

No official confirmation was obtainable here yesterday of the reports from Chicago that the dissolution programme which the International Harvester Company has been working out for several months had been declared unsatisfactory by the Department of Justice. Those who are in touch with Harvester affairs in this city have shown a much stiffer backbone since the Steel Corporation's announcement that it would fight dissolution than earlier in the Fall, when the news of the conferences of the International Harvester attorneys with Mr. Wickersham first leaked out. It was intimated yesterday that if the Attorney General should insit on a reorganization which the company's attorneys consider too drastic the whole matter would be left to the court. The advantage to be gained by a friendly understanding with the Department of Justice is questionable, anyway, and the fact that the American Tobacco Company has not fared so badly is another argument in favor of letting the Department of Justice do its worst. One problem which has bothered the attorneys for the company, it was said yesterday, is the question of liability to stockholders, should the company's representatives concede too much to the Attorney General.

⁂

W. C. Brown Hopeful.

W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central, is something of a farmer himself whenever he finds time to get back to Iowa, and he keeps a close watch on the work of other farmers. On his return from a 2,700-mile inspection trip, made in company with several directors and officers in a special train, Mr. Brown had this to offer yesterday: "The husking of the corn crop is being pushed rapidly, the weather being favorable. There is a large acreage of Winter wheat, and I have never seen it look better for this period of the year. Every car owned by the New York Central lines is in service, and there is a shortage of equipment, especially of box cars, on all lines. In October the New York Central proper handled 26,536 more loaded cars than in any previous month. There is some evidence in the West of a lull in business, but general conditions are good and indications point to a continuance of a fair normal business. There is some uneasiness in labor circles on the roads in the West, but I anticipate no trouble. I believe the other departments of railroad labor will see the wisdom of the action taken by the trainmen at their recent meeting in Indianapolis, where they decided that present conditions do not justify a demand for increases in wages."

⁂

Raises for Southern Railway Clerks.

The assertion is frequently made and seldom contradicted that railway clerks are the poorest paid class of labor in this country. Having no organization, they have not participated in any of the recent general wage advances granted the conductors, trainmen, engineers, firemen, switchmen, and others. For this reason, perhaps, the Southern Railway has announced that, dating from Nov. 1, the salaries of all its clerical employes heretofore receiving $70 a month or less will be advanced. President Finley says that this action is taken in recognition of the value of the clerks' service and their loyalty to the interests of the company. The company declines to say by what percentage the wages will be increased.

⁂

Drop in Long Island.

The first sale of Long Island's stock in more than a month was made yesterday, when 100 shares changed hands at 45½. This is a drop of 4⅜ from the previous sale on Aug. 4, which was made at a new low price of 49⅞ for the year. On Jan. 14 Long Island sold at 63. Since that time business has declined to a considerable extent, and in announcing a few days ago the cancellation of a number of trains President Peters said that such economies were necessary if the company were to end the year without a deficit.

Receiver for Chicago Elevated Road.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Samuel Insull, who is heavily interested financially in the merger of the elevated lines here, was appointed to-day receiver for the Chicago & Oak Park Elevated Railroad Company by Judge Kohlsaat, upon application by the Central Trust Company of New York.

"Why Corporation Bonds Are More Desirable for Investment Than Real Estate First Mortgages."

By R. E. Edmondson,
Editor, N. Y. Financial Bulletin,
49 Broadway, New York.

Of GREAT VALUE to individual investors. Gains new clients for brokers distributing. Send for free sample of this circular.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $28,584.86. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.—By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1911.

LOST—Ten shares Sloss-Sheffield Iron and Steel Company common stock, Certificate No. B-9874. Transfer has been stopped, and all persons are cautioned against negotiating these shares. Smith, Heck & Co., 71 Broadway, N. Y.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Less Active Trading and Some Small Recessions in Prices.

SEARS-ROEBUCK'S BUSINESS

Estimated Earnings Will Reach $67,500,000, with Surplus of $7,400,000.

Prices moved in a narrower range in yesterday's markets in other cities, and the day's changes were irregular.

Prices continued firm and were unchanged to fractionally better in Baltimore. Bank of Baltimore stock, which declined materially last week, recovered 1¼. Seaboard Company first preferred continued strong and made a further advance of 1 point.

Interest in the Boston stock market yesterday centred in Steel common and in the mining shares. Trading seemed less active in most instances, and the list was not as broad as during the sessions late in the previous week. Prices moved rather irregularly, but in a majority of the really active stocks the tone was quite steady. The main feature was the slump of more than 3 points in North Butte. The stock was weak on the rumor that the cross-cut in the mine had encountered the Edith-May vein on the 2,800-foot level, and that conditions there were very disappointing. This story was denied, but the stock continued rather heavy.

Prices were rather heavy on the Chicago Stock Exchange, but changes for the most part were insignificant. Chicago Railways, Series 2, led the list with a decline of 1½ from the level of the previous close, and there was a decline of an even point in American Can preferred. Fractional concessions prevailed in Can common, People's Gas, and some others. Many of the shares traded in were unchanged. Sears, Roebuck & Co. will wind up their current fiscal year to end Dec. 31 next with an increase in gross earnings over 1910 of about $6,000,000, or 10 per cent., and a total gross for this year of about $67,500,000, compared with $61,500,000 for 1910. As expenses consume about 89 per cent. of gross, there should remain a balance for dividends of about $7,400,000, or 17 per cent. on the $40,000,000 common stock, after deduction of 7 per cent. for the $8,800,000 preferred.

There was still evidence of a considerable local short interest in United States Steel and Reading in Philadelphia yesterday, both stocks loaning flat and both advancing moderately during the morning on purchases, the majority of which were said to be for the purpose of covering contracts for Fall. When this demand subsided prices reacted. Rumor persisted that the management of the Lehigh Valley, the Reading, and Jersey Central are considering tne subject of the divestment of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, the Reading Coal and Iron Company, and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company, and that in the process valuable rights will accrue to stockholders in these concerns. The report, however, that the Reading Company was to declare an extra dividend next month was denied. Talk of an extra dividend in Jersey Central received more credence.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Ala. Coal & Iron	37½	37½	37½
75	Aug. & Aiken pf.	73	73	73
85	Bank of Baltimore	171¾	171	171¾
15	Con. Coal	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
100	Citizens' Bank	41	41	41
250	Con. Power	94½	94½	94½
145	Con. Power pf.	100	100	100
340	Seaboard Co. com.	26½	26½	26½
10	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	61	61	61
100	Seaboard Co. 1st pf.	92¼	92	92¼
100	Seaboard Air Line	24¼	24¼	24¼
115	United Railways	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
25	U. S. Steel	63	63	63
10	Western Bank	39	39	39

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	95¾	95¾	95
10,000	A. C. L. c.B.deb.4s	100½	100½	100½
30,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1940	94½	94½	94½
11,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1930	95	95	95
1,000	Balt. Electric 5s	95	95	95
21,000	Cotton Duck 5s	78½	78½	78½
5,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
27,000	Con. Power 4½s	88	87¾	87⅞
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	39½	39½	39½
2,000	Md. & Penn. inc.	61½	61½	61½
1,000	Md. Electric 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000	Macon, D. & S. 5s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
1,000	Nor. & Ports. Tr.5s	89½	89½	89½
2,000	Seaboard 4s, stpd	87¾	87¾	87¾
5,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	80¼	80¼	80¼
1,000	South Bound 5s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
4,000	United Rys. 4s	86½	86⅜	86½
8,000	United Rys. inc.	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87¼	87¼	87¼
1,000	U. Elec. L. & P.4½s	94¼	94¼	94¼
4,000	Wil. & Weldon 5s	110½	110½	110½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
44	Boston Elevated	127¾	127¾	127¾
5	Boston & Albany	222	222	222
20	Boston & Maine	98¾	98	98
11	Conn. & Pass	143	143½	143½
20	Fitchburg pf.	126⅛	126⅛	126⅛
415	Mass. Elec.	21¼	20½	20½
79	Mass. Elec. pf.	94	93	93
168	N. Y., N. H. & H.	140	139¾	139¾
80	Union Pacific	173	172	173
10	West End	87	87	87
12	West End pf.	103½	103½	103½
	TELEPHONES.			
1,082	American	140¼	138¾	139
100	Cumberland	152	151¼	151¼
12	New England	147½	147	147
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
10	Am. Ag. Chem.	54½	54	54
74	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	101	100¾	101
5	Am. Pneu. Svc. 2d pf	16	16	16
205	Am. Sugar	117⅞	116½	116¾
16	Am. Sugar pf.	116	115¼	116
36	Am. Woolen pf.	87¾	87⅝	87⅝
50	East. S. S.	94	94	94
100	General Elec.	153	153	153
197	Mass. Gas	91⅛	90¾	90¾
9	Mass. Gas pf.	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
16	Mass. Gas pf.	*96½	96¼	96¼
15	Minn. Gen. Elec.	127½	127½	127½
50	Portland Elec.	71	71	71
25	Reece Fold. Mach.	5	5	5
230	Rotary Ring	3½	3¼	3½
17	Swift	100½	100	100
60	Torrington	29½	29	29
158	United Fruit	187	186¼	187
429	United Shoe Mach.	44½	44	44½
15	United Shoe Mach. pf	28¾	28¾	28¾
5,063	U. S. Steel	64¼	62⅝	62⅞
53	U. S. Steel pf.	109¾	109	109⅛
	MINING.			
25	Adventure	4¾	4⅝	4¾
55	Algomah	3½	3	3
1,000	Allouez	32	31½	31½
1,392	Amalgamated	59¾	58⅞	58⅞
170	Am. Zinc	24¾	24¼	24¼
130	Arizona Com.	40c.	35c.	35c.
50	Boston & Corbin	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
185	Butte Coalition	17¾	17½	17½
860	Calumet & Arizona	52	50¾	51
25	Calumet & Hecla	395	385	385
120	Centennial	10	10	10
600	Chino	24⅛	23¾	23⅞
800	Con. Mercur	3	3	3
308	Copper Range	54½	54	54
725	East Butte	11½	11	11
510	Franklin	7⅞	7⅜	7½
325	Giroux	4 15-16	4 13-16	4 13-16
20	Granby Consol	31	30½	30½
606	Greene-Cananea	7 7-16	7	7¼
100	Hancock	20	20	20
85	Helvetia	1⅛	1½	1½
194	Indiana	9	8½	8¾
210	Inspiration	8⅝	8 5-16	8⅝
110	Isle Royale	15¾	15½	15½
81	Kerr Lake	3⅜	3	3
912	Lake	31	30	30¼
100	Lasalle	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
465	Live Oak	23½	22½	23½
235	Mass. Consol	6⅝	6⅛	6¼
300	Mayflower	1¾	1¾	1¾
550	Miami	21⅛	20½	21⅛
10	Michigan	1¼	1¼	1¼
483	Nevada Consol	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
215	Nipissing	7½	7½	7½
7,185	North Butte	24¾	21	21⅜
180	North Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾
80	Old Dominion	44	44	44
101	Osceola	91½	90	90
50	Quincy	60	60	60
230	Ray Consol	15	14½	14⅝
65	Shannon	8⅛	7¾	7¾
10	Shattuck & Ariz.	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	South Utah	70c	70c	70c
20	Superior & Boston	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
25	Tamarack	26	26	26
110	Trinity	3⅛	3	3⅛
20	Tuolumne	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,053	U. S. Smelting	34⅜	33¾	34
249	U. S. Smelting pf.	47½	47	47½
125	Utah Apex	2½	2 5-16	2⅜
20	Utah Consol	15½	15½	15½
63	Utah Copper	48	47½	47½
230	Winona	5	5	5
15	Wolverine	86¾	85¾	85¾
150	Wyandotte	80c	80c	80c
	BONDS.			
$10,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
18,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90⅞	90¾	90⅞
1,000	Atch., Top. & S.F. 4s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
10,000	Atl., G. & W.I.S.S.5s	66	66	66
5,000	Ch., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96⅝	96⅜	96⅜
5,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	117	116¾	116¾
2,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	Pacific Tel. & Tel.5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	United F't 4½s, 1923	96½	96½	96½
1,000	U. S. Steel 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
9,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	100½	100½	100½

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
830	American Can	12	11½	11½
150	American Can pf.	91	90	90
——	American Telephone	139	139	139
95	Chi. Pneu. Tool	46	46	46
525	Chi. Rys., Series 2	33	32½	32½
25	Chi. Rys., Series 3	11	11	11
540	Chi. Subway	½	⅝	⅝
150	Chi. Elevated Rys.	29	28½	28½
10	Diamond Match	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
95	Illinois Brick	57½	57	57½
10	McCrum-Howell	40½	40½	40½
32	McCrum-Howell pf.	92½	92	92½
50	National Biscuit	141	141	141
65	National Carbon pf.	118	118	118
110	People's Gas	105⅝	105¼	105¼
149	Swift & Co.	100¼	100	100
20	United Boxboard	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
525	U. S. Steel	64⅜	62¾	62¾
10	Int. Harvester	109	109	109

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
4,000	Chi. Rys. 4s, B	90	90	90
5,000	Chi. Telephone 5s	103	103	103
2,000	Chi. Rys. col. 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
6,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
11,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
5,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Com. Edison 5s	103	103	103
2,000	Lake Street El. 5s	88	88	88
2,000	Met. El. Ext. 4s	81	81	81
2,000	Met. El. gold 4s	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
8,000	Ogden Gas 5s	95	95	95

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
46	Alliance Ins.	12⅝	12½	12½
5	American Milling	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
35	American Railways	44¼	44¼	44¼
10	American Smelting	72	72	72
2	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
350	Elec. Storage Battery	53½	53½	53½
130	General Asphalt pf.	74½	74¼	74¼
107	Ins. Co. of N. Am.	21¼	21¼	21¼
100	Keystone Teleph. t. c.	6¾	6¾	6¾
43	Lake Superior Corp.	28	27¾	27¾
58	Lehigh Navigation	92½	91¾	91¾
46	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	93	92½	92½
420	Lehigh Valley	90 3-16	89¼	89½
2	Lehigh Valley trans.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
6	Lehigh Valley pf.	24¾	24¾	24¾
325	P. R. T.	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛
190	Penn. R. R.	61⅞	61¾	61 1-16
69	Penn. Salt Mfg.	110½	110¼	110½
100	Phila. Co.	53¾	53¾	53¾
200	Phila. Co. pf.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
503	Phila. Electric	16⅝	16¼	16¼
3,195	Reading	77 1-16	76¾	76 5-16
300	Southern Railway	30	29⅞*	29⅞
430	Tonopah-Belmont	8 7-16	8 5-16	8⅝
4,895	Tonopah Mining	7 5-16	7¼	7¼
175	U. G. I.	86⅞	86½	86½
8,585	U. S. Steel	64⅜	62⅝	62¾
15	United Railways	37	37	37
50	United Railways pf.	65	65	65
412	Union Traction	52¼	51¾	52
3	Warwick I. & S.	10½	10½	10½
50	W. & V. Rys.	42¾	42¾	42¾

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Crucible Steel	11⅝	11½	11½
40	Crucible Steel pf.	78	77¾	78
10	Fireproofing	5¼	5¼	5¼
35	Fireproofing pf.	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
125	Independent Brew	4⅛	4	4⅛
150	Mfrs. Light & Heat	24⅝	24½	24⅝
48	Ohio Fuel Supply	42½	42½	42½
85	Ohio Fuel Oil	8	8	8
136	Oklahoma Gas	63	63	63
110	Pitts. Brewing	10½	10¼	10½
10	Pitts. Brewing pf.	40½	40½	40½
110	Pittsburgh Coal	19¼	19	19
110	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	86	84	86
900	Pure Oil	9⅛	9	9⅛
50	Tonopah Ext.	1.10	1.10	1.10
10	Union Switch	84	84	84
190	U. S. Steel	64⅛	63¼	63¼
30	W'house Air Brake	153	153	153
100	W'house Electric	33	33	33

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	88	88	88

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.04	Julia	.40
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.13	Kentucky Con.	.06
Belcher	.65	Mexican	3.000
Best & Belcher	.13	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.09	Ophir	1.80
Caledonia	.99	Overman	.89
Challenge Con.	.16	Potosi	.17
Chollar	.10	Savage	.12
Confidence	.53	Sag Belcher	.22
Con. Cal. & Va.	.76	Sierra Nevada	.43
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.40
Crown Point	.84	Utah Con.	.08
Gould & Curry	.11	Yellow Jacket	.69
Hale & Norcross	.16		

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con. M.	4.32½
Belmont	8.25	Goldfield Merger	.21
Jim Butler	.20	Great Bend	.02
McNamara	.28	Jumbo Extension	.19
Midway	.25	Lone Star	.05
Montana	.90	Red Hills	.01
North Star	.32	Sandstorm Kend.	.03
Tonopah Extension	1.10	St. Ives	.35
West End	.80	Silver Pick	.06
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	2.62½
Adams	.01	**BULLFROG.**	
Atlanta	.16	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Combination Fract.	.08	Homestake King.	.01
Booth	.06	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
C. O. D.	.14	Tramps Cons.	.03
Florence	.70		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	6⅛	Jackpot	5	6½
Elkton	66⅞	67⅞	McKinney	53	54
El Paso	69½	69⅞	Old Gold	5¼	5½
Findlay	5½	7	Portland	92	94
Gold Dollar	15	17½	Vindicator	64½	65¼
Isabella	10	11	Jen. Samp.	6½	7½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Stock Exchange Cheerful—Prices Firm in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—There was a good supply of money to-day, and discount rates were steady.

The stock market was quietly cheerful, with home rails the feature on the anti-strike vote of the section workers. Consols and gilt-edged securities were inclined to advance and diamond shares improved, but copper, rubber, and oil shares eased off slightly.

American securities were quiet and featureless during the forenoon, with prices ranging from ⅛ above to ⅜ below parity. The market was neglected and prices sagged in the early afternoon, but values hardened a fraction in the late trading and the closing was steady.

Money, 1½@2 per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3½@3-16 per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.70; at Lisbon, 9.50.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The Bourse opened heavy but closed firm to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 42½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 18½c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—Prices generally were firm on the Boerse to-day. American shares closed lower.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 47½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3 per cent.

Private discount rate, 4½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	78 9-16	..	..	..
Consols account	78⅝	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	7⅝	37⅛	37⅛	..
Atchison	110⅝	107⅝	108	— ⅝
Canadian Pacific	248¼	241⅞	242	— ⅛
St. Paul	116⅛	113½	113½	..
Erie	33⅞	33	33⅜	— ⅜
Erie 1st pf.	55½	54⅛	54⅛	..
Illinois Central	145	141¼	141	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash	154⅛	150½	149¾	+ ¾
N. Y. Central	110⅜	107⅞	108⅛	— ⅜
Pennsylvania	63¼	123¼	123⅛	+ ⅛
Reading	79	154	153⅛	+ ⅞
Southern Pacific	116⅞	113⅞	114¼	— ⅜
Union Pacific	176⅜	172⅜	172¾	— ⅜
U. S. Steel	65⅛	63⅝	63¾	— ⅝
U. S. Steel pf.	112⅜	109⅜	110	— ¼

Exchange, 4.87.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 12 6	Esperanza	1 12 6
Tomboy	1 3 9	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 2 9	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 0

$7,500,000

Standard Gas & Electric Company

Convertible 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Dated December 1, 1911 Interest payable June 1 and December 1 Due December 1, 1923

Authorized..............$30,000,000 Outstanding..........$7,500,000

Redeemable as a whole or in part at 105 and interest on any interest date on 60 days' notice, but convertible after notice of redemption in accordance with the terms of the indenture.

THE PHILADELPHIA TRUST, SAFE DEPOSIT & INSURANCE COMPANY, TRUSTEE.

We summarize below from a letter by H. M. Byllesby, Esq., President of the Company, to which reference is made for more complete information regarding the bonds:

1. **Secured by bonds, stocks and notes having an estimated market value of approximately $20,000,000.**
2. Earnings of subsidiary companies for the year ended Sept. 30, 1911, applicable to the securities now held by the company **were more than 3½ times interest on this issue. Earnings actually divisible amounted to nearly twice charges on these bonds.**
3. Followed by:
   Preferred Stock (paying 8%)..............$9,196,800
   Common Stock 7,468,150
   Having an aggregate market value at present quotations of approximately $13,000,000.
4. Convertible into preferred stock (paying 8% dividends) at 110.
5. Sinking Fund retires $1,256,250 before maturity.
6. **Business risks are averaged to an unusual extent as the Company's holdings include securities of 14 public service corporations doing business in growing parts of the country and serving 106 communities with a total population of approximately 720,000.**

Delivery on or about December 1, 1911, in the form of interim receipts of The Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit and Insurance Co., exchangeable for the definitive engraved bonds in due course.

Price 100½ and Interest, Yielding About 6%

Descriptive Circular containing President Byllesby's letter furnished on request.

White, Weld & Co
5 Nassau Street **New York** | The Rookery **Chicago**

Montgomery, Clothier & Tyler
133-135 South Fourth Street
Philadelphia

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.

Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and McAdoo Tunnel Terminals, Jersey City, N. J.

Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,000,000.00

All the facilities of a New York City Bank
Interest on deposits
No exchange in New York City for checks drawn on this Company
Special terms for collecting out-of-town checks

JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice-President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

INFLATION

Twenty of the Largest Industrial Corporations make the following showing:

Capitalization - - - $2,469,116,000
Value at Current Quotations 1,207,510,000
INFLATION - - - $1,261,606,000

Buy
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY

59 Liberty Street, Manhattan 184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

53d St., Just East 5th Ave.

$220,000 residence; 5 stories front, 7 stories rear; 25 feet wide; newly redecorated and almost completely furnished.

Will sell, cheap, contract for early purchase upon bargain basis.

Address H. L., P. O. Box 904.

Smith-Tevis-Hanford Company

Investment Bonds

60 BROADWAY - - - - NEW YORK

NOTICE.
STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY REDEMPTION OF SIX PER CENT. COLLATERAL TRUST NOTES.

To the Holders and Owners of the outstanding six per cent. collateral trust notes of Standard Gas and Electric Company, dated June 1, 1911:

Notice is hereby given that Standard Gas and Electric Company has called for redemption and payment, and will redeem and pay, on the first day of December, 1911, all of its outstanding six per cent. collateral trust notes dated June 1, 1911, and issued under and secured by its trust agreement dated June 1, 1911, executed to the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Trustee.

The Standard Gas and Electric Company will redeem and pay all of said notes at the office of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, in the City of Chicago, Illinois, on the first day of December, 1911, by paying in gold coin of the United States of America, 101% of the face value thereof, and accrued interest thereon, up to the said date fixed for redemption. Payment of the principal, premium, and accrued interest on said notes will be made as aforesaid only upon presentation and surrender of the said notes and coupons thereto appertaining. All interest on said notes shall cease on the first day of December, 1911, and after that date such notes shall cease to be entitled to the security provided by the terms of said trust agreement.

Dated at Chicago, Illinois, October 31, 1911.
STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
By H. M. Byllesby, President.
Attest: W. F. Stevens, Jr., Secretary.

THE BOONVILLE RAILROAD BRIDGE COMPANY
First Mortgage 4% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, dated November 1, 1901.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Nine (9) of the above-described bonds were this day drawn for redemption in accordance with the requirements of Article II. of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

11, 13, 236, 240, 270, 321, 404, 440, 583.

All future interest of any of the bonds so designated ceases January 1st, 1912, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Trustee,
By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.
New York, November 1, 1911.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the nine (9) bonds were designated by lot in our presence as above stated.

F. L. BABCOCK
of Central Trust Company of New York;
C. N. WHITEHEAD, Secretary,
The Boonville Railroad Bridge Company;
W. H. SMIDT,
Notary Public, Rockland Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.
[Seal]

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds will be paid on and after the 1st day of January, 1912, at par and accrued interest at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

THE AUDUBON NATIONAL BANK, located at 3,501 Broadway, City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs.

All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

WILLIAM REIMERS, President.

PROPOSALS.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO.
First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, due Oct. 1, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above-described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York at 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, November 29th, 1911. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.

PROPOSALS FOR LEGGINS.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., October 30, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1 P. M., January 3rd, 1912, and then opened, for furnishing 250,000 pairs of Leggins. Information upon application. M. Gray Zalinski, Depot Quartermaster.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.
To the Holders of First Mortgage Bonds, Detroit and Chicago Extension Wabash Railroad Company, dated July 7, 1891.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that forty-one (41) of the above described bonds were this day drawn for redemption, as provided in the Sinking Fund clause of the above described mortgage securing same, numbered as follows, viz:

1	242	1004	1321	2005	2719	3236
62	243	1118	1322	2215	2801	3262
63	317	1179	1339	2296	2865	3264
80	484	1181	1741	2321	2920	3495
81	601	1292	1841	2505	2939	3496
115	624	1299	1848	2707	2949	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due January 1, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage.

New York, November 8th, 1911.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the forty-one (41) bonds above mentioned were designated by lot in our presence.

E. F. HYDE, Vice President, Central Trust Co. of N. Y.
J. C. OTTESON, Secretary, Wabash Railroad Company.
W. H. SMIDT, Notary Public, Rockland Co.
[Seal] Certf. filed in New York County.

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on and after the 1st day of January, 1912, at 110% ($1,100 per bond.)

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.
New York, November 8th, 1911.

DIVIDENDS.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

A quarterly Dividend (No. 23) of $1.50 PER SHARE upon the Preferred Stock of this Company for the period commencing August 1st, 1911, and ending October 31st, 1911, will be paid on November 15th, 1911, to shareholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., October 31st, 1911. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
D. H. FOOTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, California, October 31st, 1911.

BUTTE COALITION MINING CO.,
42 Broadway, New York, October 24, 1911.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of twenty-five cents (25c.) per share on the outstanding capital stock, payable December 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. November 15, 1911. Transfer books close at three o'clock P. M. November 15, 1911, and reopen at ten o'clock A. M. December 2, 1911.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office HOMESTAKE MINING CO.,
Mills Building, 15 Broad St.,
New York, Nov. 9, 1911.
DIVIDEND NO. 444.

Dividend No. 444 of Fifty (50) cents per share has been declared payable at the Transfer Agency in New York on the 25th inst. Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

LOUNSBERY & CO., Transfer Agents.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.
NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS will be held at the office of the Company in Houston, Texas, on Tuesday, November 14th, 1911, at Ten A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed October 28th, and will be reopened November 30th, 1911.

A. H. KENNERLY, Secretary.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, November 2, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December, next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

The American Thread Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of this Company will be closed at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, from November 16th to 30th, 1911, both days inclusive.

J. G. WYLIE, Treasurer.

NOTHING TO PROVE BEAR COTTON POOL

Wickersham Says So, Admitting if There Was It Would Be Hard to Convict.

CONGRESSMAN SURE THERE IS

South Robbed of $105,000,000 in the Present Market, He Declares, by Plan to Keep Prices Down.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Government's prosecution of the alleged pool charged with forcing up the price of cotton has led to an interesting correspondence in which the Attorney General, while admitting that in the eyes of the law a combination to force cotton prices down would be equally vicious, does not see exactly how such a "bear" pool could work, or how it could be convicted. The Attorney General's letter was drawn forth by one he received recently from Representative Wyatt Aiken of a cotton-growing constituency in South Carolina.

"I have no evidence in this department of a tangible character," says Mr. Wickersham, "which enables me to form the opinion that any designated individuals have combined to depress the price of cotton below its normal figure."

He adds that if the Supreme Court decides the essential question involved in the bull cotton corner case now before it, and not let the case go off on a technical matter of pleading, "we may have some light which will be of aid in the enforcement of the law against other combinations of a like character. But aside from that, the greatest difficulty I should have in dealing with the case you mention is what I have outlined."

Mr. Aiken in his letter said in part:

"If the Government had a legal right to proceed against a combination of speculators whose purpose was to force up the price of cotton, it follows that it has the same legal right to proceed against a combination whose purpose it is to force down the price of the same commodity.

"Of the American cotton crop, approximately one-half is sold in foreign markets. It is certain that 'bear' pressure on Wall Street has forced a decline of 3 cents a pound in the present market, thereby robbing the South of approximately $105,000,000, and giving it to foreign spinners.

"This decline has been brought about by the bear element overselling the market, publishing false or misleading statements, and combining to keep buyers out of the market.

"Then should not the Government interpose? An investigation of 'bear' tactics would probably reveal ample grounds for criminal action against the leaders, and prosecution would probably dissolve the unfair combination and allow cotton to resume its normal price. At any rate, it seems incumbent on the Government, in the premises, to throw the weight of its power with the people. If the Government can extend any aid it could never come more timely."

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The action of the market during yesterday's session was thought to be indicative of urgent liquidation having been completed, temporarily at least. The character of news advices was without change, the foreign cables proving a very depressing feature at times, but a fair degree of rallying power was exhibited by the domestic market, reflecting an improved technical position. Outside speculation is limited, with sentiment generally bearish, there being an indisposition to enthuse over the prospects of higher prices at this time, due to the present large stocks, which bears claim suggest an underestimate by the Government. Meanwhile, pending greater inroads upon supplies, the assertions by the bulls that the large visible indicates free selling by farmers recently, and will prove a bullish feature later in the season, are apparently without much influence.

The visible supply in this country totals to 67,000,000 bushels, against 42,000,000 last week, increasing 1,367,000 bushels for the week, which was slightly less than expected. The Canadian visible increased 3,231,000 bushels, and now aggregates to 14,000,000, against 13,000,000 last year. The movement at the Northwest over Sunday was liberal, but somewhat lighter than recently, reflecting less favorable weather conditions. World's wheat exports were comparatively small, amounting to 10,800,000 bushels, against 12,512,000 bushels last week and 16,-190,000 bushels last year. Southeastern Europe continues to ship rather sparingly, exports from Aug. 1 having been only 61,00,000 bushels, against 131,000,000 bushels last year.

The bearish crop advices continue from Argentina, Australia, and India, and it is evident that conditions in South America are having a great deal of influence on the foreign markets. Private cables indicate that conditions in the important provinces of Argentina are almost perfect, although scattered complaints as a result of rainy weather and frosts recently are not to be unexpected. European demand for North American wheat is inactive, with only eight loads of Manitobas reported sold yesterday. Northwestern cash markets were firm and reporting a fair business, but elsewhere trade was generally quiet. Cash No. 2 red quoted locally at 97c, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, $1.03; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.12; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.08⅞.

CORN.—There was some depression at the outset due to more settled weather conditions, with lower temperatures in the belt, but it was evident that these conditions had had their effect on Saturday. With the steadiness in wheat there was a disposition to cover shorts, while a recurrence of unsettled weather was thought probable in various sections. Receipts showed some falling off, with a further decrease in the visible, reducing stocks to only 1,370,000 bushels. There was some reports from Illinois stating that farmers were reluctant sellers due to disappointing yields, but such advices are not unnatural. Offerings of new corn appeared about commensurate with the demand. Export sales were reported of 48,000 bushels. Cash No. 2 corn, January-March shipment, quoted at 69½c, free on board, for export.

OATS.—The cash situation is still a sustaining influence. There was a fair demand on all depressions, while the steadiness of other markets discouraged bear hammering. The visible was construed as slightly bullish, decreasing 350,000 bushels for the week, bringing the total down to 22,000,000 bushels, against 16,-000,000 bushels last year. Canadian oats increased 312,000 bushels, with a total of 4,800,000 bushels reported. Cash standards and No. 3 white quoted at 53½c; No. 2 white, 53¾c.

PROVISIONS.—A good demand from packing interests and from speculative sources, representing covering of shorts, was responsible for the higher prices early. Hog receipts were not burdensome. Late, on a less active inquiry, there was a substantial setback.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	98⅝	98¼	98⅝	99⅜
May	1.04⅝	1.03⅞	1.04½	1.04⅛
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.40@9.60	9.40
November	..	..	9.50@9.60	9.40
December	..	..	9.45@9.65	9.40
January	..	..	9.50@9.75	9.45

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	93⅝	92½	93⅛	93⅛
May	1.00	99	99⅞	99⅝
July	94⅝	94	94⅝	94⅛
Corn—				
December	63⅛	62½	63⅛	62⅞
May	64½	64	64⅜	64⅛
July	64⅜	64⅛	64¼	64⅛
Oats—				
December	47¾	47¼	47⅝	47⅛
May	50¼	49⅞	50⅛	49⅞
July	46⅝	46¼	46½	46⅛
Lard—				
November	9.17½	9.12½	9.12½	..
December	9.25	9.17½	9.17½	9.17½
January	9.40	9.30	9.30	9.32½
May	9.60	9.52½	9.52½	9.52½
Ribs—				
January	8.52½	8.40	8.40	8.40
May	8.67½	8.55	8.55	8.55
Pork—				
January	16.45	16.25	16.25	..
May	16.82½	16.62½	16.62½	16.25
July	..	..	16.70	16.60

COTTONSEED OIL.

With the strength of the pure lard market there was a very steady undertone noticeable in cottonseed oil prices. Some buying was credited to Western sources, with a fair demand from scattered short interest, although late in the session a reactionary tendency in hog products brought about somewhat freer offerings. The firmness of the near positions is still restricting bear aggressiveness, as there is little hedge pressure from crude purchases, the oil apparently passing directly into consuming channels, accumulation being unimportant. Scarcity of tank cars continues to be a factor. Tenders of November oil are still in liberal volume, and to date total from 9,000 to 10,000 barrels, practically all having been absorbed by the largest refining interests. Crude was higher, quoted at 4.47c to 4.60c, according to locality.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.80	5.75
November	5.82	5.76	5.79	5.73
December	5.71	5.66	5.68	5.63
January	5.70	5.67	5.66	5.62
February	5.72	5.70	5.68	5.60
March	5.74	5.71	5.71	5.68
April	..	..	5.72	5.71
May	..	..	5.77	5.77

COTTON.

The effect of the windstorm through the cotton belt over Sunday was most strikingly indicated in its interference with the volume of Southern trading in the local market. The development of freezing temperatures was not wholly unexpected, as a freeze in the middle of November is rgarded as normal, while the belief was that the conditions were not very injurious to the plant, although it is not improbable that there has been some lowering of the grade. At all events firmness during the early part of the market was not maintained, there being more or less pressure from the South on the advance with selling by recent buyers, and some bear pressure on private reports from the interior stating that the basis for spots was lowered slightly. Official spot markets were reported generally unchanged to ⅛c higher; the local market unchanged, with middlings, 9.50c.

Liverpool cables were instrumental in the opening advances of the local market, which amounted from 6 to 9 points, and proved to be practically the high prices for the day. The foreign market was favorably influenced by the frost reports sent from this side, and during the session there was a fair inquiry from European sources. There also seemed to be a good demand at the outset from shorts, partly credited to Memphis operators, but this buying, together with absorption from last season's bulls, was rather generously supplied.

Although foreign correspondence would indicate that sentiment abroad was less bearish, it being pointed out that with the exception of the ten-year period from 1891 ending 1902, middling at present is lower than for any year since 1853, the Liverpool buying was thought to be largely the undoing of straddles. Nervousness as to what action would be taken by the Revision Committee of spot cotton differences on Wednesday afternoon caused considerable evening up and was accountable to some extent for the relative firmness of the December option locally. The opinion generally prevails that a widening of differences will be recommended, with the premiums for high grades probably advanced slightly and the penalties for delivering off grade cotton increased slightly.

It was reported that the Mercantile Crop Reporting Corporation had advices indicating an outturn of 14,375,000 bales, against 13,615,000 last month. The next ginning report will be published on Nov. 21, covering the amount of cotton ginned to to-day. Early forecasts are for a probable showing of from 11,360,000 bales to a shade over 11,400,000 bales, which would be at a rate slightly heavier than for this period in the large crop year of 1908, and would continue to suggest a commercial crop of over 15,200,000 bales.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
November	9.25	9.23	9.15@9.16	9.15
December	9.41	9.29	9.21@ ..	9.31
January	9.16	9.05	9.06@9.07	9.07
February	9.15	9.15	9.10@9.12	9.11
March	9.28	9.13	9.16@9.17	9.18
April	9.24	9.24	9.21@9.23	9.23
May	9.38	9.23	9.25@9.26	9.28
June	..	..	9.27@9.29	9.29
July	9.42	9.30	9.31@9.32	9.33
August	9.32	9.32	9.20@9.30	9.33
September	9.42	9.32	9.32@9.33	9.33
October	9.41	9.33	9.31@9.33	9.33

COFFEE.

COFFEE was easier, active liquidation in December in anticipation of delivery day, as well as aggressive hammering and an absence of substantial support. The close was 27 to 39 points net lower on total sales of 100,750 bags. Foreign markets were irregular, Havre being unchanged to 1½f lower, while Hamburg declined ¼@¾ pfennig, with the near positions showing the greatest weakness in both markets. Rio was 75 reis lower, while Santos declined 100@125 reis, with receipts at these points amounting to 56,000 bags, against 52,000 bags last year. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week amounted to 74,088 bags, against 129,230 bags the previous week, and 88,823 bags last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States was 2,186,325 bags, against 2,816,884 bags last year.

Spot coffee, 15¼c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	14.03@14.08	14.42
December	14.22	14.05	14.00@14.05	14.37
January	..	..	13.75@13.80	14.05
February	..	..	13.60@13.65	13.90
March	13.40	13.28	13.29@13.30	13.59
April	..	..	13.27@13.29	13.54
May	13.35	13.25	13.24@13.25	13.51
June	..	..	13.23@13.24	13.50
July	13.30	13.20	13.22@13.23	13.49
August	..	..	13.20@13.22	13.49
September	13.33	13.18	13.19@13.20	13.49
October	..	..	13.18@13.20	13.49

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 34½c; extras, 33½c; firsts, 31@32½c; seconds, 28@30c; thirds, 25@27c; held, specials, 32@32½c; extras, 30½@31½c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds, 27@28½c; thirds, 25@26c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 32c; good to prime, 28@31c; common to fair, 23@27c; process, specials, 25@25½c; extras, 24@24½c; firsts, 22½@23½c; seconds, 22c; factory, current make, firsts, 22c; seconds, 21½c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, June make, 21c; current make, No. 2, 20½c; No. 3, 18@19½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole, milk, September and earlier, specials, pound, 15¼c; average fancy, 15c; current make, specials, 14½@14¾c; average fancy, 14¼c; under grades, 12½@14c; Daisies, September and earlier, best, 15¼c; current make, best, 15c; State, skims, September and earlier, specials, 12¾@13c; choice, 11½@12c; skims, current make, specials, 12¼@12½c; choice, 11@11½c; all make, good to prime, 9½@10½c; common, 5@8c; hard, skims, 2@3c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 37@39c; extra firsts, 34@36c; firsts, 31@33c; seconds, 28@30c; thirds, 23@26c; held, fresh, poor to good, 20@26c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 19½@20c; No. 2, 18@19c; poor to fair, 15@17c; checks, prime, 17@17½c; poor to good, 14@16c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, local storage, charges paid, 22c; fresh, local storage, charges paid, 21@21½c; firsts, on dock, 20@21c; seconds, local storage, 19½@20½c; seconds, on dock, 19@20c; thirds, 16@18c; dirties, 13@18c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, per laid, 50@55c; fair to good, selected whites, 40@48c; badly mixed, 32@38c; hennery, browns, 38@39c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, 30@37c; Western, gathered, whites, 33@40c.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
1st week Nov.	$288,637	$288,552	$85
July 1-Nov. 7	5,713,540	5,540,764	172,776
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
1st week Nov.	123,348	117,647	5,701
July 1-Nov. 7	2,470,838	2,377,849	92,989
COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES—			
1st week Nov.	288,694	346,912	*58,218
July 1-Nov. 7	5,317,836	6,343,347	*1,025,511
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
1st week Nov.	21,346	23,058	*1,712
July 1-Nov. 7	434,885	439,862	*4,977
DETROIT UNITED—			
2d week Oct.	374,899	344,668	30,231
3d week Oct.	564,035	517,484	46,551
Jan. 1-Oct. 21	8,191,526	7,545,462	646,063
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
1st week Nov.	1,171,000	1,084,000	87,000
July 1-Nov. 7	20,428,691	19,573,930	854,761
MOBILE & OHIO—			
1st week Nov.	219,043	201,361	17,682
July 1-Nov. 7	4,043,356	3,754,827	288,529
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE & CHICAGO—			
Week ended Nov. 4	40,881	36,414	4,467
July 1-Nov. 4	649,366	594,510	54,856
NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT—			
4th week Oct.	59,995	58,349	1,646
Month of Oct.	189,523	182,236	7,287
1st week Nov.	40,086	36,325	3,761
Jan. 1-Nov. 7	1,932,005	1,784,241	147,764
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
1st week Nov.	1,334,899	1,229,076	42,823
July 1-Nov. 7	22,605,759	21,634,588	971,171
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
1st week Nov.	17,435	20,875	*3,440
July 1-Nov. 7	524,000	556,206	*32,206
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—			
1st week Nov.	74,753	83,660	*8,907
July 1-Nov. 7	1,454,459	1,404,037	50,422

*Decrease.

KANSAS CITY, FORT SCOTT & MEMPHIS for the year ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	1,205	1,199	1,199
Gross rev.	13,546,903	12,827,471	11,656,429
Exp. and taxes	9,837,983	9,500,116	7,970,164
Net rev.	3,708,920	3,327,355	3,686,264
Other income	617,574	549,601	374,208
Total income	4,326,494	3,876,956	4,060,472
Charges, &c.	2,915,659	2,847,154	2,837,211
Surplus	1,410,835	1,029,801	1,223,260
Preferred div.	540,400	540,400	540,400
Surplus	870,435	489,401	682,860

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	114,532	117,297	106,927
Expenses	88,221	90,837	77,121
Net	26,311	26,460	29,805
Other inc.	3,000	2,338	1,857
Total inc.	29,311	28,798	31,662
Chgs. and taxes	23,947	25,905	23,523
Surplus	5,364	2,893	8,139
Gross, 4 months	445,515	458,343	403,093
Expenses	347,474	343,133	288,510
Net, 4 months	98,041	115,211	114,583
Other income	10,660	11,578	7,253
Total income	108,701	126,788	121,836
Chgs. and taxes	96,626	100,930	95,968
Surp., 4 months	12,075	25,858	25,868

Miscellaneous Earnings.

EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO. OF BOSTON for October—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	$478,310	$427,636	$397,586
Expenses	194,395	183,855	187,403
Net	283,915	243,781	210,183
Gross, 4 mos.	1,640,809	1,458,619	1,276,321
Expenses	732,877	679,687	645,252
Net, 4 mos.	907,932	778,932	631,069

NIAGARA, LOCKPORT & ONTARIO POWER CO. for the nine months ended Sept. 30—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross	410,299	383,064	27,235
Oper. exp., &c.	153,255	150,366	2,889
Net	257,044	232,697	24,347
Other income	17,197	12,371	4,826
Total income	274,242	245,068	29,174
Charges	187,500	187,500	......
Surplus	86,742	57,568	29,174

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Tuesday and Wednesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled; moderate northeast and east winds.

Florida—Fair and warmer in northern, unsettled in southern and central portions Tuesday. Wednesday, probably fair; moderate easterly winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled; moderate east and south winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair and warmer Tuesday, Wednesday, fair; moderate to brisk southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Utah—Unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday, probably fair.

Oklahoma—Cloudy and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled.

Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Missouri—Cloudy and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled; moderate southerly winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Cloudy and warmer Tuesday, probably followed by rain or snow Tuesday night and on Wednesday; brisk south to southeast winds.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled and warmer Tuesday, probably followed by snow by Tuesday night and on Wednesday; brisk south and southeast winds.

Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota—Probably snow Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate easterly winds.

Iowa—Unsettled weather, probably followed by rain or snow Tuesday night or on Wednesday; colder Wednesday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Snow Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled.

Nebraska—Unsettled weather Tuesday and Wednesday; colder in southern and eastern portion Wednesday.

Kansas—Cloudy Tuesday. Wednesday, probably fair and colder.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The cold wave reached the Atlantic States Monday and was attended by freezing temperature as far South as Florida and the lowest temperature of the season over much of the East half of the country. Abnormally low temperatures continued in the Northwest, while over the Middle West and Southwest temperatures have risen considerably.

With the exception of rain Sunday night in the Atlantic States and over the Great Lakes the weather was generally fair throughout the country during the last twenty-four hours.

In the East and South the weather will be fair Tuesday, followed by increasing cloudiness and unsettled conditions Wednesday.

The temperature will rise Tuesday over the region from the Mississippi Valley to the Atlantic Coast, and a further rise is probable Wednesday in the East. Low temperatures will continue in the Northwest Tuesday and Wednesday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light, variable, becoming moderate south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate west winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair weather and rising temperature Tuesday. Wednesday, unsettled and warmer; light, variable winds, becoming moderate south.

New England—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday, probably fair and warmer; moderate southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911
3 A. M.	33	26	4 P. M.	42	32
6 A. M.	34	26	6 P. M.	39	29
9 A. M.	37	26	9 P. M.	38	28
12 M.	42	30	12 P. M.	36	27

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 29; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 45.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 24; at 8 P. M. it was 29. Maximum temperature, 34 degrees at 1:50 P. M.; minimum, 24 degrees at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 45 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 31 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Sincoff, waists; 4 Washington Place.

Beacon, The, Cambridge, Mass.; Mr. Kelley, men's furnishing goods; 41 Union Square.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. A. Krim, ready to wear; Miss A. Nacke, costumes; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Starr, A. E., Company, Zanesville, Ohio; I. H. Birnbaum, cloaks and suits; 684 Broadway.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; F. Kicker, men's furnishing goods, hosiery, and underwear; 684 Broadway.

Manigan, P. D., Company, Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. Brendt, clothing; Hotel Cumberland.

Fellman, Leon, New Orleans, La.; S. Keller, ladies' and children's cloaks and suits and ready to wear; 43 Leonard Street.

Berg Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Berg, cloaks and suits; Miss Parness, ready to wear; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Hirsch, M., & Son, Holyoke, Mass.; M. Hirsch, jewelry and novelties; Hotel Knickerbocker.

Dernburg, C., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Dernburg, plush coats and furs; 142 Fifth Avenue.

Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; J. Abrams, cloaks, suits, furs, wrappers, waists, and skirts; Hotel Knickerbocker.

Jones, Post & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; L. A. Wegener, hosiery, neckwear, and underwear; 43 Leonard Street.

Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; Mrs. M. R. Collins, corsets and muslin underwear; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; F. E. Gordon, domestics and blankets; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; Thirty-second Street and Broadway.

Brandeis, J. L., & Sons, Omaha, Neb.; H. H. Brandeis, blankets, domestics, and flannels; 1,261 Broadway.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. K. Hermes, Oriental rugs; 15 East Twenty-second Street.

Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. McEdwards, silks and velvets; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; E. J. Feeney, white goods and embroideries; 31 Union Square.

Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; S. Lindy, ladies' and infants' wear; 31 Union Square.

Baylor, Yarborough Company, Richmond, Va.; S. M. Baylor, ready to wear; 69 Fifth Avenue.

Pelletier Company, Sioux City, Iowa; H. E. Timm, notions, laces, books, stationery, umbrellas, toilet and leather goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; R. B. Clark, furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear and boys' clothing; 75 Spring Street.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; S. Abbott, books and stationery; 320 Church Street.

Sheehan, Dean & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; T. B. Mathews, notions, trimmings, buttons and ribbons; 320 Church Street.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. H. Armstrong, furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. A. Armstrong, china; 214 Church Street; Hotel Woodstock.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits and muslin underwear; 104 Worth Street.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry and silverware; 214 Church Street.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss O'Neil, waists; 115 Worth Street.

Knox-Thomas-Spears Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; C. Routh, dry goods; 350 Broadway.

Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; J. C. Currie, furnishing goods and manufacturing department; 43 Leonard Street.

Filene's, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Ring, furs, (basement;) C. O. Cooper, women's and misses' coats, dresses, and suits; Miss Keegan, infants' dresses; Mr. Rivers, veilings, neckwear, belts, and ruchinggs; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Krolik, A., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; D. R. Stocker, hosiery, gloves, corsets, and furnishing goods; 51 Leonard Street.

Neal & Hyde, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. S. Hyde, laces, handkerchiefs, and ribbons; 72 Leonard Street.

Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. L. Stix, domestics and prints; 377 Broadway.

Pearson, J. B., Company, Boston, Mass.; J. B. Pearson, piece goods; Hotel Wolcott.

Gladding, B. H., Dry Goods Company, Providence, R. I.; J. Connell, domestics; Hotel Wolcott.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Gans Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; M. Gans, umbrellas; Hotel Cadillac.

Tredtke Brothers Company, Toledo, Ohio; M. R. Faar, silks and dress goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Mme. M. Lannon, knit goods and muslin underwear; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. E. Harwood, dry goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Grand.

Steiger-Dudgeon Company, New Bedford, Mass.; J. A. Dauphinias, dress goods, silks, notions, and laces; Hotel Grand.

Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit, Mich.; S. T. McCornac, hosiery, gloves, and laces; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Jobe Brothers, Xenia, Ohio; C. L. Jobe, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; R. W. Butler, neckwear; 454 Broome Street.

Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Kurlander, manufacturing department, cloaks; 72 Leonard Street.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. M. Shaffer, waists; 31 Union Square.

Kolck, R., Dubuque, Iowa; notions, laces, and furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.

Prince, Wolf & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. Prince, waists; Hoffman House.

Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. McGrath, cloaks, suits, and waists; 2 Walker Street; Hoffman House.

Elder & Johnston Company, Dayton, Ohio; Miss C. Coakley, muslin underwear and infants' wear; Miss B. Levenson, ladies' wear; 2 Walker Street.

Milner, W. L., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; F. J. Starrett, notions, books, and jewelry; 684 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.

Keith, Edson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. W. Himrod, millinery ornaments; 621 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.

Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. J. Cronin, silks; 41 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

Whitney, W. M., & Co., Albany, N. Y.; P. J. McManus, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square; Hotel Victoria.

Heynemann-Eloesser Company, San Francisco, Cal.; H. Eloesser, piece goods; 43 Leonard Street.

Butler, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; B. M. Chanalin, misses' and ladies' coats and suits; 55 White Street; Prince George Hotel.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. L. Drain, underwear and overshirts; T. R. Bossert, dry goods, 104 Worth Street; The Breslin.

Trask, Prescott & Richardson Company, Erie, Penn.; D. D. Coyle, carpets and rugs; 320 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Berke, waists and underwear; M. Schwarz, dry goods; 221 Fourth Avenue.

Bradshaw Brothers, Minneapolis, Minn.; D. Bradshaw, millinery ornaments; 621 Broadway.

Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Company, Atlanta, Ga.; C. J. Bloodworth, cloaks and suits; 277 Fifth Avenue.

High, J. M., Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. D. Bellah, cloaks, suits, and millinery; 684 Broadway.

Gilbert, C., Boston, Mass.; millinery; The Hermitage.

Dimond, L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; P. Vanderwerken, boys' clothing; 114 Fifth Avenue; The Hermitage.

Dyce, J., & Co., Brockton, Mass.; J. Dyce, cloaks, suits, waists, hosiery, and underwear; Hotel Navarre.

Baird, D., & Son, Louisville, Ky.; J. A. Krozeise, flowers and feathers; G. Hettich, ornaments; 621 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Malley, E., Company, New Haven, Conn.; A. Sandbach, furnishing goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Longacre.

Miller Brothers Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; J. E. De Belle, housefurnishing goods; 70 Franklin Street.

Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; W. A. Lytle, domestics; 31 Union Square; Hotel Longacre.

Webber, W. G., Company, Salem, Mass.; W. B. Mansfield, general buyer; H. A. Knight, dry goods; 75 Spring Street.

Lindeke, Warner & Sons, St. Paul, Minn.; H. F. Warner, knit underwear; 350 Broadway.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. C. Ludcin, millinery; 214 Church Street.

Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; G. W. Taylor, clothing; 438 Broadway; The Breslin.

DESIGNER WANTED BY THE LARGEST MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAK HOUSE IN NEW YORK; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY: STATE EXPERIENCE AND FORMER CONNECTIONS; APPLICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. H 68 TIMES.

JULIUS BACHRACH
LIFE AND GENERAL INSURANCE.
Tel. 350 Cordt. 120 B'WAY. Write, Phone or Call.

WE have on hand 100 infants' and children's coats, this Fall styles, to dispose of at one-third off. Apply Gross & Warshauer, 29 East 10th St.

Costume house will sell complete up-to-date factory, suitable for dress, skirt, or cloak firm. Harris, 22 West 19th St.

Guide for Buyers.
1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

EUROPE IN 1912

Advance announcements of Winter, Spring and Summer Tours now ready. Small select parties under escort, 38 to 94 Days. Inclusive rates, $250.00 upward. Send to-day for booklet, giving Synopsis of all Tours. MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

BERMUDA TOURS
INCLUDING HOTELS
5 DAYS..........$12.50 AND UP
9 DAYS..........$25 AND UP
ALSO SPECIAL TOURS TO ALL PROMINENT RESORTS.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 8, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Final ROUND THE WORLD Tour this season leaves Jan. 20, $2,150. Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

DE POTTER TOURS 33D YEAR.
AROUND THE WORLD. EUROPE—ORIENT.
949 Broadway, (Flatiron Bldg.,) New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALLRIVERLINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

The voyage to Boston by Fall River Line steamer—
—You'll enjoy every minute of the trip.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.

Fare to Boston.....$3
City Ticket Office-171 B'way-Phone 5121 Cort.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
"The Popular Searchlight Route."
PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted.)
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted.) Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service.
Rooms Warm and Comfortable.
ROUND TRIP $2.50

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
Week days Po'keepsie & Kingston.
Daily from Newburgh from Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. Telephone 405 Franklin.

"The Public Be Pleased."
COLONIAL LINE. Boston via Boat and Rail, $2.50; Providence direct $1.60
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N.R., foot of West Houston St. Berths free.
'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

BERMUDA
Next Special Tour sails by Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s S. S. TAGUS Nov. 18th. A delightful 9 day trip, including ticket, stateroom berths, hotel, drives, transfers, etc.
INCLUSIVE FARE $27.50 AND UP.
TOURS LEAVE EVERY WEEK.
Tickets and Tours Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Ave., 2,389 Broadway, New York.

BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH AMERICA
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York 5th and 20th of each Month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents,
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Piner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS. TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC SAILS FROM NEW YORK DEC. 9
Baltic, Nov. 15, 12:00 Noon
St. Paul, Nov. 18, 9:30 A. M.
Minnewaska, Nov. 18, 9:00 A. M.
Lapland, Nov. 18, 10:00 A. M.

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
St. Paul........Nov. 18 | St. Louis........Dec. 2
Philadelphia....Nov. 25 | New York........Dec. 9

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Min'waska..Nov. 18, 9 AM | Minnetonka..Dec. 9
Minneapolis, Dec. 2, 7:30 AM | Minnehaha..Dec. 16

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Lapland (new)..Nov. 18 | Finland........Dec. 2
Vaderland......Nov. 25 | Zeeland........Dec. 13

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
*St. Paul. Nov 18, 9:30 AM | *St. Louis.......Dec. 2
Oceanic..Nov. 25, noon | Olympic (new)..Dec. 9
*American Line Steamer.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Baltic...Nov. 15, noon | Cedric..........Dec. 7
Celtic....Nov. 28, noon | Baltic..........Dec. 14
NEW YORK & BOSTON
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, and Naples.
Romanic..Nov. 25, noon | Adriatic........Dec. 2

2 CRUISES PANAMA CANAL West Indies So. America New Triple Screw S.S. Laurentic Jan. 20 Feb. 24 1912 31 Days, $150 up Send for particulars

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

WHITE STAR LINE ☆ RIVIERA-ITALY-EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche
THE MAMMOTH S. S. "Adriatic" Sails from New York DECEMBER 2
Madeira — Gibraltar — Algiers—Genoa—Naples
SAILINGS THROUGH TO EGYPT
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
"ADRIATIC" Jan. 10 and Feb. 21 ☆ "CEDRIC" Jan. 24 and Mar. 6
ORCHESTRAS
SUPERB APPOINTMENTS UNEXCELLED CUISINE
WHITE STAR LINE —— OFFICE 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
To the West Indies
Five Delightful Cruises to the WEST INDIES, PANAMA CANAL, VENEZUELA, AND BERMUDA, LEAVING NEW YORK by the Palatial Twin Screw Steamers
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912... $150 and up
'Hamburg' (11,000 tons). 21 days Feb. 10, Mch. 7, 1912..... $125 and up
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 16 days Mch. 26, 1912..... $85 and up
Every Luxury of Travel.
Every Refinement of Service Insured.
Also Cruises to the Orient, South America, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.

REGULAR SERVICES
To HAMBURG via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG.
S. S. AMERIKA (22,500 TONS) SAILS NOV. 21, 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*PRES. GRANT.........Nov. 18, 9 A. M.
†AMERIKA.............Nov. 21, 10 A. M.
MOLTKE...............Nov. 25, 9 A. M.
§PENNSYLVANIA.......Dec. 2, 2 P. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. §Hamburg direct. Second cabin only.
DIRECT Service PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
The Ideal Way to the Playground of the World by
S. S. HAMBURG NOV. 15, JAN. 4. | S. S. CINCINNATI DEC. 7, JAN. 25, MARCH 7.
SPECIAL TRIP to ITALY and EGYPT.
S. S. KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, FEB. 14
Calling at FUNCHAL (12 h'rs), GIBRALTAR (4 h'rs), ALGIERS (8 h'rs), GENOA (20 h'rs), NAPLES (8 h'rs), PORT SAID (6 days). Returning to New York via NAPLES and GIBRALTAR.
Passengers carried to any of these ports. Ample time for sightseeing.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

A Christmas Trip Abroad
LONDON PARIS BREMEN
Possibly in no other land in the world is Christmas such a joyous occasion as in Germany. To Americans, a journey there now will unfold wonderfully beautiful scenes. To the German-born, it will recall sweet memories of childhood days. The splendid steamships of the
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
TUESDAYS THURSDAYS
Are particularly attractive at this season. The George Washington sails November 23, the Friedrich der Grosse November 30, and the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm December 9, at 10 A. M.; all will land you in time for the holidays, but the *last "Christmas Ship" is the Kronprinz Wilhelm, leaving New York December 14.*
The Mediterranean
GIBRALTAR ALGIERS NAPLES
Is never so beautiful as in the winter. Ancient Rome, Egypt with the Pyramids and Nile, and Alexandria fairly teem with Christmas associations. The Prinzess Irene, Nov. 18, Koenig Albert sails December 2, the new Berlin December 9, at 11 A. M. The Irene omits Algiers.
OELRICHS & COMPANY, General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

The Great White Fleet
OUR big, airy, comfortable steamers to Jamaica and the Panama Canal are constructed especially for *tropical* travel. Every room is an outside room and many have private baths. The ship is your hotel during the entire cruise of 21 days—both at sea and in port—and there are two days in which to inspect the marvels of the great enterprise at Panama. Sailings every Thursday from Pier 16, E. R., N. Y.
$125 covers everything on the Cruise. To Jamaica only and back, $85.50.
United Fruit Company
STEAMSHIP SERVICE
17 Battery Pl. Tel. 1025 Rector, N. Y.
Or any Steamship Ticket Agency.

WARD LINE
NEW FAST MAIL TWIN-SCREW STEAMSHIPS OF 10,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT, SAILING FROM NEW YORK—
CUBA — Thursday and Saturday for HAVANA, connecting for ISLE OF PINES. Fortnightly direct sailings to NAVAL STATION, SANTIAGO and CIENFUEGOS.
MEXICO — Each Thursday for VERA CRUZ, each Friday for TAMPICO, making connections for MEXICO CITY and all points in the interior of Mexico.
BAHAMAS — Weekly sailings for NASSAU. First cabin fare $25 and up; new steamships, excellent cuisine.
New York & Cuba Mail S. S. Co
General Office, Pier 14, East River, New York.

BERMUDA ROUND TRIP $10, $15 & UP
By the Transatlantic Liner "TAGUS."
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
22 State St., N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., 649 Madison Av., N. Y., OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

"LOW'S LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE.
ALL OCEAN PASSAGES
Tickets and Berths All Lines. Regular Rates.
LOW'S OFFICIAL STEAMSHIP AGENCY, 1123 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1308—Mad. Sq.

CUNARD
Piers, foot West 14th Street, N.R. Offices, 24 State Street, N.Y., opposite Battery.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple Screw Turbine Steamships.
Fishguard and Liverpool
MAURETANIA Nov. 22, 9 A.M. Dec. 16, 6 P. M
Nov. 29, 9 A. M. Dec. 27, 9 A. M. LUSITANIA
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
CAMPANIA Dec. 6, 10 A. M. | CARMANIA Dec. 13, 10 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.
Cruises to Egypt
VIA
Algiers and Riviera
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche or Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume, Alexandria.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
CARONIA Nov. 18 | FRANCONIA Jan. 20
IVERNIA Nov. 30 | LACONIA Feb. 3
CARONIA Jan. 6 | CARONIA Feb. 20
CARMANIA..Mar. 2
A la carte service without extra charge.
Stopovers permitted.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
La Bretagne........Nov. 16 | *La Lorraine.....Dec. 7
*La Provence.......Nov. 23 | *La Touraine.....Dec. 14
*La Savoie.........Nov. 30 | *La Provence.....Dec. 21
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
†ROCHAMBEAU (New)..................Nov. 25
†Quadruple Screw Steamer.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Cameronia..Nov. 18, 8 AM | Caledonia...Dec. 2, 3 PM
California..Nov. 25, 10 AM | Columbia..Dec. 9, 10 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA †LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore
ITALIAN LINES
21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
*D. D'Aosta, Nov. 25, 11AM
†Oceania..Dec. 6, 11 AM
*D. D. Abruzzi...Dec. 9
¶Ancona...........Dec. 11
New large Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Mail steamers Sailing Weekly (approx.) Calling at Villefranche as scheduled. Special Winter Voyages. Ask for "Portugal," "Italy," or "Riviera" Booklets.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:46 | Sun sets..4:44 | Moon rises..12:05

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:17	2:26	8:20	8:50
Governors Island	2:45	2:50	9:00	9:30
Hell Gate	4:35	4:40	10:40	11:10

Arrived—Monday, Nov. 13.

- SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, Nov. 4.
- SS Volturno, Rotterdam, Nov. 2.
- SS Prinz der Nederlanden, Haiti, Nov. 6.
- SS Albinga, Haiti, Nov. 8.
- SS Bella, Port Antonio, Nov. 8.
- SS El Sol, Galveston, Nov. 8.
- SS Proteus, New Orleans, Nov. 8.
- SS Vigilancia, Santiago, Nov. 7.
- SS Paul Paix, Hull, Oct. 26.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Dochra, Montevideo	8:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Rio de Janeiro, Para	1:00 P.M.	8:00 P.M.
Parima, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
El Dia, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maracaibo, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Alice, Naples	——	1:00 P.M.
Hamburg, Naples	——	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Barbarossa, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Albingia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Ikaria, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	6:00 A.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Chicago City	Swansea	Oct. 23
Michigan	Antwerp	Oct. 8
Bretagne	Havre	Nov. 4
Minnewaska	London	Nov. 4
Cameronia	Glasgow	Nov. 4
Saratoga	Havana	Nov. 11
Coppename	Paramaribo	Nov. 4
Oregonian	Puerto Mexico	Nov. 7
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Nov. 11
Alamo	Mobile	Nov. 7
El Mar	New Orleans	Nov. 9

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oscar II	Christiansand	Nov. 4
Narragansett	London	Nov. 2
El Occidente	Galveston	Nov. 10
Trabboch	Barbados	Nov. 7
Oceana	Bermuda	Nov. 13
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Nov. 7
Thespis	Barbados	Nov. 5

DUE THURSDAY.

St. Paul	Southampton	Nov. 8
Mauretania	Liverpool	Nov. 11
St. Michael	Algiers	Nov. 2
Philadelphia	Curacao	Nov. 8
Tagus	Bermuda	Nov. 14
Stephano	Halifax	Nov. 14
Santa Marta	Colon	Nov. 9
Antilles	New Orleans	Nov. 11
El Mar	Galveston	Nov. 11

By Marconi Wireless.

SS St. Paul, incoming from Southampton, was reported 1,099 miles east of Sandy Hook at 12:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early Thursday.

SS Minnewaska, incoming from London, was reported 385 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-morrow afternoon.

SS Oscar II., incoming from Copenhagen, was reported 820 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-morrow forenoon.

SS Cameronia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Bretagne, incoming from Havre, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Narragansett, incoming from London, was reported 90 miles south of Cape Race at 8:15 A. M. yesterday.

SS Patris, incoming from Piraeus, was reported 650 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:50 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-morrow.

By United Wireless.

SS Camaguey, Tampico, was 980 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 13th.

SS Lampasas, Galveston, was 180 m. W. of Tortugas at 8 P. M., 13th.

SS Allianca, Cristobal, was 1,262 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 13th.

SS Antilles, New Orleans, was 875 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 6:45 P. M., 13th.

SS Larimer, Port Arthur, was 830 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 6:45 P. M., 13th.

SS Saratoga, Havana, was 279 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 13th.

SS Alamo, Mobile, was 482 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 13th.

SS Coppename, Demerara, was 78 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 13th.

SS Philadelphia, Curacao, was 994 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 12th.

SS Apache, Jacksonville, was 282 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 13th.

SS Prinz Joachim, Kingston, was 895 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 13th.

SS Denver, Galveston, was 155 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 13th.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, was 90 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 13th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

- SS Lusitania, at Fishguard, Nov. 13.
- SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, at Plymouth, Nov. 13.
- SS Oceania, at Genoa, Nov. 13.
- SS Roma, at Naples, Nov. 11.
- SS Helios, at Hamburg, Nov. 10.
- SS Clan Maclachlan, at Port Natal, Nov. 11.
- SS Marengo, at Hull, Nov. 11.
- SS Gutenfels, at Aden, Nov. 12.
- SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Nov. 13.
- SS Caledonia, at Glasgow, Nov. 13.
- SS Zeeland, at Dover, Nov. 13.
- SS Germania, at Horta, Nov. 12.
- SS Atrato, at Southampton, Nov. 13.
- SS Cranley, at Auckland, Nov. 13.
- SS Minnetonka, at London, Nov. 13.
- SS Pannonia, at Trieste, Nov. 13.
- SS African Monarch, at La Plata, Nov. 13.
- SS Dorothy, at Punta Arenas, Nov. 13.
- SS Trojan, at Arica, Nov. 13.

Sailed.

- SS Mira, from Corgubion, Nov. 10.
- SS Otta, from Montevideo, Nov. 10.
- SS C. F. Tietgen, from Copenhagen, Nov. 9.
- SS Berlin, from Naples, Nov. 19.
- SS Korona, from St. Thomas, Nov. 12.
- SS Berlin, from Gibraltar, Nov. 13.

Passed.

SS Washington, New York for Port Said, passed Gibraltar.

SS Ancona, New York for Naples, passed Sagres.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed via Seattle)—Tamba Maru	Nov. 16	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Nov. 17	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco) — Tenyo Maru	Nov. 17	6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands (via San Francisco)—Oceana	Nov. 19	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Nov. 20	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Nov. 24	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Nov. 30	6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Oct. 18; Melbourne, Oct. 13; Sydney, Oct. 14; Manila, Oct. 15; Shanghai, Oct. 16; Auckland, Oct. 19; Wellington, Oct. 20; Yokohama, Oct. 24, and Honolulu, Nov. 3—which arrived at San Francisco per steamers Tenyo Maru and Maitai, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. Nov. 9. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Nov. 14.

Postmaster Morgan also announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, Oct. 24, and Yokohama, Oct. 25—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Tamba Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. Nov. 10. Due in New York on the morning of Wednesday, Nov. 15.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Those who want to better their present positions and increase their earning capacity should look into the opportunities offered in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times. Read the Help Wanted advertisements in The Times with the assurance they are reliable offers of employment by representative business firms.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

One $500,000 Deal Closed and Another Pending in the Midtown Loft Zone—West Side Apartments in Trade—Sale in the Dyckman Section.

The realty market was fairly active yesterday for the opening business day of the week. There were no auction sales in the Vesey Street Salesroom, but the private deals covered a wide range. In the loft district, papers were signed for the sale of the twelve-story building at 18 West Twenty-seventh Street, for which downtown property and two residences on the west side were given in exchange.

In addition to this, it was reported that negotiations are pending for the acquisition by a building corporation from Michael Coleman of a good-sized plot in Thirty-eighth Street, near Fifth Avenue, for improvement with a twelve-story loft. Mr. Coleman owns 52 and 54 West Thirty-eighth Street. It was said that he had already purchased adjoining property, but this was ascertained not to be a fact, although negotiations are pending and Mr. Coleman holds options on one or more parcels. Among these is 56, adjoining his present holdings to the west, and 50. These four lots would make an 80-foot plot, but before the deal is closed it is likely to be enlarged to one of over 100 feet.

Mary L. Fraser is the buyer of the twelve-story loft, 18 West Twenty-seventh Street, reported sold last week by the Lewis H. May Company for the James Livingston Construction Company. The buyer gives in part payment, 10 and 12 James Slip, two four-story loft buildings on a plot 45 by 50; 60 Beekman Street, a five-story loft and office building on a lot 23 by 58, and 23 and 35 Hamilton Terrace, two private houses each on a lot 23 by 100. The properties given in exchange were free and clear, and have not changed ownership the past fifty years. The deal involves about $500,000.

Big Apartment Houses in Trade.

An interesting trade in the heart of the apartment house district on the upper west side was announced yesterday by F. W. Jockel, who purchased from Valentine Gumprecht and Millard Veit, the northeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street, a five-story apartment house, on plot 42 by 100. The property is one of the few corner parcels along West End Avenue available for reimprovement with a tall apartment structure, and will likely be so improved in the near future.

The property has been held at $150,000. Mr. Jockel gave in part payment the six-story elevator apartment house at 212 and 214 West 141st Street, on plot 50 by 99.11. Levine & Lefkowitz negotiated the transaction.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The three and a half story dwelling, 286 West Seventy-fourth Street on a lot 20 by 100, has been sold by William H. McElroy to an investor. The parcel is located between West End Avenue and Broadway.

Further north, in the Riverside Drive section, Matilda W. Brower has sold 308 West 109th Street, a five-story American basement dwelling on lot 19 by 100.77, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive. The two adjoining houses on either side have each changed ownership during the past year.

Fort Washington Deal.

A fifty-foot plot in the Fort Washington apartment house district on the north side of 184th Street, 475 feet west of St. Nicholas Avenue, has been sold to an operator by Ennis & Sinnott, who took title to the plot a month ago. The property is 50 by 100. Mauris W. Halpin was the broker.

Sells Eleven Dyckman Lots.

A strong demand seems to be the characteristic of property in the Dyckman tract, which is showing great building activity. A plot of eleven lots was sold yesterday by Dr. Leonard Adair to an investor, the property being on the northwest side of Nagle Avenue, south of Sickles Street, fronting 240 feet on Nagle Avenue, and with an average depth of 850 feet. W. J. Huston & Son were the brokers in the deal, through whom Dr. Adair bought the property a short time ago.

Bronx.

Myer Markowitz has purchased for investment 560 East 189th Street, a five-story new-law tenement, 30 by 90, on the corner of Hoffman Street.

Brooklyn.

E. Sharum has sold to the Armor Realty Company 904 Albemarle Road, the southeast corner of Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn, a fine frame dwelling on a plot 50 by 92. Also, the vacant lot, 20 by 92, on Coney Island Avenue, adjoining this plot on the south. A five-room dwelling on a plot 50 by 100 on Eighth Street, Huntington, L. I., and ten lots at Eastport, L. I., were given as part payment.

Japanese Club to Build.

The Nippon Club, the membership of which is made up of the leading Japanese residents, is the buyer of the property at 163 and 165 West Ninety-third Street, a plot 51 by 106.10 and irregular. It was bought, as reported last week, from James Livingston. A three-story clubhouse will be erected from designs by John V. Van Pelt. It is to be finished by Oct. 1, 1912. The club now has leased quarters at 44 West Eighty-fifth Street.

Frederick Zittel & Sons, in conjunction with Payson McL. Merrill were the brokers in the deal.

Two Days to Make Tax Protests.

Owners of real estate who feel that the 1912 assessments against their property are too high and desire to have them reduced have but two days in which to file a protest. Wednesday is the last day when the Tax Department officials can give consideration to complaints, and, unless filed by that time, they will be ignored.

Blanks, with full instructions how to register a protest, can be obtained at the Tax Bureau in the borough, where the property is situated.

Downtown Parcel in Partition.

Joseph P. Day will offer to-day, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, at Supreme Court partition sale, by instructions from Louis B. Hasbrouck, Esq., referee, 485 Pearl Street, a three and a half story and basement brick dwelling with one store on lot 15.6 by 22.8 by 67.8 by 55.

Leases.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for William B. Thom for a term of years the three-story building 213 West Sixty-ninth Street. Mr. Thom recently purchased this building from Emil Talamini for the express purpose of altering the same into a garage and salesroom to be occupied by the Jaccard-Walcott Company of Paris, France.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS
PERMANENT LOANS
OR BOTH COMBINED
4½% MONEY
In Any Amount for Permanent Loans on Choice Improved Manhattan Properties.
A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
123 Broadway, corner Cedar.
MORTGAGES EXCLUSIVELY.
STRONGEST AND BEST EQUIPPED.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME.
Let us manage your property; 20 years' experience. Mortgage money, 4½-5 per cent.; low charges.
BACHRACH REALTY & MORTGAGE CO.,
Tel. 2044 Lenox. 74 East 92d St.

4½% Mortgage Money 4½%
Charges 1% and disbursements; quick acceptances; funds for 1st and 2nd mortgages; moderate rates. SUGARMAN & KAHN, 35 Nassau St.

Have $22,000 to $25,000 for first mortgage in Manhattan only; no new-law house or brokers entertained. Address Attorney, 105 Herald, Bronx.

4½% MONEY TO LOAN ON MANHATTAN property. Wall Bond & Mortgage Co., Singer Building. Tel. 4735 Cortlandt.

The banking offices at 35 Wall Street, which have been vacant for some time, have been leased by James M. Robinson for the estate of D. O. Mills to a banking concern for a long term of years.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have leased for M. I. & N. Horwitz to the Dreyfuss Export Company for a term of years the five-story and basement building 139 Front Street, corner of DePeyster Street.

Morningside Heights Apartment.

The only building plan filed yesterday was for a twelve-story apartment on the northwest corner of Broadway and 115th Street, occupying a plot 100.11 by 115 feet, to be erected by Paterno Brothers. Its estimated cost is $625,000. Gaitan Agiello is the architect. Plans for a similar house for the adjoining 116th Street corner were filed last week, the two houses occupying the block front which the builders bought from the Clark estate a few months ago.

Notes.

Justice Bischoff of the Supreme Court has appointed Howard B. Sands receiver of the rents of the Le Marquis, an apartment hotel on the south side of Thirty-first Street, 166.4 feet west of Madison Avenue, on plot 53.8 by 112,6, pending a suit brought by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York against Joseph Fleischman and others to foreclose a mortgage of $350,000 made on Feb. 16, 1905.

O'Connor, Lawrence & Ellison have placed a mortgage of $46,000 on 7 East Thirtieth Street, with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company for William C. O'Brien.

The Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company is considering the erection of a six-story office building on its property at 49, 51, 53, and 55 Dey Street. The plot measures 98.9 by 91.4.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 67.9 ft n of 174th St, 22.7x78.5; Jane G. Schenck to Carrie Ridley, 64 West 12th St, (mtg $8,500,) Oct. 28; attorney, B. Feldman, 132 Nassau St....$1

AVENUE A, 287 and 289, s w corner of 18th St, 46x94; Jessye E. Lubetkin to Frederick Behr, 641 East 136th St, Nov. 10; attorney, Max S. Seidler, 38 Park Row....$100

BOONE AV, s w corner of Drainage St, runs s 30.7x s w 8.8 and 46.8 and 27.4x n to point 40 ft s of Drainage St x w 25.3x n 40 ft to s s of Drainage St x e 100 ft to beginning; Vian Land Co. to John J. Tully, 1,603 Boston Road, (mtg $1,000,) all liens, Oct. 30; attorney, A. A. Bachmann, 1,055 Southern Boulevard....$1

CHARLOTTE PLACE, n w corner of Jennings St, 34.11x100x41.5x100.2; Cotoba Realty & Construction Co. to Joseph Krimsky, 290 Bradford St., Brooklyn, (mtg $42,500,) all liens, Nov. 10; attorney, Philip S. Seligman, 35 Nassau St....$100

CLINTON PLACE, s s, 175 ft w of Grand Av, 25x100; William H. Johnston to Amelia Johnston, 64 Clinton Place, (mtg $7,000,) Nov. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

HILL AV, e s, 250 ft n of Jefferson Av, 50x100, Margaret C. McPierson, 200 West 86th St, to Richard T. Conlon, Oct. 30, (mtg $300;) address, 200 West 86th St....$1

LELAND AV, e s, 142.9 ft s of Tremont Av, 25x100; Josephine Perina to Anton Perina, 1,320 Leland Av, Oct. 2, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, F. Brodsky, 300 East 72d St....$1

LEWIS ST, 156, e s, runs n 24x e 100.5x s 27.8x w 100.7 ft to beginning; Julius Stoloff et al. to Meyer Friedman, (mtg $25,000,) re-recorded from June 4, 1907; June 3, 1907; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LOT 87, map of Seton Homestead; Wellman Finance and Realty Co. to Mary F. McGrail, 2,161 Ludlow Av, (mtg $750,) Oct. 31; attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square....$100

LOTS 39 and 40, Map 811 of Westchester Terrace, 50x120x50x121.9; John Giannone to Victoria Giannone, 780 East 183d St, Oct. 16; attorney, John J. Weiss, 82 Broadway....$100

LOTS 107, 108, 111, and 112, Map of Edward K. Willard at Woodlawn Heights; William F. Livingston to Alexander G. Livingston, 341 North 7th St., Newark, N. J., and another, all title, quitclaim, Nov. 8; attorney, George H. Corey, 56 Wall St....$1

LOTS 294 to 298, same map; same to same, all title, quitclaim, Nov. 8; same attorney.$1

MERCER ST, 31 and 33, w s, 64.3x119.9x irregular; John G. Wendel to Mary E. A. and Ella V. von E. Wendel, all at Irvington, N. Y., in trust, Nov. 1; attorney, B. E. Robell, 38 Park Row....$1

MORRIS AV, s e corner of 144th St, 126.11x—; Jonas Weil et al. to Bertha Kaufmann, Nov. 10, 1,767 3d Av; attorney, B. J. Weil, 5 Beekman St....$100

ORCHARD ST, 74, e s, 25x87.6; Philip Goldstein to Morris Goldstein, 162 West 116th St, (mtg $30,500,) all liens, June 17, 1911; attorney, M. N. Krakower, 320 Broadway..$100

SIMPSON ST, w s, 193.9 ft n of Home St, 16.8x100; Mary Engelbrecht to John Klein, 1,443 3d Av, (mtg $4,100,) Nov. 11; attorney, H. G. Leist, 204 East 86th St....$1

VYSE AV, e s, 350 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; Lots 383 and 390, map of part of Bathgate estate, 200x100; Crotona Realty Co. to the City of New York, Nov. 13; attorney, Real Estate Bureau, Finance Department....$6,000

12TH ST, 39 and 41 East, 50.8x103.3; William T. Keleher, referee, to Newburg Savings Bank, at Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$125,000

18TH ST, n s, 315 ft w of Avenue A, 25x92; Max Keve and others to Gisela Dreyfus, 723 East 160th St, (mtg $18,500,) Nov. 13....$1

21ST ST, s s, 85 ft e of 7th Av, 22x91.10; Edmund Wetmore, executor, to Albert A. Curtis, at Bath, N. Y., (mtg $9,670,) Nov. 9; attorneys, Wetmore & Jenner, 34 Pine St..$1

27TH ST, 519 West, 25x98.9; John H. Wynn to Liederman Realty Co., 38 Park Row, Oct. 17; address, 38 Park Row....$1

27TH ST, 519 West, n s, 25x98.9; Mary Meade to John H. Wynn, 686 Sackett St, Brooklyn, (mtg $21,000,) Oct. 16; attorney, Liederman Realty Co., 38 Park Row....$1

28TH ST, 517 West, leasehold; Roger A. Pryor, referee, to Emma Arnott, 201 West 72d St, Nov. 9; attorney, C. Zabriskie, 393 Canal St....$2,500

29TH ST, 46 to 50 West, s s, 53.4x98.9; Isaac Phillips and others to 48 West 29th Street Corporation, 18 West 18th St, (mtg $65,000,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Shattuck, G., H. & G., 26 Exchange Pl....$1

46TH ST, s s, 120 ft w of 10th Av, 20x100.5; Anna Wollersen et al. to Christian Wollersen, 518 West 46th St, Oct. 30; attorney, Harry C. Kayser, 220 Broadway....$1

46TH ST, 518 West, 20x100.5; Anna Wollersen et al. to Christian Wollersen, 518 West 46th St, Oct. 30; attorney, same....$1

52D ST, 427 East, 20x62.9; Ida Ebel to Sara K. Jones, 402 Avenue U, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,650,) Nov. 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1

53D ST, s s, 198 ft w of Park Av, 18x100.5; Helen D. Moran to Maria L. Hoyt, 46 East 53d St, quitclaim, Oct. 6; attorneys, Moran Brothers, 68 William St....$100

72D ST, s s, 300 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.3; Kathleen K. Donahue et al., executors, &c., of Margaret A. Benoe, to Kathleen K. Donahue, 130 West 72d St, two-thirds part, Oct. 31....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Elizabeth L. Healy, Bayview Av, near Jamaica Bay, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, one-third part, Oct. 31....$1

76TH ST, 514 East, s s, 25x96.3; Anton Nacovsky to Alois G. Linke, 156 East 72d St, Nov. 9; attorney, Thomas Capek, 1,429 1st Av....$100

76TH ST, 514 East, s s, 25x96.3; Alois G. Linke to Anton Nacovsky and Annie, his wife, 1,291 1st Av, Nov. 9; attorney, Thomas Capek, 1,429 1st Av....$100

78TH ST, n s, 289 ft w of 3d Av, 18x102.2; Thomas W. Strong, executor, to Elizabeth C. Harrison, at Rose Valley, Moylan, Penn., Nov. 3; attorney, Title Guaranty Co., 176 Broadway....$15,000

97TH ST, 318 East, n s, 25.1x100.11; Harry A. Goldel, referee, to rector, &c., of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Marks in the Bowery, 2d Av, corner of 10th St, Nov. 1; attorney, A. H. Atterbury, 30 Broad St....$8,000

101ST ST, s s, 100 ft e of 1st Av, 100x100.11; Annie Leoni to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, Nov. 13, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

117TH ST, 135 and 137 West, n s, 50x100.11; St. Joseph Realty Co. to Eva Powell, 135 West 117th St, and another, (mtg $44,000,) Oct. 31; attorneys, Saxe & P., 51 Chambers St....$100

122D ST, 269 to 273 West, 60x100.11; George W. Eccles to Christopher Clift, Perth Amboy, N. J., Nov. 1, (mtg $54,000;) attorney, Allen C. Bragaw, 165 Broadway....$1

128TH ST, n s, 120 ft e of 5th Av, 20x99.11; William F. Livingston to Alexander C. Livingston, 341 North 7th St., Newark, N. J., and another, all title, quitclaim, Nov. 8; attorney, George H. Carey, 56 Wall St....$1

135TH ST, 596 East, s s, 16.8x100; William Moller and others, trustees of John Moller, for Marguerita Heuchling, to John C. Haas, 596 East 135th St, Sept. 1; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St....$100

145TH ST, 356 East, 25x100; John H. Wynn to Liederman Realty Co., 38 Park Row, Oct. 16; address, 38 Park Row....$1

163D ST, s w corner of Fox St, 108x100x109.6x100; William B. Ellison, referee, to Utility Realty Co., 165 Broadway, (foreclosure Oct. 13, 1911,) Nov. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$30,000

206TH ST, s s, 13.7 ft n of land of Maria L. Travers, runs s 106x e 50x n 100x w 50; William McCoy et al. to William W. Niles, 206th St and Woodlawn Road, Nov. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Kate McCoy to same, Nov. 8; attorney, same....$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BARNARD REALTY CO. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; Broadway, n e corner of 180th St, 122x—, Nov. 13, 3 years; address, 135 Broadway....$215,000

SAME to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, same property, Nov. 8, prior mtg $215,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$25,000

BUTTERFASS, John, to Grace L. Horton, 2,881 Broadway; 169th St, 409 East, 27x73, Nov. 9, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. F. Duckworth, 61 Park Row....$259

RUVANE, Julia A., to A. Hupfel's Sons Corp., 842 St. Ann's Av; Jerome Av, s w corner of Burnside Av, 76.8x—, Nov. 8, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Guggenheimer, N. & M., 37 Wall St....$1,552

CAFFREY, Thomas F., to Janet M. Schoniler, 201 West 79th St; Grand Av, e s, 50 ft s of 181st St, 50x100, Nov. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 40 Wall St....$2,000

COHEN, Sadie, and others, to Joseph Stern & Sons, Inc., 616 West 40th St; Bergen Av, s e corner of Rose St, 51.4x100; attorney, William F. Burns, 444 West 14th St, 2 years, Nov. 8....$7,500

DICK, John W., to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St; Chatterton Av, s s, 90.6 ft e of Olmstead Av, 4 lots, together in size, 99.11x100, Unionport, 4 mtgs, each $4,500, Oct. 16, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; same attorneys....$18,000

DICK, John W., to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St; Ludlow Av, n s, 105 ft e of Olmstead Av, 100x108, Unionport, Oct. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 68 William St....$2,000

FRIEDMAN, Meyer, to Emilie Macher, East Rutherford, N. J.; Cherry St, 264, n s, 25x—; Lewis St, 156, e s, 24x100.5, Nov. 13, prior mtg $45,000, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$13,800

GOFF, Patrick F., to Edward T. Hallinan, 255 East 174th St; Monroe Av, s w corner of 172d St, 100x100; Weeks St, w s, 100 ft n of 174th St, 50x100, Nov. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, James T. Hallinan, 87 Liberty St....$2,000

HALLOCK, John D., to John Mera, 809 Elsmere Place; Mayflower Av, w s, Lot 140, map of Haight estate, 25x100, Nov. 6, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St....$3,000

HAMBURGER, Rose, to Leopold Cohn, guardian; 12th St, 705 East, 23.10x103.3, Oct. 9, 1909, prior mtg $14,000, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Gates Hamburger, 220 Broadway....$2,750

HARBURG REALTY AND AMUSEMENT CO. to Anna E. Haas, 142 West 131st St; 99th St, n s, 100 ft w of Columbus Av, 75x100, Oct. 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St....$2,000

HARRISON, Elizabeth C., to Thomas M. Strong, executor, 205 West 57th St; 78th St, n s, 289 ft w of 3d Av, 18x102.2, Nov. 3, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

HAAS, John C., to William Moller and others, trustees, Oakland, Cal.; 135th St, 596 East, 16.8x100, Sept. 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St....$5,000

SAME to Herman Knobloch, 1,762 Topping Av; same property, Nov. 10, due as per contract, attorneys, same....$1,803

KAICHER, Cecilia, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 3d Av, e s, 62.11 ft s of 97th St, 38.2x100, Nov. 13, 5 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$29,000

LE VIEN, Mary, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Mott St, 201, w s, 22.3x irregular, Nov. 10, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway....$3,000

MARGULIS, Sophie, to Abraham L. Kass, 226 South 9th St, Brooklyn; 7th St, 65 East, n s, 25x93.6, Nov. 11, due Feb. 11, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Lerner, 230 Grand St....$1,000

MOFFETT, Mary E., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 9th St, 43 West, 26.2x92.3, Nov. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$20,000

PADDELL, Timothy F., to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av; 23d St, 8 East, Nov. 13, 1 year; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway....$25,000

PERINA, Anton, to Josephine Perina, 1,320 Leland Av; Leland Av, e s, 142.9 ft s of Tremont Av, 25x100, prior mtg $2,500, Oct. 12, 3 years; attorney, F. Brodsky, 300 East 72d St....$1,500

PETERSON, Mary, to Mathilda A. Bucking, Alsfeld, Hessen, Germany; 187th St, s s, 26 ft e of Prospect Av, 34.2x70, Nov. 6, due Jan. 1, 1917; attorney, Edward P. Orrell, 258 Broadway....$15,000

RASCKE, Katie, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av; Cruger Av, 1,822, 25x100, Nov. 13, due Dec. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St....$3,000

RECTOR, &c, ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH OF NEW YORK to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; 135th St, 119 and 121 West, 40x99.11, Nov. 13, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St....$30,000

ROWLEY, Bernard, to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St; Lots 147 and 148, map of Gleason property, Nov. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 68 William St..$1,000

TIERNAN, Mary B., to Daniel J. Carroll, 32 West 40th St; Creston Av, e s, 250 ft s of 183d St, 50x125, prior mtg $650, Nov. 9, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddart & B., 2 Rector St....$350

VARISCO, Salvatore, to Bronx Investing Co., 99 Nassau St; Hughes Av, n e corner of 179th St, 66.5x95; Belmont Av, n w corner of 179th St, 18x—, Nov. 10, prior mtg $28,000, due, &c, as per bond; address, 99 Nassau St....$1,000

WIGHT, Maria L., to Bank for Savings, 280 4th Av; 21st St, 5 West, 25x98.9, Oct. 12, 1 year; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St....$5,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, No. 1,297, store and basement; Francis J. Arend to Frederick J. Arend, 504 West 122d St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Milton S. Hoffman, 198 Broadway....$1,200

HOUSTON ST, 154 and 156 East, store and basement; Thomas Larkin to Lee Rose, 163 Norfolk St, 2 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Isidor Lowenbraun, 116 Nassau St.$1,020

PARK PLACE, 14 to 18, four cigar stands in restaurant; Kalil's Restaurant to John W. Surbrug, at Montclair, N. J., 5 years from Nov. 2, 1911; address, 204 Broadway..$1,500

3D AV, 494, basement; Michael di Jorio to William Patrono, 494 3d Av, 4½ years, 4 2-12 years from Feb. 10, 1911; attorney, Charles M. Kilfer, 846 Broadway....$156

5TH AV, 786 and 787, first floor and part of mezzanine floor, &c.; 5th Av. Estates to Plaza Bank, 753 5th Av, 20 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$25,000

7TH AV, 2,021, n e corner of 121st St, apartment 2 to 9; Max N. Natanson to Esther Minchel, 9 West 117th St, 3 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Samuel Menschel, 141 Broadway....$2,350

8TH AV, 362, all; Anna M. Aspell and others, executrix, to James Harley and another, 339 West 26th St, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, Louis C. Hartman, 42 Broadway....$3,500

19TH ST, 251 West, sixth floor or loft; Revel Realty & Securities Co. to Dittman, Steidinger Co., on premises, 4½ years from Sept. 15, 1911; attorneys, Smith, D. & W., 44 Court St, Brooklyn....$3,300

22D ST, 485 West, all; Agnes L. Sadlier to Roman Catholic Church of the Guardian Angel Corporation, 511 to 515 West 23d St, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1911; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$1,200

126TH ST, 80 and 82 West, all; Isabella Wallace to Nathan Taubenfeld, 18 West 112th St, 9 10-12 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Alvin T. Sapinsky, 35 Nassau St......$6,000

Mechanics' Liens.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 175th St, 100 x150; Charniack & Held against Lentz Realty Co., owner and contractor; Benjamin Nieberg, contractor....$2,100

BROADWAY, 2,848 and 2,850; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against H. C. Copeland, owner; Barnett Rodesky & Son and American Purchasing Association, contractors....$315

CLINTON AV, e s, 103.2 ft n of McKinley Square, 102.2x186.11 to Boston Road, x102.7x 163.1; Giehl Bros. against E. H. Weissager and William H. Weissager, owners; Philip H. Krausch, contractor....$90

NORTHERN AV, 63 and 65; John F. Mason against Kirby Construction Co., owner and contractor....$162

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 859.8 ft n of 145th St, 80x100; Peet & Powers, Inc., against E. J. Farrell, owner and contractor....$390

UNDERCLIFF AV, 27.11 ft n of Washington Bridge Park, 68.3x 172.10x57.11x143.7; Henry Bieg against Hope Construction Co., owner; Tager & Katz, contractors....$77

6TH AV, 259 and 261; Louis Miller against George H. Dressler estate, owner; Frank C. Schaffler and Adolph Mertin, contractors.$495

SAME PROPERTY; Francis Eckenroth et al. against George H. Dressler, Emma W. C. Schachtel, Sophia Dressler, Mathilde S. Dressler, Kate G. Dressler, Dorothy Dressler, Clara H. Folmer, Laura A. Dressler, and — Caufield, owners and contractors....$848

17TH ST, 143 West; Emil Mueller against Coffey Realty Co. and Julia Coffey, owners; St. Anne Building Co., owner and contractor....$4,350

94TH ST, 33 West; Aprian & Rubinowitz against Theresa Steinmann, owner and contractor....$125

48TH ST., 137 West; Eureka Fire Hose Manufacturing Co. against New Netherlands Theatre Co, owner; Louis Black & Brother, contractor....$27

BUILDING MATERIAL.

SERVICE AND QUALITY
THE GEORGE A. JUST CO.
STEEL CONSTRUCTION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
'PHONE 3571 HUNTERSPOINT

Alterations and Repairs
We do every variety of work connected with the construction, repairs or painting of buildings.
ALTRADES BUILDING REPAIR CO.,
34 WEST 33D ST. PHONE MADISON SQ. 6450.
NO CHARGE FOR PROPOSALS OR SUGGESTIONS.

STANDARD IRON WORKS
IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS.
NO JOB TOO SMALL.
NONE TOO LARGE.
PROMPT. 157 West 29th St. RELIABLE.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 96th St; John H. Drew & Brother against Charles F. Hoffman and others, Oct. 31, 1911, by bond..$394

BROADWAY, 4,236; American Luxfer Prism Co. against Barnard Realty Co. and others, July 27, 1911....$525

VYSE AV, s w corner of Jennings St; Nathan Passman against Crispi Construction Co. and others, Oct. 30, 1911, by bond....$622

55TH ST, 154 East; John Scheck against Catherine A. Griggs and others, Sept. 27, 1911..$207

Lis Pendens.

AVENUE A, 1,448; American Mortgage Co. against Mary Simon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,719; Union Trust Co. of New York against Bridget Galligan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.

LOTS 802 to 810, map of Section D of Vyse estate; William P. Rose against Viau Land Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. L. Rose.

LOT 154, Block 8,225, Section 11; Bertha G. Stahr against John C. Rodgers and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, M. Frank.

MORNINGSIDE AVENUE WEST, n w corner of 117th St, 100.11x120; Edward Hyams against Margaret Morison and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gross & Sneudaira.

MORRIS AV OR PLACE, e s, 25 ft n of Bonner Place, 125x100; Bonner Place, n s, 100 ft e of Morris Av or Place, 100x75, two actions; Mary M. Gardner against Richard P. Lydon and others, (amended foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Arrowsmith & Dunn.

PARCEL OF LAND beginning at s e end of a slat fence formerly the boundary line between Morris Kelly and Lemual Pearce, and adjoining the low marsh or salt meadow formerly of Daniel Edwards, —x—; parcel of land beginning at middle of West Farms Creek, adjoining road leading from West Farms to Hunt's Point, —x—; Hirsch Lumber Co. against Isidor L. Cohen (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. H. Guggenheimer.

WEEKS AV, w s, 84 ft s of 173d St, 50x95; George Dotzauer against Marcus A. Rosenthal, (accounting, &c.;) attorney, H. C. Glore.

1ST AV, s e corner of 52d St, 25.1x74; Henry Kroger against Harry Bayer, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rabe & Keller.

2D AV, s w corner of 3d St, —x—; Charles Hart against Minnie E. Smyth and others, (partition;) attorneys, Brush & Crawford.

17TH ST, 143 West; Emil Mueller against Coffey Realty Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, B. J. Kelly.

25TH ST, 127 to 131 West; Leonard H. Wood against John E. Olson Construction Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. M. Kaye.

78TH ST, 232 East; Alfred Hahn against Rebecca Sachs and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Davis & Kaufmann.

199TH ST, n e s, 104.7 ft n w of Anthony Av, 50x120; Raffael Luongo against D'Ambra Construction Co. and others, (action to declare lien;) attorneys, Appell & Taylor.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Real Estate **Management Rentals Sales**
62 Cedar Street

WHY NOT LEASE
your property to a good reliable party; submit particulars for prompt action.
LOUIS ISRAELSON,
393 West 145th St., at St. Nicholas Av.
'Phone Audubon 3540.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Manager of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
105 West 40th St., nr. B'way, Tel. 376 Bryant.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will PROVE how. The Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone 359 Harlem.

West Side.

BARGAIN! Attractive private dwelling, admirably arranged for a physician; vicinity of Stuyvesant Square; excellent condition. Innes & Center, 21 East 20th.

Newly furnished 10-room house, suitable for private family. Address Davenport, 268 West 125th.

East Side.

35 EAST 72d STREET
To settle estate will dispose of above for $15,000 less than it cost in 1905, 4-story, 22 x100; condition excellent; beautiful interior finish. P. O. Box 54, N. Y. City.

REAL ESTATE.

THEODORE STARRETT COMPANY
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
103 Park Ave. New York

Lederer & Schmidt
ARCHITECTS
1,327 Southern Boulevard.
'Phone 4312 Tremont.
Near Freeman St. Subway Station.

BRONX—FOR SALE.

Foreclosure Sale, Nov. 16th, 1911,
At Bronx Real Estate Sales Rooms,
3,156 Third Avenue.
S. E. Corner Franklin Av. and 166th St.
31 ft. 6x100 ft. Can be altered for stores. Half block from "L" Station.

140 ft. front by over 150 ft. deep, suitable for storage warehouse; located in the centre of the Bronx; will give building and permanent loan with it to respectable party; principals only. Kraemer, 1,150 Southern Boulevard.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ELMHURST, L. I.
10 Minutes to Pennsylvania Station, 33d St. & 7th Ave., New York City.
Two Trolley Roads to New York
New houses 9 rooms and bath for rent.
$60 per month, including steam heat and hot water.
Hardwood floors, tiled bath and gas ranges.
THE CORD MEYER CO.
63 William St., N. Y. City—Elmhurst, L. I.
Tel. 1961 John 700 Newtown

Beautiful House Near Water
Long Island Sound; 32 minutes from Penn. Sta.; water-front rights to fine bathing beach; near station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity AND gas; cement sidewalks and sewerage; very select and refined neighborhood; terms $350, balance $30 or more monthly; title perfect; descriptive booklet mailed on request. HENRY, 146 East 34th St., N. Y.

New 8-room house, with two lots, on Long Island Sound; also extra building plots; 30 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; remarkably low price; terms to suit. S. W., L 103 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Want Westchester acreage; must be near depot and high and dry; can use 10 to 40 acres. Box H 32 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Income For Residence or Lots.
Builder will exchange two 4-story flats, all rented, adjoining 4th Av. Subway; best section Brooklyn. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., Mhtn.

Several choice plots; also improved property. Gilbert Elliott, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR THE HOME BUYER
$100 TO $300 DOWN, BALANCE SAME AS RENT, acquires a perfect house, finely finished, handsomely decorated; pleasant surroundings on beautiful boulevard; restricted park section of Brooklyn; only 30 minutes from New York; 5-cent fare; on line of the new Subway, assuring rapid increase in value; 3 stations on property; new house, containing 7 beautiful rooms, tiled bath and vestibule, parquet floors, hardwood trim; large porch; water, gas, sewer, electricity; a house beautiful in design, superb in finish, and replete with every modern convenience; all assessments paid. Send for particulars and inspect the property at once. Address Private, X 309 Times Downtown.

YOU CAN OWN YOUR OWN HOME
by giving us your rent money; $200 down, balance same as rent; a one-family brick house; hardwood finish, parquet floors, tiled bath, handsomely decorated; wide porch; fine lawn; street sewered and shade trees; one "L" and new subway lines; 5-cent fare to City Hall; payments cover taxes, interest, water, &c. Builder, X 310 Times Downtown.

You Don't Need a Servant
in an "Easy Housekeeping Home," Borough Park; $500 cash and $40 monthly. Send for booklet. REALTY ASSOCIATES, 176 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.

CHEAP FOR CASH.
9th St., 5th-6th Avs., Brooklyn; 3-story and basement; leased one tenant; $1,200 and all repairs; positive income; good for alterations into stores; great future; easy terms; what's offered? Levy Bros., 5 Beekman, N. Y.

Private detached residence, Prospect Park South, Flatbush; twelve rooms; all modern improvements; price and terms reasonable. Owner, A. H. B., 79 Westminster Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

At builder's cost, cement house, seven rooms, hardwood, tile bath, all improvements; large town Westchester County. L 72 Times.

Larchmont.—Prize bungalow; 7 rooms, 2 baths; $6,500; easy terms. C. K. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St., New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

We now offer plots for
HOMES OF DISTINCTION
with beautiful private Beaches, at not too great cost, on the charming little Peninsula,
"WAMPAGE SHORES"
Sands Point, L. I.
R. R. Station, Port Washington, 35 minutes to New York.
Write for map and particulars.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
542 Fifth Avenue, Cor. 45th St.

SEASHORE BUNGALOW
in restricted Summer colony, famous for its boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, and all water sports. Plots 60 feet front, $450; easy terms. Restrictions demand house of the value of $800; SUMMER HOME, INCLUDING PLOT, WOULD COST AS LITTLE AS $1,250. Gas, water and sewer. Commuting distance. No agents. Owner, 616 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York City. Telephone 1697 Murray Hill.

Investors and Developers.
Have most desirable large acreage tract on Long Island for sale. Edwin C. Hill, 1 West 34th Street, New York City.

ATTRACTIVE HOUSES, large and small, for sale by owners and builders; our bulletin with pictures and descriptions sent on request. Dept. D, William F. Sheehan, 45 West 34th St., New York City.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

PERMANENT COUNTRY HOME
45 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK, ON THE D., L. & W. R. R. 900 FEET ELEVATION. NO MOSQUITOES. COOL IN SUMMER, DELIGHTFUL IN WINTER. SUPERB SCENERY. SPLENDID NEIGHBORHOOD.
ACTUAL WATER RIGHTS
HOUSE HAS 8 ROOMS AND BATH. ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. HALF-ACRE SHADED LAND. PRICE $4,250. WILL OFFER EXCEPTIONAL TERMS TO RESPONSIBLE PURCHASER.
ADDRESS OWNER,
P. O. BOX 527, N. Y. CITY.

Handsome private dwelling, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, including furnace heat, hot-water supply, gas and electricity; plot 50x100; delightfully located on the Palisades within three minutes of Public Service trolley connecting with 42d or 130th St. ferries to city; $27.50. Write or call A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Bungalow sites on the beautiful hills of Fanwood; large shade trees, magnificent locations, high elevation, dry air, 45 minutes from Broadway; sold on very easy terms; we will build for you on monthly payments; secure your home now. Send for particulars, and free railroad tickets, to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Eggs, 60c. per dozen; broilers, 50c. per pound.; buy one of our little chicken farms, 100x565, and reap the profits; near Fanwood, N. J., railroad and trolley station; 45 minutes out; fine locations; sold on very easy terms; send for particulars and free railroad tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

SPLENDID BUSINESS CHANCE.—Store and dwelling with barn in rear, in fast-growing town of Grantwood, N. J.; a great opportunity to work up a paying meat or grocery business; will sell or rent. Call or write, A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

ONE ACRE FARM 10% DOWN, 3% MONTHLY.
Right in a town, convenient gas, water, electricity, bank, schools; 2 stations, trolley; 40 minutes Jersey Central. Dunellen, 250 Times Downtown.

A FIVE-ACRE FARM
In Monmouth Co., N. J., with long main road frontage; no buildings; near railroad station; fertile dry land on which you can grow anything; little price; easy terms. Owner, room 418, 501 5th Av.

FOR SALE.—New 2-family brick house, beneath the Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb; only 5c fare to city; all modern improvements, including steam heat; income pays your rent; good investment; at cost to quick buyer. L 93 Times.

ACRES near Lackawanna station; hour out; fare 15 cents; town water; electric light. Send for unique booklet.
ACRE FARM AND HOME CO., 141 BROADWAY.

A Village Farm, 6 acres; house, 9 rooms, bath; steam heat; barn, chicken houses for 1,000, brooder house; fruit; convenient; particulars, photos. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, corner Fulton St., N. Y.

MUST SELL AT ONCE, old-fashioned house; suitable ground for raising chickens; $2,500; small payment down, balance monthly; 5c fare to city; great chance for industrious man or women. L 94 Times.

A descriptive booklet of New Jersey's ideal suburb free upon request, with pictures of homes for sale. The Leonia Heights Land Co., 47 West 34th St., city.

700 feet frontage, main highway; farm, 10 acres, $6,000; Erie station, five minutes walk, Roseland. Flavelle, 35 Dover St., Newark, N. J.

Farms, lakes, tracts, dwellings, homes, sites for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

HIGH-CLASS **STOCK FARM**
Buildings, A1 condition, cost $30,000. 180 acres worth $100 per acre, $18,000. This $48,000 estate, in perfect condition, all within the limits of one of the prettiest towns in N. Y. State, I am authorized to close out for $20,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

For Sale.—150 acres; 10-room brick house; high elevation; near lake; southern view; fine stock; modern tools; price $6,000; half cash; investigate. James E. Dean, Winsted, Conn.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Cement bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, improvements; Palisade section, ¼ hour out; fare, 5c; trolley, railroad; price, $2,600, $300 cash, balance monthly. Office, Room 459, 200 5th Av., 23d St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LOFTS & OFFICES LARGE AND SMALL
10 FLOORS, 12,500 SQ. FEET TO THE FLOOR, In the MECCA BUILDING B'WAY, 48TH ST., 7TH AV.
Permanent light on 3 sides. Thoroughly fireproof, fast elevators, mail chutes, and every improvement and convenience.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

☞ LIGHT OFFICES ☜
Steam heat. Elevator service. Singly or en suite. 4 doors from Broadway and Fulton St. Subway Station. Reasonable rent. Exceptional inducements to early applicants.
NEW YORK FRAME & PICTURE Co 142 Fulton, N. Y. City.

LIGHT LOFTS
New Fireproof Building, 40x94; Two Elevators; Steam Heat.
291-293 Seventh Av.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 87th St.

ARCHITECTS, ATTENTION!
Beautiful office, 400 feet space, five extra large windows, north light, suitable subdivision, modern, 18-story, Importers' and Traders' Building, 24-26 Stone, through to Pearl, next Broad St.

TO SUBLET, FURNISHED,
Large, light office in Marbridge Building; terms reasonable; references exchanged. Address for particulars, Marbridge, Box 85 Times.

TO LEASE
Lofts, very reasonable, 46-95; on Avenue B and 19th St.; smokehouse, fish, 45x90. Apply John U. Brookman, Owner, 88 Wall St.

$15 MONTH UP, 109 Broad St.
Exceptionally LIGHT AND CHEERFUL **OFFICES** MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING.

39 EAST 19TH ST.
Desirable lofts, with side windows; building 25 feet wide; excellent business location. INNES & CENTER, 21 East 20th St.

BROADWAY CORNER LOFTS
to let in lower dry goods district; size 25x75; rents low; possession Feb'y.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

LOFT, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; steam power, heat, and elevator service; one block from Canal St. Subway station. Inquire S. HELLINGER, 309 Broadway; 'phone 4945 Worth, or engineer.

2 lofts, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; pass. and frgt. elevators; moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

Store, 802 3d Av., 20x80, near 49th St.; rent reasonable. Apply S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway. 'Phone Worth 4945. Janitor, 165 East 49th.

Office to rent for dentist.
747 Madison Av.

Will sublet one-half fine office; rent, $20. Room 604, 7 East 42d St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

144 EAST 19th STREET
Entire house, containing 5 rooms, bath, and kitchen; also large studio on top floor, with excellent north light; in artistic block. Agent, 132 East 19th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

Ritz-Carlton-Court
187TH TO 188TH ST.
On Audubon Av., 3-4-5-6 rooms; high-class; the finest and cheapest on Washington Heights.
A CALL WILL CONVINCE
Chas. Berlin Agency, on premises.

THERESA
115 WEST 129TH ST.
Modern four and five-room elevator apartments in a convenient location for all transit lines; high-class service; rent $35-$40. Inquire on premises or
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 LENOX AV.

THE ORINDA
530 West 157th
Elevator apartment, adjoining Broadway Subway station; three choice apartments left; 5-6-7 rooms, and 2 baths; very liberal concessions; $540 and $796 per annum.
CHAS. BERLIN AGENCY, on premises.

HARLEM LIBRARY BLDG,
32 WEST 123D ST.
Cozy, light apartments of one, two and three rooms and bath; "telephone"; rents $180 to $480 per year, including steam heat, service and light.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

3 ROOMS.
Corner house, all improvements, electric light, hardwood trim, shower bath, &c.; all rooms facing street.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
2 blocks from Subway. Rents $26-$29.
S. E. Corner 169th and Audubon Av.

Concessions
AT THE HUNTINGTON
218 West 112TH ST.
6 and 7 rooms and bath.
2 rooms, bath, for doctor or dentist.
Elevator; all modern improvements.
Apply on premises.

West Side.

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.00. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50.
321 4 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $50.
314 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
Only One 5-Room Apartment Left
Decorated to suit. The manager aims to please even the most critical. Your comfort—our desire—makes this house one of the most desirable to live in in New York.
Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Supt. on premises. Tel. Col. 4921.

THE IRVINGTON
407 Central Park West, near 101st St.
8 light rooms and bath; all improvements; electric lights, parquet floors, 2 toilets, butler's pantry; newly decorated; rents $1,020 to $1,180.

167 WEST 72D ST.
Studio Apartment, 2 rooms and bath, near 72d St. Subway station. Service; all improvements; $660. Apply on premises.

East Side.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING ! ! So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500. Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

BACHELOR APT'S 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
Electric light and service included. Telephone.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

REDUCED RENTS. APARTMENTS, two or three rooms and bath, $50 up; rent includes chamber service.
177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
Seven rooms, 1 and 2 baths:....$1,100 to $1,700
Two and three rooms and bath....$420 to $600
All improvements; resident Superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

Studio Apartments
GRAMERCY PARK.
Only One Left, at Reduced Rental.
Large Room and Bath.
Malvern Hall, 143 East 21st.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms, bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.)
Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent, $60; references required.

BROOKLYN.

THE WOODHULL
66 Pierrepont Street,
Brooklyn.
JUST COMPLETED.
A modern 8-story fireproof elevator building. Overlooking bay and harbor. Near subway, ferry and bridge. A few desirable housekeeping apartments to rent suitable for small families.
4, 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath,
$500 to $1,200.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 REMSEN ST., Brooklyn.
Telephone 6480 Main.

FINEST NEW APARTMENTS
"IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH,"
1,983 BEDFORD AVE.
Near Woodruff Ave. "L" Station.
22 minutes to Manhattan; two blocks to Prospect Park.
6 & 7 Rooms....$46 to $48.
Unusually large, bright, handsomely decorated rooms. Spacious closets and every modern improvement.
Other Apartments nearby $30 to $35.
Superintendent on premises, or WESTWOOD REALTY CO., Cor. Flatbush & Woodruff Aves.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

ONE FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, Furnished or Unfurnished. A la carte restaurant in building.
SCHUYLER ARMS
307 West 98th St. Phone 3964 River.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—CHARLES ONESIME ROBITAILLE, Plaintiff, against ALICE JENNIE ROBITAILLE, wife of Plaintiff; JOSEPH ROBITAILLE and MARIE BIGAOUETTE ROBITAILLE, his wife; HONORE ROBITAILLE and PHILOMENE ROBITAILLE, his wife; LOUIS ROBITAILLE, ZOE DROLET, ELZEAR ROBITAILLE and JOSEPHINE ROBITAILLE, his wife; JOSEPH ROBITAILLE and MARIE HAMEL ROBITAILLE, his wife; NAPOLEON ROBITAILLE, JOSEPH ROBITAILLE and ANGELINA GILBERT ROBITAILLE, his wife; PHILEAS ROBITAILLE and MARY FISET ROBITAILLE, his wife; FRANCIS ROBITAILLE and MARIE-LOUISE DESLAURIERS ROBITAILLE, his wife; ELZEAR ROBITAILLE and AZILDA GAGNON ROBITAILLE, his wife; ADELARD ROBITAILLE and JOSEPHINE POULIOT ROBITAILLE, his wife; MARIE GAUVIN, DIANA LECLERC, ANNA SAVARD, DELIA CARPENTIER, ANTONIO LANGLOIS, DULCINA ROBITAILLE, LOUIS GAUVIN, JOSEPH GAUVIN, JANE GAUVIN, wife of Louis Gauvin, and ANN GAUVIN, wife of Joseph Gauvin, the said names "Jane Gauvin and Ann Gauvin" being fictitious and being unknown whether Louis Gauvin and Joseph Gauvin or either of them have wives living, and to all other unknown heirs and next of kin of Onesime Robitaille, deceased, and INSTITUTE OF THE FRANCISCAN MISSIONARIES OF MARY, Defendants.—SUMMONS. Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney with Twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, September 21st, 1911.
L. E. WARREN, Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and P. O. Address 261 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

To the above-named defendants, Alice Jennie Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille, Marie Bigaouette Robitaille, Honore Robitaille, Philomene Robitaille, Louis Robitaille, Zoe Drolet, Elzear Robitaille, Josephine Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille, Mary Hamel Robitaille, Napoleon Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille, Angelina Gilbert Robitaille, Phileas Robitaille, Mary Fiset Robitaille, Francis Robitaille, Marie-Louise Deslauriers Robitaille, Elzear Robitaille, Azilda Gagnon Robitaille, Adelard Robitaille, Josephine Pouliot Robitaille, Marie Gauvin, Diana Leclerc, Anna Savard, Delia Carpentier, Antonia Langlois, Dulcina Robitaille, Louis Gauvin, Joseph Gauvin, Jane Gauvin, and Ann Gauvin:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Francis K. Pendleton, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 5th day of October, 1911, and filed on the 9th day of October, 1911, with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, October 5th, 1911.
L. E. WARREN, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PICTORIAL SECTION
SUNDAY EDITION
The New York Times
Gives Results to Advertisers.

The following from the head of a dressmaking establishment is one of many letters received from advertisers:

217 West 34th Street,
New York, November 7th, 1911.

I wish that I had waited before sending you my first appreciation of the results of my advertisement of my dressmaking business in the Pictorial Section of Sunday's New York Times. The letters in reply thereto have now reached hundreds. In fact, we have stopped counting the queries for booklets and are turning our attention now to getting out orders resulting from sending the booklets. In the short time the returns have been simply marvelous. The letters are open for inspection by any of your representatives.

Sincerely,
(Signed) ELIZABETH LEE.

The Pictorial Section of Sunday's New York Times is a beautifully illustrated record of passing events, and forms a permanent medium for high-grade advertisements printed in the most artistic style on superfine paper.

In ten months of 1911 the Sunday Edition of The New York Times published 2,181,522 lines, compared with 1,790,144 lines in the corresponding period of 1910, a gain of 391,378 lines, a greater gain than any other New York Sunday newspaper.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

247—Southern Pacific Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The Commonwealth of Kentucky ex rel. George H. Alexander et al., revenue agent.—Judgment affirmed.

19—Isobel H. Lenman, appellant, vs. Thomas R. Jones.—Decree affirmed.

26—Kalem Company, appellant, vs. Harper Brothers et al.—Decree affirmed.

285—The Inter-State Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. Harry J. Diffenbaugh et al.—Decree modified and affirmed.

286—The Inter-State Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. F. H. Peavey & Co. et al.; and

287—The Union Pacific Railroad Company, appellant, vs. F. H. Peavey & Co. et al.—Decree modified and affirmed.

587—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Robert Jamieson.—Advanced.

611—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. Nord Deutscher Lloyd.—Advanced.

829—W. J. McNaughton, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Georgia.—Advanced.

776—Railroad Commission of Ohio, appellant, vs. B. A. Worthington, receiver, &c.—Consolidated with Case No. 505.

827—Charles L. Smith, owner, &c., petitioner, vs. Cornelius A. Davis, claimant, &c.; and

828—Charles L. Smith et al., petitioners, vs. Cornelius A. Davis et al.—Certiorari denied.

776—Railroad Commission of Ohio, appellant, vs. B. A. Worthington, receiver, &c.—Leave to file certain exhibits granted.

555—Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. C. W. Bradbury.—Dismissed.

374 and 375—Portland Railway, Light and Power Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Railroad Commission of Oregon.—Motion to advance submitted.

889—Allesandra Bolognesi et al., &c., petitioners, vs. The United States.—Certiorari submitted.

481—Walter B. Lawrence, &c., appellant, vs. The Southern Pacific Company et al.—Motion to advance submitted for the appellant and for the appellees in opposition thereto.

40—Alexander D. Johnson et al., appellants, vs. The Washington Loan and Trust Company.—Appearance of Nannie Delia Berry, individually and as next friend of Rosalie Eugenia Barry and Natalie West Barry as a party appellant filed and entered.

70—Philadelphia Company, appellant, vs. Jacob M. Dickinson, Secretary of War.—Henry L. Stimson substituted as the appellee.

845—Colt's Patent Firearms Manufacturing Company et al., petitioners, vs. New York Sporting Goods Company—Writ of certiorari submitted.

840—Walter Baker & Co., Limited, petitioner, vs. Nestle and Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Company—Certiorari submitted.

848—The Perolin Company of America, petitioner, vs. the Cotto-Waxo Chemical Co.—Certiorari submitted.

843—S. C. Lillis, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Certiorari submitted.

726—The Missouri & Kansas Interurban Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The City of Olathe, Kan.—Motion to dismiss submitted for the defendant and for the plaintiff in error in opposition.

727 and 728—The Missouri & Kansas Interurban Railway Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The City of Olathe, Kan.—Motion to dismiss submitted.

64—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, appellant, vs. The F. W. Cook Brewing Company.—Submitted.

65—Eugene M. Thayer, plaintiff in error, vs. Eliza M. Schaben et al.—Passed.

53—A. H. Grigsby, petitioner, vs. R. L. Russell et al., administrators, &c.—Continued.

57—Conrad T. Struckman et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Argued.

58—American Railroad Company of Porto Rico, appellant, vs. Central San Cristobal.—Dismissed.

190—The United States, petitioner, vs. Leopold Baruch.—Commenced.

The Chief Justice announced that the court will take a recess from Monday, the 20th inst., to Monday, Dec. 4, next.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Nov. 14: Nos. 190, 60, (and 445,) 61, 63, 66, 280, 384, 67, 68, and 70.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 85—Cook v. Moran Towing Co. 40—C R R of N J v. Colasurdo. 2—Matter of The Jennie Smith. 12—First Nat Bank v. Nat Park Bank. 14—Brown v. Hitritz. 15—Russell v. Poor. 20—Krauth v. Carter-Crume Co. 27—U S v. Williams. 28—In re Gurlitt-Manning Co. 30—N Y, O & W Ry v. Cornell St'b't Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J. Preferred calendar. 62—Ambrozawikus v. P & R Coal & Iron Co. 95—Atrata v. Penn Coal Co. 82—Davis v. International Salt Co. 98—U S v. Ford. 107—Lehtoner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 108—U S v. Holmes. 112—U S v. Fitts. 126—Braimann v. N Y, N H & H R R. 135—Seymour v. N Y, N H & H R R. 166—U S v. Dickinson. 168—Bodicker v. Sayles. 179—Meyers v. N Y, N H & H R R. 193—Drabney v. Lukens I & S Co. 196—Keane v. C R R of N J. 198—Huff v. N Y, N H & H R R.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 188—Daintry v. Evans. 190—Ryan v. Edwards. 192—Backer v. Ratzkosky. 195—Kline Bros & Co v. German Union Fire Ins Co. 200—Francis v. Rycroft. 184—Tose v. Hogan. 196—Woodings v. Thoms. 197—Wooding v. Thoms. 237—Admiral Realty Co v. Gaynor. 180—Condit v. Onward Const Co. 199—People v. Tobitzch. 189—Smith v. Masters. 174—Federal Sanitary Cleaning & Ref C v. Loeb. 193—Orr v. Orr. 201—Schelling v. Western Elec Co. 202—Strianese v. Barnard Realty Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Litigated motions. 1, 2—Sohmer v. Rosenblatt. 3, 4—Same v. Union Copper Mines Co. 5—Murphy v. Faulhaber. 6—Polick v. Polick. 7—In re Gamp. 8—Rockefeller v. Rockefeller. 9—In re City of New York. 10—Oldham v. Oldham. 11—Vandycke v. Vandycke. 12—In re Fitzpatrick. 13—Hochstein v. Schlanger. 14—Fisher v. Fisher. 15—Brukenfeld v. American Bonding Co. 16—Jaffe v. Weld. 17—General Accident Fire, &c., Corp. v. Preferred Accident Ins Co. 18—City of New York v. Nelson. 19—Wetzel v. Journeymen Tailors' Union. 20—Beste v. Mulligan. 21—Storm v. White. 22—Strzelecki v. Brown. 23—Dick v. Steel, &c., Cont Co. 24, 25—In re Hochberg. 26—Straat v. Foundation Co. 27—Phillips v. Tucker. 28—Carnet v. Carnet. 29—In re Locascio. 30—Scott v. 14th St Bank. 31—Williamson v. Williamson. 32—Natanson v. Koster. 33—Victrius v. Taxi Service Co. 34—Muller v. Baum. 35—McGarry v. Wetherbee. 36—Colitti v. Miller. 37—Kanner v. Meyers. 38—In re Moses. 39—In re Natius Taxicab Co. 40—Bergman v. A. S. Realty Co. 41—L & S Reliable Stamp Co v. Black and White Stamp Co. 42—Knickerbocker Trust Co. v. Florida Ry. 43—Johnson v. Riter-Coxley Mfg Co. 44—Deicher v. La France Copper Co. 45—Griggs v. Nevada-Utah Mines Corp. 46—In re Smith. 47—Reich v. Reich. 49—In re Sanchez. 50—Waldron v. D'Allesandro. 51—Lescok v. N Y Dock Co. 52—Johns v. Met Trust Co. 53—Color Photography Co. v. Donohue. 54—Stanford v. Castle Square Opera Co. 55, 56—Buchan v. City of New York. 57—Along the Hudson Co. v. Merchant. 58—In re Felgenbaum. 59—Montgomery v. Cocks. 60—Donnellan v. Frank. 61—In re Glover St. 62—Horowitz v. Horowitz. 63—Ruffine v. Sprague Electric Co. 64—Reiner v. Reiner. 65—Wallace v. Kearne. 66—Tully v. Reardon. 67—Sherman v. Sherman. 68—Merchants' Exchange National Bank v. Heinze. 69—Barschi v. Barschi. 70—Everhart v. Marine Journal Co. 71—Meehan v. Gillis. 72—Same v. Melrose Iron Works. 73—Rogers v. Miller. 74—Peters v. Miller. 75—Dannath v. Crowley. 76—People v. Frank. 77—Bohner v. Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. 78—Peterson v. Peterson. 79—Jones v. Crane. 80—Briggs v. Nevada-Utah Mines Co. 81—N Y Taxicab Co. v. Joline.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J.—Motions. Preferred causes. 3665—Powell v. Jenkins. 4108—Sallo v. Knox Const Co. 4172—Weinstein v. Rubenstein. 4133—Rode v. Rode. General calendar. 2720—Miami Valley Gas and Fuel Co v. Mills. 2057—Davis v. Marshall. 2910—Spears v. Spears. 2382—Passman v. Backer. 2490—Schubert Piano Co v. City of N Y. 2994—Kalt Lumber Co v. Dupignac. 2106—Galligan v. Murphy. 1625—Bernheim v. Jenney. 1354—Furniss v. Furniss. 1513—Switzerland Gen Ins Co of Zurich v. N Y C & H R R R. 2307—Gitler v. Lesser. 1260—Hatch v. Warren. 2828¼—Plaia v. Plaia. 3100—Humpfer v. Humpfer. 3102—Maloney v. Oppenheim R Co. 3138—Weinert v. Elbe. 3150—Zalkind v. Chapman. 3153—Potter v. Fitzgerald. 3174—Clarke v. The Precious Metals Corp. 3192—Taylor v. Taylor. 3315—Brown Realty Co v. Gordon. 3337—Sweet v. Jackson. 3341—Driver v. Silberberg. 3380—McDonald v. McDonald. 3386—Menne v. Poeschmann. 3392—Faulhaber v. Faulhaber. 3439—Rives v. Bartlett. 433—Norment v. Wittman. 2905—Benguiat v. Benguiat. 1183—Zarch v. Zarch.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—Criminal Term. 1—William J Cummins.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. 2530—Olcott v. Hellenic T N Co. 5216—Kridel v. Bloomingdale. 2250—Jackson v. Hellenic T N Co. 4866—Shadbolt v. Woodcock. 4880—Avery v. Logan. 4988—McElroy v. Goldstein. 4711—Taneser v. Schomer. 5474—Matter of Morris. 4304—People ex rel Murphy v. Higgins. 3018—Werner v. Heinze. 3955—Coon v. Miller. 5261—Kraft v. Rosenhirsch. 5275—Horton v. Board of Education. 5421—Brown v. Straus. 5286—Fuchs v. Board of Education. 5055—Am Bonk Book Mfg Co v. Potdevin Mach Co. 5348—Moses v. Fernwood Nursery. 5288—Dempsey v. Board of Education. 5287—Keenan v. Board of Education. 5285—People ex rel Loew v. Prendergast. 5099—Duryea v. Hamilton. 5241—Allen v. Hymes. 4838—Cook & Bernheimer Co v. Hobby. 5347—Phila Nat Bank v. Blake. 5368—Brown & Seccomb v. Calandra. 5422—Brandes v. Delecker.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Sawyer, J. 1210—Cohen v. L I R R. 1211—Simon v. L I R R. 278—Ekings v. Erie R R. 1122—Traister v. Joline. 350—Dunn v. Linch. 970—Bernstein v. Brooklyn-Queens Co. 369—Pickett v. Joline. 372—Moore v. Joline. 377—Marks v. Joline. 399—Greene v. Interborough R T Co. 400—Seller v. Brooklyn H R R. 411—Wasserman v. Florida East Coast Ry. 415—Friedman v. Bklyn H R R. 416—Siegal v. same. 424—Donnelly v. Int R T Co. 436—Thompson v. Joline. 475—Brady v. N Y City Ry. 427—Campbell v. N Y City Int Ry. 444, 445—Mulholland v. L I R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—McCall, J. 2410—Gagliardo v. Godwin Const Co. 2231—Lefkowitz v. Friedlander. 2413—Reilly v. Dawson. 2451—Solomon v. Proctor. 1621—Keller v. Am Bottlers' Pub Co. 1622—Keller v. Am. Bottlers' Pub Co. 2321—Ohmeis v. Keller. 2466—Ludorff v. Keller. 2323—Schroder v. Keller. 2437—Am Bottlers' Pub Co v. Keller. 2528—McHale v. McGivney. 2602—Clark v. City of N Y. 2427—McGowan v. City of N Y. 2311—Cohn v. Langel. 2318—Langel v. Cohen. 2342—Dolan v. City of N Y. 2378—Goodowski v. Mayer. 2384—Brandt v. Gottfried. 2391—Lieben v. Paul. 2443—Murphy v. Hergenhan. 2461—Barker v. N Y Opthalmic Hospital. 2519—Mooney v. Lynch. 2204—Fuller v. N Y Central Storage Co. 2418—Kanter v. Rupert. 2375—Wahl v. Josephson. 2376—Weill v. Bardes. 2435—Ricker v. City of N. Y. 98—Grover v. Am Hotel Victoria. 2386—Barone v. City of N Y. 2426—Richatsky v. Krischok. 2536—Skallo v. Stewart Auto Co. 2537—Orgara v. Metal Stamping Co. 2320—Ricci v. Abeloff. 2367—Singerman v. Solomon. 2622—Weinstein v. Goldberg. 2624—Rosan v. Horton. 2628—Krebaum v. N Y Transp Co. 2629—Hermann v. United Merchants, &c, Co. 2631—Thompson v. City of N Y. 2681—Milner v. Khodaff. 2690—Freberg v. McFarland. 2693, 2694—Miller v. Kliphan. 2695—Cusack v. Jackson. 2701—Mullin v. Alfert. 2703—Reinle v. Piercy. 2719—Sigl v. Rainier Motor Truck Co. 2720—Estren v. Barlet. 2750—Herman v. Francis Steel Co. 2762—Giebner v. N Y Transp Co. 2772—McMahon v. City of N Y. 2564—Wright v. Victoria Hotel Co. 2752—Krugelis v. Waterbury Brass Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Neuburger, J. 925—Gluckstein v. German Un Ins Co. 212—Coggey v. Watson. 272—Landay Brothers v. Astor Trust Co. 1806—Green v. Higgins. 2186—Adams v. Blair. 920—Oppenheim v. Isaacson. 4323—Cohen v. Giveen Mfg Co. 1323—Everett v. Field. 2245—Minzesheimer v. De Mauriac. 2219—Roberts v. Fitzhugh. 2930—Blum v. Loeb. 3046—Moran v. Penn Cement Co. 3058—United Booking Office of America v. Sheedy. 2993—Greenberg v. U S Grand Lodge Ind Order Sons of Jacob. 2948—Krisch v. Day. 2221—Rosenbloom v. Maryland Cas Co. 2728—Whitney & Steen Co v. Nat Surety Co. 122—Saltzman v. Poldstein. 1570—Schultze v. Huttlinger. 2675—Power v. Ashworth. 2128—Little v. Martin. 4340—Kenny v. Welsh. 2752—Warren v. Bellino. 1046—Greer v. D, L & W R R. 5389—Hudson River Tel Co v. City of N Y. 2882—Block Light Co v. Cont Imp Co. 1407½—Blumberg v. Sondheim. 3035—Kahn v. Hollander. 1038—Hunter v. Vicario. 1005—Stone v. Woods. 1285—Throckmorton v. Howell. 5219—Gorham Co v. United Eng and Cont Co. 1856—Schwartzkopf v. McLarney. 3063—Guttag v. Kassner. 1569—City of N Y v. Mack. 1921—Mormando v. White. 2160—Hotchkiss v. Levi. 2060—City of N Y v. Tanenbaum Co. 3893—Same v. Engeldrum. 3889—Same v. Cunningham. 1470—Bothwell v. Ebling Brew Co. 1099—State Bank v. Aschen & Munich, &c, Co. 1288—Amos v. Brown. 2611½—Kuttner v. Boyd-Manghan Mfg Co. 999—Charlton v. Nichols. 1936—Makeever v. Aetna Ind Co. 1941—Same v. Nat Surety Co. 1948—Flanagan v. Burke. 1956—Sonnenschein v. Konta. 1970—Clark v. Nat Paper Milk Bottle Co. 2094—Handy v. Mangini. 2106—Neary v. Lancar. 2000—Brookford Mills v. Baldwin. 3355—Grab v. Hudson.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Elizabeth Kahoe, Carmela de Lucia, Max Herrmann, Alexander McDonald, Bella Baldwin, Julia Guinea, Louisa A. Spriggs, John Faherty, Sarah E. Pearsall, Dora Domisek, Gioachino Barabini, John White, Antonio Malvani, Giuseppe Greco, William F. McNamara, Kristine Ihmanni, Timothy Herlihy, Matilda A. Moore, George Laffargue, Mary Moran, Emma Morgan, William J. McCann, James D. Leary, Albert Russell, Yetta Kahn, Rosine Wolf, Louise Hahn, Henry Gerken, Mathilde Jacobsen, Agnes Murray, Lizzie Kidd, Joseph Aldeldinger, Catherine V. S. Van Vleck, James T. Leavitt, Elizabeth Woell, Luther H. Smith, Sarah E. Boyden. Wills for probate: Charles Weller, Charles C. Schildwaihter, Nicholas Wielandt, Charles Gottleib, Etta L. Forrest, Alonzo B. Valicant, Collman Rouse, Marian F. Batgate, Isabel Bogert.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested wills. Mary A. Mullins, estate George Flynn, Gertrude Vosseler.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., La Fetra, J.; Part II., Lynch, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part V., Finelite, J.; Part VI., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III., at 9:45 A. M. 4390—Hemming v. Heinze. 4444—Marks v. Abrams. 4462—Littmann v. Doktor. 4480—Messinger v. Autokolitz. 4369—Peck v. Darnell. 4257—Saum v. Hencken & Willenbrock. 2913—Fowler v. the McCrum & Howell Co. 3875½—Seletzsky v. James. 4396—Gray v. Degnon Cont Co. 4431—Drucker v. Hershon. 4495—Gordon v. Cohen. 4504—Coleman v Nat Surety Co. 4524—Kane v. Linch. 4525—Hill v. Jockel. 4532—Shamforoff v. Man Ladies' Hat Co. 3438—Hodgman Rubber Co v. Dayton. 4172—Phillips v. Western Union Tel Co. 4292—Bartholomew v. Robitzsek. 4218—Retter v. Int R T Co. 4054—Amede v. Atiere. 3989—Medowar v. Joline. 4536—Pierce v. Reliance Paint Co. 4537—Eisen v. Propos. 4538—McLean v. Seacombe. 4540—Pestotnik v. Gerlach. 4546—Chesebrough v. Western Union Tel Co. 4547—Stern v. Spero. 4548—Wolinsky v. Laske. 4549—Elkin v. Silberman. 4550—Katz v. Shapiro. 4554, 4555—Riederhoff v. Fountain. 4556—Barton v. Weinman. 4558—Strapkie v. Federal Iron Metal Co. 4561, 4562—De Negro v. Chistman. 4564—Marchotski v. Kennedy. 4565—Gottesman v. Levison. 4568—Rossi v. Gallo. 4572—O'Connor v. Mahoney. 4573—Aarons v. Grosky. 4577—Felt v. Joline. 4578—Powers v. Gotthelf. 4579—Franklin v. Whitridge. 4580—Katz v. Joline. 4581—Rubin v. Alcazar Realty Co. 4582—Wallace v. Jennings. 4583—Sollitto v. Internat Seal, &c, Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McAvoy, J. 3583—Pizzuto v. Herrman. 3581—Ungar v. Koref. 3598—Golding v. Blake. 3612—Marrow v. Hellmann. 3625—MacLean v. Gavigan. 3626—Plowman v. Gavigan. 3627—Barents v. Smith. 3630—United Film Co v. Motion Picture D & S. 3638—Goldstein v. The B. & M. 3409—Caesar v. Welsman. 3640—Curtis & Blaisdell Co v. Doctor. 3646—Brundage v. Marshall. 3651—Raabe v. Metz. 3656—Scheinberg v. Crescent Silk Skirt Co. 3657—Wilson v. Heck. 3623—Sichel v. Hassett. 3559—Colwell Lead Co v. D'Ambria Const Co. 3560—Colwell Lead Co v. D'Ambria. 3561—Colwell Lead Co v. D'Ambria. 3385—Carnegie Trust Co v. Harrison. 3658—First Nat Bank v. Ferrari. 3659—Reid v. The American Co. 3663—Rosenkranz v. Starr. 3664—Aronin v. Rutchih. 2464—Thomas v. Evins. 3589—Forrester v. Corbo. 3590—Tolsky v. Seletsky. 3600—Knickerbocker Silk Co v. Lowenstein. 3587—Wolowitz v. Friedman. 3675—McCormack v. Williams. 3676—Ellenoer v. Gerringer. 3628—Blanken v. Seinwender. 3629—Nylear Wheel Co v. Blake. 3662—N Y Steam Co v. Am Bonding Co. 3666—Smith v. L. A. Cushman B Co. 3585—Gerson v. Blank. 3586—Asch v. same. 3671—Lippen v. Cohen. 3641—Eppens Smith Co v. Ten Brock Co. 3615—Dobiner v. P. Zellenka & Son.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Wille v. Larsen—Augustine R McMahon. In re Mulvaney—Isham Henderson. In re Martz—Louis B Hasbrouck. Hebrew Mut Benefit Society v. Kinsler—Adam Wiener. Roche v. Roche—Lewis J. Conlon.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. Seelig v. Umsted—Joseph S Rosalsky. Mann Mtge Co v. Murtha—H C S Stimpson. Stephen Merritt Burial & Cremation Co v. Merritt—Joseph De Witt Warner. Lowenfeld v. Rubenstein—Leo Fassler. Fletcher v. McArdle—Melvin G Palliser.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J. Tagliarini v. C Heidt & Son—Julius Miller.

CITY COURT—Smith, J. Shincofsky v. Rathkowitz—Benjamin Marcus.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Thomas Doyle v. James N Hanley—Albert Sanders. Leonard H Wood v. John E Olson Cons Co—Thomas C Fitzsimmons. Alfred Hahn v. Rebecca Sachs—Jacob Katz.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department.—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Woodward, Rich, JJ. Non-enumerated day calendar. 311—Earle v. Earle. 319—Healy v. City of New York. 320—Tomes v. Tomes. 300—Van Wagoner v. Buckley. 307, M A—Gillen v. Walsh. 822—Phelan v. Gibson. Enumerated day calendar. 317—B H R R v. B C R R. 808—Plugrath v. Village of Patchogue. 848—Volgas v. Rockland St Co. 951—Estabrook v. Newburg Light Co. 923—Billings v. Shaw. 455—People v. Bloom. 799—People v. Schultz. 890—Mayne v. Nassau R R. 935—Fitzpatrick v. Howard. 841, M A—De Bevoise v. Adler. 856—Werbdowsky v. Segal. 867, M A—Levison v. Luby. 868, M A—Levy v. Luby. 965, M A—Carpenter v. Eckhardt.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J.—1317—Somerville v. City of N Y. 1651—Vander Vern & Co v. same. 1158—Todaro v. Somerville Realty Co. 872—Langton v. Langton and others. 1169—Huber v. Ahlers. 369—Verney v. Goodman. 1163—Weaver v. Stephenson. 1460—Skelton v. Monroe Investing Co. 1462—King v. Litchfield. 1463—Reiter v. Krimbo. 1464—Reisler v. Werner. 1465—Norwood v. Norwood. 1466—Utting v. Rose. 1467—Isaacs v. Bennet. 1468—Mandeltout v. Katz. 1470—Altman v. Altman. 1471—Metro Lumber Co v. Levinson. 1267—McKeon v. McKeon. 1441—Bossert v. Le Shen Realty Co. 1384—Doulon v. Doulon. 1499—Heaney v. O'Brien Realty Co. 1439—Dooley v. Myers Realty Co. 1448—Bossassecca v. Boccassecca. 1247—Robinson v. Galewski. 980—Falding v. Falding. 1369—Stehlin-Miller Co. v. Liberty Av Theatre. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1473.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Marean, J.; Part II., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Blackmar, J.; Part VI., Jaycox, J.; Part VII., Maddox, J. 2302—Feldman v. B H R R. 2618—Mann v. Transit Dev Co. 2624—Feldman v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2633—Walters v. Nassau R R. 2646, 2647—Fay v. Nassau R R. 2648—Brenner v. Stoller. 2661—Breslin v. Bklyn El R R. 2662—Lonergan v. Hoeling & Rapp. 2671—Guercia v. Buzzetta. 2672—Pastre v. Nassau R R. 4146—Craven v. Westergren. 5182—Burroughs Bldg Co v. O'Brien. 5257—Donegan v. Grove Const Co. 5286—Forsell v. Wiener. 1785—Friedman v. B H R R. 867—Bienfeld v. Silverstadt. 2818—Terwilliger v. Long Island R R. 1996—Mulroy v. City of N Y. 1562—People ex rel. Victory v. Spooner. 1448—Porner v. Groveman. 1994—Boneparth v. B H R R. 2030—Tengstrom v. Rodgers et al. 1508—Albrecht v. Bklyn Fdy Co. 2009—Weintraub v. B H R R. 2018—Cross v. City of N Y. 2052—Latell v. Bklyn El R R. 2220—Pipczenski v. Star Pub Co. 1946—Buckheit v. Greger. 5278—Black v. Engelhardt. 2520—Eckert v. B H R R. 2240—Brown Paint Co v. Reilly. 2141—Gillooly v. Nelson. 1937—Livingston v. Fox. 1844—La Gratto v. Becker. 1317—McCullough v. Modern Ben Hur Co. 1183—Turner v. Scharman & Sons. 2017—Pescatore v. Zimmerman. 2164, 2165—Hetherington v. Interborough Rapid Tran. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 1633—Lesser v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2443—Shapiro v. Rosenthal. 2032—Lenk v. Manley. 5139—Eveline v. Eveline. 1643—Wilson v. City of New York. 1628—Steenbergh v. B H R R. 1567—Lindstrom v. Rodgers et al. 1575—Dowdell v. Sackett & Wilhelms. 1687—Thomas v. Springer. 1781—Rosenberg v. B H R R. 1739—Doyle v. same. 1840—Steier v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2651—Harding v. Meyer. 5178—Gresham Blank Books Co. v. Bryan. 1715—Manning v. Requa Mfg Co. 2127—Engebretsen v. Nassau R R. 1942—Biderman v. same. 1985, 1986—Jennison v. same. 1948—Dillon v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2008—Crystal v. B H R R. 4892—Graf & Hanck Co. v. Werner. 1627—Smith v. Brighton Beach Association. 731—Klein v. Majestic Theatre. 1530—Goldstein v. Hicks. 1195—Dubois v. Hobby and others. 4937—Place v. Walrath. 5494—New York and Brooklyn Brewery v. Salerno and others. 5538—Monahan v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R. 1852—Mason v. Almeyda. 1966—Patterson v. Frank. 1450—Guire v. Bischoff. 2110—Kerrigan v. Felstein. 1848—Berman v. Nassau R R. 1536, 1537—Ferry v. Kretz. 2099—Silverstein v. Bregstein and others. 2064—Doremus v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2084—Wright v. same. 2118—Munyo v. B H R R. 2129—Smith v. Henninger. 661, 662—Drygall v. Lazarus. Highest number reached on regular call, 2672.

COUNTY COURT—Part III., Ferris, J.; Part IV., Townsend, J. 802—Durack vs. Hill. 932—Croissant vs. Nassau Elec R R Co. 782—Munro vs. Kuhn. 886—Koehler vs. Nassau Electric R R Co. 777—Ashe vs. Messino. 756—Gramet vs. B H R R Co. 936—Henry vs. Wahlen. 812—Deaner vs. B R T Co. 949—Domich vs. Lurie. 950—Frye vs. Nollman. 956—McCafferty vs. Gelenter. 754—Lieberman vs. B H R R Co. 957—Hutchinson vs. Brooklyn, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 961—Pariser vs. Rauscher. 933—Edison Elec Ill Co vs. Grover. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 746—Kuhn vs. Leiffer. 941—Friedel vs. B H R R Co. 964—Brown vs. B H R R Co. 965—Trachtenberg vs. Brooklyn Union Elevated R R Co. 966—Lickamovitz vs. B H R R Co. 967—Delventhal vs. Wilkening. 968—Pelligreni vs. B H R R Co. 969—Wilson vs. Donnell. 970—Krauss vs. Brooklyn Union Elevated R R Co. 972—Stewart vs. Gebhardt. 973—Bailey vs. Goldberg. 974—Ginsberg vs. Goldberg. 975—Higgins vs. B H R R Co. 976—Jaffe vs. Fitzpatrick.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Putnam, J. 140, 141—Zimmerman v. Auto-Car Mfg Co. 219—McIntyre v. Mason Seamon Transportation Co. 193—D'Autilio v. N Y City Drug Mills and another. 367—Barden v Salzberger and another. 339—Epstein v. Levin. 359—Lawrence v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 393—Remelo v. Lackner Co. 395—Williams v. B H R R Co. 395A—Sharp, an infant v. Standard Cleaning and Dyeing Co. 400—Theiner v. B U El R R Co. 138—Lucitt v. B H R R Co. 190—Brennan, as administratrix v. L I R R Co. 423—McDonald v. same. 425—Henkel v. Quinn. 427—Grathwohl v. City of N Y. 432—McIntyre, as administratrix v. L I R R Co. 297—Sullivan, as receivers v. Boninidano. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call. 436, 437—Schoenfelder v. Simken. 438—Calder v. L I R R Co. 439—Hogan v. Degnon R & T Imp Co. 440—Marino v. Fuller Co and another. 256—Yovino v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 188—Wels v. Wilson and another. 777—Hubert v. B H R R Co et al. 164—Wass v. Crooke. 707—Weber & Balbach and another. 178—Walsh v. Servis and another. 375—Walter v. Shoemaker & Co. 372, 373—Laubbacher, an infant v. Drahousel. 342—Flanagan, as administrator v. L I R R Co. 371—Murphy v. Buckley-Newhall Co. 291—Songalo v. Callaghan and another. 179—Vogt, an infant v. Simkovitch. 119—Klotz, an infant v. B H R R Co. 215—Manken v. Stellen. 388—Coonan, as administratrix v. Sohmer and another. 222—Kreig, Jr, v. N Y & Q Co El L & P Co. 370—Flaherty v. The Onward Const Co. 261-269—Smith v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 170—Louona Steam Fire Engine Co v. Louona Vet Firemen's Ass'n, &c. 151—Webker v. Joline & Robinson, as receivers. 428—Wedle Co, Inc v. Underwriters' Realty & Title Co. 111—Thompson v. B H R R Co. 169—Goetz, as administratrix v. Duffy, ind and as executor. 191—Loewe, as administratrix v. same. 381—De Angelis v. Somers. 115—Baum, as administratrix v. L I R R Co. 149—Weissman v. Sohmer and another. Highest number reached on general calendar in its regular order, 440.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3318—People v. James Armstrong. 3288—Same v. Joseph Doyle. 3288A—Same v. Frank Wilson. 3304—Same v. Charles Henderson. 3298—Same v.Louis Meyrowitz. 2640—Same v. William Blummers. 2641—Same v. same.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Lorenzo Farino. People v. Charles Neilson. People v. Manny James.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Mills, J. 505—Barnes v. Atkinson Cont Co. 4—Rimlson v. Fed Sugar Ref Co. 160—Baruchi v. Ullmann. 29—Murphy v. receiver of Westchester Elec R R Co. 30—Feary v. T J Ader. 291—Nungessor v. A E Norton Co. 327—Nerredick v. Merritt & Gilbert Const Co. 37—Droogan v. Westchester Light Co. 44—Vignoni v. McCaery. 49—Donohue v. McGrath. 57—Petriselli v. Keystone State Cont Co. 59—Kinelter v. McNenny. 60—Chaers v. V B Const Co. 208—Rosenstein v. McCutcheon. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 64—Banker v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 90—Morris v. Katz. 91—Herman v. N E Nav Co. 92—Whalen v. Ringler & Co. 93—Vosburg v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 71—Huppelsburg v. same. 95—Rizzulo v. Wood. 98—Bernstein v. Weiss. 99—Hantry v. Yonkers Catholic News Co. 76—Rao v. N Y C & H R R R Co. ..—Brockhauser v. same. 78—Fatzpatrick v. same. 100—Rodgers v. Fuller. 101—McCarten v. Zeltner Brew Co. 103—Varney v. N Y, White Plains Suburban Water Co. 108—Maher v. Gants. 109—Ensiger v. City of New Rochelle. 112—Borun v. Murray. 115—Clum v. Fed Sugar Ref Co. 116—Byrne v. Morgenwreck. 118—Curtin v. Healy. 120—Kopas v. McClintic-Marshall Const Co. 124—Hickey v. Mack Pav and Cont Co. 128—Behrens v. Sturges. 129—Moore v. Cent Brew Co. Highest number reached, 175.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

SOLOMON STERN, tailor, of 102 East 125th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $5,145, and assets of $2,407.

PREMIER RAINCOAT CO.—Schedules of Daniels & Smith, doing business as the Premier Raincoat Company at 20 East Twelfth Street, show liabilities $3,211, and assets $730.

ISIDOR L. COHEN.—Isidor L. Cohen, wholesale dealer in lumber and timber at 187th Street and Fifth Avenue and at 174th Street and West Farms Road, has made an assignment to John F. Couch.

SCHNITZLER NOVELTY WORKS.—Ignatz and George Schnitzler, doing business as the Schnitzler Novelty Works, manufacturers of braids at 190 Greene Street, have filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,878, and assets of $3,214. Judge Hough appointed Harry Osterman receiver.

CHARLES A. PETERSON.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed by Charles A. Peterson, planing mill, at 534 West Broadway, on Aug. 31, as creditors agreed to give him an extension payable in three installments on June 13, 1912, March 13, 1913, and Sept. 13, 1913. His liabilities were $7,947.

ISAAC U. SILLECK.—Schedules of Isaac U. Silleck, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 95 Nassau Street, show liabilities $15,280, and nominal assets $8,174. Among the creditors are Ernest L. Walz, Upper Montclair, $6,000; Market & Fulton National Bank, $2,000; E. De Forest, $1,750, and Earl & Wilson, $589.

PEOPLE'S ONE TO TWENTY-FIVE CENTS DEPARTMENT STORE.—Judge Hough has appointed William F. Allen receiver for the People's One to Twenty-five Cents Department Store at 647 Tenth Avenue on the application of George Whitestone, formerly general manager of the store, and another creditor.

ADOLPH LASSMAN.—Judge Hough has granted a motion to deny a discharge from bankruptcy to Adolph Lassman, formerly a dealer in men's furnishing goods at 288 East Houston Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Dec. 6, 1907, on the ground of concealment of assets. Creditors alleged that he concealed $7,000 assets.

STANDARD NECKWEAR COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against Isaac Pimsler, Adolph Spitzer, and Henry Miller, doing business as the Standard Neckwear Company, at 45 Lispenard Street, by these creditors: Knickerbocker Silk Company, $111; Schatz & Wender, $139; Henry De Massios, $210, and Weed & Brother, $170. The liabilities are said to be $5,000, and assets, $2,000.

MILTON BERLINGER.—Judge Hough has appointed Jesse Watson receiver for Milton Berlinger, insurance and real estate, of 81 Nassau Street, bond $3,000, on the application of Harry W. Rosalsky, a creditor. It was stated that the assets consist of equities on life insurance policies, renewal premiums, open accounts and notes, the exact amount of which is not known but is estimated to be $15,000 at least.

SINGER BROTHERS.—Two petitions have been filed against Morris and Samuel Singer, doing business as Singer Brothers, manufacturing furriers at 43 East Twentieth Street. One by Archibald Palmer for these creditors: Hoffman Brothers, $522; Abraham Rairtch, $400, and M. Ochs, $300. The other by Leonard Bronner for these creditors: Aaron Mittelman, $500; William P. Feeney, $384, and Simon S. Hamburger, $88. Archibald Palmer said that the liabilities are $35,000, and assets about $2,000.

HARRIS HANDMAN & BROTHER.—Judge Hough has appointed Anton Schmid receiver for Harris Handman & Brother, wholesale dealers in silks at 20 West Seventeenth Street, bond $10,000, and authorized him to continue business ten days. He was appointed at the request of these creditors: Schwarzenbach, Huber & Co., $31,557; Moses B. Walowits, $12,000; Marimura Arai & Co., $8,880, and Veuve Guerin & Fils, $3,508. The liabilities are said to be $88,000, and nominal assets $71,496.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough granted discharges yesterday to these bankrupts:

MAX HIRSCH of Rudolph Noel & Co., diamond dealers, 37 Maiden Lane; liabilities, $48,880.

JOHN J. SHEEHAN, plumber, 387 Freeman Street; liabilities, $7,392.

JACOB BUFFI, baker, Yonkers; liabilities, $1,2[illegible]9.

NATHAN L. BURDICK, Ossining; liabilities, $6,777; second time.

JAMES L. D. CARLIN, salesman, 138 West Seventy-first Street; liabilities, $3,640.

DORA EISENSTEIN, clothing, Kingston; liabilities, $1,621.

HARRIE C. HORTON, bar fixtures, Catskill; liabilities, $2,039.

HENRY F. JATHO, 40 West 132d Street; liabilities, $4,617.

SAMUEL KURTZ, 312 East Eighth Street, formerly peddlers' supplies; liabilities, $12,061.

WILLIAM C. SEAMAN, White Plains, formerly milk and butter in New York City; liabilities, $6,116.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Armstrong, Gored—City of N. Y., $220.
Archibald, Frank D.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $151.
Blumenkrohn, Siegfried, and S. Blumenkrohn Co.—G. H. Montrose et al., $217.
Bailin, Moses, and Joseph Bobrow—H. Miller, $157.
Berlinger, Milton—W. C. Solomon et al., $352.
Adams, Henry C., Jr.—A. L. Silberstein, $111.
Bepler, Louisa—J. H. Birss, $128.
Bergman, Isaac L., and Davis Borkman—S. Gruenstein, $2,001.
Burger, Anthony—N. Y. Tel. Co., $102.
Block, Joe—G. W. Fennell et al., $219.
Babich, Jacob—A. J. Jaworower, $368.
Bingham, Theron A.—Ludwig Bauman & Co., $124.
Beam, Charles M.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $120.
Burghardt, Clarence N.—W. H. Edwards, $728.
Chelberg, Cornelius S.—Weber-Bunke-Lange Coal Co., $648.
Cohen, Samuel and David P.—J. Woolf, $125.
Costa, Frank, and Antonio Barono—J. Rinaldi et al., $273.
Clark, Clarence B., and John F. Fairbanks—F. W. Dodge Co., $407.
Donahue, Lawrence—Iron Steamboat Co. of New Jersey, $734.
De Baumont, Julien—J. Vougher, $137.
Davies, John A.—L. Stein et al., $6,007.
Dollen, Jennie and George—State Bank, $367.
Dellon, George—State Bank, $801.
Dellon, Jennie and George—State Bank, $290.
Eaton, Seymour—M. W. Brown Printing and Binding Co., $469.
Eastberg, William F.—C. M. Nicholson, $260.
Epstein, Beno C.—Napoleon Construction Co., $163.
Eissing, William, Michael Armendinger, Jr., and Joseph Schaaf—Rogers-Pyatt Shellac Co., $120.
Farrel, John P.—C. H. Maybach, $220.
Fels, Alexander—Domestic Engineering Co., $158.
Fine, Jacob—Jefferson Bank, $218.
Ferrabini, Ester—A. Ferra, costs, $107.
Same—Ronoa, costs, $109.
Feuer, David—F. Feuer, costs, $117.
Faiella, Joseph—G. Santangelo et al., $368.
Finn, Herman and Harry—Bradstreet Co., $136.
Gifford, Frederick N.—J. F. Taylor et al., $287.
Gordon, Philip—J. F. Bacon et al., $298.
Guilfoil, Oscar D.—A. Van H. Stuyvesant, $442.
Hyde, Alvan W., administrator—C. J. Caughey, $2,737.
Heise, Annie T. H.—F. M. Wells, costs, $335.
Hamilton, Francis and John B.—R. F. Whitmer, $486.
Iacchia, Agide—A. Ferra, costs, $108.
Joyce, Frank—M. Isenberg, $411.
Jewel, Julius—M. Horwitz, $250.
Jenkins, Claudia—L. M. Hoffman, $442.
King, Irving—E. H. Courcelsier, $122.
Kendrick, J. Lawton—T. F. Seifert, $122.
King, Newell D., and John T. Power, (not summoned)—United Electric Light and Power Co., $201.
Kupferstein, Adolf—Pelham Hod Elevating Co., costs, $108.
Lentz, Tobias H.—F. Kraus et al., $1,187.
Levy, William W.—M. Wolff, $119.
McWilliam, Robert, or McWilliams—J. McWalters, $619.
Meyer, Albert S.—F. Turner, $2,250.
Nichols, Fred C.—E. R. Tuck, $289.
Purtell, James E.—E. Blumenstell, $124.
Raftery, Timothy J.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $307.
Rafovitz, Moses—M. M. Elish, $127.
Reich, Max—J. Cohen et al., $113.
Reid, Charles H.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $366.
Rice, Henry, and John Dreyfus—Jefferson Bank, $344.
Reid, Edward, (not summoned,) and John B. O'Connor—E. Johnson, $292.
Riley, Thomas C.—W. Hartman, $176.
Rubenstein, Nathan—A. Pardi Tile Co., $165.
Sullivan, Matthew G.—H. D. Clinton, $1,559.
Smith, Theron L.—J. Fitler, $122.
Schilling, Mary A.—A. Arata, $111.
Stechens, Benjamin I.—J. L. Hannan, $119.
Unger, John C.—Goldberg Display Fixture Co., $118.
Talty, Michael P.—Joseph R. Potter & Co., $484.
Talbot, Elisha H.—O. B. Mueller, $468.
Tierney, James—L. T. Klinker, $304.
Vail, Arabella—United Electric Light and Power Co., $230.
Wittmer, Paul—O. B. Coates & Co., $148.
Weinberg, Oscar A.—F. J. Croll, $1,851.
Wallenberg, Erik J.—C. J. Willoughby, $205.
Whiteside, Sidney B.—W. P. Sheridan, $187.
Lillian Construction Co., Parson & Co., (not summoned,) and Henry Ruland—N. Y. County National Bank, $227.
Lenox Realty Co.—United Electric Light and Power Co., $130.
Atlas Brick Co.—City of N. Y., $213.
American Diatomite Co.—Same, $213.
American Chemical Fibre Co.—Same, $213.
American Title and Security Co.—Same, $218.
American Pie Baking Co.—Same, $220.
Ackotist Player Piano Co.—Same, $213.
American Law Investigating and Adjustment Co.—Same, $116.
Thomas Flyer Renting Agency and Benedict Goldfinger—O. J. Gude Co. of N. Y., $328.
Auto Ass'n—Ajax Grieb Rubber Co., $473.
Knox Construction Co.—A. Tozzini et al., $115.
J. Y. Schantz & Son Co.—P. V. Cohn, $920.
Same—S. Gordon, $279.
Dever Realty Co.—Dover Trust Co., $3,846.
West 139th Street Realty Co.—A. Le Peldevin & Co., $512.
Oceanic Steam Navigation Co.—G. A. Purpura, $550.
American Mfg. Co.—City of N. Y., $1,382.
Greenwich Investing Co.—L. F. J. Welher, $197.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Casein Co. of America—Alden Spears Sons Co., March 12, 1909, $9,179.
Same—W. B. Bird et al., March 12, 1909, $8,483.
Goldstein, Morris and David—H. Rebham Co., Nov. 1, 1909, $427.
Goldstein, Morris—J. C. Wilmerding et al., Sept. 27, 1909, $380.
Hoage, D. Ivison—S. L. Kaye, Aug. 9, 1909, $115.
Keirns, Samuel—Sunlight Gas Machine Co., April 15, 1907, $472.
Pigueron, George H.—W. H. Moore et al., Nov. 23, 1910, $668.
Meseritz, Nettie—J. Jacobs et al., Sept. 20, 1911, $485.
McManus, Arthur J.—Bonwit, Teller & Co., Sept. 15, 1910, $304.
Roth, Victor H.—J. Newstate, Feb. 25, 1907, $118.
Milittello, Frank—A. Azzara et al., Nov. 9, 1911, $190.
Penfield, William W.—M. D. Nesmith, May 9, 1911, $200.
Robinson, Andrew J. and Josephine—W. Germer, June 2, 1910, $266.
Gallagher, Patrick—K. O'Reilly, May 25, 1910, $189.
Same—Same, June 26, 1909, $1,885.
McEvily, John V.—W. Crowley, Dec. 21, 1909, (vacated,) $2,019.
Meehan, James F.—E. Le Herisse, Dec. 19, 1910, $1,158.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pensioned on Their Own Application at $700 per Annum—Patrolmen: Michael O'Connell, 173d Precinct; appointed Oct. 16, 1886. Joseph Oenhausen, Detective Bureau; appointed Aug. 1, 1885.

Transfers—Lieutenant: James A. McGirr, 43d Precinct to C. O. Squad and stationery room at 300 Mulberry Street. Patrolmen: A. J. Farrington, C. O. Squad to 158th Precinct; J. C. Hecht, 158th to 153d Precinct. J. J. Phelan, 43d Precinct to Detective Bureau as Acting Detective Sergeant.

Probationary Patrolman—F. D. J. Pickett, 61st to 14th Precinct.

Mutual Transfers—Patrolmen: R. A. Webster, 40th to 63d Precinct, and M. Kenny, 63d to 40th Precinct.

Resignation—Patrolman: John K. Cairns, 150th Precinct.

Permitted to Leave the City on Sick Leave—Lieutenant: Maurice Hannon, 279th Precinct, ten days. Acting Detective Sergeant: Bernard McCahill, Detective Bureau, thirty days.

Deaths—Patrolmen: Thomas F. Kealey, Detective Bureau, Nov. 10; Thomas F. Sommerville, 21st Precinct, Nov. 11.

Fire Department.

Special Order—All regular leaves of absence except vacation leaves are discontinued from 8 A. M., Nov. 13, 1911, until further orders.

To report to Foreman J. J. Henry, Supervising Engineer, at Repair Shops, for instruction in operating motor apparatus: Engineers of Steamer—John E. O'Keefe, Engine 73; Thomas J. O'Toole, Engine 126. Firemen—J. M. Bredemeyer, Engine 54; J. J. Schoppmeyer, Engine 76; J. P. Tuttle, Engine 162; W. E. Coles, Engine 78; W. F. McManus, Engine 2; D. F. Gibbons, Engine 27; J. B. Kenny, Engine 143; F. J. Roche, Hook and Ladder 4; B. C. Campbell, Hook and Ladder 68; F. B. Hader, Hook and Ladder 69; W. F. Fitzgerald, Engine 121; J. B. Corrigan, Engine 54.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF PELOSO BROTHERS COMPANY:

In pursuance to an order of the Hon. Francis K. Pendleton, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, duly made and entered in the matter of the assignment for the benefit of creditors of the above firm, on October 6th, 1911, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST THE SAID PELOSO BROTHERS COMPANY, lately doing business at No. 28 Prince Street, Manhattan Borough, City of New York, to present the same, with the vouchers duly verified, to the subscriber, EDWARD S. NAPOLIS, who has been duly appointed assignee for the benefit of creditors, at his office, No. 231 East 14th Street, Manhattan Borough, City of New York, on or before the 3d day of January, 1912.

Dated New York, Oct. 24, 1911.

EDWARD S. NAPOLIS, Assignee.

EMANUEL KLEIN, Attorney for Assignee, 231 East 14th Street, New York City, Manhattan Borough.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THEO. J. GISBURNE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Nov. 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 88-90 Gold St., 10th floor, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Monitor standing presses, safe, and other machinery used in a book binding concern.

EDMOND KELLY, Trustee.

WILLIAM R. PHELAN, Attorney for Trustee, 302 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS SINGER and SAMUEL SINGER, individually and as co-partners trading under the firm name of SINGER BROS., Alleged Bankrupts.

To Whom It May Concern:

Please take notice that upon the application of Aaron Mittelman, one of the petitioning creditors herein, and upon the consent of the attorney for the alleged bankrupts, the undersigned will apply to the Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge, at his chambers in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of November, 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order appointing a temporary receiver herein, and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem just.

Dated New York, November 13th, 1911.

LEONARD BRONNER and H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors.

NO. 15,661.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT COLE, individually and as a member of the firm of COLE & SCHOB, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Albert Cole, individually and as a member of the firm of Cole & Schob, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Albert Cole, individually, and as a member of the firm of Cole & Schob, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Nov. 13, 1911.

NO. 15,330.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE FIENCKE WALL PAPER AND PAINT COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of George Fiencke Wall Paper and Paint Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said George Fiencke Wall Paper and Paint Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Nov. 13, 1911.

NO. 15,624.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISADOR RENNER and JACOB RENNER, individually and as members of the firm of RENNER BROS., bankrupts.

To the creditors of Isador Renner and Jacob Renner, individually and as members of the firm of Renner Bros., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Isador Renner and Jacob Renner, individually and as members of the firm of Renner Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 13th, 1911.

NO. 15,712.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS W. SCHOTOFF, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Julius W. Schotoff of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Julius W. Schotoff was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 13th, 1911.

NO. 15,678.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE ENOS COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of The Enos Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said The Enos Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Nov. 13, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—HERMAN P. TAPPE, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Herman P. Tappe, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 20th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 18th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Nov. 13, 1911.

NO. 15,033.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN FRIER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Frier of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1911, the said John Frier was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Nov. 13, 1911.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ANTONETTE BONNER, alleged bankrupt.

To whom it may concern:

Please take notice that upon the petition filed in the office of the Clerk of this court on the 10th day of November, 1911, we will move this court before Honorable Charles M. Hough, District Judge, at his chambers, in the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of November, 1911, at 9:30 A. M., for an order appointing a receiver of the property, assets, and effects of the above-named alleged bankrupt.

Dated New York, November 13th, 1911.

Yours, &c., SAMUEL BLUMBERG, Attorney for petitioning creditor, 91 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TO THE CREDITORS OF MORRIS SINGER and SAMUEL SINGER, individually and as co-partners, doing business as SINGER BROTHERS.

An application for the appointment of a receiver of the assets and effects of the above-named alleged bankrupts will be heard before the Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge, at his chambers in the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of November, 1911, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

All creditors may attend at said time and be heard regarding the application.

Yours, etc., ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, Office and Post Office Address, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BRIDGE, WILLIAM F.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM F. BRIDGE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, Henry N. Tifft, Esq., No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-first (21st) day of May, 1912, next.

Dated New York, November 10th, 1911.

FRANCES B. BRIDGE, Executrix.

HENRY N. TIFFT, Attorney for Executrix, No. 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUTUMN RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY, 45 minutes to 42d St., 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes to station; free carriage for commuters; tennis; garage; our own dairy and vegetables; low rates; open all year. Booklet.

NORTH CAROLINA.

PINEHURST
North Carolina
THE CENTER OF WINTER OUT-OF-DOOR LIFE IN THE SOUTH
HOLLY INN
Opens Nov. 20, 1911
Only Resort Having Three 18-Hole Golf Courses
No Consumptives Received.
TENNIS--SHOOTING--DRIVING
Through Pullman Service from Washington to Pinehurst
Write for Full Information.
PINEHURST GENERAL OFFICE
Pinehurst, N. C.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

The Manhattan
Lakewood, N. J.
The ideal family hotel. Chas. Hecht, Prop.

OAK COURT HOTEL
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
A. E. SPANGENBERG MGR.
A family hotel notable for a quiet air of domesticity and a homelike atmosphere.
Lakewood, N. J., a delightful Fall and Winter Resort, in the Pines. Easily reached from New York via Central Railroad of New Jersey.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.

HOTEL JACKSON
Special Winter rates. J. H. GORMLEY.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

NEW JERSEY—Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Tel. 84.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

HOGE
Tutoring School
ALBERT A. HOGE, Prin., 248 West 76th Street
OFFICE HOURS: 9:30 to 12:00 A.M., 1:30 to 4:00 P.M.
"A different kind of school." The reputation of this school has been built, not only upon its *unusual* ability to put boys in college, but also upon their general success while in college. All the benefits of individual instruction and personal influence of the private tutor, and also the advantages of school life, athletics, laboratories and gymnasium of the organized schools. Not being confined to a single tutor, but having individual instruction in each branch from a specialist and master of that branch, the student learns both rapidly and thoroughly. Limited to twenty students. Write for catalogue.

The 20th Year of
Hamilton Institute for Boys
will open in its NEW HOME at
599 WEST END AVE., S. W. Cor. of 89th St.,
on OCT. 4TH. College and Commercial Preparation.
Catalog on request. Office hours, 9-12.
N. ARCHIBALD SHAW, JR., Principal.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE
FOR GIRLS. 3 West 81st St., Central Park West. Special students. Post-graduate work. Faculty of nine. Limited to seventy-five pupils.

IRVING SCHOOL
L. D. RAY, 35 W. 84th St.
BOYS FROM 6 TO 20. ALL DEPARTMENTS.
150 GRADUATES HAVE ENTERED COLLEGE.
NO HOME STUDY FOR BOYS UNDER FIFTEEN.
Telephone 4836 Schuyler for Year Book.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING,
241 West 75th St. Sixth Year. 'Phone Col. 8394
Bright pupils not retarded and backward pupils not embarrassed or discouraged by classes. Pupils cover thoroughly 2 and 3 years' work in one. Lessons at home or school. Finely equipped laboratories.

MISS CONKLIN'S SCHOOL 7 West 42d St.
STENOGRAPHY.
Personal Training for Offices and Secretaryships.

STAMMERING AND SIMILAR AFFECTIONS OF SPEECH CORRECTED.
20 years' close study and successful experience.
Instructive Catalog. BRYANT SCHOOL, 62 W. 40 St.

FRENCH COURSES FOR GENTLEMEN.
Elementary, advanced. Mondays-Thursdays; theory, practice, French lectures, literary society; best place to learn thoroughly. Also fencing, bowling, &c. FRENCH BRANCH Y. M. C. A., 109 West 54th St.

TELEGRAPHY EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 151 EAST 86TH ST.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M.-41 Park Row, N. Y.

JULIUS L. SCHENDEL.
Teacher of artistic piano playing; Paderewski method. 862-863 Carnegie Hall.

Mme. Bouche's School for ladies; French instruction, grammar, conversation, reading, dictation. 306 West 94th.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LAFOND WYLLY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 15,019.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of Robert W. Bronson, trustee, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on the fourteenth day of November, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at 66 Broad Street, New York, N. Y. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

Office furniture and fixtures, consisting of desks, typewriters, safes, chairs, &c.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

The above property will be open for inspection on November 9th and 10th, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., at the above premises.

Dated New York, October 30, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

JAMES A. C. JOHNSON, Esq., Atty. for Trustee, 35 Wall Street, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SILLECK & COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 20, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of shirt patterns designed for the customers of Silleck & Co., together with the names and addresses of said customers.

THOMAS G. BARRY, Receiver.

EDWARD B. LEVY, Attorney for Receiver, 846 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX KOHN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 20, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 20 East 17th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, machines, desk, fixtures, &c.

GEORGE SACHS, Receiver.

MARCUSON BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 256 Broadway, New York.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, Nov. 15th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM.
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY.
2,000 shs. Central Radiator Co.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
75 shs. Astoria Silk Works of Long Island City.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX.
$9,000 District of Columbia 3 65-100 p. c. Bds. of 1924.
$5,000 Erie R. R. Prior Lien 4 p. c. Bds., 1996.
$5,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Rwy. 1st Mtge. 4 p. c. Bds., 1990.
$4,000 Wabash R. R. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1939.
$2,000 New York Central & Hudson River R. R. 3½ p. c. Bds., 1997.
$2,000 Canada Southern Rwy. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1913.
$2,000 Northern Pacific Rwy. Prior Lien Rwy. & L. G. 4 p. c. Bds., 1997.
$2,000 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Rwy. Terml. Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1914.
100 shs. Citizens Central Natl. Bank.
236 shs. Long Island R. R.
105 shs. Western Union Telegraph Co.
50 shs. Royal Baking Powder Co. pfd.
42 shs. Market & Fulton Natl. Bank.
10 shs. Hutchins Securities Co. of Jersey City.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$2,000 Tennessee Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds.
18 shs. New York Mutual Gaslight Co.
25 shs. York Rolling Process Co.
35 shs. Lindstrom Brake Co.
10 shs. Mayfair Realty Co.
110 shs. Mayfair Realty Co.
100 shs. American Coal Co. of Allegany Co.
50 shs. Greenwich Bank.
10 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
$400 Vanderbilt Realty Impt. Co. 5% Profit Sharing Bds., 1939.
$15,000 Jamaica Estates 6 p. c. Regst. Bonds, due 1917, with 300 shs. stock as bonus.
30 shs. First Natl. Bank Jamaica, L. I.
33 shs. Natl. Reserve Bank.
22 shs. United Public Utilities Co. pfd.
$500 Nome Mining Trust 1st 6 p. c. Bd., 1920.
1,500 shs. Double Value Vending Co. common.
275 shs. Quaker Ridge Realty Co.
2,000 shs. Barnes King Development Co.
3,370 shs. Copper Securities.
1,480 shs. Sinnemahoning Iron & Coal Co. pf.
6,711 shs. Sinnemahoning Iron & Coal Co. common.
9,000 shs. Guerrero Mines Co.
$20,000 Peoples Gas Light & Coke Co., Buffalo 5 p. c. Bds.
200 shs. Western Multiphone Co.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON. Andrew J. McCormack, Auctioneer. Office, No. 55 William Street, New York City, ON TUESDAY, NOV. 14TH, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, New York City.

Seller reserves the right to bid.

For account of whom it may concern:

53 $500 first mortgage 4% bonds of the New Paltz, Highland and Poughkeepsie Traction Co., due 1953, with coupons from May 1, 1908.
3 $1,000 first mortgage 5% sinking fund bonds of the People's Electric Light & Power Co. of Easton, Pa., due 1932, with current coupons.
2 $1,000 first mortgage 6% bonds of the Union Waxed and Parchment Paper Co., due 1920, with current coupons.
7 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Sea Cliff & Glen Cove Gas Co., due 1934, with current coupons.
10 $500 first mortgage 5% bonds of the Natural Carbonic Gas Co., due 1921; 8 with coupons from April 1, 1908; 2 with coupons from October 1, 1909.
10 shares Coplay Cement Mfg. Co. prf'd.
25 shares Orange County Lighting Co.
15 shares Patchogue Gas Co.
50 shares Knoxville Gas Co. common.
100 shares Automatic Clerk Co. prf'd.
26 shares Union Waxed & Parchment Paper Co. prf'd.
1 share Newark Lime & Cement Mfg. Co.
1 share Van Norden Trust Co.
109 shares Newark Fire Insurance Co.
7 shares National State Bank of Newark.
1 share Citizens' Central National Bank.
1 share Trust Co. of America.
2 shares Commercial Trust Co. of N. J.

Clarke's Art Rooms,
5 West 44th St., New York
(adjoining the Fifth Avenue Bank).
Now on Free View,
Modern Paintings,
the Collection of
ROBERT YOUNG, ESQ.,
together with important canvases by early
Italian and French Painters
to be sold by auction without reserve
Friday, Nov. 17, at 8:15 P. M.
TO CLOSE EXECUTOR'S AND OTHER PRIVATE ESTATES.
Catalogues mailed on application to the offices of the Auctioneer, 5 West 44th St., or 43 Liberty St., New York City.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE.

The entire stock of very high-cost
Furs, Furs
Inventoried at $28,000, of one of the most prominent retailers of this city will be sold at public auction Thursday, Nov. 16, at 10:30 A. M., at salesroom, No. 8 Greene St., near Canal, by D. Hartmann, auctioneer. This stock consists of the finest broadtail Persian lamb, Hudson seal, mink, caracul, pony skin, squirrel ladies' and gents' coats and jackets; a beautiful selection of genuine Russian sable, mink, lynx, fishers, ermine, white, black, sitka, and pointed foxes, Persian lamb, seal, stone martin, baum martin, red fox, white caracul, natural blue fox, raccoon, and chinchilla scarfs and muffs; also a stock of skins, consisting of Russian sables, Hudson Bay sables, Alaska seal, Hudson seal, Persian lamb, pointed beaver, mink, large line of fine tails, &c. Special Notice.—This stock is no doubt the finest ever sold at auction, made up in the latest fashions, ranging in prices as high as $1,800 per garment, and a great opportunity for all prospective buyers.
Sale Strictly Without Reserve.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION TO-MORROW, WED from 11 to 4 P. M.
For information telephone 4299 Spring.

BANKRUPT SALE.
Lumber, Machinery, Horses, and Wagons of the
Sussex Lumber Company, Bankrupts.
Will be sold at auction,
Wednesday, Nov. 15th, at 10 A. M.
at
161 Ogden Street
and
Verona Av. and Erie Railroad,
Newark, N. J.
Sale will start at 161 Ogden Street.
About 300,000 ft. of hemlock, spruce, chestnut, oak, and pine lumber, 2 gas engines, planers, groovers, sawing, boring, and other machines, 10 heavy work horses, 11 wagons, 7 sets harness, blankets, etc., office fixtures.
J. Tracey Horton, Trustee, Newark, N. J.
WM. J. & ARTHUR C. CLEMENT, Auctioneers.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

TEN
WEST
THIRTIETH ST.
Adjoining Holland House,
Hotel Burlington,
also
Apartments furnished and unfurnished.
Dogs allowed.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY UP.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY UP.
AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND MEALS, $2.50 PER DAY UP.
Temperance Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

HOTEL ROYAL, 149 West 44th St.—Dining room and restaurant; under new management; table board by the day or week; open day and night; meals served at all hours.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brauerei
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—On Train No. 8, Pullman car "Collamer," between Rochester and Grand Central Station, New York, arriving Saturday morning, Nov. 11, pocketbook containing money and pearl scarfpin; evidently dropped from clothing in washroom. $500 reward will be paid for their return to Room 100, Powers Building, Rochester, N. Y.

LOST—A small silver purse containing about $35 in bills and change, either in Gimbel Brothers' store or on Broadway in front of store. Finder may keep contents and receive $5 reward by returning purse to J. W. K., in care of Knickerbocker Hotel cashier. No questions asked.

LOST.—Night of Nov. 11, silver Waltham watch and fob; fob made up of skull and bones and Mercury's staff; also black leather cardcase. Will reward if returned to Chlupsa, 38 Wall St.; no questions asked; if pawned kindly mail ticket.

LOST.—A silver and enameled bracelet, set with blue opals, between 99th St. and Riverside Drive and 125 East 57th St., about 5 P. M., Nov. 12, walking or 5th Av. stage; suitable reward if returned to Whitman, 125 East 57th St.

LOST—PEARL NECKLACE WITH DIAMOND CLASP, BETWEEN 62D AND 79TH, 5TH AV. OR 79TH ST. TUNNEL, 5TH AV. TO 8TH AV.; LIBERAL REWARD IF RETURNED. L 104 TIMES.

LOST—Ten shares Sloss-Sheffield Iron and Steel Company common stock, Certificate No. B-8374. Transfer has been stopped, and all persons are cautioned against negotiating these shares. Smith, Heck & Co., 71 Broadway, N. Y.

LOST.—Two-karat diamond ring, waterproof setting, between 24 Downing St. and 145th St. and 8th Av., via 9th Av. "L"; liberal reward. H. Weill, care Acme, 24 Downing St., city.

LOST.—Two rings, one with pearl and two diamonds, the other a thistle effect with small diamonds and pearls; big reward offered. Edgar Perera, 231 West 96th St. Tel., 1461 Riverside.

LOST—To my Sunday visitors: Will pay full price and no questions asked, on return of gold bridges and plates. Lowe Dental Parlors, 2,929 3d Av. Telephone connection.

LOST—Dress suit case, on ride from Lakewood, through Freehold, New Brunswick, to Perth Amboy; liberal reward. C. P. Norcross, the Oregon, 54th St. and 7th Av.

LOST—Between 5th Av. and Park Av., on 56th St., small brooch set with a sapphire and pearls. $10 reward for returning it to 1 East 56th St.

LOST.—Two fancy rings with pearls and diamonds; party who finds them will get more by returning them to owner than by selling. Edgar Perera, 231 West 96th St.

LOST.—Nov. 12, vicinity Fort Lee, black velvet bag containing $20, Wanamaker's coin, &c. Liberal reward if returned to J. M. Branning, 128 Broadway.

LOST.—Saturday A. M., by messenger boy, between 79th and 69th Sts., Broadway, 10th Av., brown hair pompadour; reward. Phone 5713 Columbus.

LOST—Diamond cluster and pearl scarfpin, at Hollander's Baths, 125th St., on Thursday last; liberal reward paid. David Steckler, 135 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's small open-face gold watch, black enamel monogram "A. H. H." Liberal reward if returned to 132 West 88th St.

LOST—Sapphire and pearl bar pin, between Park Av. and 57th St. to 5th Av. down to 52d St.; reward. Sutton, 100 Broad St.

LOST.—On John St., Nov. 13, a cabachon sapphire and diamond clustering. Liberal reward for return to 27 John St.

LOST—Caracul scarf, in taxi, Saturday afternoon, between White Star pier and 74th St. Return to 33 East 74th St.

$100 REWARD
for diamond earring, 3-stone pendant, lost between 66th St. and Lexington Av. and 66th St. and Madison Av., Monday afternoon. Black, Starr & Frost, 438 Fifth Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Friday, Nov. 10, male dog, party collie; white and yellow hair, short legs, fat and long body; answers to "Carlo"; reward. Return to Mrs. Klyberg, 686 3d Av., Apartment 22. Telephone 6132 Murray Hill.

LOST—Small curly haired white dog, called "Billy," in the neighborhood of Washington Square; wore collar, no name on it; reward offered by George Arliss, at 158 Waverly Place.

LOST—Sunday, Nov. 12, 5th Av. and 52d St., bull terrier bitch; all white, green collar; reward if returned. 647 5th Av.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. L: Umbrella, bracelet, purse, music roll, mail, two pairs gloves, cap, coat, overcoat, feathers, suspenders, dress, apron, cigarettes, tea. THIRD AV. L: Seven umbrellas, satchel, necklace, book, six pairs gloves, three odd gloves, slippers, overalls, yarn, shirt, shawl, engraving, rivets, clippings, fish, &c., medicine, lantern. SIXTH AV. L: Three umbrellas, handbag, money, spectacles, book, picture, music, letters, cover, apron, dress, knickerbockers, three pairs gloves, odd glove, pair of ties, shoes, photos, overalls, handkerchief, medicine. NINTH AV. L: Umbrella, two hats, bag, mail, pair gloves, clock, &c., apron, shoes, overalls, whisky, case, fan. SUBWAY: Tools, handbag, eight umbrellas, suitcase, pin, pocketbook, purse, two handbags, cardcase, cigars, papers, music, photos, card, four books, two pairs of gloves, cap, cover, shoes, neckpiece, boots, shawl, nightclothes, spoons, game, liquid, glass, grease, square, knife.

FOUND, Nov. 11 and 12.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Mileage book, knife, handbag, sheet music, inner soles, wall paper, eye-glasses, magazine, collars, overalls, cap, 4 umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Three packages, two umbrellas, cap, two overcoats, dress suit case.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Eyeglasses, umbrella.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Six umbrellas, two packages.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Black cloth bag, umbrella, gentleman's ring.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Pair gloves, two umbrellas, pair gloves, package, purse, hat, pocketbook.

FOUND, Nov. 12.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Five packages, umbrella, ticket, two pairs of gloves, dress suit case; Long Island Division: Handbag, umbrella, package.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Convincing letter writer and rapid correspondent wanted by manufacturing corporation; fair salary at beginning, with exceptional opportunities for future on proved merit; must become stockholder in company by cash investment before taking charge of correspondence; give full particulars in first letter, including age, nationality, experience, and the amount of cash investment ready to invest. Address Manufacturer, Box 198 Times Downtown.

An office and salesmanager wanted who will invest $500. A young man with executive ability will get a chance to work himself up. Receives proportionate interest in staple business and good salary. Application must be accompanied by references as to integrity and financial standing. Opportunity, 333 Times Downtown.

To an energetic man of integrity and business ability, a household specialties manufacturing company offers the Treasurership of the company at a good salary; investment of $5,000 required. Address H 296 Times Downtown.

HAVE $20,000 to invest with services in established manufacturing business; must stand strictest investigation; no agents. Hustler, 135 Times Downtown.

Established ladies' neckwear business for sale; nets $2,000 a year profits, besides $20 weekly salary. L 97 Times.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Elegant upright piano, made to order, brand new, cost $600; sell to-day for $125. Mme. Brevost, 244 Central Park West, between 84th and 85th Sts., private house.

$125; Gabler upright piano, $4 monthly; $20 Mason & Hamlin organ, $2 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

EMERSON Angelus player piano, like new, bench and music, at sacrifice. 316 W. 42d St.

Musical.

30c. a line 1 time; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Handsome music studio and living apartment, Carnegie Hall; sublet entire time or such part as may be desired. L 96 Times.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

COOK, middle-aged; must come well recommended. Almoney, 605 West 112th St.

PROBATIONERS wanted for general hospital. Apply 531 East 86th St.

WANTED—Young lady for general office work; good penman; state age and religion. T. B. A. H., P. O. Box 2,006 New York.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AN IMMEDIATE INCOME
assured by new method of selling life insurance on sight; no competition; previous experience not essential; expert instruction and proper assistance given; mercantile or professional men and those familiar with the business preferred; advantageous contract for metropolitan district direct with Equitable Life. Call on Herman Leroy, Flatiron Building.

BOYS.—Bright, of neat appearance, about 15 years of age. Address Bright, Box 114, 617 6th Av.

BOY.—Errand boy about 15. Call room 804, 353 5th Av., between 8 and 9 A. M.

COOK.—A good and clean cook at Fort Slocum, near New Rochelle. Apply at quarters of the commanding officer.

DESIGNER WANTED BY THE LARGEST MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAK HOUSE IN NEW YORK; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; STATE EXPERIENCE AND FORMER CONNECTIONS; APPLICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. H 68 TIMES.

OFFICE BOY.—Office boy wanted, first class; he may call. Wells, 215 4th Av.

SALESMAN wanted by German manufacturer of superior packing for stuffing boxes; only experienced man with following among engineers. H 54 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced; must be well acquainted with jobbing and office trade, to handle an up-to-date line of wash skirts and dresses. L 89 Times.

SALESMAN. — An experienced salesman for first-class ladies' skirts and dresses for the Middle West. Answer with full particulars, X 126 Times.

SALESMEN.—Montana orchard lands sell readily; special inducements offered good salesmen; state experience. H. D., 1,364 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Former manufacturer wishes popular line of cloaks and suits for the city and office trade. D 67 Times.

WANTED—Man with college or university training to teach geography and history; experienced person preferred; apply personally, bringing credentials, institution, 150th St. and Broadway.

WANTED—Bright office boy. State age, experience, and salary expected. H 312 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

A A Hofmayer, 320-322 5th Av.—Telephone 4527—Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help. Emergency help furnished at short notice.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography and typewriting; moderate salary; good references. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

BY WIDOW LADY, position as housekeeper, companion, where maid is kept; good sewer; references. By mail, Companion, 465 Amsterdam Av.

CARETAKER.—Thoroughly trustworthy, reliable woman wishes position as caretaker in city for Winter. For further information and references call at Miss Wild's Employment Agency, 305 5th Av.

CASHIER.—Young lady desires position as cashier; reference. Box 673, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

COMPETENT HOUSEKEEPER, capable of handling accounts; tactful with servants; city or country; salary, $50. Address Housekeeper, care of Miss Brinkley, 507 5th Av.

COOK.—Good, reliable girl desires position as cook in private family; would assist with other work in small family. 1,465 Amsterdam Av. Roche.

DRESSMAKER.—High-class work, remodeling, home or out; references. Telephone 5717 Audubon. Apt. 46.

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY, teacher, traveled, experienced with atypical children, wishes position where secretarial work may be combined with other duties. X 166 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—North German wants position for housework in small family of adults; references. Call Klinger, 333 East 88th St. No cards.

NURSE.—Present employer highly recommends nurse and expert seamstress; experienced with children 3 years up. Call to-day, 10 to 12:30, 215 West 98th St., Apartment B12.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATION WANTED.
Clever woman of literary ability, with thorough comprehension of French, would like position as book reviewer or translator. L 92 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, rapid, 10 years' commercial experience, desires permanent position in busy office; A1 references; salary $18. H 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accustomed difficult dictation; rapid, accurate, intelligent; will accept moderate salary. Deborah Katlan, 605 Madison Ave. 'Phone 5366 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER—TYPIST.—American, 17, willing beginner, wishes permanent position; moderate salary to begin. H. A., 644 52d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate and competent; salary $10 to $12. H 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Six months' experience; wishes position. Newman, care Spahn, 1,325 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; experienced; references. A. E., 279 St. Ann's Av.

TRAINED NURSE.—Graduated Swedish masseuse; highest references; capable, refined, neat, obliging; as useful companion or care of semi-invalid. L 83 Times.

TRAINED NURSE, wishing to return to Europe this week, willing to give her services for the trip over. L 95 Times.

WANTED.—Position by lady who has had long experience as nurse and companion to invalid. By mail, Nurse, 465 Amsterdam Av.

WASHING.—Woman will take home washing in country. Haug, 30 2d St., Woodside, L. I.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Systems installed, books opened, closed; highest references; terms moderate. Accountant, 352 6th Av.

ADVERTISING WRITER.—Three years' advertising experience with large manufacturing concern; original and forceful writer; strong and attractive layouts. H 308 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Active young man, German, 5 years' experience, thoroughly acquainted with bookkeeping and office details, desires permanent position; A1 references; salary moderate. Opportunity, H 286 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, (23,) experienced; advanced university student; desires position where perfect knowledge of accounting can be utilized. Shmerler, 188 Suffolk St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, mature age, moderate salary, desires position. Address H 283 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; nationality, Irish; four years' references; single, sober; willing to go anywhere; age, 26; Packard car preferred; wages moderate. L 99 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—A gentleman wishes to find a place for his chauffeur, whom he can recommend as honest, sober, and efficient. 'Phone number Chelsea 2699, between 6 and 7 P. M.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; competent driver and with repairs; can furnish references. Charles Seufert, 409 East 85th St.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical detailer and tracer, with machine shop experience, wants position. 539 70th St., Brooklyn.

ENGINEERING STUDENT, junior, desires employment for spare time; tutoring or draughting preferred. Address Box 50 Times, 2 Rector St.

INTELLIGENT young man desires position; well recommended; had legal training. H 310 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

I WANT A POSITION
with a mercantile or manufacturing house or business of any nature, where my fifteen years' experience in the printing and allied trades would be of advantage; attend to all printing details; lay out and prepare copy for pamphlets, catalogues, and all work of that description; will by practical and economical management effect a saving for any firm requiring a man in the capacity stated above. Address H 311 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE, young, conscientious, competent, as cook, butler, desires position where he can get time to study; also able to take entire charge of gentleman's place; three years last position. K. H., 203 East 48th St.

MASSEUR and gymnast, European, desires few select male patients at residences preferred. H 23 Times.

NEAT YOUNG MAN desires position evenings only; has good references. L 98 Times.

POSITION as steward or assistant steward; reference best; 5th Av. and Broadway experience. J. A. M., 279 Grafton Av., Wood Haven, L. I. (Hotel or restaurant.)

POSITION by a reliable and competent woman, with a boy 12 years of age; best references. Mrs. Shaw, 103 8th Av.

SECRETARY.—Young man, 23, expert stenographer and typewriter; thorough experienced; university graduate; knowledge of bookkeeping; capable correspondent; dependable character and executive ability, desires position. X 318 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 5 years' experience, desires position with opportunity for advancement; A1 references. Address Shipping Clerk, 104 East 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, (22,) six years' experience, desires position; best references. G. C., 288 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A situation in the electrical line from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. L 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN (24) desires position where intelligent clerical work is required. H 41 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position in law office; can keep books. H. Y., 57 2d Av., store.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malmberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly 352 4th Av.; reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

BOND $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av., Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP.—All trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th St. Telephone 1538 Riverside.

COOKS, HOUSEWORKERS, CHAMBERmaids, firemen, porters, elevator boys. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d. 94 Morningside.

GRAMBO & RAWN, Scandinavian Employment Agency, 1 West 34th St., near 5th Av. Telephone Murray Hill, 4470. Reliable help for private families.

CRITERION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 841 Columbus Av., Tel. 8468 Schuyler.—Competent servants for private families.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

MISS MILLER'S AGENCY, 56 West 39th. Murray Hill 5582.—High-class servants; references investigated.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St., 6916 Morningside.—Help, male, female; day or week; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46. — Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

7TH AV., 2,047, (123d.)—Single, sunny, heated rooms; first-class board; well kept house.

12TH, 42 WEST.—Very desirable, second floor front and back room; superior board; references.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable two young men; very reasonable; excellent board; telephone.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, newly decorated, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large room; private bath; also small room; telephone; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms; baths; house and table first class; reasonable.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests; first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Well-heated single, double; electricity, telephone; near Subway, "L"; table boarders.

57TH, 337 WEST.—Large room, second floor; private bath; excellent board. Tel. 2104 Col.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light, private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST. — LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

122 WEST 71ST ST.
FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive large, medium, single front rooms; southern exposure; references.

72D, 173 WEST.—Large, handsome front room; private bath and lavatory; superior table; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; private bath; sunny; quiet; refined surroundings; references.

73D ST., 155 WEST.—Handsome parlor suite; private bath; telephone; table first class; other rooms.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small, medium rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms, double, single; well heated; parlor dining; table guests; reasonable; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; room; private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double rooms; private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table board; telephone.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Medium-sized room; first-class house; parlor dining; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Attractive accommodations; suitable for gentlemen; electric lights; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Opportunity to secure medium room, steam; first-class board; select house; references.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; parlor dining room; reference.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Beautiful furnished suite; private bath; medium-sized rooms; table guest; references.

80TH, 108 WEST.—Bachelors; superior accommodations and table; attractive to gentleman desiring refined home; large rooms, single or twin beds.

80TH ST., 165 WEST.—Suite or single room; family of two; excellent table; every convenience; telephone 5415 Schuyler. Parnall.

81ST., 265 WEST. — Handsomely furnished, sunny rooms, with excellent board; elevator apartment; references. V. & R.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; two flights; pleasant home; table-board.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Attractive rooms; baths; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8897.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, bright rooms; homelike surroundings; front parlor; excellent Southern cooking; references.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near Central Park; table guests; references.

89TH ST., 70 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large rooms; en suite or single; superior table; references.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Superior accommodations; rooms, large, small; private baths; references. Telephone 9939—Riverside.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, with hot and cold water, furnished handsomely; board; terms reasonable.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Sunny rooms; select, well-heated house; parlor dining; table guests; telephone.

96TH, 14 WEST.—Small rooms, well heated; superior table board; Subway express; 'phone; reference.

(100TH,) 828 WEST END.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; SUPERIOR BOARD.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; baths; bachelors, couples; table guests; references.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; 'phone; table guests.

113TH ST., 611 WEST, (near Drive.)—Attractive room with board; private family; $14 for one, $22 for two; Apartment 61; telephone.

117TH ST., 155 WEST.—Excellent board in refined christian family; attractive single or double room; running water; moderate. Jacobs.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

520 WEST 122D ST.
GOOD TABLE BOARD. KERKER.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Elegant rooms, private bath; electricity; table guests; reference. 'Phone 7217 Audubon.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful, large, small rooms; steam-heated; 'phone; excellent table board.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Handsome large room, $15, 2; small room, $7; refined house; table guests.

150TH, 525 WEST.—Comfortable accommodations for three adults; steam-heated private dwelling; references exchanged.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.
122 WEST 71ST ST.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel, elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

Refined American lady having beautifully appointed private, select home offers superior board to lady, gentleman, or couple; references. Telephone 6290 Riverside.

TABLE BOARD ATTRACTIVELY SERVED.
828 WEST END, (100TH.)

WEST END AV., 764, near 97th.—Large, small rooms; no objection to invalids.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; board for two, $20; single rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large and small rooms; hot water, steam heat; board; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Beautiful large and single rooms; steam heat; elevator; fine table.

MADISON AV., 210-212.—Elegant sunny, newly furnished; decorated; second story rooms; excellent table.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Steam heated rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1130—W. Main.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New York State.

ELEGANT HOME for two elderly or middle-aged ladies can be had with private family; Dobbs Ferry, on the Hudson; half hour out; one of the most pleasant places and centre of residential section; terms reasonable. Address C. Ives, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

9TH, 32 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms; well heated; every convenience; $3 up; private house.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Rooms, medium-sized, first floor; every convenience; also connecting rooms.

9TH STREET, 31 WEST.
Desirable furnished rooms for gentlemen.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished, clean, light, warm rooms; running water, telephone; references.

12TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; select neighborhood; running water, heat, telephone.

14TH ST., 238 WEST.—Daintily furnished large room; private family; gentleman; $3. Gosford's bell.

39TH ST., 10 WEST.—Rooms in very desirable home for gentlemen only; breakfast optional.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large furnished room; all conveniences; convenient "L" and Subway.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private bath; running water; well heated; gentlemen.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Desirable hall room in strictly first-class private house; gentlemen; references.

64TH ST., 164 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with piano, adjoining bath, suitable two; telephone; reasonable.

65TH ST., 150 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double parlor; heat, water, piano; telephone; elegant house; $8.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 117 WEST.—Elegantly furnished back parlor; newly decorated; suitable doctor or dentist; references.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable room, second floor; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Light, quiet room; elevator apartment; running water; telephone; Subway handy. Hart.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Beautifully furnished one and two room bachelor apartments; private bath; telephone.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; private house.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, baths; southern exposure; Subway express, "L."

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large front room, one or two; private house; references.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room; twin beds; smaller room; private house; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable single room; fine location; all conveniences. 'Phone 8124—Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Warm, sunny front room; also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large room on second floor; also small rooms; electric lights; telephone.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, electric light; also hall room; reference.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, sunny room; all conveniences; also small room; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; heated; hot water; near "L" and Subway.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

78TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; also hall room; scrupulously clean.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large, sunny room, with dressing room, adjoining bath; also single room; moderate.

78TH ST., 107 WEST.—Desirable rooms for permanent guests; private family; references.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Pleasant rooms in private house; all conveniences; reasonable; "L," Subway; reference.

81ST ST., 204 WEST.—Single room; heated, well-furnished; near "L," Subway; telephone; references. Sharples.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms will be offered to those appreciating cleanliness and attention in quiet American home; exceptional terms for Winter.

82D, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished room; dressing-room attached, bath adjoining; suitable two; 'phone.

82D ST., 129 WEST.—Large, sunny front room with dressing room; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room bath, steam heat, hot water, electricity, parquet floors; telephone.

84TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms; comforts; private family; 'phone; board $6 weekly. Mendes

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—Desirable large connecting heated bedrooms; hot, cold running water; 'phone. Winters.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; Subway, elevated; telephone; reasonable.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—For physician, nicely furnished parlor floor, with extension; conveniences; fine location.

88TH, 183 WEST.—Single room, nicely furnished; private house; near subway; gentleman; references; reasonable.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Handsome back parlor; private bath; clean, warm, select; every convenience; all cars.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large front rooms; newly furnished; running water; "L"; telephone; $5-$6.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Medium sunny rooms, newly furnished; convenient to "L" and Subway; telephone.

97TH, 47 WEST.—High-class, furnished, cheerful sunny rooms, second floor; running water; telephone.

97TH ST. 150 WEST.—Newly furnished room, adjoining bath running water; southern exposure; private family.

97TH ST., 302 WEST (near Riverside Drive.)—Large room adjoining bath; also small room; all conveniences; gentlemen.

98TH ST., 116 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, sunny room; running water; heated; Subway; private house.

102D ST., 205 WEST.—Parlor bedroom in steam-heated apartment; one flight; suitable two gentlemen or married couple; also small rooms. Melville.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished large room, suitable for bachelor or married couple; piano; telephone; all conveniences.

103D ST., 216, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally desirable, spacious, outside room; private; suitable one, two. Borsodi.

106TH ST., 53 WEST.—Comfortable steam-heated room; near bath; modern improvements. Haskell.

132 WEST 104TH ST.
Nice room in high-class apartment for gentleman; private family; no other boarders. Berry.

213 WEST 105TH ST
Large front room, suitable two; telephone. Thomson.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Attractive front room; comfortable, homelike; Southern family; board optional; references. White.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; southern exposure; elevator; private family; references. Apartment 35.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; gentleman only; English family of two; references. Moore.

112TH, 511 WEST.—Sunny; electricity, elevator; business woman preferred. Phone 3583 Morningside. Mrs. Clark.

113TH ST., 267 WEST.—Nicely furnished, heated rooms; scrupulously clean; gentlemen; references. Carpenter.

118TH ST., 401 WEST
Room; private family. Apt. 2.

414 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway. Smith.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, sunny rooms; elevator, telephone; reasonable. Call at Apartment 1.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Beautiful double room; kitchenette; southern exposure; newly furnished; elevator; electricity.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 509 WEST.—Newly furnished modern suite; single rooms; moderate; elevator; board optional. Howell

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Handsome suite; outside sunny rooms; elevator; 'phone; Apt. 51.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Nice, neatly furnished room, $2. Reynolds.

124TH ST., WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Pleasant room; electric light, telephone, &c.; no other roomers; reasonable to desirable party. Address E., 263 West 125th St.

124TH ST., 542 WEST.—Two front, adjoining; all conveniences; private family; near Subway. Apt. 1.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—Fine double room; also single; $5, $3; elevator apartment; Subway. Chambers.

126TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; handsomely furnished; suitable for two; running water; telephone; references; block from Subway.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—High-class outside rooms; running water; river view; meal accommodations. Pierson.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Couple having handsomely furnished, newly decorated apartment will rent sunny room to bachelor; $5. Clark.

174TH ST., 601 WEST.—Two outside, sunny, connecting, adjoining bath; newly furnished; telephone; reasonable. Mitchell.

ADVERTISER, owning elegantly appointed private residence, will rent third rear large room, adjoining private bath; $35-$45 monthly; near Hotel Majestic; references; breakfast. Address Extreme Cleanliness, H 309 Times Downtown.

BEAUTIFUL furnished room; 98th St., Broadway. Telephone 6555—Riverside.

BROADWAY AND 26TH ST.—The Raleigh; D. I. Tobias, proprietor; centrally located; elegant rooms; $1 daily, $3 and up weekly.

CHARLES ST., 10, (near 6th Av. "L.")—Large and small room; accommodations; heated.

FURNISHED room in apartment; business or professional woman; conveniences; references exchanged. H 303 Times Downtown.

MANHATTAN AV., 4.—Well-furnished room, with heat, for woman; $4 a week, with use of kitchen. Miss Goodman.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th.)—Facing park; front room; near bath; one flight. Gifford.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room with private bath; $10 per week; hotel service.

East Side.

17TH ST., 180 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished large room; also small rooms.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 up weekly.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; private house; references.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

59TH, 129 EAST.—$2 week; steam heat, hot water, porcelain bath; gentlemen exclusively. Stevens.

61ST ST., 204 EAST.—Front and back parlor, suitable for doctor or dentist; private house.

86TH ST., 58 EAST.—Elegantly furnished single and double rooms or suites; reasonable; breakfast optional.

92D ST., 129 EAST.—Large, sunny room, three windows, dressing room; excellent neighborhood; private residence.

IRVING PLACE, 53, GRAMERCY DISTRICT.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 348, (Near 44th St.)—Attractive rooms; gentlemen; references; private baths; Subway; telephone.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Large, sunny basement front room, bath; electric light; breakfast served if desired; references. Inquire 53 Irving Place.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—HANDSOME, UNFURNISHED BACHELOR APARTMENT; REFERENCE.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

83D, 2 WEST.—Apartment to sublet, unfurnished; seven rooms, bath; corner; beautiful view overlooking Central Park; elevator, telephone; all rooms light; rent reasonable. Compton.

CENTRAL PARK WEST,
Near 82d Street.
8 large rooms; bath, steam heat, &c.; rental $780 per year. Apply The Maze Realty Co., 148 East 49th St.

Six-room elevator apartment, all light, Convent Av. and 129th St.; modern improvements; rent, $55 and liberal concession until next September. Address Box H 314 Times Downtown.

111 WEST 43D ST.
Bachelor apartments, 1 room and bath, $25; 2 rooms and bath, $40.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

129th, 58 West.—Six rooms, bath; all improvements; private hall; rent $29. Inquire on premises or Robert Levers, 376 Lenox Av.

308-310 WEST 15TH ST.
Bachelor apartment, 2 rooms and bath, $32.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

To Sublet — Unfurnished — Lovely four-room apartment, third floor. Woodmere, Broadway and 141st St. Butler.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

WANTED, sunny three-room apartment and kitchen. Washington Square or Gramercy Park neighborhood; private or apartment house. Box X 155 Times.

Bachelor apartment above 23d St., and below 59th St., in good neighborhood; not less than four rooms and bath. Address H 66 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

A very desirable apartment, east side, fully furnished, eight rooms and bath; all light; to rent during owner's absence abroad, from Dec. 1, four months. W. W. E., care the Century Company, 33 East 17th St.

St. Nicholas Av., 348, Corner 127th.—Handsomely furnished complete, four, five rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, electricity; very reasonable; $12.50 weekly upward; furnished room, bath, kitchen, $5, $6 weekly.

Four-room, elevator apartment; furniture, linen, silverware entirely new, complete; block from 181st St., Broadway Subway; telephone 4040 Audubon, or call 4,260 Broadway, Leach. $55-$75.

Washington Heights, near 145th Broadway Subway. — Furnished apartment of private family; four rooms, complete; quiet house, fine neighborhood; adults; telephone; references required; very reasonable. H 59 Times.

Parlor floor, suitable for doctor, with running water; reasonable; near Morningside Av. 367 West 119th St.

Parlor, bedroom, and bath for rent; furnished or unfurnished. 21 West 81st St. William Harvey, Supt.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

COUPLE desire small furnished housekeeping apartment, Washington Sq., Gramercy Park neighborhood, or below 59th St.; careful tenants; references exchanged. X 167 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

52d St., 30 West.—Six-story American basement brownstone dwelling, just remodeled in most modern style, with electric elevator, room telephones, etc.; size 22x100; restricted, insuring light and air; for sale or rent. C. C. Bull, 27 William St.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Purchase and Exchange

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—A copy of "Popular Tales of the West Highlands," from the Gaelic, by the late J. F. Campbell; published at Paisley, Scotland, in 1890, and a copy of "Waifs and Strays of Celtic Tradition," by John Gregorson Campbell, published by Alfred Nutt, London, England, in 1891; state price. Address 28 East 39th St., city.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Brooklyn.

Private detached residence, Prospect Park South, Flatbush, twelve rooms; all modern improvements; price and terms reasonable. Owner, A. H. B., 79 Westminster Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn.

Westchester

Scarsdale; 10-room house, bath, acetylene gas; 4 acres of ground; excellent shade and fruit; sale or rent at low figure. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

At builder's cost, cement house, seven rooms, hardwood, tile bath, all improvements; large town Westchester County. L 72 Times.

Yonkers.

Plot 10 lots (25x100) for $6,000, $1,500 cash; Woodlawn Av. Owner, 512 Broadway, Manhattan.

Long Island.

New 8-room house, with two lots, on Long Island Sound; also extra building plots; 30 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; remarkably low price; terms to suit. S. W., L 103 Times.

New Jersey

Bungalow sites on the beautiful hills of Fanwood; large shade trees, magnificent locations, high elevation, dry air, 45 minutes from Broadway; sold on very easy terms; we will build for you on monthly payments; secure your home now. Send for particulars, and free railroad tickets, to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Splendid business chance; store and dwelling with barn in rear in fast-growing town of Grantwood, N. J.; a great opportunity to work up a paying meat or grocery business; will sell or rent. Call or write A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Eggs, 60c. per dozen; broilers, 50c. per pound; buy one of our little chicken farms, 100x565, and reap the profits; near Fanwood, N. J., railroad and trolley station; 45 minutes out; fine locations; sold on very easy terms; send for particulars and free railroad tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

For Sale—New 2-family brick house beneath the Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb; only 5-cent fare to city; all modern improvements, including steam heat; income pays your rent; good investment; at cost to quick buyer. L 77 Times.

A Village Farm, 6 acres; house, 9 rooms, bath; steam heat; barn, chicken houses for 1,000, brooder house; fruit; convenient; particulars, photos. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, corner Fulton St., N. Y.

Must Sell at Once—Old-fashioned house, suitable ground for raising chickens; $2,500, small payment down, balance monthly; 5-cent fare to city; great chance for industrious man or women. M 77 Times.

Farms, lakes, tracts, dwellings, homes, sites for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Country.

Magnificent property; new mansion, 100 acres; $300,000 expended; price $100,000; want offer; hour and half out; 150 ft. elevation; forty-mile view. Real bargain. Banker, X 314 Times Downtown.

Cement bungalow, 6 rooms, bath; improvements; Palisade section, ½ hour out; fare, 8c; trolley, railroad; price, $2,600, $300 cash, balance monthly. Office, Room 459, 200 5th Av., 23d St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

INVITATION TO CONTRACTORS.
Part of Lexington Avenue Route.

The City of New York, acting by the Public Service Commission for the First District (hereinafter called "the Commission"), invites proposals to construct Section 9 of the Lexington Avenue Rapid Transit Railroad.

The points within the City between which the said part is to run and the route or routes to be followed are briefly as follows:

Section No. 9.—Begins at a point about 50 feet north of the centre line of East Sixty-seventh Street and extends thence under Lexington Avenue to a point about 70 feet south of the centre line of East Seventy-ninth Street; with a station at East Sixty-eighth and East Sixty-ninth Streets and a station at East Seventy-seventh Street.

The general plan of construction calls for a subsurface railroad having four tracks. Turnouts, cross-overs, connections and sidings, etc., will be constructed, all of which are more particularly indicated on the contract drawings.

Bidders will not be required to do the station-finish work, nor to provide or lay tracks, ties or ballast.

The work of construction under the contract will include the construction of all necessary sewers and connections, along the route of the railroad; also the necessary support, maintenance, readjustment and reconstruction of vaults adjacent to buildings, pipes, tubes, conduits, subways or other subsurface structures; the support and care, including underpinning where necessary, of all buildings, monuments, surface, subsurface and elevated railroads and other structures, etc., affected by or interfered with during the construction of the work; also the restoration of the sidewalks and the temporary paving and maintenance of roadways.

The method of construction will be partly by trench excavation (under cover, unless otherwise specified in the form of contract or permitted by the Commission), and partly by tunnel, as set forth in the form of contract.

Bidders must examine the form of contract and the specifications, maps and plans; must visit the location of the work and inform themselves of the present conditions along the line thereof and make their own estimates of the facilities and difficulties attending the execution of the proposed work.

A fuller description of the work to be done is set forth, and other requirements, provisions, details and specifications are stated, in the printed form of contract and in the contract drawings therein referred to. Printed copies of the form of contract, bond and contractor's proposal may be had on application at the office of the Commission, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. The contract drawings may be inspected at the same office, and copies thereof may be purchased by prospective bidders by payment of five dollars ($5.00). The printed form of contract and the contract drawings are to be deemed a part of this invitation.

The Commission is informed by the Department of Docks and Ferries that docks and bulkheads along the East River may be available for dumping purposes. Information in regard thereto may be obtained by any intending bidder upon inquiry at the office of the Commission.

Partial payments to the Contractor will be made monthly as the work proceeds as provided in the form of contract.

The Contractor will be required to complete the work as soon as practicable and within a period of forty (40) months.

SEALED BIDS OR PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION AT NO. 154 NASSAU STREET, BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN, CITY OF NEW YORK, UNTIL THE 5TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1911, AT TWELVE (12) O'CLOCK NOON, AT WHICH TIME, OR AT A LATER DATE TO BE FIXED BY THE COMMISSION, THE PROPOSALS WILL BE PUBLICLY OPENED.

Proposals must be in the form prescribed by the Commission, copies of which may be obtained at the office of the Commission.

A statement, based upon the estimate of the Engineer, of the quantities of the various classes of the work and of the nature and extent as near as practicable of the work required is to be found in the schedules forming a part of the form of Contractor's Proposal. The quantities given in such schedules are approximate only, being given as a basis for the uniform comparison of bids and no claim is to be made against the City on account of any excess or deficiency, absolute or relative, in the same, except as provided in the specifications and form of contract.

All proposals must, when submitted, be inclosed in a sealed envelope indorsed "*Proposal for Constructing Part of Rapid Transit Railroad—Route No. 5, Section No. 9,*" and must be delivered to the Commission or its Secretary; and in the presence of the person submitting the proposal, it will be deposited in a sealed box in which all proposals will be deposited. No proposal will be received or deposited unless accompanied by a separate certified check drawn upon a national or state bank or trust company having its principal office in the City of New York, satisfactory to the Commission and payable to the order of the Comptroller of The City of New York for the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars. Such check must not be inclosed in the envelope containing the proposal.

The Unit Prices must not be improperly balanced, and any bid which the Commission considers detrimental to the City's interests may be rejected.

No proposal, after it shall have been deposited with the Commission, will be allowed to be withdrawn for any reason whatever.

The award of the contract will be made by the Commission as soon as practicable after the opening of the proposals.

Bidders whose proposals are otherwise satisfactory, in case the sureties named by them are not approved by the Commission, may substitute in their proposals the names of other sureties approved by the Commission, but such substitution must be made within five days after notice of disapproval, unless such period is extended by the Commission.

A bidder whose proposal shall be accepted shall, in person or by duly authorized representative, attend at the said office of the Commission within ten days after the delivery of a notice by the Commission that his proposal is accepted and that the contract is consented to by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and such bidder shall then deliver a contract in the form referred to, duly executed and with its execution duly proved.

At the time of the delivery of the contract, the Contractor will be required to furnish security to the City by giving a bond for fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars. At the option of the successful bidder cash or approved securities may be deposited instead of giving a bond. If securities are deposited in place of a bond under this contract, they must be of the character of securities in which Savings Banks may invest their funds and must be approved by the Commission.

The Contractor's bond must be in the form annexed to the form of contract.

In addition and as further security fifteen (15%) per centum of the amounts certified from time to time to be due to the Contractor will be deducted until the amounts so deducted and retained shall equal the sum of Two Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand Dollars ($225,000.). Thereafter there shall be so deducted and retained for such purpose ten (10%) per centum of the amounts certified from time to time to be due to the Contractor.

In case of failure or neglect to execute and deliver the contract or to execute and deliver the required bond or to make the required deposit, such bidder will, at the option of the Commission, be deemed either to have made the contract or to have abandoned the contract. In the latter case, the Commission will give notice thereof to such defaulting bidder, and the Commission may thereupon proceed to make another contract with such, if any, of the original bidders, as, in the opinion of the Commission, it will be to the best interests of the City to contract with, or may by new advertisement invite further proposals. The defaulting bidder shall thereupon be liable to the City for all loss and damage by it sustained, including the excess, if any, of the amount it shall pay any other Contractor over the amount of the bid of such defaulting bidder.

If the Commission shall give notice to any bidder that his or its proposal is accepted and that the contract is consented to by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and if the bidder shall fail within ten days thereafter or within such further period, if any, as may be prescribed by the Commission, to execute and deliver the contract and to execute and deliver the bond with sureties, or to make the required deposit, then the Invitation to Contractors and proposal accepted as aforesaid shall be a contract binding the bidder to pay to the City the damage by it sustained by reason of such failure, and in such case the bidder shall, by the terms of the proposal, absolutely assign to the City the ownership of the check accompanying his or its proposal as a payment on account of such damages.

All such deposits made by bidders whose proposals shall not be accepted by the Commission will be returned to the person or persons making the same within five days after the contract shall be executed and delivered. The deposit of the successful bidder will be returned when the contract is executed and its provisions in respect of the bond or deposit are complied with.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

New York, November 10, 1911
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT
By William R. Willcox, Chairman
Travis H. Whitney, Secretary

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—NEW York County.—In the matter of the assignment of JOSEPH WASSERMAN to Julius A. Newman, for the benefit of creditors.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Francis K. Pendleton, one of the Justices of this court, duly made and entered in the above proceeding, and bearing date the 10th day of October, 1911, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph Wasserman, above named, lately doing business at No. 171 Avenue B, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly verified, to the subscriber, Julius A. Newman, who has been duly appointed assignee of the said Joseph Wasserman for the benefit of his creditors, at his office, No. 203 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before January 5th, 1912.

Dated New York, October 14th, 1911.
JULIUS A. NEWMAN, Assignee.

Advertise lost articles promptly in the Lost Column of The New York Times. If a Times reader finds them they will be restored.

20,000 WILL WAVE FAREWELL TO FARLEY

Great Outpouring of Catholics When Cardinal-Designate Sails To-day for Rome.

LAST SERVICE FOR CHILDREN

They Will Attend Mass in the Cathedral This Morning—Parade Through West Fifty-first Street.

The clergy and laity of the archdiocese of New York will gather this morning to bid bon voyage to Archbishop Farley, Cardinal-Designate, who sails at 10 A. M. on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie to receive the red hat at the consistory to be held in Rome on Nov. 27. At the masses on Sunday the priests of Manhattan and the Bronx read the invitation to their parishioners, and thousands of them will escort the Archbishop through the streets from the Cathedral to the foot of West Fiftieth Street, where he and a distinguished party will embark on the steamer Rosedale, which will take them to the Hoboken pier. Archbishop Diomede Falconio, Apostolic Delegate at Washington, and also a Cardinal-Designate, will sail with Archbishop Farley. In Archbishop Farley's retinue will be Mgr. Edwards, Mgr. Murphy, Father John Farley, nephew of the Archbishop, and Mgr. Lewis, his secretary. Twelve priests will go as representatives of the archdiocese.

It is expected that 20,000 Catholics will take part in the farewell demonstration. There will be a short service in the Cathedral at 8 A. M. School children of the archdiocese, about 10 per cent. of the entire number, and representing every school over which the Archbishop has charge, will gather at that hour in the Cathedral. Only children and the clergy will be admitted to this service, as it is expected they will fill the great building.

From the Cathedral the children will assemble along West Fifty-first Street, each carrying small silk American and papal flags. They will line the curb on both sides of the street, and with the waving of flags and singing take their part in wishing the Cardinal-Designate godspeed. The police have been instructed to recognize the flags as entitling the carrier to a place in the line.

Behind the school children will be massed the thousands of parishioners. The assignment of different parish delegations along West Fifty-first Street will be as follows:

Parishes east of Fifth Avenue and north of Fiftieth Street will assemble on north side of Fifty-first Street, between Fifth and Eighth Avenues.

Parishes west of Fifth Avenue and north of Fiftieth Street will assemble on north side of Fifty-first Street, between Eighth and Twelfth Avenues.

Parishes east of Fifth Avenue and south of Fiftieth Street will assemble on south side of Fifty-first Street, between Fifth and Eighth Avenues.

Parishes west of Fifth Avenue and south of Fiftieth Street will assemble on south side of Fifty-first Street, between Eighth and Twelfth Avenues.

The Catholics on Staten Island will meet on Pavilion Hill and wave farewell to the Archbishop as the Kronprinzessin Cecilie passes through the Narrows.

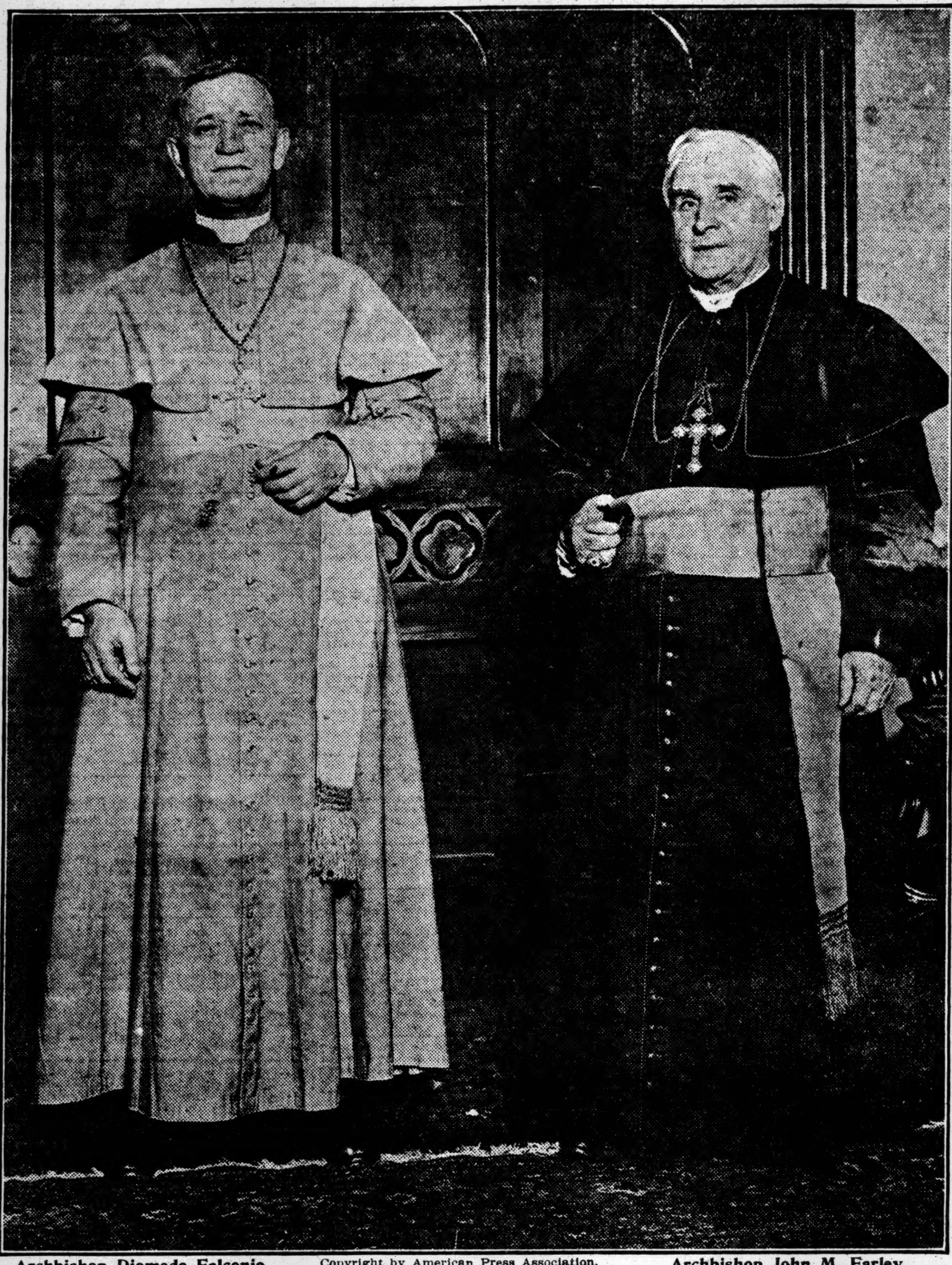
The Archbishop and his escort, members of the Catholic Club, will leave the See House at 8:30 A. M. The carriages will drive through the lines along West Fifty-first Street to the North River. Those who will escort him are:

Michael J. Mulqueen, President; Terence Farley, Percy J. King, Joseph M. Adrian, Alfred M. Barrett, Michael Blake, Morgan J. O'Brien, James A. O'Gorman, Leonard A. Giegerich, John O'Sullivan, Edward B. Amend, Joseph F. Daly, John J. Delany, Charles V. Fornes, John B. Mayo, Victor J. Dowling, John D. Crimmins, John F. Cross, John R. Butler, John J. Durkin, Arthur Kenedy, Edward E McCall, John J. Cuskley, John J. Deery, Henry Heide, Frank F. Lisiecki, Joseph H. Fargis, Peter H. Moore, Thomas E. Murray, John G. O'Keeffe, Rev. Matthew A. Taylor, LL.D.; Philip B. Gaynor, William D. Guthrie, Thomas Lenane, Harry I. Meehan, John J. Pulleyn, Thomas Gilleran, John Martin, John B. Hasslacher, William R. King, C. J. MacGuire, M. D.; William F. Sheehan, Thomas M. Mulry, Myles J. Tierney, William Henry Corbitt, Henry L. Joyce, E. J. McGuire, William O'Connor, Herman Ridder, John J. Boyle, William Laurel Harris, George M. McCabe, Francis J. Quinlan, M. D.; John G. Agar, Michael E. Bannin, Nicholas J. Barrett, Louis G. Benziger, William E. Burke, Edward J. Cornelis, Michael J. Drummond, Stephen Farrelly, James Fitzgerald, Thomas P. Fitzsimons, Frank S. Gannon, William H. Hurst, George W. Loft, C. E. Nammach, M. D.; Herman Ridder, William E. Paine, John Jerome Rooney, Robert McGinnis, Joseph E. Owens, Roger P. Kavanagh, Eugene A. Philbin, John McCarthy.

Thousands of Catholics will journey to Hoboken to see the party off. Many others will follow the Rosedale across the river in tugs and launches. The Archbishop will hold a farewell reception in the music room of the steamship just before her departure.

Two New American Cardinals

(From a flashlight taken last night at the archiepiscopal residence.)



Archbishop Diomede Falconio. Copyright by American Press Association. Archbishop John M. Farley.

MRS. HELMUTH AS HOSTESS.

Entertains Board of Presidents of the Federation of Clubs at Dinner.

One of the pleasantest social features of the seventeenth annual convention of the Federation of Women's Clubs, which will open this morning at the Hotel Astor, was a private dinner given by Mrs. William Tod Helmuth in the small ballroom of the Astor last night.

Mrs. Helmuth was elected President of the federation thirteen years ago, and the dinner was given to her old board, as many of them as now remain, and the members of the present board and Presidents of clubs who in the days in which she was President gave her their club badges. There were 120 diners gathered around the big table in the form of a magnet.

The decorations were pink roses and Autumn leaves and green, which is the federation color. The place cards were colored photographs of an old-fashioned scene, a woman in an old-time gown in an old-time room on a green background. Each card was different. The dinner was a simple affair, including the singing of an original poem by Mrs. May Riley Smith, "The Song of Federation," which may be adopted as the federation song to-day.

Bishop Burch, Gov. Dix, and Mayor Gaynor have promised to appear at the convention to-day.

ON TRIAL FOR PADDING BILLS.

Wagon Men for Hearn & Sons Accused of Frauds in Reporting Repairs.

George Reinemann, former Superintendent of the outside delivery wagons of James A. Hearn & Sons, dry goods merchants, at Fourteenth Street; his assistant, Frank Kelsey, former Superintendent of the garage, and George Schuchman, a wagon builder, at 132 East Forty-first Street, where the Hearn equipments were sent for repairs, were placed on trial yesterday in Special Sessions, charged with conspiring to defraud Hearn & Sons by "padding" bills for repairs on the many wagons owned by the firm.

John J. Flierl, a former employe, testified that he was foreman of Schuchman's repair shop for about a year, and that on several occasions he saw Reinemann and Kelsey call on Schuchman for money, and had seen the latter give money to both of them. He said that he became conscience-stricken early in the Spring and pointed out several cases wherein his former employer charged Hearn & Sons for work which was not done on their wagons. On cross-examination he admitted that he was at present employed by Hearn & Sons to look after all their outside equipment. The case was adjourned until one week from Thursday when Flierl will again take the stand.

CUMMINS FORGETS ABOUT MANY NOTES

Cross-Examined in an Attempt to Show Him Guilty of Reckless Financing.

"WAS A SUCKER, I GUESS"

He Says of His Dealings with the Nineteenth Ward Bank—Thought He Was a Millionaire.

William J. Cummins, on trial for the larceny of $140,000, was cross-examined yesterday by Assistant District Attorney Moss. The questions were intended largely to show that Mr. Cummins was engaged in reckless financing. In some cases Mr. Moss was successful in gaining admissions, but in many others he was blocked by the witness's failure to remember the involved transactions in which he was concerned. In other cases he met with a flat denial.

Several times when Mr. Cummins failed to recall notes he had signed or checks he had drawn he advised Mr. Moss to consult the records of the Carnegie Trust Company.

"I couldn't tell you, Mr. Moss," he said, in answer to such questions. "You've got all the records, and you've had expert accountants at work on them for six months. They ought to show."

On other points he said "Lynam would know." M. J. Lynam was his handy man and custodian of the stock pool involved in the present charge. He has already been a witness.

Mr. Cummins admitted that when he bought his first 500 shares of Carnegie Trust Company stock he paid for it by giving his note for $82,500. He paid this note by discounting with the Carnegie Trust Company notes he held of companies in the South in which he was interested. Mr. Moss tried to show that these notes were never paid, but Mr. Cummins declared that they were. He could remember nothing about notes for $32,000 and $25,700 given by him to the Carnegie Trust Company in June, 1908, or what they had to do with purchases of stock.

"I was trading in Carnegie stock every day," he explained.

He also admitted that he had bought stock of the Fourth National Bank of Nashville from the Carnegie Trust Company at 240 and sold it at 275. He would not admit that he had contracted for the sale of the stock before he bought it. He was asked if the Banking Department had not characterized this transaction as an unlawful conversion of the assets of the Carnegie.

"Not that I ever heard of," Mr. Cummins answered. "They did make some criticism of it, but after investigation were satisfied that the criticism was unwarranted."

It developed that after J. T. Howell came from Nashville to be President of the Carnegie, Mr. Cummins turned over his profits on the deal to the Carnegie, amounting to $24,520. He declared this was not due to the criticism of the Banking Department, but a present to Mr. Howell, who wanted to make a showing, and "because I had never made a cent at the expense of the Carnegie Trust Company."

Mr. Cummins also admitted that B. F. O'Neill, who was a Director, but had gone to Wallace, Idaho, to be President of a bank there, had sent him six notes signed in blank, at his request, which he might use "for the benefit of the situation." Asked several times if he had given Mr. O'Neill anything for these notes, he said he did not understand what Mr. Moss meant. Mr. O'Neill was a large stockholder, he said, and would have shared in any profits arising from the operations of the stock pool, although he was not a member of it.

Mr. Moss traced one of the O'Neill notes for $55,000, which was guaranteed by "our crowd," as Mr. Cummins describes Reichmann, Moore, Condon, and himself, and discounted at J. G. Robin's Northern Bank. He showed that a few days later Mr. Cummins drew his personal check to the Carnegie Trust Company for $52,000.

Q.—Was that part of the proceeds of the O'Neill note? A.—I couldn't tell you to save my life.

Q.—Wasn't it used to pay the interest on the $2,000,000 loan from Andrew Carnegie? A.—I can't remember.

Half a dozen O'Neill notes were shown to have been guaranteed by "our crowd." Mr. Cummins said he kept no record of the amount of his guarantees, but knew what he was doing at the time. He did not know of any of the O'Neill notes having been paid.

Q.—You were the real head of the Carnegie Trust Company? A.—I never heard I was till the newspapers said so.

Q.—Well, they all called you "Uncle Bill" and thought whatever you did was all right? A.—Some of them called me that; they all had confidence in me.

Q.—Weren't you the head of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, too? A.—I was just there puting up the stuff, and I was a sucker, I guess.

Q.—Weren't you a millionaire? A.—I certainly was, or thought I was.

Mr. Moss brought out that companies in which Michael J. Condon was interested had $300,000 or $400,000 on deposit with the Carnegie when it was closed, and asked Mr. Cummins to name any company in which he was interested that had as much as $1,000 on deposit. Mr. Cummins surprised him by naming the Mayfield Oil Company, in which he was the largest stockholder, which he said had from $7,500 to $10,000 on deposit.

HEINZE LOAN DISCUSSED.

Former Cashier of Mechanics and Traders' Bank on the Stand.

A. M. Dededer, former cashier of the defunct Mechanics' and Traders' Bank in Brooklyn, was the principal witness at yesterday's hearing in Brooklyn in the Union Bank case. District Attorney-elect James C. Cropsey, who conducted the cross-examination, tried to get from the witness information on the loan of $150,000 made by the Mechanics' and Traders' to the Butte Savings Bank of Butte, Mont., in October, 1907. This is the so-called Heinze loan. The money was advanced on notes signed by George Baglin and Fred Eckstein, associates of F. Augustus Heinze.

The bank books show that the notes were not even indorsed, and Mr. Dededer said he did not know the makers of them. Mr. Cropsey read a statement from a Bank Examiner in Montana which stated that Heinze had no authority to arrange loans for the Butte bank.

John W. Waller, former cashier of the Home Bank, told about a loan of $50,875 to "Charles Foreman," which was arranged by order of President W. C. Dameron. This money came from the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank in September, 1907, and the security was found to be worthless. Nobody seemed to know Foreman.

The trial of David A. Sullivan, the indicted ex-President of the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank, which was set for yesterday, was adjourned until Nov. 27 by Supreme Court Justice Kapper, owing to the illness of District Attorney Clarke. Assistant District Attorney May wanted the court to adjourn the trial until January, when Mr. Cropsey would be in charge of the District Attorney's office, but Justice Kapper refused.

The world's favored
Bootz
Apricot Liqueur
is unequalled after dinner or supper
St. James Importing Co. (Importers), New York City.

FOURTH TO DIE ON ENGINE.

Last of Kinney Engineers Dies in Southern Wreck Like Others.

Special to The New York Times.

DURHAM, N. C., Nov. 13.—Will A. Kinney, the last of the famous quartet of Kinney engineers on the Southern Railway, was pulled from the débris of a wreck this morning near Greensboro, dead.

Known for twenty-five years as the Speed King, but the safest of drivers, he had emerged from dozens of wrecks without a scar. Five years ago he ran No. 37, which killed him to-day into President Samuel Spencer's private car, stripping his great engine. Kinney came out without a mark, crouching behind the firebox of the engine. He never lost a day by any act of recklessness, and never jumped from his engine when danger threatened.

Seven years ago his Uncle Charles was instantly killed by a falling car. A year before a brother met death in a wreck near Greensboro. Five years ago his brother George ran into a string of freight cars in Danville and died on his engine. Their father still lives, but is crippled from a fearful wreck many years ago near Charlotte.

Will Kinney had every chance to jump to-day in the two hundred yards that his flying train trailed across the ties, but he never left his engine. Besides being one of the Southern's best men, he accumulated a fortune estimated at $100,000. Throughout the section of the State through which he ran daily he was held in the greatest affection and hundreds mourn his loss.

Kinney was the only man hurt, the six cars that left the track falling against an embankment that saved all the passengers.

WOMAN WARNED OF HOLD-UP

Revealed Plot to Rob to Save a Man She Loves, She Declares.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 13.—When Michael Spinelli, Raymond Miller, and Mrs. Irene Whitehurst Burns were arraigned to-day before Recorder James F. Carroll on a charge of conspiracy it was revealed that the young woman had sent to Samuel Demarest, a Main Street merchant, a note in which she warned him of an alleged plot to waylay and rob him last Saturday night.

The motive of the woman for sending the warning was to prevent the man she loved, who, she alleges, was one of the conspirators, from committing a crime. This man has not yet been arrested.

The accused men hired a room at 3 Hamilton Avenue, and met there every night. The young woman alleges that she heard them talking about their plan to hold up Demarest, and sent this note to Demarest on Saturday:

> If you value your life, don't carry any money on your person to-night, or don't leave your place of business alone. Some one whom I love is concerned in this deal, and I am warning you to save him from committing murder. Please destroy quick.

Demarest informed the police, and Spinelli and Miller were arrested Saurday night. Mrs. Burns warned her lover, and he is said to have left the city. The two other men and Mrs. Burns pleaded not guilty to-day, and were held in $1,000 bail for a hearing on Wednesday.

Isaac Harris in Bankruptcy Court.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Yankee Shirt Company, manufacturer of shirts at 598 Broadway, by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $350; Tatum, Pinkham & Gerry, $200, and Benjamin Grabisch, $2. Judge Hough appointed Charles P. Sanford receiver, bond $2,000. The liabilities are $12,000, and assets $6,000. The business was started five years ago and incorporated on Aug. 23, 1911, with capital stock $48,000. Isaac Harris became President. He was of Harris & Blanck of the Triangle Waist Company of 23 Washington Place, where the fire disaster occurred on March 25.

Sugar Trust Case Goes Over.

The hearings on the dissolution of the Sugar and Steamship Trusts, which were set down for yesterday, were postponed, at the request of United States District Attorney Wise, till Dec. 4. They will come before the full United States Circuit Court, consisting of Judges Lacombe, Noyes, Coxe, and Ward. In this way an appeal from the court will be direct to the United States Supreme Court, and the usual hearing before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals will be eliminated.

NURSES' JEWELS STOLEN.

Ex-Convict Arrested by Chance in Newark, Confesses to Flat Robbery.

Recognized as an ex-convict who was sentenced seven years ago to a five-year term in the New Jersey State Prison for horse-stealing, George Morton, 53 years old, who said he had no home, was stopped last night by Detective Sergt. Ryan as he was leaving the Market Street Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Newark after alighting from a New York train.

Questioned as to his presence in Newark, Morton is said to have confessed that he went there to dispose of some booty he had just gathered in at a nurse's home connected with a hospital in Second Street, Manhattan. In his possession Morton had a woman's gold watch, nickel-plated watch, wedding ring, signet ring, gold watchchain, and a number of other articles. He was held pending action by the New York police.

Supt. Spector of the Har Moriah Hospital in Second Street here said last night that the flat at 43 Third Street, which is ocupied by the fifteen nurses attached to the hospital, had been robbed yesterday afternoon while all the nurses were out, and that about $200 worth of jewelry and other articles had been taken. Supt. Spector will go to Newark to-day to identify the valuables which were found on Morton.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

		Loss.
A. M.		
12:05	426 and 428 E. 48th St.; Dept. of Street Cleaning	None
7:50	3,163 Broadway; Chas. Rickord	Trifling
P. M.		
12:05	25 McComb's Place; unknown	None
2:00	127th St. and 3d Av.; Standard Concrete and Steel Company	Trifling
2:15	308 W. 140th St.; Catherine McCormick	$25
2:45	115 E. 37th St.; S. Trowbridge	None
2:45	118 Allen St.; Krewlitz & Silverman	$100
3:05	135 W. 20th St.; Katz & Co.	Trifling
3:50	305 W. 150th St.; Colonial Apartment House	None
4:50	254 W. 113th St.; H. Kaufman	$25
5:00	112 E. 38th St.; Morris Lipshitz	Trifling
5:15	165 Allen St.; Isaac Mage	$5
5:40	Cauldwell and Westchester Avs.; Lebanon Hospital	None
5:40	405 E. 103d St.; Frank Donato	$000
6:15	16-18 Pelham St.; Dora Isaacs	Trifling
6:15	692 E. 160th St.; James Duggan	$200
6:45	42 E. 118th St.; A. Van Beuren & Co.	Trifling
7:05	354 E. 123d St.; Sadie Horowitz	Trifling
7:55	2,240 Amsterdam Av.; O. J. Gude	$25
8:25	87 Thomas St.; Costers & Co.	$100
8:30	350 West 38th St.; E. Vrieland	$1,000
8:35	177 West Broadway; Martin Mayer	$1,000
10:10	952 3d Av.; S. Kondler	$500
11:00	696 8th Av.; George Feltner	$10

Trade Mark Registered — Established Half a Century

Fine Lace
Table Linen

The assortment is very large, including many unusual pieces. Every good kind of Lace and combination of Lace and Embroidery is represented. Priced as follows:

Doylies, 6 in. diameter, $3.00 to 75 a doz.
8 in. diameter, 4.50 to 50 a doz.
12 in. diameter, 7.50 to 100 a doz.

Centerpieces, 24 in. diameter, $2.50 to 100.00 ea.
28 in. diameter, 3.00 to 150.00 ea.
36 in. diameter, 5.00 to 200.00 ea.

Tea Cloths, 45 in. diameter, $7.50 to 150 ea.
54 in. diameter, 15.00 to 150 ea.
60 in. diameter, 37.50 to 150 ea.
36 by 36 in. sq., 5.50 to 125 ea.
45 by 45 in. sq., 6.00 to 175 ea.
54 by 54 in. sq., 20.00 to 150 ea.

Tea Napkins, 15 by 15 inches square, $13.50, 16.50, 17.50, 18.00, 27.50, 30.00 to 60.00 dozen.

Bureau, Chiffonier, Buffet and Sidetable Scarfs. $3.00 to 150.00 each.

Luncheon Sets, Centerpiece and two dozen Doylies, $13.50 to 450.00 a set.

We urge our patrons to do their Christmas shopping at the earliest possible date.

James McCutcheon & Co.,
5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

Look at
JANEWAY
To-day At Your Furnishers
For Men and Boys—all weights and sizes. Guaranteed non-shrinkable and non-irritating. A domestic underwear similar to the best imported at ½ the cost. Per garment, $1 up.
Union Suits, $2.50 Upward.

BUY
TRADE E. & W. MARK
or
RED-MAN
Collars.
They outwear the ordinary collar.
EARL & WILSON.
"Birdwood" new.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Home of Fashions for Men's Hats.
No Middlemen's Profits
Two Stylish Novelties of American Man'f'r at Half the price of the Imported.
Cloth Hats $1.90
Velour Hats $1.90
Flexible Derbys $1.90
Better Styles and Better Service than the $3.00 Hats elsewhere.
Winter HATS 50c with drop bands

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.)
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)
Hart, Schaffner & Marx
Overcoats, $20
THIS is a very special price—the values are most unordinary.

SYMPHONY Society of New York, WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. THE CENTURY THEATRE, Next Sunday Aft., Nov. 19, at 3. DVORAK PROGRAMME "New World" Symphony; Songs, (Fraeulein Reusch), Slavonic Rhapsody. Seats now on sale at 1 W. 34th St. and Century Theatre Box Office.

PHILHARMONIC —Society of New York— JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor. CARNEGIE HALL. Thurs. Eve., Nov. 16; Fri. Aft., Nov. 17. Soloist, MME. GADSKI. Franck Symp. D min. Weber Oberon. Wagner Tristan Liebestod. Ov. Tannhauser. 50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. 5 Sunday Afts. Brooklyn Academy.

Carnegie Lyceum, Tues. Aft. at 3. LUCIE and FRITZ BRUCH Violin and 'Cello Recital. Management Quinlan Musical Agency.

BELASCO THEATRE, This (Tues.) Aft. at 2:30. ADRIANO ARIANI FIRST PIANO RECITAL Seats $1.50, $1.00, 75c., and 50 cts., at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

KINEMACOLOR THEA. 40th, n'r B'way. 'Phone 850 Bryant. Ev'y Eve. inc. Sun. 8:30; Daily Mats. 2:30, ex. Sun. Pop. Prices. Complete Coronation in Colors. To-day 200th Time in N. Y. Souvenirs Aft. & Evg.

Irving Pl. Theatre To-night, Baroness v. Pastory, "FLEDERMAUS." Wed., Thur. & Sat., "Merry Widow"; Fri., "Wiener Blut."

HIPPODROME 6 Av., 43-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. AROUND THE WORLD. NEXT SUN. EVG. 50c. to $2 ALICE NIELSEN, ROSE OLITZKA, ALBERT SPALDING (violinist), Paul Morenzo, Oscar Seagle and RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Seats Now.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Phone 411 Columbus. OPENING MON., NOV. 20 Seats Now. Big New Musical Entertainment, "VERA VIOLETTA" WITH THE MOST WONDERFUL STAR CAST EVER ORGANIZED. Tickets purchased for this week exchanged.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Tm'w $1.50. THE DRAMA PLAYERS. Donald Robertson, Director. In Moliere's "The Learned Ladies."

BROADWAY B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:15. LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:10. 100th Time Wed. Eve., Nov. 22. Souvenirs. THE KISS WALTZ

Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone 2628 Bry. Evs. 8:10. Mats. 2:10. Mat. Tm'w $1.50. Bought and Paid For THE BIGGEST PLAY OF OUR TIME.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. Bunty Pulls the Strings

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. LAST 7 TIMES. MME. SIMONE in THE WHIRLWIND (Playing in English.) TUES., NOV. 21. (Seats Thursday.) VIOLA ALLEN in "The Lady of Coventry," a love romance.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St. & 8th Av. EVENINGS AT 8 SHARP. Last 3 Weeks. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2 Sharp. E. H. SOTHERN AND JULIA MARLOWE In Shakespearean Repertoire. 25c. to $1.50. This Week: To-night and Wed. Mat., "Merchant of Venice"; Wed. and Thurs. nights, "Romeo and Juliet"; Fri. night, "Macbeth"; Sat. Mat. and night, "Hamlet."

39TH ST. Theatre, 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow 2:20. THE MILLION "A riot and roars of laughter from beginning to end"—Press.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way and 6th Av. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:30. Evs. 8:30. LAST 7 TIMES MISS ANGLIN GREEN STOCKINGS. Beginning MON., NOV. 20, (Seats Thursday) THE IRISH PLAYERS

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w 2:15. Lew Fields' Festival of Fun, THE Wife Hunters with Emma Carus & a company of 100. MORE LAUGHS SONG HITS PRETTY GIRLS THAN ANY MUSICAL PLAY IN TOWN. "Superb."—Mail. "Delight."—Sun. "Sugary. Tuneful."—Alan Dale.

WEST END 125th St. & 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. $1.00 Matinee To-morrow 2:15. LOUISE GUNNING in THE BALKAN PRINCESS

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col. Evgs. 8 Sharp; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2 Sharp. THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD. THE GARDEN OF ALLAH Seats on sale to Dec. 30. Prices 50c. to $2.50.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI "Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun

GEO. M. Cohan Theatre, B'way & 43d St. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. THE GREATEST FAVORITE. Biggest Hit Ever Scored on Broadway. COHAN and his own Company in the Greatest Success in Fifty Years, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE. Seats Now for Thanksgiving Day Mat.

ASTOR B'way, 45th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Mat. To-m'w 50c-$1.50. "Catches on like a house afire."—Eve. Sun. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in the new Musical Play, THE RED WIDOW. Seats Selling for Thanksgiving Day Mat.

GRAND OPERA HO. 25c to $1. Mat. To-m'w. 23d St. & 8th Av. JULIAN ELTINGE in "The Fascinating Widow." Special Matinee Friday. All Seats 25 & 50c.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE TO-MORROW EVG. at 8, KOENIGSKINDER. Mmes. Farrar, Wickham, Fornia, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Hertz. THURS. EVEG. at 8:15, GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST. Mmes. Destinn, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur, de Segurola, Bada. Cond., Toscanini. FRI. EVG. at 7:45, TRISTAN UND ISOLDE. Mmes. Fremstad, Matzenauer; MM. Burrian, Weil (debut), Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Reiss, Murphy. Cond., Toscanini. SAT. MAT. at 2:15, *First Time in America* LOBETANZ. Mme. Gadski; MM. Jadlowker, Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Ruysdael. Conductor, Hertz. NEXT WEEK:—Mon. Evg. at 8:15, MADAMA BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Bada, Audisio. Conductor, Toscanini. WED. EVG. at 8, FAUST. Mmes. Farrar, Maubourg, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Gilly, Rothier, Begue. Conductor, Sturani.

SPECIAL THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEE PARSIFAL Seats on sale THIS MORNING at 9 A. M.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TO-NIGHT at 8, PHILA.-CHICAGO OPERA CO.—THAIS. Mmes. Garden, Cavan, Giaconia; MM. Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay. Gen'l Mus. Dir., Campanini. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL, TUES AFT., Nov. 21, at 3. ZIMBALIST Violin Recital. Seats 75c. to $2. Management Quinlan Musical Agency.

Opera Ticket OFFICE, 1,431 Broadway. Entrance on 40th St. Choice Seats all parts of house. SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought & Exchanged. 'Phone 7322 & 5188 Bry.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:15. Last 3 Weeks. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

LYCEUM B'way, 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. Last 3 Weeks. MISS BILLIE BURKE in THE RUNAWAY "Best role Miss Burke ever had."—Eve. Sun.

PARK 59th St., B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10. TO-MORROW MATINEE BEST SEATS $1.50. The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:20. "'The Price' is one of the very best plays written in this country."—Times. HELEN WARE in a new drama, THE PRICE

HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

Knickerbocker B'y, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinee Saturday 2:15. "SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale. DONALD BRIAN in New York's Pet Musical Comedy Triumph, THE SIREN Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow and Sat. 2:15. "That great big human and humorous play." PASSERS-BY

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w 50c to $1.50. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe. THE PINK LADY Overflow Souvenir La Femme Mat. this Sat. Exquisite Beautifying Case, containing Hepner's Famous Beauty Preparations, to Every Lady.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. at 2:15. TO-NIGHT at 8:15 (First Time) DUSTIN & WILLIAM FARNUM in a new American play by Edward Peple, THE LITTLEST REBEL

GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:20. Matinees To-morrow & Sat. 2:20. Thomas A. Wise & John Barrymore in the American Farcical Comedy UNCLE SAM

NEW YORK B'way-45th St. Orch. 8 sharp. Matinee Saturday at 2. KITTY GORDON in the operatic triumph, THE ENCHANTRESS

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. (First Time.) TO-NIGHT 8:15 THE WIFE DECIDES A comedy drama in 3 acts by THOMAS McKEAN.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. THE LATEST AND GREATEST THE THREE ROMEOS A New American Musical Comedy.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

HORSE SHOW The Box Office at the MADISON SQUARE GARDEN will be open from 9 A. M. until 6:30 P. M. on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 14th and 15th of NOVEMBER, for the sale of seats and boxes for the entire week of the show and on and after Nov. 15 for reserved seats for any single performance.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. BAYES & NORWORTH, Murphy & Nichols Co., "The Police Inspector."

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. ROCK & FULTON, "The Great Suggestion," McMahon & Chappelle.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. 2D BIG ANNIVERSARY. 12 All Star Headliners. Mats. 1:45. Eves. 7:45.

Times Building Theatre Ticket Office Choice seats for all Theatres. PHONE 3350 BRYANT Tickets delivered to any part of the city.

HARRIS THEATRE, THIS AFT., at 3 LUDWIG HESS Seats 50c. to $1, at Box Office or Mgt. M. H. HANSON, 437 Fifth Ave.

CARNNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 18, 2:30. DE PACHMANN Piano Recital. Baldwin Piano used. Mgt. Quinlan Agency. Seats at Hall, 75c to $2.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. BURLESQUE MORTON & MOORE in THE MERRY WHIRL. Smoking Matinee To-day, 15c, 25c & 50c.

OLYMPIC EAST 14TH ST. 'PHONE 708 STUYVE. HOME OF HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE. MAT. TO-DAY. SEATS, 25c. —THE— MAJESTICS. Amateur Night Every Thurs.

5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. BLANCHE WALSH, 6 Abdallahs, Kate Elinore & Sam Williams, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. McIntyre & Heath, Howard & Howard, Charlie Faust and 15 other acts.

Academy OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evgs. 8:15. THE GOLDEN CROOK, with Billy Arlington.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY, 25c. MABEL HITE, Rice & Cohen, Laddie Cliff, Four Huntings, Van Hoven, 3 Pirascoffis, etc.